

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

"Isn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen."

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

No such thing as "summer complaint" where Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is kept handy. Nature's remedy for looseness of the bowels.

PEOPLE.... Who Want Money Should Read This

This company is organized for the special purpose of loaning money to persons who are unable to obtain a loan elsewhere. We advance you \$10, \$20, \$50, or any amount on your furniture, piano, horses and wagons, or any other personal property. All property is left in your possession and you have the use of both the money and the goods.

Don't go to your friends—be independent and come to us, then your affairs are sure to be kept private. All our business is strictly confidential. You can have from 1 month to 1 year to repay your loan. By borrowing here you save money. Full particulars given by calling at our office.

Indiana Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs. Home phone 995.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8:30.

Money to Loan to Salaried People.

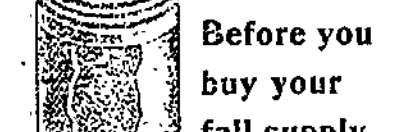
Salaried people holding permanent positions with responsible and well established concerns or corporations can get money on their own name without endorsement. All business confidential and private.

Room 3, Arcade, upstairs, facing Berry street.
Open Saturday night from 7 to 8 o'clock.

DR. S. H. HAVICE. EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SURGEON.

26 W. WAYNE ST.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12—1:30 to 4 p. m.

Coil and See Our Line of



Shells

Before you buy your fall supply of....

Shells and Shot Guns.

H. Pfeiffer & Son,
9 E. COLUMBIA ST.

FOR ECZEMA— USE OSMICURE

OSMICURE OINTMENT
AND BLOOD PURIFIER
—60c and \$1 at Druggists, or Mailed.
OSMICURE CHEMICAL CO., CANNONVILLE, ILL.
—Sold by—
PELLENS & POLSTER
DRUGGISTS, 91 Calhoun St.

AT COLUMBIA CITY

EIGHTY-EIGHTH WILL HOLD ITS
NEXT REUNION.

MONSTER EVENING CAMPFIRE

CLOSED SPLENDID MEETING IN
FORT WAYNE.

ELEVENTH BATTERY THERE

EIGHTY-EIGHTH'S HISTORY IS
BRIEFLY SKETCHED.

The next annual reunion of the Eighty-eighth regiment Indiana volunteers will be held at Columbia City October 8, 1902. There were a total of 144 survivors of the famous old regiment in attendance at the reunion in Fort Wayne yesterday, and the splendid day's program closed with a monster evening campfire at Saengerbund hall, in which the Eleventh Indiana battery actively participated. The attendance tested the capacity of the auditorium, and a spirit of patriotic enthusiasm permeated the entire meeting.

Col. C. E. Briant presided at the campfire, with Lieut. John Otto, of the Eleventh battery, as vice president, and Capt. A. H. Dougall as master of ceremonies. Rev. L. Coomer invoked divine blessing upon the assemblage, and the Sons of Veterans' quartet rendered a selection. Rev. T. A. Pattee spoke on "Sons of Veterans," taking the place of Hon. J. M. Robinson, who is ill and could not be present. Rev. Pattee was forceful and eloquent, and was heartily applauded.

LIEUT. GOV. GILBERT.

One of the features of the evening was the address of Lieutenant Governor Gilbert, whose theme was "Our Younger Veterans of the Spanish-American War." Captain Gilbert spoke with becoming modesty of the work of the younger veterans, and paid a lofty tribute to the soldiers of the civil war.

"Liberty," he continued, "is a plant of composite growth. It is made up in this country of the efforts of the New England Puritan, the Virginia cavalier, the Maryland Catholic, the Delaware Swede, the Pennsylvania Quaker and the Amsterdam Dutch. Remembering this we should be able at all times to rise above mere party feeling and know that we are not merely democrats and republicans, but that we are Americans."

"Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," sung by the Sons of Veterans' quartet, was heartily received, and following it Comrade John C. Kensill gave a recitation, "The Veterans' Lament," that proved a decided hit with the old veterans and was received with thunderous applause.

Judge Samuel M. Hench gave an informal talk which was greatly enjoyed. Judge Hench paid a high tribute to the heroism and devotion of the women in the time of war, and said they deserved a place of honor quite as high as that of the veterans who fought the battles. He noted the passing of comrades by death as the years go by, and spoke with feeling of death's inroads into the ranks during the past year. Too much gratitude and honor can not be shown to the sturdy old veterans, for to them we owe many of the blessings we now enjoy.

A. T. Lukens gave a German dialect version of "Barbara Fritchie," and in response to vociferous encore he sang "Old Shady," with chorus accompanied by the Apollo quartet,

and the number was cheered to the echo. Mrs. Sawtelle responded in a feeling address on behalf of the Ladies of the G. A. R. and Miss Nettie Rice, on behalf of the daughters of veterans, recited "War Times at Home," winning merited applause. Rev. George A. Musson, of Ligonier, an orator of wide reputation, delivered a splendid address on "The Cavalry," and others who spoke were B. W. Skelton, of General Lewton post; W. H. McClelland, of the Union Veteran Legion, and D. E. Bricker, of the Sons of Veterans. The entire program was enjoyable and the event will be remembered as one of the most successful campfires ever held in the city.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Just preceding adjournment the Eighty-eighth's committee on resolutions presented its report, which was unanimously adopted, as follows:

"We, your committee on resolutions, beg leave to report the following:

"Resolved, That the thanks of the Eighty-eighth regiment, in reunion assembled, are due and are hereby extended to the mayor of the city and to the citizens of Fort Wayne, who have assisted in making this reunion pleasant and profitable.

"To the ladies of the W. R. C., who ministered so delightfully to the comforts and otherwise made our reunion enjoyable.

"To the Commercial club of Fort Wayne, who secured for us the liberal railroad rates.

"To the Sons of Veterans' quartet, the decorators of the hall, John A. Scott, and to all who assisted at the reunion and campfire with sentiment, song or recitation.

"Dan D. Diehl,
"Allan H. Dougall,
"Fred F. Boltz,
"Committee on Resolutions."

WERE FAMOUS FIGHTERS.

The Eighty-eighth regiment was recruited in the (then) Tenth congressional district, rendezvoused at Fort Wayne, and was mustered into the service August 29, 1862, with the late George Humphrey as colonel. Colonel Humphrey resigned October

17, 1863, and re-entered the service as colonel of the 139th regiment. Cyrus E. Briant, lieutenant colonel, was promoted, brevetted colonel March 13, 1865, and was mustered out as lieutenant colonel with the regiment. At the time of the formation of the Eighty-eighth regiment the confederate army under Kirby Smith was threatening the city of Louisville, and the Eighty-eighth was hurried there, arriving August 30. Reaching the Kentucky city the regiment was assigned a place on the defenses of the city, remaining until October 1, when it was placed in Rosseau's division of the Seventeenth brigade, and marched with the army of the Ohio in pursuit of Bragg.

At the battle of Perryville the Eighty-eighth was in the right of Rosseau's division, and against it the confederates directed their fiercest assaults. Though suffering frightful loss the brigade held the enemy in check until night closed the battle, and General Rosseau subsequently complimented the Eighty-eighth regiment for its steadiness under fire.

WERE ON THE MOVE.

The Eighty-eighth joined in the pursuit of the fleeing confederates as far as Crab Orchard, then returning by way of Lebanon, marched to Tyree Springs and then to Nashville. In the reorganization of the army in November, 1862, the Eighty-eighth was assigned to Beatty's second brigade of Rosseau's first division of the Army of the Cumberland, moved with the advance of the main army upon Murfreesboro, participating in the terrific battle of Stone River, and in the heroic deeds which crowned that battle none exceeded the efforts of Rosseau's splendid division. Beatty's brigade, on the evening of January 3rd, made the final charge of the battle, carrying the enemy's entrenchments, and that night the confederates abandoned Murfreesboro. In this battle the Eighty-eighth lost eight killed and forty-six wounded.

The regiment moved to Murfreesboro, and remained in camp in this vicinity until June 24, 1863. Then commenced a forward movement, and the Eighty-eighth was engaged in fights at Hoover's Gap, Tullahoma, Hillsborough and Elk River. Crossing the Cumberland, Sand and Look-out ranges of mountains, the division had a severe engagement with General Polk's forces at Dug Gap, Ga. September 19, 20 and 21 the regiment was engaged in the fearful battle of Chickamauga, the division finally forming the rear guard when the army fell back toward Chattanooga.

AMONG THE CLOUDS.

Late in November with the command of General Hooker the Eighty-eighth scaled Lookout mountain and "fought among the clouds." The next day it was in the charge at Mission Ridge, and was among the first to plant the union flag upon the rebel works. A few days later it was engaged at Graysville and Ringgold, assisting in the capture of a confederate battery. In February, 1864, it was a part of the force which occupied Tunnel Hill, Ga. The Eighty-eighth moved with Sherman in the campaign against Atlanta, participating in the engagements at Buzzard Roost, Resaca, Dallas, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta and Uttoy Creek, marching with the main army on its triumphal entry into Atlanta. The next active work was a 300 mile movement to drive Hood northward, the regiment returning to Kingston, Ga., in November. Then began the famous "march to the sea," this regiment moving with the column which penetrated the enemy's country by the way of Milledgeville, Louisville and Millen, the "lost army" entering Savannah after a march of 360 miles. Then followed, beginning in January, 1865, a long and active series of marches, moving swiftly through the enemy's country, touching numerous

C. A. BOOKWALTER ELECTED MAYOR



Former Fort Wayne Boy Leads the Republicans to Victory in the Capital City—His Majority Will be Somewhat Above 2,000.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 9.—Charles A. Bookwalter, republican, who was elected mayor yesterday, will take his office at noon tomorrow, succeeding Thomas Taggart, democrat, who has held the office for six years. The majority of the city council is now republican.

Bookwalter's plurality will exceed 2,000.

The figures from the 195 voting precincts (subject to corrections) were: Bookwalter (republican) for mayor, 21,513; Charles Maguire (democrat), 19,338; Bookwalter's plurality, 2,175.

ELECTED MODERATOR.

Dayton, Ohio, Oct. 9.—Dr. Russell McKinley, of Steubenville, Ohio, a cousin of the late president, was today elected moderator of the state Presbyterian synod in session here. Nearly 300 delegates are in attendance.

IS DOING NICELY.

Dr. Drayer stated this afternoon that Congressman J. M. Robinson, who is suffering from typhoid fever, is doing nicely. There are as yet no indications of an unfavorable turn in the disease, and the outlook for progress toward recovery is most hopeful.

Mrs. Samuel L. Wiley is visiting friends at Columbia City.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frank, of Bear Lake, are in the city.

Dr. E. L. River, of Grand Rapids, arrived in the city at noon today and is a guest at the New Avon.

The constant growth of a knowledge of English in Mexico is made evident by the new demand on the part of Mexican youth for books and periodicals of this language. One dealer in books and periodicals in English says that half his customers are Mexicans.

MEETING IS POSTPONED.

The regular meeting of the Commercial club, which was to have been held tomorrow evening, has been postponed until next Monday evening.

The free-for-all Pace, the great race of the Red Ribbon meeting, tomorrow.

The finest made—the Eclipse 5c Cigar. Take a pocketful to the races. They will go fast. 914

Don't fail to pay your natural and artificial gas bills Tomorrow.

Harry O., Fort Wayne's pride, in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

The only thing that fills the bill when going to the races is an Eclipse 5c Cigar. Sold everywhere. 914

A FAMILY REMEDY

Pe-u-na in Use in Thousands of Homes.

Mr. Harry M. Stevens, of Midland Beach, L. I., New York, proprietor of the Richmond Hotel, writes:

"It gives me pleasure to testify to the



Harry M. Stevens.

value of Peruna. I have used it for years and have found it to be a most excellent family remedy. For colds, catarrh and similar ills, it is unsurpassed."

HARRY M. STEVENS.

John L. Barnett, Member of Congress, Seventh Alabama District, writes:

"I take pleasure in testifying to the merits of your Peruna. At the solicitation of a friend my wife used it, and it improved her condition generally. It is a remarkable remedy. I can cheerfully recommend Peruna as a good, substantial tonic, and a very good catarrh remedy."

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna is not a guess nor an experiment—it is an absolute scientific certainty. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice free.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Paul E. Wolf,

Headquarters for

....Carpet Work....

Carpets taken up, cleaned and relaid. Also make over carpets. Feathers and mattresses steamed and renovated. Charges reasonable.

33 & 35 Clinton Street.

At Eucla, in Australia, a subterranean lake has been found at a depth of 3000 feet with a comparatively inexhaustible supply of water.

Ready for Business...

Our fall shoes are all lined up for your inspection. The best makes, the latest styles and the lowest prices. Men's Shoes in Box Calf, Kid, English, English and Patent Calf, from \$1.25 up. A fine line of Ladies' Shoes from \$1.00 up. Also a full line of Men's Working Shoes, 75c up. We carry a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods. Underwear from 25c to \$1.50. Working Shirts from 25c to 50c. Pants, Overalls, Suspenders, Hosiery, Caps, Gloves, etc., at the lowest prices.

Barney's Shoe and Clothing Store,

172 and 174 Calhoun St.

The Best Horse

IS the horse to place your money on—if you bet. We say, "DON'T BET." A man who bets is a gambler. Still a great many of our best people think that a man who does not bet is no better (better.) When you buy a new suit of clothes, lay your money down in favor of the best suit. A "PATTERSON" suit is a "favorite" against the field in Fort Wayne. A Patterson suit was never known to be in a race for a new home where it did not win out. It has all the "car marks" of a winner. The graceful curve in the "neck,"

the well shaped body of the coat, the "hand padding," the "hair" cloth front in the coat, the perfect shaped legs in the trouser, and the cut-out instep, making it fall over the "shoe" without a wrinkle, are things that are sure to make it win, even if the price was not so extremely low. We save you money and give you present and future protection. For present protection we say "MONEY BACK if you are not satisfied." For future protection we say "suits kept in repair for one year." See our \$15.00 suits with hand work.

Red Ribbon Week

"I saw by night, and behold a man riding upon a red horse."

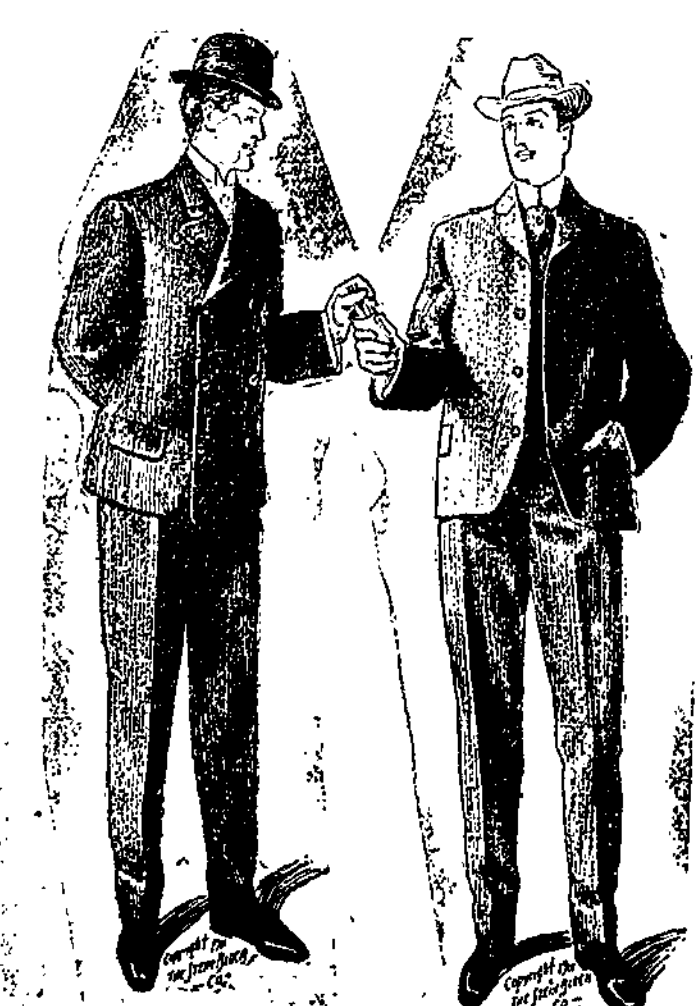
Perfect safety in buying a "Patterson" suit. "An horse is a vain thing for safety."

The cheapest a good article can be sold, is our highest price.

We first see how good a thing we can buy, and then how cheap we can sell it.

Nearly every day opens on some new novelty at our store for the swell dresser.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON



Bon Ami

Cleans windows and mirrors without muss, dust or slops.

Dr. C. E. Barnett,
Has removed his office to the
West rooms

**OVER PELLEN & POLSTER'S
DRUG STORE.**

Office phone—185 Main.
Residence phone—459 Main or 254 Bell.

City Feed Store,
41 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Home Tel. 792.

Hay, Straw, Corn, Oats and
Mill Feed.

YOUR ORDERS SOLICITED.

B. F. Tinkham.
cod-7t

YOUNG WOMEN,
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.

Strangers in the city referred to
good boarding places. Meals served
on the European plan at reasonable
rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper
5:30 to 6:40.

A. Hattersley & Son,

**PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND**

GAS FITTERS,

48 E. MAIN ST.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

**M. N. Plumadore's
MUSIC STUDIO.**

Violin and Piano our specialty.
Orchestra furnished for all occasions.

26 EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH

All the latest Records,
Vocal and Instrumental.

PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,
120 CALHOUN STREET.
COME IN AND HEAR.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,

PLUMBING,

STEAM AND

GAS FITTING.

ELECTRIC WIRING.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.
No. 101 Calhoun Street.

Phone 207.

J. C. Peltier,

Undertaker

and Embainer.

NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos,
horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and
leave property in your possession.
Payments arranged on the monthly
installment plan to suit your convenience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 2, (2nd floor) 44 Calhoun St.,
Over Mergentheim's Millinery Store,
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Money to Loan.

—AT—

FIVE PER CENT.

ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.
C. B. FITCH,
65 CLINTON ST.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

DR. R. P. WHITE,

**EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.**

OFFICE WHITE NATIONAL BANK

Rooms 3 and 4.

GLASSES ADJUSTED.

Office hours are 9 to 12-1:30 to 4. (Other
hours by appointment.) Home phone, office
575, residence 574.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHERY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 26 Madison St.
Specialty—Disease of Women.

Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a.
m., to 3:30 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Tillie Roth is home from a visit
in Indianapolis.
Mrs. Edna Williams is spending a few
days in Indianapolis.
Mrs. Cora Morganthal has gone to Chi-
cago to visit friends.
Miss Louise Reinking has returned from
a visit in Kendallville.
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Bond are spending
a few weeks in Chicago.
William L. Quarles, of Butte, Mont., was
a visitor in the city yesterday.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCulloch left today
for a few days' visit at Buffalo.
Mrs. Ben R. Barva and daughter are
home from a visit in Cincinnati.
Attorney Henry Wilson, of Cincinnati,
was a visitor in the city yesterday.
Anselm Fiebler, of the Staats Zeitung,
is confined to his home with illness.
Miss Frank Hamilton has returned home
from a visit in Cincinnati.
The Bash Packing company has bought
the meat market of R. Fritz & Son, for-
merly the Gottlieb Heller shop, and Charles
H. Weller has been placed in charge.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

To Keep Their Digestion Perfect Nothing
is so Safe and Pleasant as Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets.

Thousands of men and women have
found Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets the
safest and most reliable preparation
for any form of indigestion or stom-
ach trouble.

Thousands of people who are not
sick, but are well and wish to keep
well, take Stuart's Tablets after every
meal to insure perfect digestion and
avoid trouble.

But it is not generally known that
the Tablets are just as good and



wholesome for little folks as for their
elders.

Little children who are pale, thin
and have no appetite, or do not grow
or thrive, should use the tablets after
eating and will derive great benefit
from them.

Mrs. G. H. Crottsley, 538 Wash-
ington St., Hoboken, New Jersey,
writes: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets
just fill the bill for children as well
as for older folks. I've had the best
of luck with them. My three-year-
old girl takes them as readily as
candy. I have only to say 'tablets'
and she drops everything else and
runs for them."

A Buffalo mother, a short time ago,
who despaired of the life of her babe,
was so delighted with the results
from giving the child these tablets
that she went before the notary pub-
lic of Erie Co., N. Y., and made the
following affidavit:

Gentlemen:—Stuart's Dyspepsia
Tablets were recommended to me for
my two-month-old baby, which was
sick and puny and the doctors said
was suffering from indigestion. I
took the child to the hospital, but
there found no relief. A friend men-
tioned the Stuart Tablets and I pro-
cured a box from my druggist and
used only the large sweet lozenges
in the box and was delighted to find
they were just the thing for my baby.
I feel justified in saying that Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets saved my child's
life.

MRS. W. T. DETHELOPE.
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 12th day of April, 1897.

HENRY KARTS,
Notary Public in and for Erie Co.,
N. Y.

For babies, no matter how young or
delicate, the tablets will accomplish
wonders in increasing flesh, appetite
and growth. Use only the large
sweet tablets in every box. Full
sized boxes are sold by all druggists
for 50 cents, and no parent should
neglect the use of this safe remedy
for all stomach and bowel troubles if
the child is ailing in any way regard-
ing its food or assimilation.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have
been known for years as the best
preparation for all stomach troubles
whether in adults or infants.

Red Ribbon Races tomorrow.

ROME CITY SUNDAY TRAIN.

Commencing Sunday, Sept.
22d, and until further notice, but
one train will leave for Rome City,
leaving Fort Wayne at 7:00 a. m.,
and returning leave Rome City at
6:00 p. m. 17t

**\$1.50 TO GRAND
RAPIDS AND RETURN**

Via G. R. & I. Ry.
Thursday Oct. 10 train
leaving Fort Wayne at
5:00 a. m. Returning
leave Grand Rapids at
7:00 p. m. or 11:00 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Will Crighton is home from a
trip to Buffalo.
Arthur Tinkley is visiting friends
in Kendallville.
Dallas F. Green is home from a trip
to New York city.
Mrs. Percy Osborne is home from a
visit in Grand Rapids.
William Martin, of Perry township,
has gone to Buffalo to spend a week.
Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Barcus, of
Bluffton, visited in the city yester-
day.

Mrs. G. B. Saviers is the guest of
her aunt, Mrs. J. N. Childs, in Ken-
dallville.

Herman Rodenbeck, of East Lewis
street, is critically ill with typhoid
pneumonia.

The Men's Missionary society of the
Third Presbyterian church will meet
this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Heine are
home from their wedding trip, a part
of which was spent in Chicago.

J. Ross McCulloch and Peter Ben-
son returned yesterday from a visit
of two months in the British isles.

Miss Jessie Taylor entertained a
number of high school young people
at a marshmallow bake Monday
night.

The Misses Edna and Eva Bowser,
of Winter street, who had been in
Buffalo since spring, arrived home
last evening.

Wabash Plain Dealer: "James
Shawalter left today for Fort Wayne
where he will enter the business col-
lege of that city."

The regular monthly meeting of the
Tippecanoe club will be held this
evening in the club rooms, corner of
Berry and Calhoun streets.

The Ladies' Aid society of the
Berry street M. E. church gave a very
successful musical last evening for
the benefit of the Visiting Nurse
league.

Rev. W. H. Daniels will preach at
Wayne street M. E. church this even-
ing at 7:30 o'clock and will conduct
quarterly meeting at the close of the
sermon.

Howard Pierce, of Ann Arbor, is
here to attend the wedding of his
sister, Miss Ethel Pierce, and A. S.
Reid, of Richmond, which occurs to-
morrow.

The annual meeting of the congrega-
tion of Plymouth Congregational
church will be held this evening. The
business session will be followed by
a social session.

Lieut. Fred Freeman and sister,
Miss Julia Freeman, left today for
Louisville, where Miss Freeman will
spend a few weeks. Lieutenant Free-
man leaves soon for San Francisco.

Miss Ada Baldock, thirteen years
old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wil-
liam Baldock, of 314 Buchanan street,
was badly scalded yesterday by the
explosion of a jug containing hot
water.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Blair, Attorney
and Mrs. N. D. Doughman and Mr.
and Mrs. Callahan, of Chicago, left
today in a special car for Wisconsin,
where they will spend a few days
fishing.

Miss Louise Randall will entertain
at dinner this evening for her brides-
maids at her home and Frank Sawyer,
the groom-elect, will be guest of
honor at a dinner party to be given
at the Aveline at the same hour by
Fay Randall.

The Home Mission society of St.
John's Lutheran church will meet to-
morrow afternoon at the home of Mrs.
Will Smith, 95 Swinney avenue. The
society will give a supper and con-
cert on October 17 at the school hall,
Washington boulevard and Van
Buren streets.

Out-of-town guests at the Randall-
Sawyer wedding will be: Mr. and
Mrs. G. A. Sawyer, of Boston, and
daughters Blanche and Edith Emme-
line; Miss Ashburn, of Suffolk, Va.;
Miss Mosby, of Oxford, Miss., and
H. C. Leonard, E. F. Sawyer and Dex-
ter Larcom, of New York city.

Workmen are engaged in putting
the finishing touches on the new
Third Presbyterian church and it is
expected that the structure will be
ready for occupancy by Sunday, Nov.
3. The furnaces are being put in and
the carpets and pews will be placed
in the church within two weeks.

Fort Wayne Woodmen will be well
represented at the state camp log-
rolling at Indianapolis next Tuesday.
Edward camp No. 3127 elected nine
delegates Tuesday night and Fort
Wayne camp No. 4761 elected seven
delegates Monday night. A number
of other Woodmen will attend the
meeting also.

Mr. and Mrs. O. S. McKee and two
daughters and R. J. Fisher will leave
tomorrow for Buffalo to attend the
Pan-American exposition. Mrs.
Fisher, who has been visiting in Bos-
ton and other eastern cities for sev-
eral weeks, will meet her husband at
Buffalo and become a member of the
Pan-American exposition. Mrs.
Fisher, who has been visiting in Bos-
ton and other eastern cities for sev-
eral weeks, will meet her husband at
Buffalo and become a member of the
Pan-American exposition.

A lad named Williams, whose par-
ents reside on Walnut street, was the
victim of a highway robbery yester-
day. With a companion he went thir-
teen miles into the country upon a
hunting expedition and had about a
bushel of hickory nuts in a sack and
a basket upon his wheel, when he
was stopped by four boys larger than
himself. They took the hickory nuts
away from Williams and then ordered
him to ride on, which he did with
alacrity.

I Coughed

It's the experience of every
one. Sooner or later we all
take cold. Colds naturally
tend downward, that's the
trouble. Ayer's Cherry Pec-
toral stops this downward
tendency and quickly cures
these early colds. Ask your
doctor. If he says this isn't
so, don't believe us.

"I know from personal experience
that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral quickly
breaks up a heavy cold on the lungs."
D. C. Snedeker, Pine Hill, N. Y.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

NEW INSURANCE OFFICERS.

George V. Kell was elected presi-
dent of the Allen County Farmers'
Mutual Insurance company at its an-
nual meeting Tuesday afternoon,
and Capt. W. A. Kelsey was re-elected
secretary. William Kinnerk was
added to the board of directors.

Red Ribbon Races tomorrow.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURTS.

Mack Warfield, a colored gentle-
man, was yesterday bound over in
the sum of \$300 to answer to pa-
ternity charges made by Miss Agnes
Davis. In default of bond Mr. War-
field retired to the county institution
presided over by Sheriff Stout. The
hearing was in France's court and the
judge announces without reservation
that the baby is a very pretty one,
and he knows. Warfield offers to do
the honorable thing by marrying
Miss Davis, but that lady insists that
she "doan want to get married to
nobody." Meanwhile Mack lingers.

The sanity of Henry Bauer, of
Lafayette street, is being inquired
into today by a commission of which
Justice Tancey is president. Dr. Mc-
Evoy is attending physician and Drs.
Harrod and McCaskey are the ex-
aminers. Mr. Bauer's vagary seems
to turn on religious subjects and last
Sunday evening he astounded his
family and friends by solemnly pro-
claiming himself to be the Lord. When
first seen by Justice Tancey the
patient reproached the justice for
keeping his hat on; "You ought to
take off your hat in the presence of
the Lord," he said.

With Justice France as president,
a commission in lunacy consisting of
Drs. McCausland, Duemling and Mc-
Oscar is this afternoon inquiring into
the mental condition of Mrs. Louisa
Baade, living on Hugh street. Mrs.
Baade is violently insane, it is
thought. She has threatened to kill
all the members of the family, talks
incoherently and is apparently in
need of immediate restraint and
treatment.

Eva Maude Raudenbush has filed
an affidavit in Tancey's court charg-
ing John Leaz, a Tenth ward saloon-
keeper, with having violated the
Nicholson law in allowing others
than members of his family in his
saloon on Sunday.

DOUBTERS

Can Be Changed By Knowledge.

If there is any doubt about making
brain power by the use of certain
food, the doubter should make the
following experiment.

Helen Frances Huntington, of
Gainesville, Ga., says: "Just a word
of commendation concerning Grape-
Nuts, which I have found to be the
most wholesome, nourishing and ap-
petizing food that has ever come to
my knowledge."

"I am not a dyspeptic, but being
constantly engaged in severe brain
work, I found that I did not thrive
on ordinary diet; even a moderate
dinner dulled my brain so as to be
practically incapable of critical work.
I tried meat juice, peptonoids, the
two-meal system of light breakfast
and no supper, which brought on
nervous depletion and sleeplessness,
so I resorted to one and another of
the various health foods which all
seemed alike tasteless and valueless
as a brain food, until quite by chance
I had a dish of Grape-Nuts food
served as a dessert. I liked it so
well that I began to use it daily, for
supper four teaspoonsful in a saucer
of hot milk, eaten before it dissolves
to mushiness."

"This point should be remembered,
as, after a certain time, evaporation
seems to affect the sweet nutty flavor
of the food, as in the case of cer-
tain fine-flavored fruits."

"The result in my case was simply
astounding. I had no desire what-
ever for sweet pastries, meats, or, in
fact, anything else, and my brain
was as clear and active at night as
on awakening from a long, refresh-
ing sleep."

"The peculiar advantage about
Grape-Nuts food is that it supplies
the nutritive qualities of a varied
diet without the bad results of heavy
eating. I cheerfully recommend its
use to all brain workers, if not as an
exclusive diet, certainly for the last
meal of the day. I always take it
with me when traveling, which saves
a deal of annoyance and discomfort."

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Five-room house at 69
E. Superior St.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms
at 24 West Berry street. S-20-1m

FOR RENT—3 unfurnished rooms;
no children; at 230 E. Washington
St. S-4

FOR RENT—Ground floor offices in
Arcade; most convenient in the city.
Inquire of H. M. Williams. 9tf

FOR RENT—Residences and business
rooms shown on application. W.
E. Doud, over Old National bank 7tf

FOR RENT—Store room corner Berry
and Harrison, fronting on Berry
street. Inquire Old National bank.
S-13-1f

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms,
suitable for light housekeeping, on
first floor, at No. 56 E. Wayne St.
S-2t

FOR RENT—A ten-room house, all
modern improvements, No. 138 W.
Main St. Inquire at No. 131 W.
Main St. S-16

FOR RENT—Room, with or without
board, including bath. Day board-
ers wanted. Mrs. Keller, 48 W.
Wayne. S-15-1f

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front
room; suitable for two people;
board if desired. 309 South Har-
rison St. S-2t

FOR RENT—A nice store room, suit-
able for meat market, in good lo-
cality. For particulars address
Box 5, this office. S-6t

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished
rooms; board, bath and all mod-
ern conveniences, at 29 East
Washington street. S-1-1m

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with
board, bath and all conveniences;
half block south of Masonic Tem-
ple, 114 Clinton St. S-13-1m

FOR RENT—An eight-room house,
with conservatory, porcelain bath,
etc., at 233 East Washington St.
Inquire 76 Brackenridge St. S-10-1f

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished suite
of front rooms; modern conven-
iences; central location; price rea-
sonable. Apply at 106 East Berry
St. S-14tf

FOR RENT—No. 38 Michigan ave.;
10-room house, with all modern
conveniences; walking distance
from electric works. Inquire
within. Phone 540 south. S-23tf

FOR RENT—Eight-room house in
west end; fine location; city and
cistern water, bath, electric light
and natural gas; newly papered
and painted, price \$20 per month.
S. R. Bachtel, 43 Nelson St. S-1f

FOR RENT—Two large front rooms,
bay window, alcove, most hand-
somerly decorated and furnished in
city six blocks west of court house;
handsome new residence; every
modern convenience; rent reason-
able. Address M. C., care Carrier 6.
S-7tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A 5-room house at a
bargain if sold soon. Apply at
309 E. Lewis St. S-2t

FOR SALE—A new meat refrigerator
of the "Birkenwald make"; first-
class in every respect. Call at 457
Calhoun St. S-6t

FOR SALE—One team of good young
horses, weighing 1,300, harness and
wagon. Inquire of Thos. Brock-
man, 5 Putnam street. S-2t

FOR SALE—Either of four different
investments, paying from 9 to 10
per cent. interest. W. E. Doud,
over Old National bank. 7tf

FOR SALE—New swell front golden
oak folding bed, 1 couch, brass
stand, banquet lamp, sewing ma-
chine for \$3, standard works of fic-
tion cheap. Room 3, Arcade, sec-
ond floor. S-10-1f

FOR SALE—Two dwellings, half lot
each, on Gay St., \$1,000 each; 8-
room dwelling, E. Leith St., \$1,650;
a good investment on Center St. of
two dwellings and full lot. Call
and see us. Money to loan; houses
to rent. Schrader & Wilson, first
floor, No. 7 Court St. S-1f

MONEY TO LOAN—Money to loan at
4 1/2 and 5 per cent, with privilege
of partial payments; also money
loaned on personal security; prop-
erty for sale. F. A. & F. E. Ran-
dall, Bass Bldg., Fort Wayne. d-wtf

William Watkins has gone to Buffalo for
a few days.

\$4.95

To Buffalo and return
via Nickel Plate, every
Tuesday, Thursday and
Saturday. S-10-4-tf

Tomorrow is the last day
to pay your natural and arti-
ficial gas bills without pen-
alty.

FOR FALL AND WINTER.
New nobby patterns in Men's Suits
and Overcoats now in. Prices
the lowest. G. Schmidt, merchant
tailor, 57 East Berry street. S-7-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—Young man; steady work;
Address B, care Sentinel. 7-3t

WANTED—Everybody to call up
Consumers' Ice Co.; both phones
594. m18-tf

WANTED—Plain sewing to do in
family; children's sewing a spec-
ialty. 195 E. Lewis St. S-2t

WANTED—A good girl for general
housework; no washing or ironing,
at 109 E. Washington. S-6t

WANTED—A man at the Nickel
Plate boarding stables, No. 8 Clin-
ton St., to do barn work. S-1f

WANTED—A young man to learn to
repair watches. Call at 98 North
Harrison St., 9 a. m. C. R. Jenne.

WANTED—A good girl to do general
housework. Apply at 52 E. Jef-
ferson St. Mrs. John M. Miller.
S-14

WANTED—A good, competent cook;
small family; two girls employed.
Apply, 302 W. Washington St.
S-21tf

WANTED—Lady room-mate; com-
fortable home for right party.
Call mornings at 62 Madison St.
S-3t

WANTED—Stark Nursery pays cash
weekly if you sell Stark trees.
Louisiana, Missouri, Danville, New
York. S-12-1f

WANTED—If you want to borrow
money see "ad" on second page.
first column. Room 3, Arcade,
upstairs. S-18tf

WANTED—A position by a young

Special Offerings...

This Week in New
WOOL WAISTS AND
WALKING SKIRTS

Fancy Striped Wool Waists, all colors, great value\$1.25
 Persian Trimmed All-Wool Waists, lined throughout and in every way a very attractive waist...\$2.25
 Just received all colors in fine Kersey Cloth Walking Skirt, nicely corded and stitched and well worth \$8.00, for\$5.98
 See those fine Imported Mercerized Satin Petticoats, in all colors, formerly sold for \$4.50; your choice now\$2.98

WELKER & NABLO,
 118 CALHOUN ST.
 Near Washington St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Lathers—No. 40 at Pearl and Harrison streets, second floor.
 Tippecanoe Club—In hall third floor, over Old National bank.
 Christian Science—Services of First church in Harmony hall, West Berry street; Second church in old Jewish tabernacle, Harrison street.
 Fraternal Societies—Fort Wayne council No. 4, R. and S. M.; Fort Wayne chapter No. 19, Royal Arch Masons; Mecheannochqua tribe No. 107, I. O. E. M.; Concordia No. 228, I. O. O. F.; Wayne council No. 35, Jr. O. U. A. M.; Fort Wayne No. 19, A. O. U. W.; Liberty council No. 22, Knights and Ladies of Columbia; Old Fort council, Royal League; Allen No. 29, Degree of Honor.
 Masonic Temple—Keystone Dramatic company Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights.
 Thursday night—"The Last Appeal."
 Evangelistic—Services at Jefferson street Christian church.

The way to get interurban roads is to get them. This observation is not specially original, but it is true.

From the size of Colonel Bookwalter's majority it appears that Mayor Taggart very nicely calculated the time when he should get from under the snowslide.

We cannot yet believe a majority in the city council is really hostile to interurban enterprises and believe that a good route will yet be found for the Southwestern company to get their line down into the center of the city.

Admiral Winfield S. Schley goes upon the retired list of the navy today and he does so after a life of heroic duty and glorious service to his country. In the popular mind he is the hero of one of the greatest naval victories in our annals and nothing can rob him of the affection and esteem of millions of Americans.

The discussion of the interurban franchise in last night's session of the city council developed an unfortunate and much to be deplored spirit of hostility to the enterprise. In killing the Harrison street contract the business was not performed in any natural spirit of regret that an important project must give way to higher public interest, but rather in a spirit of willing antagonism. The majority was ready without debate or consideration to put an end to the matter. The majority was not prepared and had no purpose to consider the matter gravely and deliberately with a view to doing the best for the interurban project that their consciences could approve. They were there, as Councilman Hoseney said in his remarks, with their minds made up and their determination clearly formed and indisposed to be patient with delay of the action that was purposed. That is a bad state of mind in which to approach consideration of such vital public business.

Hon. Charles A. Bookwalter, mayor-elect of Indianapolis, will not be more warmly and sincerely congratulated by his friends anywhere than by his old-time friends in Fort Wayne. His triumph was notable, distinct and indisputable. Better than this, he goes to his high office with a clean character, splendid abil-

ities, and we believe the confidence and cordial good will of the city which has chosen him for the chief of its servants. A dozen years ago Mayor Bookwalter left this city a young man little known outside this county to accept a minor appointment under the state administration. Slowly but steadily, by the force of his own resolute efforts, he has risen to eminence in the capital city. He is one of the great leaders of his party in Indianapolis, has succeeded to an eminent degree in business and has just been elected to the highest office of the first city of the state. His achievements are notable and with his friends here and elsewhere we congratulate him. We believe he will make a good mayor and that he will not disappoint his friends in any expectation.

THE FRANCHISE KILLED.

The city council last night decreed the death of the Harrison street franchise asked for by the Southwestern interurban company. The council did more than this. In the manner of the killing the council decreed further and indefinite delay of the entrance of this line to the business district. And more even than this the council did. The members who voted for the death of the franchise ordinance did so in such an evident spirit of hostility as to greatly discourage friends of interurban enterprises.

The motives of the councilmen who opposed approval of the franchise are not to be lightly impugned. Doubtless they acted conscientiously, though mistakenly, we believe. The route proposed in the last contract made by the board of public works elicited less objection than any other that has been considered. It afforded a solution of the general problem of interurban lines to the downtown district. But the council has refused to solve the problem at this time and unless reconsideration is possible the Southwestern will probably have to accept the Fulton and Pearl street route originally granted or be subjected to a long term of delay pending the selection of some other route and the slow formality of getting it up to the council's approval.

If Fort Wayne is to get the interurban railroads to which the geographical situation of Fort Wayne entitles it and the city's importance as a trading center invites, a policy of cordial encouragement must be adopted. It is not a happy spectacle to behold the first interurban enterprise that has actually resulted in something being held up month after month waiting to get into the city. The line is built and will come into the city some way some time, doubtless; but the present attitude of the council as a majority indicated it last night will not promote the building of any other such lines to this city. The council has no higher duty than solicitude for the general good and prosperity of the city, and in this it appears to be wanting.

OF INCENDIARY ORIGIN.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Believing that the fire which last night wiped out the Peabody coal company's yards at Kinzie street and the river, and did other serious damage, was of incendiary origin, Fire Inspector Conway today began an investigation. Revised estimates of the losses make the total loss \$985,000, divided as follows: Peabody Coal company, \$345,000; the six-story building and contents, occupied by the Davidson Marble company, the Globe Heat and Light company and the Welsbach Lighting company, \$200,000; Chicago and Northwestern railway freight sheds and rolling stock, \$50,000. The various companies carried full insurance.

Mrs. Samuel Hanna is home from a visit in Montreal, Que.

TO SKEPTICAL ASTHMATICS

The truly marvelous cures of Asthma which have already been effected by Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann certainly call for notice. His preparation (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure) not only gives instant relief in the most stubborn and obstinate cases, but positively cures, in proof of which hear what the town clerk at Cavalier, N. D., Mr. W. Sererus, says: "I was troubled with asthma for 20 years; about 8 years ago I started to use your Asthma Cure, and I have not had an attack for six years."

Schiffmann's Asthma Cure can be obtained of all druggists at 50c and \$1.00 per package, or by writing direct to Dr. Schiffmann, Box 804, St. Paul, Minn.

FRANCHISE KILLED

COUNCIL GIVES SHORT SHRIFF TO INTERURBAN GRANT.

VOTED IT TO THE TABLE

LIVELY SESSION MARKS THE OCCASION.

MANY PETITIONS PRESENTED

REPORT OF COMMITTEE WAS A SURPRISE.

The city council bludgeoned that Harrison street interurban franchise last night by voting 10 to 8 to lay the ordinance of approval on the table. The motion to table was made by Councilman Scheidt.

The vote was as follows:
 Yeas—Baade, Ehrman, Figel, Glenn, Griebel, Hoseney, Lennon, O'Ryan, Scheidt, Sordet.
 Nays—Baker, Bauer, Foellinger, Hench, Kohrman, Meier, Miller, Zurbach.

It was a more or less heated session, garnished with several surprises. The greatest surprise was the report of the committee on franchises, which disapproved in toto the contract made by the board of works with the Fort Wayne and Southwestern company for the use of Chicago and Harrison streets. It was agreed at a meeting held by the committee Sunday that the Harrison street franchise should be reported favorably with some modification, most notable of which was the elimination of Chicago street.

HOW IT CAME ABOUT.
 The debate had gone on after the reading of the committee's report. Councilman Hench fighting against Councilman Sordet's motion to concur. Brief speeches had been made, petitions had been read and finally Councilman Hench moved that the franchise and all matters pertaining to it be submitted to committee of the whole. This proposal appeared to find favor and there was a seeming prospect that the motion would carry. Just then Henry Colerick crossed the reserved area to Councilman Scheidt and whispered to him. A moment later Councilman Scheidt executed a brilliant coup by moving to lay the matter on the table. This carried by the vote detailed in the foregoing, killed the ordinance and relieved several members of a look of distress.

CHAMBER WAS CROWDED.

The council chamber was crowded when the session began. There were in the animated lobby many Harrison street property owners, there to oppose by the moral effect of their presence any approval of the franchise, and there was a much larger force of business men, workmen and citizens generally who hoped to encourage favorable action by the council.

The reading of the committee's report produced surprise and consternation. It was wholly unexpected, and as Clerk Smith proceeded with the committee's unequivocal announcement that it absolutely denied any new route whatever there was a sensation.

The report read, Councilman Sordet moved concurrence. Mr. Hench took the floor and begged that the council give heed to some petitions favoring the ordinance before final action should be taken. Mr. Hench admonished the members that these petitions contained enough names to effect the political future of every member of the council.

MOTION CONCURRED IN.

The motion was put and the report concurred in. Thereupon was presented to the attention of the council a mass of petitions signed by practically all of the business men of Fort Wayne and hundreds of other citizens. One signed by eleven owners of the most valuable property on Harrison street was among them. Mr. Sordet opposed the incorporation of the petitions into the record, saying that it could not change the situation any. "Besides, any one can be hired to go around and get names to petitions," he added.

This brought Mr. Hench again to his feet and he repudiated Mr. Sordet's insinuation, declaring that the petitions were signed voluntarily by business men and laboring men who were interested in the welfare of the city.

The First ward member said he did not purpose to burden the records with the long petitions, but he wanted them before the council and he wanted to protest against the covert meaning of the Ninth ward member's remarks.

AN UNUSUAL PROCEEDING.

Business of the session having been directed in the regular current, Clerk Schmidt began reading a proposition made by Manager Scott to Chairman Hoseney, of the franchise committee, setting forth conditions upon which the Southwestern could use the traction company's tracks. The reading of this matter was clear-

ly out of order, for the council was then up to final passage of the approval ordinance. Mr. Hench was up with the point of order when the reading had been well along. He protested against the reading of the proposition on the ground that the proposition was not signed and was not under the rules before the council. Moreover, he maintained, the order upon which the council was then engaged precluded introduction of such a matter. Mr. Hoseney admitted that he had presented the proposition and insisted that it was proper, whereupon he signed the document. The mayor sought to escape ruling on Mr. Hench's point of order and the reading proceeded. The First ward member was not thus to be put down and stoutly maintained his point, insisting that the mayor rule on it. This the mayor did with no good grace, finally, admonishing the insistent member and others that hereafter the rules would be strictly enforced. The reading was stopped, but not until after, as Mr. Hench observed, "the end sought by its author had been attained."

Just how that proposition came to be so conveniently deposited in the clerk's heap of documents as to come immediately preceding the contract and ordinance puzzled many spectators and a few councilmen.

DEATH OF THE ORDINANCE.

The contract and ordinance were then read and put upon final passage. Thereupon Mr. Hench moved that the whole matter be referred to the committee of the whole. To this Mr. Hoseney responded that the matter was already decided and insisted that the ordinance be placed upon its passage. As an amendment to the motion of Mr. Hench he moved that the ordinance be placed upon its final passage.

Mr. Hench kept up his sturdy fight for the franchise. Among other things he said:
 "I had hoped that some member of the committee would give an honest explanation of this matter before turning the thing down. In the face of the almost unanimous opinion of business men and working men I think the matter ought to be given fair treatment. The interests of the business men demand that Harrison street be granted, and the committee of the whole is the proper place to decide whether we are ready to fly in the faces of the people in the manner the committee proposes."

Councilman Zurbach came to the support of the First ward member and demanded information. "I say frankly," he declared, "that I do not understand the action of the Second ward gentleman (Mr. Hoseney) and I want to know more about what this committee has done. Let us get at this thing in committee of the whole."

Councilman Bauer spoke in like strain and with a good deal of feeling. He wanted, he said, to have some light on the "mysterious document from Mr. Scott to Mr. Hoseney, which has been secretly brought into this controversy for the purpose of killing the interurban railway project."

MR. MILLER CUTS LOOSE.

Then Councilman Miller, a member of the committee on franchises, made some remarks that were listened to with unusual interest. He was amazed at the committee's report. At the meeting Sunday which he attended it was decided to report a route on Brackenridge and Ewing streets and a report was ordered drafted accordingly. When he returned yesterday from a business trip he learned with astonishment that the whole plan had been changed, that the committee had determined to report no new franchise at all, and had instructed the city attorney to draw up a report pursuant thereto. Mr. Miller thereupon had wholly refused to sign the report.

MR. MILLER'S REMARKS.

Mr. Miller then proceeded to discuss some salient points as follows:
 "I don't doubt the committee's sincerity, but I, as a member of the committee, refused to sign it because I didn't believe it was the proper route. I believe it ought to go to the committee of the whole. In regard to this 'mysterious document' I will say that I received it as secretary of the committee from Mr. Hoseney and laid it aside, but Mr. Hoseney wanted it read and I read it. I didn't think it had any right before us and don't think so now. It was sent to the committee for some effect and had no business there. I am not inimical to the Fort Wayne Traction company but I do know that nothing ever came to the council or to a committee from that company that didn't have a string to it. Why don't the Fort Wayne Traction company come out in the open and say it will do right by the people? Why don't it pave its streets? Why don't it come now and say it will take up tracks from streets where it has no rights? I think this ordinance ought to go to the committee of the whole and let each councilman know something about it. Above all, the time is ripe for us to give the business men what they want. Get the interurbans in here and increase our population, as other towns are doing."

This deliverance was received with liveliest approval by the large assembly of spectators.

MR. SCHEIDT SPEAKS.

Mr. Scheidt responded to this by

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Queen Quality

THE FAMOUS SHOE FOR WOMEN

\$3

Sole Agents

Kibo Patent Kid.



An Ideal Dress Boot.

SEE THAT THIS TRADE MARK IS BRANDED ON EVERY SHOE.

Much lighter and more flexible than patent leather. Leather Louis XV. heel.

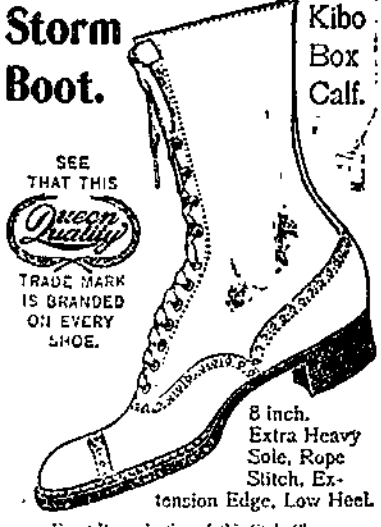
Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

FALL and WINTER STYLES Now Ready.



We Invite Your Inspection.

Storm Boot.



SEE THAT THIS TRADE MARK IS BRANDED ON EVERY SHOE.

8 inch. Extra Heavy Sole, Rope Stitch, Extension Edge, Low Heel.

Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

Fifth Avenue.



SEE THAT THIS TRADE MARK IS BRANDED ON EVERY SHOE.

Kibo Patent Kid. Healed Harry Double Sole. Extension Edge. Low Heel.

Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

Mannish Street Boot.



SEE THAT THIS TRADE MARK IS BRANDED ON EVERY SHOE.

Heavy welted double sole. Extension edge.

Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

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The People's Store

Sole Agents

saying the council displayed to great a want of confidence in its committees, and if that feeling continued they might as well abolish committees. This committee, he said, had done what it believed was right and the council ought to accept the committee's judgment. The interurban company had a good route, he maintained, but wanted the best streets and would not be satisfied if they got them. "They want the earth," he continued. "Let them do something. Let them show their hand. Let them build a road and show they mean business."

Mr. Lennon demanded the previous question, which resulted in a brief parliamentary tangle, from which the mayor finally extricated the council and himself. At this point there was evidence that the motion to refer to the committee of the whole would carry and Mr. Scheidt moved to table the ordinance. This carried.

The ordinance was therefore killed. Councilman Hench wanted to change his vote from nay to yea in order to move a reconsideration, but the mayor remarked with great resolution that the gentleman from the First ward wanted the rules enforced and he would do so, and he declared Mr. Hench out of order. Mr. Hench insisted that he sought recognition before the clerk announced the vote, but the mayor declared he had not seen the gentleman and declared him out of order.

OTHER MATTERS.

The council passed the ordinance changing the name of East Main street, from Lafayette to Clay, to Old Fort place; passed a health ordinance regulating the construction of vaults; concurred in a report of the waterworks committee in favor of the adoption of Engineer Hot's recommendations regarding the advisability of further test wells at No. 2 pumping station; referred to the proper committees an ordinance requiring the street railway to keep its portion of all streets clean, and another by Mr. Hench prohibiting the killing of birds and animals in the public parks and regulating the conduct of visitors to such parks; passed a resolution instructing the waterworks trustees to drill two additional wells on the McCulloch and Pape lands, and then adjourned after a tilt, in which one motion to adjourn was lost and another carried to prevent Mr. Hench introducing another interurban matter.

Dr. Bull's
 Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
 Get the genuine. Beware of imitations.
IS SURE
 Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

Harry O., Fort Wayne's pride, in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

SPORTSMEN!

...FOR YOUR...

Leader and New Winchester Repeater Shells

Call on us. Now is the time to outfit for the fall shooting. No old shells in our stock.

C. C. Schlatter & Co.,

HARDWARE AND FINE TOOLS,

38 and 40 East Columbia Street.



A Good Real Estate Broker

is your best advisor when you wish to purchase property that will increase in value and give you the best for your money, whether it be in building lots, houses, business property or farms. I have bargains just now that cannot be duplicated. Call and investigate.

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All Druggists. Send for Pamphlet.
THE ATHLO-PHOROS CO., New Haven, Conn.

One of the saddest sights is that of a strong man lying crippled and helpless, prostrated by the withering touch of Rheumatism. Fifty thousand testimonials on file at the home office show that Athlo-phoros is a positive cure for Rheumatism. Send for free pamphlet.

WASHINGTON, Ia.
Several years ago I was all crippled up by Rheumatism, and on getting a bottle of Athlo-phoros and taking it, I was completely cured. Ever yours in praise,
OWEN O. HAYES.

What is Wrong With This?
Corner lot 80 by 150 feet, 12 room house, gas for heat and light, fruit of all kind. This property is located on a paved street and room for two more houses on this lot, clear title guaranteed or no sale. Come quick for this. Price\$2,450.

Who Will Get This?
Lot 40 by 150 feet, 8 room house, well, cistern, fruit trees and shrubbery. Cost more than the price asked to build; anyone wishing to buy this can have it for\$1,100.

Four dwelling houses situated on a corner, central location, modern improvements; this property is in first class condition. Annual rental \$10.80. Parties seeking investments please investigate. Price, \$12,000.

A vacant lot on Calhoun street, east front, north of Brackenridge street, size 20 by 150 feet. Price\$4,000.

A desirable corner on car line, south side, can be bought cheap; this property will be shown on application only.

Several other modern residences at prices and terms to suit.
Vacant lots 35 by 150 feet, central; price each, \$600. I have a few special bargains in vacant lots in Lakeside, also south side and other additions. For information call on

VAL ROCHOLL,
23 Court Street.
Phone 49, Main.

Be Your Own Barber.
...Use the...

Gem Safety Razor.
...For Sale by...

F. M. SMITH & CO.,
22 CALHOUN STREET.
Both Phones.

The historic battle grounds, the Plains of Abraham, on which Wolfe and Montcalm met in final settlement of the war, is now the property in perpetuity of the city of Quebec.

Business - Directory.
UNDERTAKERS.

Klaehn & Melching,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
No. 39 West Main Street.
Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.
D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans,
No. 24 West Wayne Street,
..... Fort Wayne, Ind.

BANKS.
HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital, \$500,000. Surplus, \$250,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of two (2) per cent per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,
Corner Wayne and Clinton Sts.
CAPITAL, \$200,000.
SURPLUS, \$75,000.
Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

LAWYER.
ABSTRACTOR OF TITLE,
INSURANCE.
COLLECTION AND LOAN AGENT.
James E. Graham,
Room 16, Bank Block,
FORT WAYNE, IND.
Stereographer and Notary Public in office. Phone 615 Main.

NO RACES TODAY

SOGGY TRACK COMPELS THE POSTPONEMENT.

TODAY'S PROGRAM TOMORROW

MEET WILL BE EXTENDED TO SATURDAY.

EVENTS YESTERDAY ALL GOOD

THE CARD FOR TOMORROW IS FIRST-CLASS.

Today's card for the Red Ribbon meet had to be carried over until tomorrow because of a very heavy track. Last night's rain gave the mile circuit more of a soaking than it could recover from today, denied as it has been almost totally of sunshine, and it was considered best in the interest of good sport not to attempt to race today.

Today's program, which, by the way, was a good one, will be given tomorrow, and the races will go over to Saturday, carrying each day's card forward a day.

YESTERDAY'S RACES.
The opening day of the Red Ribbon meet yesterday at the Driving park was successful beyond the fondest hopes of the gentlemen who are backing the races and the indications are that the meet will be the most successful in Fort Wayne in years. It is estimated that nearly four thousand persons were in attendance, the majority of spectators being ladies and children. The grand stand was filled to overflowing and the crowd in the space between the stand and track and along the fence on both sides of the course was fully as large as the crowd in the stand.

The weather was all that could be desired and about the only complaint to be made was that darkness came on too soon. The track was in fairly good condition and there was no wind in the stretches to hamper the racers. The 2:35 trot, the opening event, was called promptly at 1:30 and got away at 2 o'clock. The last event was the five-eighths mile dash, which was concluded at 5:30, when darkness made it impossible to distinguish the numbers of the jockeys.

Although the track was a trifle slow, good time was made in the different events and the conclusion of each heat was the signal for a ripple of applause or a hearty cheer if a favorite finished to the good. The full program was not carried out, it being necessary to carry over the 2:24 trot after three heats had been run.

The opening event of the day, the 2:35 trot, was not very interesting. Queen Exum, owned by C. Crawford, of Grand Rapids, Mich., winning easily in straight heats. There were four starters, Queen Exum, Artha Czar, Silver Piece and Prestoria. Wood Wilkes, owned by J. M. Stevens, of this city, was drawn. Artha Czar, a Dayton, Ohio, horse, took second money, finishing second in the two first heats and third in the third heat, when she was passed by Silver Piece, owned by E. H. Carnahan, of this city, who captured third.

The event of the day was the 2:18 pace, the second on the program, and the race was a heartbreaker in many respects. The race was won by Sherman Wilson, a rank outsider, while Red Patchen and Billy F., two of the favorites, were never in the running. Dagmar Muscovite, another favorite, took second money. Sherman Wilson led the bunch for the full mile in the first heat, with Julia S. a close second. In the second heat Julia S. led the bunch to near the half, where she was passed by Sherman Wilson. The big sorrel, driven by a green driver, led to within 150 feet of the wire, but Dagmar Muscovite took a spurt and finished a neck ahead in 2:15, thereby setting a new mark. Billy F. led from the start in the third, but was passed by Sherman Wilson at the half. In the turn the big sorrel was passed by Baron B., who finished under the whip. In the fourth Sherman Wilson got away first and led to the half, where he was passed by Major Muscovite.

At the three-quarter pole, closely trailed by four others, Sherman Wilson regained the lead and won by a half length over John Smith, who crept up on the home stretch. The sorrel led all the way in the fifth, finishing two lengths ahead of Baron B., who was set back for interfering with Ax. In this race there were eleven starters and the track was so crowded that several of the horses did not show up well on account of bad positions. The get-aways, however, were excellent.

But four heats of the 2:24 trot were run, but Conna demonstrated that she was in the winning class. The mare led all the way in the first heat, finishing well ahead of Eunice, the pole horse and favorite. In the second heat Conna led to the half, where she was passed by Quickstep and Manning. She took a spurt and was fin-

ishing at a winning clip when she broke and came under the wire second. She took the third heat without difficulty. Elsie Nor and John Smith were drawn after the third heat.

The five-eighths mile dash was a very interesting event, although the darkness at the time of starting made it impossible to follow the racers. The horses got away well, but soon strung out and came into the stretch Indian file, but finished in a fair bunch considering the field. Betty B. a favorite, won this race in 1:03½. Alice Mantell was second and Queen L. finished third, with Apple Jack, a favorite in the betting, nowhere.

THE SUMMARIES.
2:35 trot; purse, \$200.
Queen Exum, g m, by Tom Exum; 1 1 1
Artha Czar, b m, by Czar (Vogel); 2 2 3
Silver Piece, g (VanAlstine); 3 3 2
Prestoria, c m (Annett); 4 dis
Time—2:26, 2:22, 2:21.
2:18 pace; purse, \$400.
Sherman Wilson, s g, by Brus- 1 2 1
sels (Willis); 2 2 1
Dagmar Muscovite, b m, by 2 2 1
Muscovite (Johnson); 3 3 3
Baron B, b (Chambrlain); 4 4 4
John Smith, b g (Penneck); 5 5 5
Julia S, b m (Goswell); 6 6 6
Ax, b g (Honey); 7 7 7
Merry Go, b m (Grubb); 8 8 8
Billy F, b s (Marvin); 9 9 9
Julia S, b g (Kerster); 7 7 8
Red Patchen, b g (Stephens); 11 10 8
Card Wilkes, s s (Craft); 8 dis
Time—2:18, 2:15, 2:14½, 2:15, 2:10½.
2:24 trot (unfinished).
Conna, b m, by Conna (Ames); 1 2 1
Quick Step, b m (Bowen); 3 2 2
Eunice, b m (Adams); 4 4 4
Manning, b g (Smith); 5 3 3
John N, b g (Bobbs); 6 7 7
John M, b g (Grubb); 7 7 7
Elsie Nor, b m (Grubb); 8 9 9
Walter Smith, blk g (Twelenger); 9 8 8
Algonah, c h (Williams); 8 7 8
Time—2:18, 2:17½, 2:16½.
Running race, five-eighths mile dash; purse, \$200.
Betty B, b m (Stewart); 1 1 1
Alice Mantell, c m (Downs); 2 2 2
Queen L, b m (David); 3 3 3
Time—1:03½.

THE RACES TOMORROW.
Great interest centers around the free-for-all trot tomorrow afternoon. Tommy Britton rules a decided favorite in the betting, while Charles Stiles has the confidence of many. Starmont, Maggie Anderson and Ben Lobin are the other entries in this race.

The opening event on the program for Thursday will be the 2:15 pace, purse \$400. The favorites in this event are Carl Wilkes, Billy Mac and Dagmar Muscovite. The second event is the 2:16 trot, in which Dr. Price, owned by George Castle, of Chicago, seems to rule favorite. The final event is a half-mile run, best three in five, purse \$250.

THE NEWS OF THE POLICE
There was but one offender at police court this morning, the same being the venerable Daniel Butler, of Adams county, who has been here before. Daniel indulged in too much bug-juice yesterday and began to be abusive and even insulting to ladies on the street. He thought he owned the town until he ran into Superintendent Gornline's arms. This morning he pleaded to be allowed to get out of town and he would like him immediately to the poor house at Decatur and stay there. His pleadings were disregarded and Daniel went over for eleven days.

Charles Badine, a farmer, sold a load of hay to A. Kalbacher yesterday for \$7. Mr. Kalbacher gave the money to Al Keck to give to the farmer. Keck gave the farmer \$5.75, retaining \$1.25 for himself, and now Kalbacher is looking for Keck. So are the police.

Patrol wagon No. 2 is stationed at the race track, where it will be handy in case it is needed. Officers Elliott, White, Richardson, Trebra and Murphy are the members of the regular force on duty there, and besides these George Swain, with half a dozen special officers, are regularly sworn in as the local constabulary.

And still another bicycle was added to the police collection last night. A fake jewelry vendor was picked up yesterday afternoon. He was apparently in bad health and said he was peddling simply to get money enough to get him to a hospital. He said he would leave town immediately if released and as he had done nothing particularly wrong he was let go.

ALL WHO USE ATOMIZERS in treating nasal catarrh will get the best result from Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cts. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1900.
Messrs. Ely Bros.—I sold two bottles of your Liquid Cream Balm to a customer, Wm. Lambertson, 1415 Delachaise St., New Orleans; he has used the two bottles, giving him wonderful and most satisfactory results.
Geo. W. McDuff, Pharmacist.

Be early at the track tomorrow
PHELPS & HADDON,
UP-TO-DATE NEWSDEALERS,
16 ARCADE BLDG.

Agents for Indianapolis News. Delivered anywhere by mail or carrier. 10c per week.

The free-for-all Pace, the great race of the Red Ribbon meeting, tomorrow.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Trade in wheat at the opening today was of the speculative character, with a moderate demand for yesterday's early declines. Under the influence of unympathetic cables December started weak, ½¢ to ¾¢ depressed at 69½¢ to 69¢. Offerings were heavy all round on the early decline, especially by commission houses. Weakness in corn also had a depressing effect and December sold off to 60½¢@60¢. There were traders, however, who expected a rally and at this price there were a number of buying orders. December reacted to 69½¢@69¢ and held 69½¢. Local receipts were 147 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 566 cars, making a total for the three points of 1,633 cars, against 918 last week and 739 a year ago.

December wheat continued to sag under bear pressure and reached 69½¢. May rallied slightly at the end of the session and closed weak, ½¢ depressed at 69½¢@69¢.

December corn opened a shade to ½¢ lower at 58½¢@58½¢ on cables and in sympathy with wheat. Offerings were heavy all round, with a moderate demand from the outside, but prices for December sagged to 56½¢. Small covering operations brought a reaction to 56½¢@56½¢. Receipts were 160 cars.

December corn followed wheat in its decline and closed weak, ½¢ lower at 58½¢. Oats opened weak and dull, December ½¢ lower at 35½¢ in sympathy with other grains. Country offerings were considerably increased and the demand was mainly by profit-taking shorts. December sold off to 35½¢, but later reacted and steadied at 35½¢. Receipts were 110 cars.

Another fall in the prices for hogs depressed provisions and on continued liquidations January pork, which opened 15¢ lower at \$15.00, sold off to \$14.95. January lard opened 5¢ lower at \$8.20 and sold to \$8.05½¢, and January ribs fell to \$7.87½¢ and declined to \$7.85.

THE CLOSE.
Prices at the close were as follows:
Wheat—Oct., 67½¢; Dec., 69½¢@69½¢; May, 72½¢.
Corn—Oct., 55¢; Dec., 56½¢; May, 57½¢@58¢.
Oats—Oct., 34½¢; Dec., 35½¢; May, 37½¢.
Pork—Oct., \$13.69; Jan., \$14.97½; May, \$15.07½.
Lard—Oct., \$9.47½; Nov., \$9.30; Dec., \$9.02½; Jan., \$8.92½; May, \$8.92½.
Ribs—Oct., \$7.87½; Nov., \$7.85; Dec., \$7.85.
Flax—Cash N. W., \$1.51; No. 1, \$1.48; Oct., \$1.48; Nov., \$1.40; Dec., \$1.36.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
Chicago, Oct. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 18,000, including 500 Texans and 4,000 westerns; market steady to strong. Good to prime steers, \$6.10@6.50; poor to medium, \$3.50@5.55; stockers and feeders, \$2.25@4.00; cows, \$1.25@4.00; heifers, \$1.75@2.50; calves, \$2.50@3.50; Texas fed steers, \$2.50@3.75; western steers, \$2.50@3.50.
Hogs—Receipts today, 25,000; tomorrow, 27,000; left over, 5,422. Market 15¢@20¢ lower. Mixed and butchers, \$6.10@6.50; good to choice heavy, \$6.30@6.50; rough heavy, \$5.85@6.20; light, \$6.00@6.35; bulk of sales, \$5.15@6.50.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.
Chicago, Oct. 9.—Butter—Market steady; creameries, 14¢@15¢; dairies, 13¢@14¢.
Cheese—Market steady. Cheddar, 10¢; young Americas, 10¢@10½¢; dairies, 10¢@10½¢.
Eggs—Market firm, 17¢@17½¢.

TOLEDO MARKETS.
Toledo, O., Oct. 9.—Wheat—Market dull, lower, cash, 73½¢; Dec, 73½¢; May, 75½¢; Dec, 50½¢; May, 53½¢.
Oats—Market nominal; cash, 35¢; Dec, 35¢; May, 35½¢.
Cloverseed—Market active; prime cash, Oct. and Dec., \$5.20; March, \$5.27½.
Oil—Market unchanged.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.
New York, Oct. 9.—The opening trading in stocks was quiet and rather indifferent. Fractional gains were the rule, with the Vanderbilts in the lead. Brooklyn Transit and Amalgamated Copper slipped a fraction, but were supported and recovered. Brooklyn Transit advanced to 59 and Amalgamated Copper improved a point from the lowest and there were additional gains in the Vanderbilts, Lake Erie and Western issues and Cleveland, C. C. & St. L. rising 10½¢. Traders took profits here in Brooklyn Transit and Amalgamated Copper and attacked Sugar successfully, lowering it ½¢. Railroad stocks also became very heavy, and especially the Southwestern group. St. Louis and San Francisco lost 2½¢ and the others from 1 to 1½¢. St. Paul, New York Central and other Vanderbilts were very over point.

An active buying movement arose in Norfolk and Western, lifting it 1½¢ to 55½¢. Some of the other soft coal stocks hardened, but other stocks showed but little rallying power. Prices, however, were above the lowest and with business almost at a standstill pending the dividend action on Atchafson common. International Power gained 2½¢ and New York, Chicago and St. Louis second preferred dropped 5 and rallied 2½¢.

Bonds were irregular. Heavy liquidation in Wabash debenture 5's lowered them 2½¢.

NEW YORK MARKETS.
New York, Oct. 9.—Flour—Receipts, 29,548 bbls; sales, 3,400 pkgs; state and western market unsettled and barely steady, with demand checked.
Wheat—Receipts, 123,300 bu; sales, 1,245,000 bu; market sustained a bad break under heavy liquidation, short selling and disappointing cables; Dec., 75 5/16@75 1/2; May, 78 3/4@78 1/2.
Rye—Market easy; state, 55¢@56¢; c. i. f. New York car lots; No. 2 western, 60¢, f. o. b. aboat.
Corn—Receipts, 245,100 bu; sales, 65,000 bu; market broke also through active unloading, poor cables, the wheat decline and fears of the crop report tomorrow; Oct., 64¢@65¢; Dec., 61¢@62¢; May, 62¢@62 1/2¢.
Oats—Receipts, 112,000 bu; market weak and lower with other markets; track white, 40¢@47¢.
Beans—Market quiet.
Soybean—Market easy; mess, \$15.75; family, \$16.50@18.00; short clear, \$17.50@19.00.
Lard—Market easier; prime western, steamed, \$10.00.
Butter—Receipts, 6,575 pkgs; market steady; state dairy, 14¢@15¢; creamery, 15¢@22¢; June creamery, 20¢@21¢; factory, 12¢@15¢.
Cheese—Receipts, 3,557 pkgs; market firm; fancy large colored, 9½¢; fancy large white, 9½¢; fancy small colored, 10½¢; fancy small white, 10¢.
Eggs—Receipts, 18,000 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, 21¢@22¢; western, candled, 21¢@21½¢; western, uncandled, 17¢@21¢.
Sugar—Raw, steady; fair refining, 3-16¢; centrifugal, 96 test, 3½¢; molasses sugar, 3¢; refined, steady; crushed, 5¢@5¢; powdered, 5¢@5¢; granulated, 5¢@5¢.
Coffee—Market steadier; No. 7 Rio, 5½¢@5¢.
Several large blocks of Atchafson were taken on the dividend increase, advancing it to 76½¢. Elsewhere there was a feeble response, but the market soon relapsed into heaviness and inaction again. Atchafson reacted to below yesterday's close and Norfolk and Western lost a point.

The light offerings when bids were scaled down caused a concerted advance against the shorts in Sugar, Amalgamated Copper and Brooklyn Transit, all of which touched the highest prices of the day. Amalgamated Copper sold 1½¢ and Brooklyn Transit 1½¢ above yesterday's close. Atchafson was then run up to about 77 and there was some demand for the Western and Pacific stocks. Iowa Central advanced 2½¢ and the pro-

ferred 3½¢. The market failed to hold to prices and yielded somewhat, but hardened again almost immediately.

The market was listless and apathetic during the last hour and prices were inclined to slip back except for a few special cases. Great Northern preferred, North American and Pacific Coast rose 2½¢, New Central 3½¢, and Northwestern preferred 6. National Salt fell 2 and the preferred 1½. The Wabash and St. Louis Southwestern fell to the lowest. The closing was very dull and irregular.

THE MONEY MARKET.
New York, Oct. 9.—Money on call steady at 3½¢@3½¢ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½¢@5 per cent; sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.55½¢@4.56 for demand and at \$4.53½¢@4.54 for 60 days; posted rates, \$4.54½¢ and \$4.56½¢; commercial bills, \$4.53½¢@4.53½¢; silver certificates unquoted; bar silver, 57½¢; Mexican dollars, 45½¢.

THE BOND MARKET.
New York, Oct. 9.—Government bonds steady:
U. S. Refunding 2s registered.....109
U. S. Refunding 2s coupon.....107½
U. S. 3s registered.....107½
U. S. 3s coupon.....107½
U. S. 4s registered (new).....132½
U. S. 4s coupon (new).....132½
U. S. 4s registered (old).....112
U. S. 4s coupon (old).....112
U. S. 5s registered.....107½
U. S. 5s coupon.....107½

A PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE MAN FOR WHOM THE LADY IS WAITING.

AMONG THE SLAIN
(Continued From First Page.)

the disaster to company C, of the Ninth infantry.

Further accounts from Samar received here show that horrible indignities were perpetrated on the dead bodies.

VICTIMS OF SAMAR MASSACRE.
Washington, Oct. 9.—General Chaffee has cabled the following list of members of Company C, Ninth regiment, slain by the Filipinos in the massacre at Balangiga, Samar, September 28:

John W. Aydelotte, private.
John D. Aumani, private.
Little Aumani, private.
Thomas E. Baird, corporal; died from wounds.
George Bony, private.
Robert L. Booth, private.
Patrick J. Robbins, private; body buried.
John D. Buhner, private.
James L. Cain, private.
John L. Covington, musician; body buried.
Charles E. Davis, private.
Byron Dent, private.
Guy O. Dennis, private.
Jerry J. Driscoll, private; body buried.
Eli Fitzgerald, private.
Joseph I. Godon, private.
Joseph O. Kleinhample, private.
Richard Long, private.
Joseph Marr, artificer.
John F. Martin, sergeant.
James Martin, private.
John H. Miller, private.
Frank McCormack, corporal.
James F. McDermott, private.
Charles Powers, private.
Froal Peters, private.
August F. Porosen, private; body buried.
Chris F. Recard, private; died from wounds.
James N. Randles, sergeant.
Henry J. Scharrer, corporal.
Gustav E. Schultzer, private.
Leonard P. Schley, private.
Evans South, private; body missing.
Charles E. Shiering, private.
Floyd J. Shoemaker, private; died from wounds.
Robert Sproull, private.
Joseph Turner, private.
Frank Vobayda, private.
John Wannebo, private.
Harry M. Wood, private.
Christian B. Williams, private; body missing.
Claude C. Wingo, private; body missing.
Harry Wright, hospital corps; body missing.
John L. Weiss, corporal; killed at Basay, Samar, September 1.

General Chaffee announced in his message that the list of wounded is not yet made up. Several men are missing and it is feared their bodies were burned when the insurgents deserted the town. The three officers killed in the fight are not mentioned in this list, their deaths having been reported in a dispatch sent several days ago.

A CO-OPERATIVE CONCERN
TO BE ESTABLISHED BY ELECTRIC WORKERS.

Firm Will Be Incorporated Next Week and Will Begin Business Very Soon.

The striking electrical workers have organized a co-operative electric company and expect to open up for business within a very short time. It is understood that considerable money is behind the new venture.

A gentleman prominent in the affairs of the new company said today that the movement has been on foot since the early days of the strike and that arrangements are complete for the incorporation of the new firm within the next ten days. The incorporators of the company will be

six in number, although the number of stockholders is twelve.

The strike has been in progress for several weeks with little or no prospect of settlement or concessions from either side. The men were determined to remain out until the new agreement was signed by the bosses, but the employers were equally firm in their determination to stick to the agreement signed early in the spring. A proposal to form a co-operative company was made some time ago by a member of the union, which met with favor at once, and steps for the organization of the new concern were taken immediately. The project has the endorsement of the trades unions of the city, it is said by the promoters, who are confident it will be a success.

An immense potato crop has been raised this season by irrigation in the Yakima Indian reservation in the state of Washington. The quantity for export is 2,000 carloads, and one farmer will clear \$10,000. It is estimated that the crop will be 40,000 tons, worth \$1,000,000.

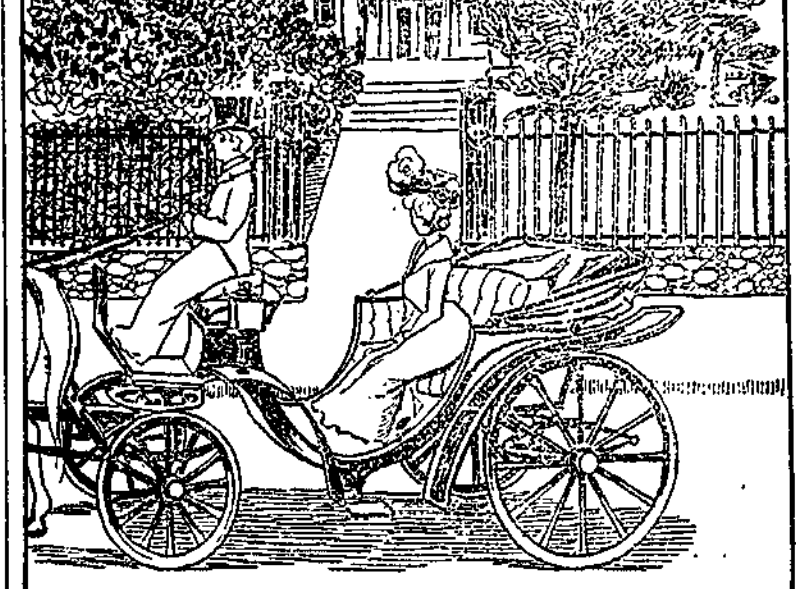
Belgium, in 1898, through the purchase of the Grand Central Belge and some minor private roads, became the possessor of the whole Belgian railroad system.

Try The Sentinel Want Column.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

A PUZZLE PICTURE.

FIND THE MAN FOR WHOM THE LADY IS WAITING.



FIND THE MAN FOR WHOM THE LADY IS WAITING.

FREE



YOURS FOR THE ASKING—A FREE SATIN SKIN

That most exquisite, dainty, refining, revivifying beautifier, SATIN-SKIN POWDER. Adhesive, invisible, harmless, this impalpable, hygienic complexion powder is only one made that doesn't clog the pores, because of its fluffy ingredients. LADIES, please LISTEN!

It is a fact that previous to the advent of SATIN-SKIN Powder many ladies who knew of the daily need of a hygienic facial powder to remove that "sallow look," make a pretentious appearance for dress occasions, have done without. They felt fearful of the results attending use of ordinary powders, many of which are known to contain lead, lime, bismuth and metallic salts. While these lead to temporary brilliancy to the skin, they insidiously darken, darken and destroy its delicate beauty beyond repair. It remained for Albert F. Wood, Perfumer, Detroit, Mich., the compounder of SATIN-SKIN Powder, to universally admitted the most perfect article of its kind, to achieve success in manufacturing a hygienic complexion powder. SATIN-SKIN Powder is recommended by leading chemists and physicians as the only powder that have examined which does not clog the pores. You are now cordially invited to call at our store and obtain a FREE packet of SATIN-SKIN Powder. You will be very welcome, and positively not asked to buy.

CAUTION—Beware of so-called "imitations." It is a great mistake to use cheap powder, unfit for facial use.

SATIN-SKIN is a genuine complexion powder. Possessing without lime, lead or any impure ingredient. Use it with confidence and safety, with the assurance it will beautify any complexion and add charms inseparably its own. Notice your complexion improve, recover its youthful delicacy, under magical influence of SATIN-SKIN Powder. A FREE packet containing a sample each of famous "Natural Flesh" and "Brilliant White" Satin-Skin Powder. It's yours FREE for the asking of

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Liberal laws, non-attachable stock. Liability specially limited, trifling cost. MOST STATES CHARGE FROM TWO HUNDRED TO A THOUSAND DOLLARS, SOUTH DAKOTA ONLY A FEW DOLLARS. Protection and privileges same as any state. List of references. Write for information and blanks.

PHILIP LAWRENCE, Late Asst. Sec'y State, Huron, South Dakota. Lock Box 8.

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Lehman Book & News Company,
81 CALHOUN STREET.

Tomorrow is the last day to pay your natural and artificial gas bills without penalty.

Great free-for-all Pace at Red Ribbon meeting tomorrow.

Try The Sentinel Want Column. Subscribe for The Sentinel.

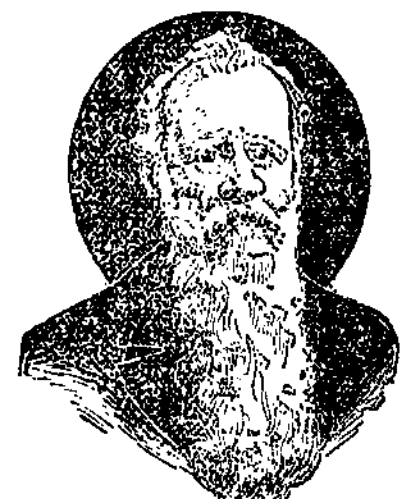
For Pale Sickly Women

Zoa Phora Gives New Strength,
Tingles the Nerves, Quickens
Blood and Brightens
the Mind.

PUTS THE BLOOM OF PERFECT
HEALTH ON THE CHEEKS
AND CURES ALL WEAK-
NESSES OF WOMEN.

Send Name and Address for Free
Trial Bottle.

To the reads of The Sentinel the
name of Rev. Richard Pengelly, M.
D., brings recollections of a Christian
life devoted unceasingly and uncom-
plainingly to good works. He was



REV. RICHARD PENGELLY, M. D.
universally loved and respected in
life and deeply and sincerely mourned
in death. To the pioneer women
of Michigan and the great western
prairies the name of Dr. Pengelly was
one revered and loved. It was the
need of a physician by the pioneers
that brought the famous pioneer
preacher to study medicine, and as
he gained in his knowledge he strove
to produce a home remedy that would
relieve the wretchedness, the misery
and the frightful drains of female
weakness when the physician was far
away. In doing this he brought
forth from his laboratory the now far
famed Zoa Phora—christened by the
grateful women of the early days of
western statehood "Women's Friend."

If you suffer from female weakness,
leucorrhea, suppressed or painful
menstruation, laceration, weak or
lame back, disordered liver or stom-
ach, sick kidneys, rheumatism, neu-
ralgia, nervous headache, or highly
nervous condition of the body or
mind, if your face is pale or your
skin rough, your hair falling or you
have any other of the many distress-
ing maladies produced by female
weakness, you will find Zoa Phora
the only true tonic. It revives, re-
vitalizes the nerves, tones up the
stomach, brightens the eyes and re-
stores the old buoyancy of youthful
health and happy disposition. In
change of life, preparation for moth-
erhood, or restoring to health after
childbirth Zoa Phora has no equal.
"I was troubled with nervous head-
ache for eight years," says Mrs.
Frank P. Scott, Redman, Mo. "Sev-
eral doctors had treated me, but fail-
ed to cure. One bottle of Zoa Phora
did more for me than all the doctors."
Mrs. S. E. Crylle, of Salida, Col., says:
"I cheerfully recommend Zoa Phora
for all female weaknesses. Three
bottles completely cured me of leu-
corrhea and ulceration." Get a dol-
lar bottle at the nearest drug store
or send 10 cents to cover postage to
Zoa Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich., for
a free trial bottle. It never fails to
cure all diseases of women.

NICE PROMOTION

SPENCER WALLACE MADE RE-
PORT CLERK.

SUCCEEDED BY MR. LECHLER

IN THE CHICAGO TRANSFER
DEPARTMENT.

WABASH LINE OFFICIALS HERE

COME TO DIRECT SOME IMPROVE-
MENTS NOW MAKING.

Spencer Wallace has been promoted
from clerk of the Chicago transfer de-
partment at the Pittsburg freight
house to the office of report clerk,
succeeding Ed Lindemann, who has
gone to Philadelphia to take a posi-
tion, as stated in The Sentinel yes-
terday. Frank L. Lechler, book-
keeper for Albus Bros., has taken
the clerical position in the transfer
department. Both are worthy young
men and are destined to fill much
higher positions in the near future.
No further changes are expected to
take place in the freight offices.

PASSES WILL BE ABOLISHED.

New York, Oct. 9.—The committee
appointed by the Central Traffic asso-
ciation, the Western Passenger asso-
ciation and the Trunk Line asso-
ciation one year ago has unanimously
reported that all passes should be
abolished, even the courtesy-passes
of one president of a road to another.
This action will be reported to the
associations for ratification. The
committee consists of W. N. New-
man, James McGee, W. H. Truesdell
and S. M. Felton.

FIFTY YEARS IN THE CAB.

Over half a century in the cab of
a passenger train locomotive is the
record of John McCurdy, a Michigan
Central engineer, who has just re-
sumed his daily trips on the road.
His run is between Michigan City
and Jackson, 153 miles, the longest
division on the main line of the road,
and notwithstanding his seventy
years, Mr. McCurdy gets in and out
of the cab with the activity of a man
of thirty. He was born in New York
and went to Michigan when it was a
territory. Beginning work for the
Michigan Central April 1, 1848, he
has worked continuously for the same
company ever since. Not only does
he claim to be the oldest locomotive
engineer in the country, but he as-
serts also that, while on duty, he has
traveled more miles than any other
man that ever pulled a lever in an
engine cab. During the fifty years
Mr. McCurdy was on his present run
he made 20,000 trips over the road
and has hauled approximately 4-
000,000 people, and in all that time
he never had an accident. Mrs. Mc-
Curdy is also living and the old cou-
ple reside in Jackson alone, their
four children having died when they
were young.

ARE NOW ENGINEERS.

M. O. Grubb, C. C. Schuff, J. W.
Beltz, J. E. Miller, A. O. Street and
C. E. Grubb are now Nickel Plate en-
gineers. Last Wednesday The Sen-
tinel mentioned the fact that these
gentlemen had been notified to ap-
pear for examination and they suc-
cessfully passed both the mechanic
and book of rules tests and were at
once promoted.

LINE OFFICIALS HERE.

G. C. Kinslen, superintendent of
telegraph, and I. F. Thara, general
foreman of linemen of the Wabash,
are in the city looking after the ex-
tension of the line to Butler and the
renewal of that portion of it between
this city and New Haven. Engine
811, just out of the Richmond shops
and in the hands of Engine Tamer
Kraft, was engaged this morning in
distributing telegraph poles between
this city and New Haven for the new
lines.

HIS THUMB WAS MASHED.

In making a coupling at the east
yards Monday night Yard Brakeman
T. J. Ladig got his left thumb caught
in the rigging and it was mashed
badly up to the second joint. Ladig
will be in the hands of the company
surgeon several days and will not be
able to work for a week or two.

WABASH STOCKHOLDERS MEET.

The annual meeting of the Wabash
stockholders was held in Toledo yes-
terday and the following directors
were elected: George J. Gould, Ed-
win Gould, Russell Sage, John T.
Terry, S. C. Reynolds and P. B.
Wyckoff. The following were elected
by the debenture bondholders:
Ossian D. Ashley, Edgar T. Welles,
Thomas H. Hubbard, Francis Favy,

H. K. McHarg and Cyrus J. Law-
rence. These directors then selected
Joseph Ramsey, Jr., as the thirteenth
member of the board, and, according
to the by-laws, the thirteenth mem-
ber of the board is the president of
the road. Today the stockholders
held a meeting in St. Louis for the
purpose of taking action upon some
important matters that have been up
for consideration for some time.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Nickel Plate Brakeman L. R. Stone
is off duty on account of sickness.
A. J. Huber, of the Pittsburg plan-
ing mills, is laying off to attend the
races.

After a week's illness Blacksmith
George Smith resumed work in the
Wabash shops.

Machinist Thomas Beals, of the
Pittsburg, was taken sick this morn-
ing and had to return to his home.

Bert Deardorf, clerk at the Pitts-
burg freight offices, is off duty on
account of the sickness of his wife.
Nickel Plate Fireman C. C. Schuff
has gone to Fostoria to spend a few
days with his folks, who reside in
that city.

Brakeman J. C. Miller resumed
work on the Nickel Plate today after
a trip to Forest, Ohio, to see his wife,
who was sick there.

In September the Indiana car ser-
vice bureau handled 31,350 cars, the
largest number of any month in the
history of the organization.

Nickel Plate Engineer James
Hughes is taking a lay off for the
purpose of attending to some private
business and attend the races.

D. F. Crawford and W. W. Todd
have returned from the east, where
business for the Pennsylvania com-
pany called them two or three days
ago.

Blacksmith Henry Eix, of the Wa-
bash shops, went to Peru this morn-
ing to enter the company's hospital
for treatment. He has been sick sev-
eral days.

A carload of machinery and sup-
plies, including an eighty-five-light
arc machine and seventy-five arc
lamps, left the electric works this
morning for Mt. Pleasant, Iowa.

Nickel Plate train No. 1 was late in
reaching the city yesterday on ac-
count of heavy travel. It had nine
cars and from Millers City was
hauled by two engines, Nos. 163 and
6.

The Order of Railway Clerks of
America, organized at Sedalia, Mo.,
a year ago, will hold its first annual
meeting at St. Louis, commencing Oc-
tober 21, and remaining in session
most of the week.

A. G. Rosenbury, C. M. Tindall and
C. F. Baum, Nickel Plate brakemen,
who had been off duty a few days,
reported for work yesterday. The
two latter were attending the Pan-
American exposition.

Walter Crise, a clerk in the Pitts-
burg freight house, was one of the
boarders at a Lewis street boarding
house who was made sick by eating
some unwholesome food. He is still
unable to be at his desk.

Conductor O. Pierce, of the Nickel
Plate, who has been assigned to ex-
tra runs out of Bellevue, has taken a
lay off in order that he might spend
the week in this city with his fam-
ily and attend the races.

On its excursion from Mackinac and
Petoskey yesterday the Grand Rapids
and Indiana road handled 998 people.
Most of the excursionists got off the
train before it reached Fort Wayne,
not over fifty stopping here.

Repairs upon the heating furnace
at the Wabash blacksmith shops
were completed last night and the
big steam hammer operated by John
Smith and his gang was placed in
operation again this morning.

Another new Richmond compound
engine, No. 813, arrived at the Wa-
bash roundhouse this morning and
was immediately taken in hand by
the machinists whose duty it is to
connect the parts and make the en-
gine ready for service.

The Order of Telegraphers will hold
its biennial convention in St. Louis
this week, commencing Thursday
morning. Delegates are already
gathering there and indications point
to a good meeting and a lively con-
test for some of the offices.

The decline of Pennsylvania stock
on change from 150 to 144 is be-
lieved to have been due to a certain
extent to the extension of the Wa-
bash to Pittsburg and the accom-
panying loss of business to the Pen-
sylvania such extension would bring
about.

Several passenger conductors were
dismissed on the Chicago and Eastern
Illinois road last week. No reason
was given for the dismissal and the
men say they have no idea of the
reason. Two of the number were
among the oldest conductors on the
road in time of service.

Supt. C. M. Bennett, of the Cincin-
nati and Muskingum Valley road, is
making the monthly trip over the
Fort Wayne road with the track in-
dicator car. He left Chicago at 1
o'clock this afternoon and will come
east as far as Plymouth, where he
will remain over night, and then
continue the journey to this city.

It is announced that before the end
of the year sleeping cars will be in-
troduced by the Lake Shore Electric
company, operating an electric trol-
ley line running from Detroit to

Cleveland. This line is being ex-
tended with a view to ultimately
reaching Pittsburg. The first trial
of the sleeping cars will be on the line
between Detroit and Cleveland.

Herman Rodenbeck, son of Black-
smith Henry Rodenbeck, of the Bass
shops, is quite sick at the home of
the latter.

Al Hettler, of the Pittsburg car
machine shop, who was in Pennsyl-
vania a week, resumed his place in
the shops this morning.

C. Wybourn, a steamfitter, resumed
his duties in the east car shops this
morning. He was absent ten days on
account of the death of his child.

Fred Paul and W. E. Paul, father
and son, of the Pittsburg planing
mills, went to Adams county this
morning to attend the funeral of a
relative.

Dean Norris, stenographer at the
east shops, has been assigned to spe-
cial work in Master Mechanic B. Fitz-
patrick's office, which will keep him
employed three weeks.

Assistant Blacksmith Foreman J.
E. Reihling and Boilermaker J. W.
Baker, of the Pittsburg shops, went
to Lake James this morning for a
couple of days' fishing.

Machinist Charles Cook resigned
his position in the tool room at the
Pittsburg shops this morning for the
purpose, it is understood, of accept-
ing a position in another establish-
ment.

L. Schellhammer, H. C. Kammeyer
and W. F. Krudop, of the Pittsburg
shops, are off duty on account of sick-
ness. Thomas Potter, F. J. Pool and
William Wartenbee are looking after
private matters.

The electric works added five or six
names to its pay rolls this morning,
but there is still a demand for skilled
workmen there. There appears to be
plenty of common laborers at pres-
ent, but mechanics are scarce.

Machinist John Caspy, of the Bass
works, went to Wabash this morning
to help in the work of rebuilding a
steam plant. Robert Taylor, of the
same shop, went down there for the
same purpose several days ago.

G. W. Lehman, whose wife died last
night, formerly worked in the
Pittsburg planing mills and was a
general favorite there. The news of
his bereavement caused general sor-
row at the shops this morning.

G. B. Crampton, editor of the Car-
roll Citizen, Delhi, Ind., called at
the Pittsburg this morning to see the
former Delhi citizens who are now
employed there. Mr. Crampton is en
route north on a fishing expedi-
tion.

Thomas Butler, of Columbus, Ohio,
this morning entered the Pennsyl-
vania shops in this city as an appren-
tice. The young man is a son of
Master Mechanic T. J. Butler, of the
Columbus shops of the Pennsylvania
company.

An overhead bridge across the Wa-
bash tracks near Peru was destroyed
by fire Monday night. The fire was
at its worst when passenger train 24
arrived at the scene and the train
could do nothing but wait until the
flames died from want of fuel, which
delayed the train over an hour. The
fire probably originated from a spark
from the engine.

Big windows are being cut into the
south wall of the boiler room at the
Pittsburg shops' power station for a
double purpose—to give light and to
facilitate the work of removing and
putting in the boiler flues whenever
necessary. There was scarcely room
sufficient for the latter purpose un-
der old conditions, but by removing
the windows in front of the boilers
there will be all the room required
hereafter.

As a means of livelihood, railroad-
ing is one of the best for ordinary
men, but few engaged in that work
obtain riches to a great extent. W.
H. H. Smith, who ran the first engine
on the New York Central road, and
who died recently, was an exception
to this rule, however. His savings
amounted to over \$100,000 and he
has willed it to twenty relatives,
after deducting a liberal cash bequest
each to the Onondago orphan asylum
and the hospital of the Good Shep-
herd.

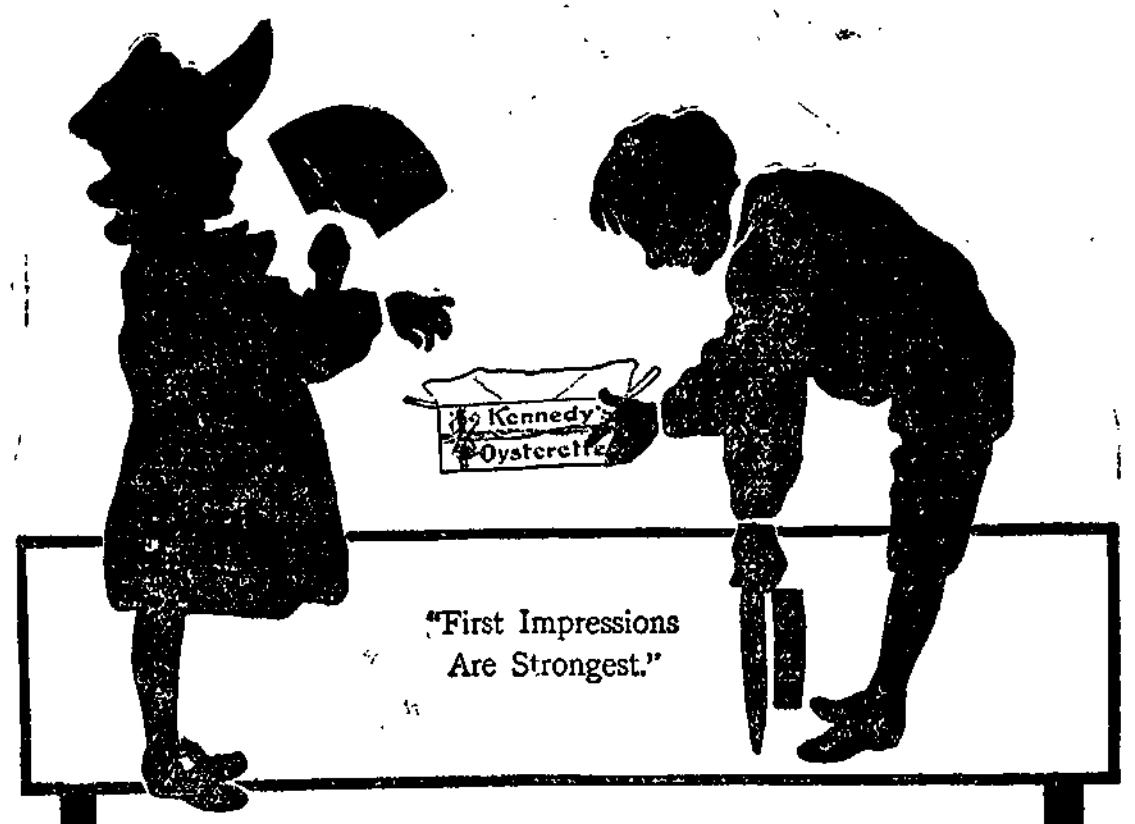
J. Murphy was the name of the
fireman who was killed by a burst-
ing water tube in a Pennsylvania lo-
comotive east of Crestline Monday,
as mentioned in The Sentinel yes-
terday. Following the explosion the
cab was filled by steam and the en-
gineer could not see the fireman and
did not know he was injured for
awhile. When the steam cleared
away the engineer discovered that the
fireman was missing and stopped the
train. The man was found lying
dead by the tracks a few yards back.
The cut in the neck evidently caused
death from bleeding and the man
then fell from the cab through the
jar of the wheels. He was known to
the engineers who run into Crest-
line.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs.
Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your
children while cutting teeth. It is
the best remedy of all. mayBead&w

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

A lot on West Berry street (40x
180), near College street. Inquire
141 Griffith street. Aug8-12

Red Ribbon Races tomorrow.



"First Impressions
Are Strongest."

Kennedy's Oysterettes

served with the Blue Points and Consommé will give
the guest a pleasant recollection of the feast.

Sold only in In-er-seal Patent Package. Price 5 cents.
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

NEWS OF THE DIAMOND

New York participated in more tie
games than any other National league
club.

Brooklyn decided that Wee Willie
Prout wouldn't do and he has been
reserved for trial next season.

Jack Harper stands eleventh on the
National league list in pitching per-
centage. Harper pitched 31 games,
winning 19 and losing 12. Mathew-
son is fifteenth, with 20 games won
and 15 lost.

Frank Donnelly, formerly captain
of the Dayton and later with In-
dianapolis and Matthews, has decided
that he was cut out for a manager
and will have charge of the Little
Rock team of the Southern league
next season.

A. J. Watts, of Toledo, is endeavor-
ing to organize a new league, or
rather reorganize the old Inter-State,
and has called a meeting to be held
in Mansfield, Ohio, November 14th.
The towns in the proposed circuit are:
Mansfield, Sandusky, Youngstown,
Akron, Canton and Lima, Ohio, New-
castle, Pa., and Marion, Ind. Fred
Brown, an old star, will head the
Lima club, while Marty Hogan will
manage the Marion team. The Watts
Bros. will have the Mansfield fran-
chise.

Manager Armour attached the gate re-
ceipts of the St. Louis-Cincinnati game
last Sunday on a claim of \$750 against
the Cardinals due Armour claim, for the
release of Pitcher Wicker. St. Louis
paid the Dayton manager \$250 on account and
Armour wants the rest of the cash right
away.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

\$1.50 TO GRAND
RAPIDS AND RETURN
Via G. R. & I. Ry.

Thursday Oct. 10th train
leaving Fort Wayne at
5:00 a. m. Returning
leave Grand Rapids at
7:00 p. m., or 11:00 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Se-
curity. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7,
Bass Block. 21f

You can buy here, and only here—
Read's Lansdownes, all colors and
black, at \$1.10 yd.
Skinner's famous Satins, all colors,
(makes rich lining for garments), at
\$1.35 yard.
Genuine French Flannels in the
greatest variety, at 50c yd.
THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
\$30-cod-12

Outdistanced all competitors
---the Eclipse 5c Cigar. Ask any
dealer for them. 914

FOR THE LADIES.

Just received, new styles and pat-
terns in ladies' cloths. Prices the
lowest. Fit guaranteed. G.
Schmidt, merchant tailor, 57 E. Ber-
ry street. 27-12

From the fabric
in the foundation
to the silk in the stitching

Wooltex
Fashion Faultless

Garmets for Women

are made of the best material
that can be procured in any
part of the world.

Wooltex garments are sold in all the
large stores at wonderfully reason-
able prices for all the leading
details. Ask to see them. If
your dealer can't supply you,
send to us for the "Wooltex
Fashion Book."

H. BLACK & CO.,
Cleveland, O.

JOHN RABUS,
TAILOR

Presents compliments of
the season and invites you
to call and examine

**NEW
WOOLENS.**

Kodaks — M. C. JONES
12 W. WAYNE ST.

Here Are a Few of Our
Many Bargains.

4-piece Tea Set, \$5.00, worth \$10.00.
Eight-day Mantel Clocks, \$5.00, worth \$10.00.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold-filled Chains from \$1.00 up.
Solid Gold Rings from \$1.00 up.
Gents' Gold-filled Watches, with Elgin movements, \$10.
Ladies' Gold-filled Watches, with Elgin movements, 7.65.
These goods are all warranted and made by reliable manu-
facturers. Get my prices before buying.

Entire Stock to Be Sold...
REGARDLESS OF COST
...In Order to Retire from Business.

P. Scherzinger,
Established 1865. 78 Calhoun Street.
LOOK FOR BIG SIGN IN FRONT OF STORE.

Rubber Goods

The hot water bottle is fast
becoming a household necessity
and is recommended by all phy-
sicians. It affords an excellent
home treatment for a great
number of ailments.

We have just received a large
stock of hot water bottles,
fountain syringes and combina-
tions and can furnish you a
good article, quality guaran-
teed, at small cost.

Ranke & Nussbaum,
Pharmacists, 68 Calhoun St.

Dr. Bulson

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 55 WEST WAYNE STREET
FORT WAYNE
PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
.. DR. RANKE ..
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.
Glasses Adjusted.
Office Lau Block; Room 11 and 12.
Hours—8:30-12; 1:30-4; 7-8.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

FINE LINENS

A wonderful array of linen goodness awaits you here. Great as has been the linen business of this store for years, our present showing beats all former records, both in quality and values. Certain it is that no such linen values have been offered before.

Fine table Damasks, in beautiful patterns, remarkably low priced—see the qualities at 75c, 85c, \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a yard.

Fine napkins to match all Damasks, priced from \$2.00 to \$6.00 a dozen. We make a specialty of fine sets. Just now our showing is superb.

Table cloths in all lengths with napkins to match, priced from \$3.00 to \$25.00 a set.

Damask doilies, tray cloths, scarfs and lunch cloths, in complete assortment, at right prices.

Women's Suits.

Style, the first consideration with dressy women, is embodied in every suit in our great stock. Then comes perfection of fit, workmanship and material. If you are looking for the best possible values, our exhibit will please you. Every day brings something new.

For \$10.00 we offer choice of forty suits in cheviots, home-spuns, coverts and Venetians, in eon, tight-fitting and blouse jacket effects.

For \$15.00 your choice of fifty stylish suits, in cheviots, broad-cloths, Venetians and coverts, in all the popular shades.

A special navy blue corduroy suit in shirt waist style, \$14.00 each.

Need a Blanket?

There is a chance here to buy and save. We are offering good, dependable blankets at prices that will interest you. We tell you just what our blankets are. If we say they are all wool, you can depend upon it. If they are part cotton, we tell you so. This is a safe place to buy.

More Attractive

Every day is our china and glassware department. Our showing of the newest things in dinnerware, from the best foreign and domestic makers, is most complete. The display of cut glass, bric-a-brac and art goods is exceedingly attractive.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

L. O. Hull, WALL PAPER

The Largest LINE. The Latest STYLES. The Lowest PRICES. See the GOODS. SURE to Please You.

90 Calhoun St.



LANDS FOR SALE In Allen County, Ind.

Good times have fully arrived and to continue, and I will now offer the list below, which is one-half of my lands in Allen County, Indiana, on long-time payments to suit the purchaser. Address, HENRY M. WILLIAMS, 24 East Wayne Street, opposite High School, Fort Wayne, Ind., or any real estate agent (commission 3 per cent.). Lists in other counties and states forwarded on request.

Sec.	T.	R.	Acres.	Price.
S. W. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	27	30	15	40 \$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	10	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
E. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	8	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	8	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
E. 1/4 N. E. 1/4	18	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 N. E. 1/4	18	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
S. 1/4 N. W. 1/4	18	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
N. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	18	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 N. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
N. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
S. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 N. W. 1/4	32	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
E. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	20	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	21	30	15	80 \$40 per acre.
N. E. 1/4 N. E. 1/4	7	31	11	40 \$40 per acre.
N. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	4	31	11	80 \$50 per acre.
S. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	4	31	11	67 \$50 per acre.
N. W. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	9	31	11	40 \$30 per acre.

WILL GIVE A CONCERT.

The orchestra of Zion's Walther league, under the direction of Dr. A. Wernuth, will give a concert on Thanksgiving evening, and preparations for the event have already begun. The various committees selected by the league at its annual election Monday evening were:

House Committee—Ed Scheumann, Prof. William Bannhof, Prof. William Hahn.
Entertainment—Prof. F. A. Klein, A. Schiwer, William Rahe, Fred Kiel, J. Malach.
Membership—Charles Kueckel, William Frauenfelder, Dr. A. Wernuth.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, 1901.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Editorial Rooms..... 650
Business Office..... 173

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Forecast for Indiana: Partly cloudy tonight; probably preceded by showers; Thursday fair and slightly cooler; southerly winds, becoming northwest.

LOCAL LINES.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Melching have gone to Buffalo.

Dr. and Mrs. N. C. Broward, of Garrett, visited in the city yesterday. Judge Walter Olds was at Huntington on professional business yesterday.

Arthur Tinkley has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Will Fisher at Kendallville.

The Tippecanoe club will hold its regular monthly business meeting this evening.

Mrs. Carrie Schrader-Gesaman has gone to Flint, Mich., to attend a missionary convention.

Miss Fidelia Smith and Mrs. Boehringer, of Auburn, are visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Owen Hart and children are at Columbia City the guests of Capt. D. N. Hart and family.

C. B. Woodworth has gone to Terre Haute to attend the meeting of the state board of pharmacy.

Charles A. Phelps, president of the Newsboys' union, has recovered from a slight attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. M. C. Beck, of Albion, arrived in the city yesterday and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Prentiss, of Lakeside.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Brokaw, of Indianapolis, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gebhart, of Taylor street, have returned home.

Mrs. Anna Maguire has returned home after an extended visit in the east. Several weeks ago Mrs. Maguire was called to Cleveland by a telegram announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. Catherine Burca, of that city.

Friday evening Ben Hur court No. 15 will give an open meeting and entertainment at its hall in the I. O. O. F. block, at Wayne and Calhoun streets. Rev. A. S. Preston will deliver an address and Miss Page, a Columbia City reader, will be heard. Admission is by invitation.

THINK IT WAS PEACHES.

It is thought that poisoned peaches caused the illness of several boarders at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hood, 25 West Lewis street, Sunday evening, and samples of the fruit, together with portions of other dishes eaten at the Sunday evening meal have been submitted to Dr. Macbeth for analysis. Suspicion rests on the fruit, however, as the boarders were ill in proportion to the amount of fruit they ate. Miss Bertha Medsker, a niece of Mr. Wood, was in a critical condition for a time, but is now recovering. Drs. E. J. McOscar and C. H. English yesterday decided to have analyzed the food partaken of Sunday evening, and Dr. Macbeth will probably make a report tomorrow. The gentlemen who board at the Hood residence are: Howard and John Monroe, Albert Hieck, Walter Crise, Mr. Hollinger and Mr. Hofmeyer.

Races begin at 1 sharp tomorrow.

BUTTER, 18c.

EGGS, 18c DOZEN.

New Michigan Potatoes, 90c bush.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 25c pk.
Nice Yellow Onions, 20c pk.
Small Sugar Cured Hams, 13c lb.
Small Picnic Hams, 11c lb.
Best Sugar Cured Bacon, 14c lb.
Kansas Flour, \$3.65 bbl.
Golden Wedding Flour, \$2.40 bbl.
All Best City Flour, \$3.50 bbl.
New Buckwheat Flour, 10-lb sks, 35c.
New Maple Syrup, 75c gallon.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Edith W., the fastest mare in the world, goes in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

ATTENTION, BEN HUR.

All members of No. 15 are requested to meet at the Simpson church at 2 o'clock tomorrow to attend the funeral of Sister Castle. Street cars have been secured and will convey the members from the church to the cemetery.

ED EGGIMAN, Chief.

BARGAINS IN CHILD'S AND MISSES' SHOES.

We purchased a large lot of Child's, Children's and Misses' Shoes, Button and Lace, in Kangaroo calf, \$1.25 shoe, our price, 80c.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Mile Run at the Red Ribbon Meet tomorrow.

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE

Deputies Sheriff Ryan and Dasser this morning arrested Jacob Wyle and James Gaylord on Harrison street, where they were found trying to dispose of a coop full of chickens and turkeys supposed to have been stolen in Whitley county. Yesterday morning Sheriff Gallagher, of Columbia City, telephoned Sheriff Stout that the two men named had got away with a lot of poultry and were probably headed for Fort Wayne. The men were readily spotted by the deputies and after their arrest Sheriff Gallagher was notified; he said he would be in on the first train to take the men back to Whitley county. Meantime the prisoners protest their innocence and say they can prove where they got every one of the birds they had.

David Krumlauf has commenced suit against James Krumlauf et al for partition of real estate.

Amelia Waterhouse has commenced proceedings against John Vanatta to establish a highway and also asks for an injunction.

The will of the late Lindley M. Nide was admitted to probate this morning.

This is bill day at the commissioners' court.

E. S. Gesamin has commenced suit as administrator against David Heathman to recover personal property claimed to be at the disposal of the administrator. The case is on trial by jury in the circuit court.

William Thompson has qualified as executor of the will of the late Elizabeth Thompson.

The case of the state ex rel Celia Mennewish vs. Charles Pfeiderer for bastardy will be tried in the circuit court before the jury tomorrow.

Sheriff Gallagher, of Columbia City, arrived in the city this afternoon to take charge of the men Wyle and Gaylord arrested this morning on a charge of chicken stealing.

THE INDIAN TROUBLES.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The annual report of Brigadier General H. H. C. Merriam, commanding the department of the Colorado, is devoted almost entirely to a recital of the small Indian troubles in that department during the past fiscal year. Only once were troops called out on that account, which was at the Unalakleet and Ourey agencies in December, 1900, growing out of intrusions of white sheep herders upon Indian lands. On another occasion the military authorities were required to look into the complaints of the Arapahoe Indians near Fort Washache. As a result of this last investigation, General Merriam recommended that the Indians be allowed to continue their sun dance, divested of barbarous features, and that some changes be made in the issue of rations and the supply of seed grain.

Races begin at 1 sharp tomorrow.

FREE!

Another beautiful Photo-Engraving with next Sunday's Chicago Inter-Ocean.
PHELPS & HADDON,
Special Agents,
16 Arcade.

Don't fail to pay your natural and artificial gas bills tomorrow.

Mile Run at the Red Ribbon Meet tomorrow.

OUR TEAS ARE NEW AND OUR COFFEES ARE ALWAYS FRESH ROASTED.

Fresh Roasted Rio Coffee, 12c lb.
Fresh Roasted Rich Drink, 15c lb.
I. Z. L. Java and Mocha Blend, 22c lb.
Holland Blend Java and Mocha, 25c lb.
Fine Flavored Young Hyson Tea, 50c lb.
New Season's Japan Tea, 50c lb.
Oolong or English Breakfast, 50c lb.
Quaker or Mother's Oats, 10c pkg.
New Zanake Flour, 10c pkg.
New Duckwheat Flour, 10c pkg.
Postum Cereal, 14c and 22c pkg.
GREATEST GROCERY CO.
Home Phones 315-366; Bell 378.

Edith W., the fastest mare in the world, goes in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

Judge S. A. Peers, of Angola, is in the city.

U. S. Stamps

Have placed a number of articles requiring more than one book on display in a room adjoining their show room, 140 Calhoun St. See what you can get for more books than one. Better premiums than ever for a book, half book or circular page.

Homes Furnished Complete.

Pay Weekly, Semi-Monthly or Monthly.

Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

General House Outfitters....

31 E. Berry and 62 Clinton Streets.

Based on the principle of the "Golden Rule," "Do unto others as you would have others do unto you."

With honesty and liberality as its watchword, this People's store, the workman's friend, has come to stay.

No goods sold here are poorly made to make an attractive price possible. Everything offered in our establishment is guaranteed. We challenge all competitors to equal quality and price for cash, and OFFER YOU ALL THE CREDIT YOU WANT without interest or extra charge.



COUCHES.



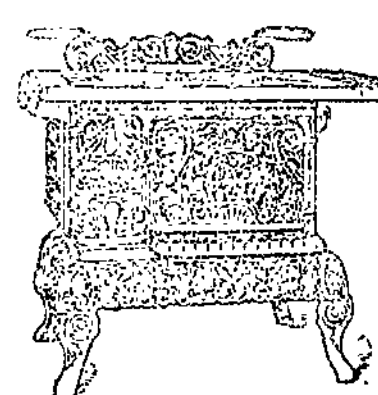
We have bought the entire sample line of a manufacturer pressed for cash, which we offer to the public for less than the cost to manufacture.

\$4.98 actual value \$10

Handsome Parlor Suits, Odd Divans, Corner Chairs and other fancy pieces at prices which defy competition AND ALL THE CREDIT YOU WANT. We are sole agents for the renowned.



Novelty Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves.



Base Burners, Oaks and Oakling Hot Blasts in endless varieties. A better assortment never before shown with a guarantee for their baking and heating qualities.

An interminable variety of beautiful Rockers, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Combination and Library Book Cases, Ladies' Writing Desks and Dressing Tables at prices within the reach of all AND ALL THE CREDIT YOU WANT.

Iron and Brass Trimmed Beds in the latest colors and designs. A large stock of Carpets always on hand at prices lower than the lowest.



Remember Your Credit is Good With Us.



Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

31 East Berry and 62 Clinton Street.

Sweet Violets...

The first of the season.

American Beauties Roses and Carnations of all varieties. Remember the loved ones at home with a box of Miss Flick's choice flowers. Telephone and out-of-town orders receive prompt attention.

33 W. Berry St.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION. Opposite Postoffice.

LADY MACCABEES, ATTENTION!

Members of Hive No. 6, L. O. T. M., will meet at the house, 159 East Creighton avenue, at 1 o'clock tomorrow, to attend the funeral of our deceased sister, Margaret Castle. Members of Hive No. 27 are invited to meet with us.

B. E. MELSHEIMER, L. C.

Have never been beaten in the race for popularity—the Eclipse 5c Cigar. Sold everywhere.

LOWER RATES TO BUFFALO.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, beginning Oct. 5th, the Nickel Plate road will sell round trip tickets at one-half of the one way first-class limited fare. Return limit 5 days after day of sale. Inquire of nearest agent of the Nickel Plate road or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind. 03-th-tu-st

You can buy here, and only here—Read's Lansdownes, all colors and black, at \$1.10 yd.

Skinner's famous Satins, all colors, (makes rich lining for garments), at \$1.35 yard.

Genuine French Flannels in the greatest variety, at 50c yd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

\$30-red-tf

Be early at the track tomorrow!

Fort Wayne Trust Co.,

CAPITAL, \$200,000.00.

CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:

Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, 2d Vice President.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel M. Foster, Andrew E. Hoffman
Charles S. Bush, John C. Peters
George W. Poley, William J. Vesey
William E. Mossman, Louis Fox
Henry C. Paul, John B. Roush
Charles A. Wilding, David Studebaker.

Citizens Trust Company,

Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.

CAPITAL, \$200,000.00.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits

One Dollar

AND UP.

LOANS—Made on farm and city property at low rates.

THE

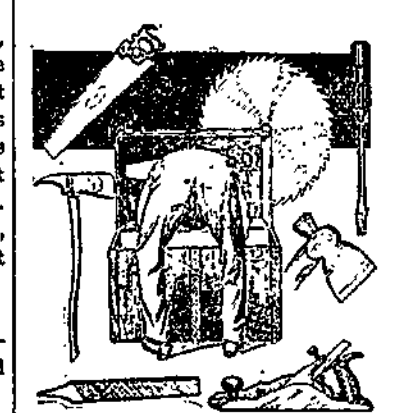
Good thing

SLAVY'S HAVE IT.

LOOKING INTO IT...

Always reveals some little item worn out or perhaps missing in your tool chest.

Time is money and the tools which save minutes will save you their cost in a short while. The tools we sell save you time, because they can be depended upon. They will be found everything that the most exacting workman could expect. Practical tools for doing the practical work of practical mechanics. They are made of the very best materials, in the best way, and their prices are just right, because we believe in buying and selling tools so as to keep your trade as long as we stay in business—at prices our customers think they ought to pay.



and selling tools so as to keep your trade as long as we stay in business—at prices our customers think they ought to pay.

BOTH PHONES

SLAVY'S UP-TO-DATE

HARDWARE STORE

140

19-nb-21 W. MAIN ST.

There is one class of people that give; those that do give, give, and give again; and those that don't give, don't give at all.

ON RETIRED LIST

ADMIRAL SCHLEY REACHES THE AGE LIMIT.

DOES NOT LOOK HIS YEARS

IS PRESENT AT THE COURT OF INQUIRY.

ADMIRAL TAYLOR EXAMINED

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY GIVEN TO THE COURT.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Notwithstanding today marks an important turning point in the career of Rear Admiral Schley, being nothing less than the date of his transfer from the active to the retired list of the navy, he was in his accustomed seat within the railing of the Schley court of inquiry and gave his usual attention to the proceedings of the court.

The retirement of Admiral Schley is in accordance with law, he having reached the age of sixty-two years. It was generally remarked that he did not look his age.

The formal proceedings of the day began with the reintroduction of Lieut. M. Bristol, formerly watch officer on the Texas, as a witness. He was under cross-examination when the court adjourned last night and Mr. Raynor continued his questions today.

Other witnesses on the list for the day included Lieut. Commander Temple M. Potts, who was navigator on the Massachusetts during the war with Spain; Lieut. A. W. Grant, who was also on the Massachusetts; Rear Admiral H. C. Taylor, who as captain commanded the battleship Indiana; Commander Wm. H. Schuetze, who was navigator on the Iowa, and Lieut. Jonas H. Holden, who as an officer on the Scorpion made the log record of the communication of Commander Sutherland to Commodore Schley concerning the condition of Santiago.

It was not expected that all these would be heard today. If not, they will be called tomorrow.

LIEUT. BRISTOL EXAMINED.

Mr. Raynor began his examination of Lieutenant Bristol with questions concerning the accuracy of the stadiometer for the measurement of distances at sea. He asked if he would rather trust his own visual observation for a 4,000 yards range than the instrument.

The witness stated that the stadiometer was more accurate for distances below 4,000 yards than above that distance. At that distance he would make several observations for confirmation of visual observation.

Mr. Raynor also interrogated Lieutenant Bristol concerning his estimate, made soon after the arrival of the fleet off Santiago, that the Spanish shore batteries amounted to but little.

He said yesterday that the elevation of these batteries was from 150 to 200 feet. Mr. Raynor produced a chart to show that the Morro battery was 220 feet above the water line and the Socapa battery 223 feet.

"Now, then," asked Mr. Raynor, "are you as positive about the distance you gave them as you were in other cases in which you have given distances?"

Captain Lemly objected to the form of the question, saying that counsel was putting language he had not used in the mouth of the witness.

Mr. Raynor then made objection to the interruption and after stating this objection, said to the witness: "If you are not positive I shall submit to any correction."

Judge advocate: "The witness has not stated that he was positive."

DEWEY STOPS LEMLY.

Admiral Dewey: "I would rather you would not interrupt the testimony."

"I did state that."

"Did you not state to me you are as positive about that as other distances which you have given in the case?"

"I did."

"Do you still stand to your statement? Is the map wrong and are you right?"

"I still stand to my statement. I had not seen the chart when I prepared my statement."

Mr. Raynor asked the witness whether there had been any menace to any of the American ships on July 3 from the shore batteries. Lieutenant Bristol replied that there was danger to the Gloucester, because that vessel was unarmored.

NEW YORK IN NO DANGER.

He said that he did not consider the New York in danger.

Mr. Raynor then read from a report by Secretary Long, saying that on that day the New York had sustained the undivided fire of the shore batteries.

"Do you still say, in view of that statement, that the shore batteries did not amount to anything?"

"You asked my opinion," the witness replied, "and I have given it to you."

Admiral Dewey: "We don't want opinions."

The further examination of the witness covered points concerning the comparative speed of the Spanish vessels and the Brooklyn and the relative positions such speed gave to

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

ORGANIZATION IS COMPLETED

FIXLEY LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY OFFICERS.

Chosen at a Meeting Tuesday Evening—Syndicate Has Valuable Tract at Buffalo.

The organization of the Fixley Land Improvement company was completed in Fort Wayne Tuesday evening by the election of the following officers:

President—G. W. Fixley.
Secretary and Treasurer—Charles H. Worden.

Directors—Mason Long, J. N. Field, G. W. Rixley, C. H. Worden and Allen Zollars.

The company is incorporated under the laws of New York for \$100,000, and the five gentlemen named above own the entire stock of the company. The property consists of more than thirteen acres of very valuable land in a suburb of Buffalo, which has been named the Fixley addition. It is being platted and improved and will be placed upon the market at once.

MOST POPULAR TEACHER.

Dr. W. F. Yocum, once president of the old Fort Wayne M. B. college, has recently been voted the most popular teacher in the state of Florida.

The contest was conducted by the Jacksonville Times Union and Citizen, and Dr. Yocum was selected by a majority of 1,300. Dr. Yocum secures a free trip to the Pan-American exposition.

PLEADED AT LONG RANGE.

Bluffton, Ind., Oct. 9.—Ellsworth Lighten, a horse trader, was arrested at Geneva yesterday on a charge of assault and battery preferred at Bluffton. Lighten entered a plea of guilty over the telephone, paid the fine assessed to Geneva officers, and continued on his journey into Ohio.

CALLERS AT WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, Oct. 9.—There were many callers at the white house today. Among them was a delegation representing a league of associations of manufacturers goods interested in correcting the alleged discriminations against milled flour, manufactured goods, etc., in favor of wheat and other raw material. E. P. Bacon, of Milwaukee, was at the head of the delegation which was presented to the president by Gen. Charles Dick, of Ohio. The delegation sought to enlist the president's aid in securing remedial legislation which would give the interstate commerce commission or some other body the power to rectify rates where discrimination occurred. Mr. Bacon told the president that in the case of milled flour the shipper of wheat enjoyed an advantage in rates to the seaboard from 3 to 10 cents a hundred. The president, according to Representative Joy, of Missouri, announced to him, in the matter of the tenure of office of present incumbents, that while incumbency would not constitute a prescriptive right to retention, no change would be made except for the betterment of the service.

MISS STONE LIVES

BANDITS GIVE EXTENSION OF TIME LIMIT.

PUBLIC INTEREST WANES

FUND MUST BE RAISED IN A FEW DAYS.

FEW SUBSCRIPTIONS COME

MISS STONE A PRISONER IN A MOUNTAIN RETREAT.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The time allowed by Miss Stone's kidnappers expired yesterday, yet she is still alive and unharmed. It is known now officially that her captors have granted a short extension of time—how much is not stated—and the officials feel that if the responses to the appeals of Miss Stone's friends do not cease or diminish there is yet reasonable hope for getting the money in season to save her life.

The danger in the situation lies in the abatement of popular interest which was so generously manifested during the first few days following the issuance of the appeal.

FAILS TO SEE PRINCE.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 9.—Consul General Dickinson has applied for an audience of Prince Ferdinand, but it has not yet been granted. The prince has gone to the country. No news has been obtained from Miss Stone since her recent letter to Mr. Haskell. The Bulgarian troops and police are actively scouring the frontier.

CONTRIBUTIONS LAG.

Boston, Oct. 9.—Additions to the Stone ransom fund have practically ceased. Only two small checks were received up to noon today. The fund aggregates nearly \$58,800.

IN A MOUNTAIN RETREAT.

Constantinople, Oct. 9.—A trustworthy report locates Miss Stone's abductors on the summit of a mountain at Gulepe on the Turko-Bulgarian frontier near Durbittza. It is said that the kidnapping band numbers eighteen. Arrangements have been made to surround this mountain with Turkish and Bulgarian troops. It has been suggested that the abductors of Miss Stone are members of the old Macedonian committee, actuated by motives of jealousy, and that these are endeavoring to accomplish the downfall of the present committee. The Bulgarian government has promised to act vigorously.

WILL REVIVE THE PROJECT

LAWTON MONUMENT ASSOCIATION TO MEET.

Hopes to Secure Funds by New Plan for Suitable Memorial in Fort Wayne.

The Lawton Monument association, organized shortly after the death of the general for the purpose of providing a suitable memorial in the old home city of the distinguished soldier, will make another effort to push the project forward. For a period of many months, from one cause and another, it had been deemed advisable to let the matter rest.

The members of the association will hold a meeting next Monday evening at the rooms of the Commercial club and at that time new plans for raising funds will be discussed. The committee was in conference with the county commissioners relative to the project this week and have not by any means abandoned the project. There is a fund of something like \$500 now in the hands of the treasurer.

ANOTHER BATTLE REPORTED.

Middlesboro, Ky., Oct. 8.—An unconfirmed report is current here that another battle took place yesterday near Big Springs, Va., between the Morgan-Chadwell feudists resulting in the deaths of Tom Chadwell and one of the Morgans. Doc Chadwell, of this city, a brother of Tom Chadwell, discredits the report. He returned from Big Springs last night, where he had been to investigate the battle of last Sunday, when four

were killed, and says that all was quiet when he left there Monday night, but further trouble was feared.

DAUGHTER OF WEALTHY WEDS.

St. Paul, Oct. 9.—At high noon today, at the residence of President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern railway, on Summit avenue, occurred the wedding of his daughter, Miss Charlotte Hill, and George Theron Slade, of Scranton, Pa., Archbishop John Ireland officiating. Only members of the immediate families and a few friends were present. The bride was attended by Miss Clara Hill, Miss Rachel Hill and Miss Roberta Gotelan, and James N. Hill, brother of the bride, was best man. A magnificent altar was arranged in the house and from the large pipe organ in the hall floated the strains of the wedding march. Mr. and Mrs. Slade will reside in Scranton, Pa., where Mr. Slade is an official of the Erie road.

LOOKS LIKE INCENDIARISM

AN EARLY MORNING BLAZE IN LAKESIDE.

Medical Laboratory of H. H. Haines Suffers Second Loss—Oil-Soaked Paper Found.

For the second time within a year the laboratory of H. H. Haines, a manufacturer of proprietary medicines, at 26 Columbia avenue, suffered damage from fire and in the present instance Mr. Haines believes the blaze was clearly the work of an incendiary.

It was about 3 o'clock this morning when a neighbor, Mrs. Schmitt, glanced out of her window and noted fire in the building. She ran down stairs, and as she opened the door of her home the blaze in the Haines building spurted upward in a dense volume.

The fire department made a quick response to the alarm and the fire was quickly subdued. It had started between the siding and the plastering at the east end of the building, moved upward between the studding and then swept over the attic of the building. This morning Mr. Haines found in the wall space below the plastering where the fire started a number of rolls of paper saturated with oil, and he is positive an incendiary tried to burn him out. During the evening a gas jet had been lighted in the building, but at a spot far removed from the fire. Last spring the building was almost totally destroyed. In the present instance the loss will perhaps not exceed \$200.

A WHALEBACK LOST.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis., Oct. 9.—The whaleback steamer, Thomas Wilson, went on a reef at Bailey's harbor about 9 o'clock last night, during a heavy storm and dense fog, and was received here at 10 o'clock today that she had broken in two and is a total loss. The Wilson was light and bound to Escanaba for an ore cargo. Losing her bearings, she struck the reef while going at a high rate of speed. The crew of twenty was taken off by the Bailey's harbor life saving crew. The Thomas Wilson was built at West Superior in 1892, had a gross measurement of 1,713 tons, and was valued at \$125,000 in the inland Lloyd's register. The loss is a total one to the steel trust, which carries no insurance on its vessels.

WILL ANALYZE FOR POISON.

Marion, Ind., Oct. 9.—The coroner's inquiry into the mysterious death of Stephen Thraikill, of Swayzee, did not develop any evidence against Mr. and Mrs. John Ruse and Mrs. May V. Cowin, who were charged with having poisoned the old man. Dr. Whitson, the coroner, and Dr. Duncan removed the stomach of the deceased. The exterior did not show any signs of poison, but the stomach was brought to Marion and will be examined by an expert to determine if Thraikill's death was caused by poison. Coroner Whitson stated that Thraikill was afflicted with Bright's disease.

WORKING ON OLD MURDER.

Marion, Ind., Oct. 9.—The coroner today went to East Converse to take charge of a house where a man's skeleton was found in the debris of a saloon formerly conducted by Robert Clark, now serving a term in prison for connection with a murder committed at his saloon two years ago. The skeleton is thought to be that of Clinton Buchanan, who disappeared mysteriously three years ago with a large amount of money on his person.

AMONG THE SLAIN

FORT WAYNE BOY IN COMPANY C, NINTH INFANTRY.

HARRY M. WOOD MET DEATH

IN THE FEAREFUL MASSACRE AT BALANGIGA, SAMAR.

PARENTS HEAR DREAD NEWS

PROMISING YOUNG MAN HAD MANY FRIENDS.

Harry M. Wood, a Fort Wayne boy, was among the members of the heroic company C, Ninth infantry, who lost their lives in the treacherous massacre by Filipinos near Balangiga, Island of Samar, early on the morning of Saturday, Sept. 28. The dispatch of General Chaffee giving a list of the killed arrived Tuesday evening and it brought the sad news which has been dreaded from the first. Through



HARRY M. WOOD, Private Company C, Ninth Infantry, Killed at Samar, P. I., Sept. 28.

nearly two weeks of dreadful suspense, however, Fort Wayne friends of the young man had clung to the hope that young Wood might have been one of the fortunate few who escaped death in the massacre. The shock is a tremendously severe one to the family of the young man and the most unbounded sympathy will go out to them.

The young soldier was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Wood, of 47 Grace avenue, and the father is a salesman at the E. H. Coombs wholesale hardware establishment. Harry Wood was very well known among the younger people of the city and was a general favorite. He was born at Fair Chance, Pa., and would have been twenty-two years of age on Saturday of this week. The family removed to Fort Wayne when the son was but two and one-half years old, and this has always been his home.

LIKED SOLDIER'S LIFE.

Previous to the beginning of the Spanish-American war the young man held a position in the Coombs hardware house, but he resigned to enlist as a member of Captain Meyer's company G, One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Indiana regiment, when that command left for the south April 26, 1898. He remained with the regiment during the summer campaign, returning to Fort Wayne with his company and was mustered out November 1, 1898.

The following summer he determined to enter the regular army, enlisting at the recruiting office in this city, July 19, 1899, and on the day following left for San Francisco, where, after a few weeks, he was assigned to company C, Ninth regiment. The Ninth left San Francisco September 2 for the Philippines, arriving at Manila October 5. It participated in a number of brisk engagements upon the Island of Luzon during the eight months which followed, and at the outbreak of the boxer troubles in China in June, 1900, was ordered to China.

WOOD WAS IN CHINA.

Young Wood accompanied his regiment and participated in the activities which followed the invasion of China by the allied forces. He was there for a period of eleven months, returning to the Philippines in June last. Wood's letters to his parents have been frequent and in them he has told of the army operations and of the pleasure he took in military service. The last letter received from him, dated at Manila in July, notes that his time of enlistment would expire in just one year, and he spoke with evident pleasure at returning to Fort Wayne once more.

He also forecasted the removal of his company to Samar, where the massacre occurred.

Leaving Fort Wayne the young man carried a missive which he prized highly—a letter of introduction from the late Hon. R. C. Bell to General Lawton. The latter, however, was killed before the letter could be presented. During a portion of the time Wood was company clerk of company C and was extremely popular among his army comrades, as, indeed, he was among all who knew him.

HOT FOR REVENGE.

Manila, Oct. 9.—General Smith sailed from here today for the relief of the Island of Samar. He will take command of Samar and Leyte, so as to enable General Hughes to devote himself to the Island of Cebu, where trouble is possible unless strong measures are adopted.

General Smith will be accompanied by a battalion of the Seventh infantry, who are anxious to avenge

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

AT BRACKENRIDGE STREET

MR. REED SAYS SOUTHWESTERN WILL END.

Orders Given to Make Present Terminal at Brackenridge Street and Fairfield Avenue.

Soon after the adjournment of the city council Tuesday evening General Manager Nelson and Messrs. McKinley and Macomber, of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern company, left on a business trip east, and today Attorney Doughman, their legal representative, went to Wisconsin on a week's vacation.

No member of the company qualified to speak concerning the future intent of the road was accessible today, but W. S. Reed, of the firm which has the contract for construction, says that orders were issued last evening for the line to halt at the intersection of Fairfield avenue and Brackenridge street and that the terminus of the line for the present, at least, will be at that point. He has already placed orders for the special work necessary to turn the cars at that point. This will leave passengers quite a distance from the business district of the city, but the company reiterates its assertion that the Brackenridge-Fulton street route is wholly impractical.

NEW CLOTHIERS ARE COMING

DETROIT MEN HAVE LEASED THE SEIDEL ROOM.

Business in Fort Wayne Early in Spring.

The Shields Clothing company, an organization of Detroit business men, has closed a long term lease for the Seidel business room at 58 Cuthbert street, and will open a large retail clothing house in Fort Wayne.

The stand is the one recently vacated by the Taft dry goods house and is a very desirable one. The new lessees take possession December 1, but it is stated that extensive improvements are to be made in the building and that no effort will be made to enter the business field until the opening of the spring trade.

Messrs. Rogan and Wadhwa, two members of the company, have been in the city several days casting about for a location.

THE SECOND POWERS TRIAL.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 9.—The second trial of former Secretary of State Caleb Powers on the charge of complicity in the Goebel assassination was resumed in the circuit court today. Among the witnesses for the commonwealth who did not testify in the prisoner's first trial are former Governor Bradley, former Congressman John Henry Wilson, Dr. C. G. Coell, William Dillon, a republican politician of East Kentucky, and William Parley, chairman of the republican committee of Knox county, Powers' home. The commonwealth has thirty new witnesses in all. General Basil Duke, of Louisville, and Judge Clifton J. Pratt, former attorney general, were among the new witnesses for the defense. Only ten of these are present.

Mrs. George Krum, of Auburn, is the guest of her brother for a few days.

MEYER ARRESTED

BASE BALL PRESIDENT IN A SERIOUS SITUATION.

THE COLUMBUS CLUB ACTS

CHARGES FELONIOUS USE OF GUARANTEE FUND.

RUMORED SHORTAGE LARGE

MAGNATES AWARD PENNANT TO DAYTON.

E. S. Barnard, representing the Columbus Base Ball association, at noon filed an affidavit in Justice Tancey's court charging President Meyer, or rather William Meyer, Jr., with having unlawfully and feloniously appropriated to his own use \$500, money belonging to the Columbus Base Ball association, which he held in trust and as a deposit. A warrant was issued by Justice Tancey and was placed in the hands of Sheriff Stout for service. Sheriff Stout found Mr. Meyer at the Wayne hotel shortly after noon and quietly informed him that he was under arrest.

Mr. Meyer accompanied the sheriff to the latter's office, where he remained while a messenger was dispatched for some of his friends, who, it is expected, will produce the necessary bail to allow Mr. Meyer his liberty and give him an opportunity to personally adjust his affairs with Mr. Barnard.

Mr. Halderman, one of the representatives of the Marion association, was inclined to follow the suit of Mr. Barnard, but at this writing no affidavit has been filed and it is not expected that another will follow on the same lines.

A strenuous effort is being made this afternoon by some of Mr. Meyer's friends to effect a settlement and they are hopeful of success.

RUMORED SHORTAGE LARGE.

The amount of President Meyer's shortage, therefore, cannot be exactly determined. There should be in the treasury \$4,500 guarantee money, \$500 from each of the eight members of the circuit, and \$500 forfeited by Watkins, of Indianapolis. It is not known whether Mr. Meyer is prepared to pay any of this amount or not. He gave a bond of \$5,000 for the faithful performance of his duties as president of the association, but it is claimed that he received the money as treasurer, and legal opinion, which has been sought on the subject, declares that the bond is worthless as far as covering the shortage is concerned.

DAYTON GETS PENNANT.

Dayton wins the pennant of the Western association this year, the flag having been awarded to Magnate Armour today. The record of games won and lost, as it was presented by Secretary Baker and accepted by the league, stands: Dayton won 83 games, lost 55; Grand Rapids won 85 games, lost 55. Two games claimed by Grand Rapids, one forfeited because the Wheeling team was unable to appear on account of a railroad wreck, and another game with Matthews, which was not scheduled, were thrown out, entirely changing the standing of the two clubs, as it had been given out by President Meyer.

The Western association magnates met at the Wayne hotel in this city yesterday afternoon to wind up the affairs of the league. There were present at the meeting T. J. Bece and E. L. Barnard, of Columbus; W. R. Armour and H. Youngman, of Dayton; C. J. Strobel, of Toledo; J. Halderman and F. Brosier, of Marion; J. Mautner, of Fort Wayne, and Mr. Kreuger, of Wheeling. Mautner held Wilmet's proxy and the Marion men represented Matthews. The men remained in session until after midnight last night, discussing the situation, but transacted little business.

A STORMY SESSION.

Today the real business of the meeting came up and the morning session was a stormy one. President Meyer was accused of deliberately attempting to throw the pennant to Grand Rapids, when it belonged to Dayton, and considerable ill-feeling developed.

When the financial matters were brought up, President Meyer was unable to produce the guarantee money, \$500 having been deposited by each club. The examination of the books has not yet been completed and the amount of money which should remain in the treasury of the 10 per cent. of the gate receipts of each game deposited with the president has not yet been determined.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

'Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

No such thing as "summer complaint" where Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is kept handy. Nature's remedy for looseness of the bowels.

PEOPLE.... Who Want Money Should Read This

This company is organized for the special purpose of loaning money to persons who are unable to obtain a loan. We advance you \$10, \$25, \$50, \$75, or any amount on your furniture, piano, horses and wagons, warehouse receipts or any like personal security. All property is left in your possession and you have the use of both the money and the goods.

Don't go to your friends—be independent and come to us, then your affairs are sure to be kept private. All our business is strictly confidential. You can have from 1 month to 1 year to repay your loan. By borrowing here you save money. Full particulars given by calling at our office.

Indiana Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 3, Arcade, upstairs, Phone 234.
Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

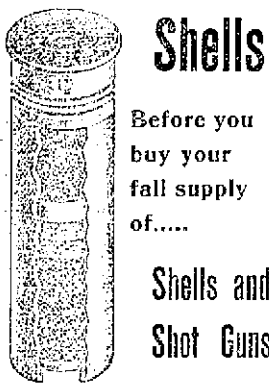
Money to Loan to Salaried People.

Salaried people holding permanent positions with responsible and well established concerns or corporations can get money on their own name without endorsement. All business confidential and private. Room 3, Arcade, upstairs, facing Berry street.
Open Saturday night from 7 to 9 o'clock.

DR. S. H. HAYICE, EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SURGEON.

26 W. WAYNE ST.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.
Office hours are 9 to 12-1:30 to 4 p. m.

Call and See Our
Line of



H. Pfeiffer & Son,
9 E. COLUMBIA ST.

FOR ECZEMA—
USE
OSMICURE
OINTMENT
BLOOD PURIFIER
60c. and \$1 at Druggists, or Mailed.
OSMICURE CHEMICAL CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

PELLENS & POLSTER
DRUGGISTS, 91 Calhoun St.

AT COLUMBIA CITY

EIGHTY-EIGHTH WILL HOLD ITS
NEXT REUNION.

MONSTER EVENING CAMPFIRE

CLOSED SPLENDID MEETING IN
FORT WAYNE.

ELEVENTH BATTERY THERE

EIGHTY-EIGHTH'S HISTORY IS
BRIEFLY SKETCHED.

The next annual reunion of the Eighty-eighth regiment Indiana volunteers will be held at Columbia City October 8, 1902. There were a total of 144 survivors of the famous old regiment in attendance at the reunion in Fort Wayne yesterday, and the splendid day's program closed with a monster evening campfire at Saengerbund hall, in which the Eleventh Indiana battery actively participated. The attendance tested the capacity of the auditorium, and a spirit of patriotic enthusiasm permeated the entire meeting.

Col. C. E. Briant presided at the campfire, with Lieut. John Otto, of the Eleventh battery, as vice president, and Capt. A. H. Dougall as master of ceremonies. Rev. L. Coomer invoked divine blessing upon the assemblage, and the Sons of Veterans' quartet rendered a selection. Rev. T. A. Pattie spoke on "Sons of Veterans," taking the place of Hon. J. M. Robinson, who is ill and could not be present. Rev. Pattie was forceful and eloquent, and was heartily applauded.

LIEUT. GOV. GILBERT.

One of the features of the evening was the address of Lieutenant Governor Gilbert, whose theme was "Our Younger Veterans of the Spanish-American War." Captain Gilbert spoke with becoming modesty of the work of the younger veterans, and paid a lofty tribute to the soldiers of the civil war.

"Liberty," he continued, "is a plant of composite growth. It is made up in this country of the efforts of the New England Puritan, the Virginia cavalier, the Maryland Catholic, the Delaware Swede, the Pennsylvania Quaker and the Amsterdam Dutch. Remembering this we should be able at all times to rise above mere party feeling and know that we are not merely democrats and republicans, but that we are Americans."

"Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," sung by the Sons of Veterans' quartet, was heartily received, and following it Comrade John C. Kensill gave a recitation, "The Veterans' Lament," that proved a decided hit with the old veterans and was received with thunderous applause.

Judge Samuel M. Hench gave an informal talk which was greatly enjoyed. Judge Hench paid a high tribute to the heroism and devotion of the women in the time of war, and said they deserved a place of honor quite as high as that of the veterans who fought the battles. He noted the passing of comrades by death as the years go by, and spoke with feeling of death's inroads into the ranks during the past year. Too much gratitude and honor can not be shown to the sturdy old veterans, for to them we owe many of the blessings we now enjoy.

A. T. Lukens gave a German dialect version of "Barbara Fritchie," and in response to vociferous encore he sang "Old Shady," with chorus accompanied by the Apollo quartet.

and the number was cheered to the echo. Mrs. Sawtelle responded in a feeling address on behalf of the Ladies of the G. A. R. and Miss Nettie Rice, on behalf of the daughters of veterans, recited "War Times at Home," winning merited applause. Rev. George A. Musson, of Ligonier, an orator of wide reputation, delivered a splendid address on "The Cavalry," and others who spoke were B. W. Skelton, of General Lawton post; W. H. McClelland, of the Union Veteran Legion, and D. E. Bricker, of the Sons of Veterans. The entire program was enjoyable and the event will be remembered as one of the most successful campfires ever held in the city.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Just preceding adjournment the Eighty-eighth's committee on resolutions presented its report, which was unanimously adopted, as follows:

"We, your committee on resolutions, beg leave to report the following:

"Resolved, That the thanks of the Eighty-eighth regiment, in reunion assembled, are due and are hereby extended to the mayor of the city and to the citizens of Fort Wayne, who have assisted in making this reunion pleasant and profitable.

"To the ladies of the W. R. C., who ministered so delightfully to the comfort and otherwise made our reunion enjoyable.

"To the Commercial club of Fort Wayne, who secured for us the liberal railroad rates.

"To the Sons of Veterans' quartet, the decorators of the hall, John A. Scott, and to all who assisted at the reunion and campfire with sentiment, song or recitation.

"Dan D. Diehl,
"Allan H. Dougall,
"Fred E. Boltz,
"Committee on Resolutions."

WERE FAMOUS FIGHTERS.

The Eighty-eighth regiment was recruited in the (then) Tenth congressional district, rendezvoused at Fort Wayne, and was mustered into the service August 20, 1862, with the late George Humphrey as colonel. Colonel Humphrey resigned October

THERE ARE MANY ROADS

THE FINGER POSTS MARKING
THE MANY BY-PATHS

Of Present Day Troubles All Seem to
Point the Same Way—Lack
of Nerve Force.

Day by day the columns of this paper bring new evidence from Fort Wayne people of the great work done by Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. Why they accomplish so much is easily explained. They are prepared with an eye single to restoring nerve force. They accomplish this object which no other medicine in the world has ever been able to do. That's why hundreds of Fort Wayne people offer their testimony.

Mrs. A. McBride, of No. 374 Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are a fine medicine. My liver was out of order; I was bilious, nervous and weak; appetite poor and rest at night broken. The nerve pills I got at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, No. 14 Calhoun street, gave me a fine appetite and digestion, settled the nerves, gave me sleep, strength and regulated the liver. For a person of my age I feel uncommonly fine."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50 cents a box at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

17, 1863, and re-entered the service as colonel of the 129th regiment. Cyrus E. Briant, lieutenant colonel, was promoted, brevetted colonel March 13, 1865, and was mustered out as lieutenant colonel with the regiment. At the time of the formation of the Eighty-eighth regiment the confederate army under Kirby Smith was threatening the city of Louisville, and the Eighty-eighth was hurried there, arriving August 30. Reaching the Kentucky city the regiment was assigned a place on the defenses of the city, remaining until October 1, when it was placed in Rosseau's division of the Seventeenth brigade, and marched with the army of the Ohio in pursuit of Bragg.

At the battle of Perryville the Eighty-eighth was in the right of Rosseau's division, and against it the confederates directed their fiercest assaults. Though suffering frightful loss the brigade held the enemy in check until night closed the battle, and General Rosseau subsequently complimented the Eighty-eighth regiment for its steadiness under fire.

WERE ON THE MOVE.

The Eighty-eighth joined in the pursuit of the fleeing confederates as far as Crab Orchard, then returning by way of Lebanon, marched to Tyne Springs and then to Nashville. In the reorganization of the army in November, 1862, the Eighty-eighth was assigned to Beatty's second brigade of Rosseau's first division of the Army of the Cumberland, moved with the advance of the main army upon Murfreesboro, participating in the terrific battle of Stone River, and in the heroic deeds which crowned that battle none exceeded the efforts of Rosseau's splendid division. Beatty's brigade, on the evening of January 3rd, made the final charge of the battle, carrying the enemy's entrenchments, and that night the confederates abandoned Murfreesboro. In this battle the Eighty-eighth lost eight killed and forty-six wounded.

The regiment moved to Murfreesboro, and remained in camp in this vicinity until June 24, 1863. Then commenced a forward movement, and the Eighty-eighth was engaged in fights at Hoover's Gap, Tullahoma, Hillsborough and Elk River. Crossing the Cumberland, Sand and Look-out ranges of mountains, the division had a severe engagement with General Polk's forces at Big Gap, Ga. September 19, 20 and 21 the regiment was engaged in the fearful battle of Chickamauga, the division finally forming the rear guard when the army fell back toward Chattanooga.

AMONG THE CLOUDS.

Late in November with the command of General Hooker the Eighty-eighth scaled Lookout mountain and "fought among the clouds." The next day it was in the charge at Mission Ridge, and was among the first to plant the union flag upon the rebel works. A few days later it was engaged at Graysville and Ringgold, assisting in the capture of a confederate battery. In February, 1864, it was a part of the force which occupied Tunnel Hill, Ga.

The Eighty-eighth moved with Sherman in the campaign against Atlanta, participating in the engagements at Buzzard Roost, Resaca, Dallas, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta and Utoy Creek, marching with the main army on its triumphal entry into Atlanta. The next active work was a 300 mile movement to drive Hood northward, the regiment returning to Kingston, Ga., in November. Then began the famous "march to the sea," this regiment moving with the column which penetrated the enemy's country by the way of Milledgeville, Louisville and Millen, the "lost army" entering Savannah after a march of 360 miles.

Then followed, beginning in January, 1865, a long and active series of marches, moving swiftly through the enemy's country, touching numerous

C. A. BOOKWALTER ELECTED MAYOR



Former Fort Wayne Boy Leads the Republicans to Victory in the Capital City—His Majority Will be Somewhat Above 2,000.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 9.—Charles A. Bookwalter, republican, who was elected mayor yesterday, will take his office at noon tomorrow, succeeding Thomas Taggart, democrat, who has held the office for six years. The majority of the city-council is now republican.

Bookwalter's plurality will exceed 2,000.

The figures from the 185 voting precincts (subject to corrections) were: Bookwalter (republican) for mayor, 21,513; Charles Maguire (democrat), 19,338; Bookwalter's plurality, 2,175.

southern strongholds, destroying railroads, crossing almost unfordable streams, reaching Fayetteville March 11. Three days later the regiment moved in the direction of Goldsboro, taking Averyboro on the march and participating in the battle at Bentonville. The arrival at Goldsboro completed a march of 502 miles from Savannah.

April 10 the regiment left Goldsboro, marching by way of Raleigh to Cape Fear river, and was at the latter point at the time of Johnston's surrender to Grant. The regiment marched from Cape Fear river by way of Richmond to Washington, making the distance 453 miles. June 7, 1865, the Eighty-eighth regiment was mustered out of the service at Washington, and at once left for Indianapolis. June 13, 1865, the victorious veterans were tendered a magnificent welcoming ovation in the old state house grove, with addresses by Governor Morton and others, and following this event the members dispersed to their homes to resume the pursuits of peace once more.

MEETING IS POSTPONED.

The regular meeting of the Commercial club, which was to have been held tomorrow evening, has been postponed until next Monday evening.

The free-for-all Pace, the great race of the Red Ribbon meeting, tomorrow.

The finest made—the Eclipse 5c Cigar. Take a pocketful to the races. They will go fast. 914

Don't fail to pay your natural and artificial gas bills Tomorrow.

Harry O., Fort Wayne's pride, in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

The only thing that fills the bill when going to the races is an Eclipse 5c Cigar. Sold everywhere. 914

A FAMILY REMEDY

Pe-ru-na in Use in Thousands of Homes.

Mr. Harry M. Stevens, of Midland Beach, L. I., New York, proprietor of the Richmond Hotel, writes:

"It gives me pleasure to testify to the



Harry M. Stevens.

value of Peruna. I have used it for years and have found it to be a most excellent family remedy. For colds, catarrh and similar ills, it is unsurpassed."—HARRY M. STEVENS.

John L. Burnett, Member of Congress, Seventh Alabama District, writes:

"I take pleasure in testifying to the merits of your Peruna. At the solicitation of a friend my wife used it, and it improved her condition generally. It is a remarkable remedy. I can cheerfully recommend Peruna as a good, substantial tonic, and a very good catarrh remedy."

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna is not a guess nor an experiment—it is an absolute scientific certainty. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice free.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Paul E. Wolf,

Headquarters for

...Carpet Work...

Carpets taken up, cleaned and

re-laid. Also make over carpets.

Feathers and mattresses

steamed and renovated. Charges

reasonable.

33 & 35 Clinton Street.

At Encla, in Australia, a subter-

ranean lake has been found at a depth

of 3000 feet with a comparatively

inexhaustible supply of water.

Ready for

Business...

Our fall shoes are all lined up for

your inspection. The best makes,

the latest styles and the lowest prices.

Men's Shoes in Box Calf, Vici Kid,

English Saddle and Patent Calf,

from \$1.25 up. A fine line of Ladies'

Shoes from \$1.00 up. Also a full

line of Men's Working Shoes, 75c up.

We carry a full line of Gents' Furnish-

ing Goods. Underwear from 25c to

\$1.50. Working Shirts from 25c to

50c. Pants, Overalls, Suspenders,

Hose, Caps, Gloves, etc., at the low-

est prices.

Barney's Shoe and

Clothing Store,

172 and 174 Calhoun St.

The Best Horse

IS the horse to place your money on—if you bet. We say, "DON'T BET." A man who bets is a gambler. Still a great many of our best people think that a man who does not bet is no better (better.) When you buy a new suit of clothes, lay your money down in favor of the best suit. A "PATTERSON" suit is a "favorite" against the field in Fort Wayne. A Patterson suit was never known to be in a race for a new home where it did not win out. It has all the "car marks" of a winner. The graceful curve in the "neck,"

the well shaped body of the coat, the "hand padding," the "hair" cloth front in the coat, the perfect shaped legs in the trouser, and the cut-out instep, making it fall over the "shoe" without a wrinkle, are things that are sure to make it win, even if the price was not so extremely low. We save you money and give you present and future protection. For present protection we say "MONEY BACK if you are not satisfied." For future protection we say "suits kept in repair for one year." See our \$15.00 suits with hand work.

Red Ribbon Week

"I saw by night, and behold a man riding upon a red horse."

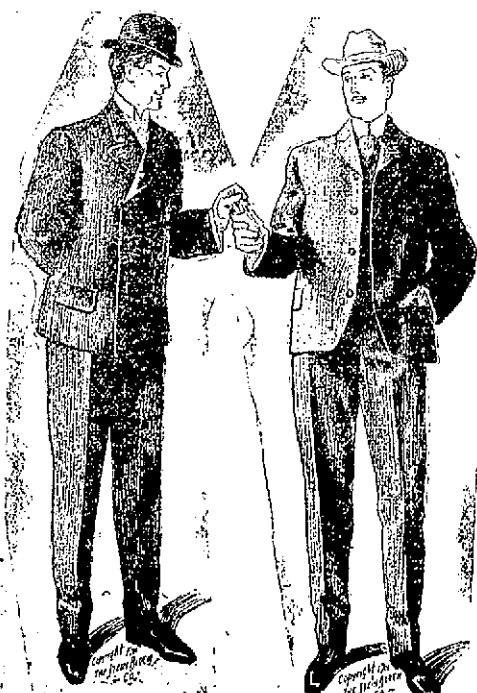
Perfect safety in buying a "Patterson" suit. "An horse is a vain thing for safety."

The cheapest a good article can be sold, is our highest price.

We first see how good a thing we can buy, and then how cheap we can sell it.

Nearly every day opens on some new novelty at our store for the swell dresser.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON



Bon Ami

Cleans windows and mirrors without muss, dust or slops.

Dr. C. E. Barnett,
Has removed his office to the
West rooms

**OVER PELLEN'S & POLSTER'S
DRUG STORE.**

Office phone—185 Main.
Residence phone—459 Main or 254 Bell.

City Feed Store,
41 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Hay, Straw, Corn, Oats and
Mill Feed.

YOUR ORDERS SOLICITED.

B. F. Tinkham.

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YOUNG WOMEN,
Take Your Meals at the
Y. W. C. A.,
51 West Berry Street.

Strangers in the city referred to
good boarding places. Meals served
on the European plan at reasonable
rates. Dinner, 11:30 to 1:30. Supper
5:30 to 6:40.

A. Hattersley & Son,

PLUMBERS,

STEAM AND

GAS FITTERS,

48 E. MAIN ST.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

**M. N. Plumadore's
MUSIC STUDIO.**

Violin and Piano our specialty.
Orchestra furnished for all occa-
sions.

26 EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

THE EDISON PHONOGRAPH

All the latest records.

Vocal and Instrumental.

PACKARD MUSIC HOUSE,

120 CALHOUN STREET.

COME IN AND HEAR.

F. J. Zimmerly & Co.,

PLUMBING,

STEAM AND

GAS FITTING.

ELECTRIC WIRING.

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

No. 101 Calhoun Street.

J. C. Peltier,

Undertaker

and Embaier.

NO. 17 W. WAYNE ST.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At lowest rate on furniture, pianos,
horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and
leave property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the monthly
installment plan to suit your con-
venience.

All business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,

Room 2, (2nd floor) 41 Calhoun St.,
Over Mergentheim's Millinery Store,
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Money to Loan.

—AT—

FIVE PER CENT.

ON FARM AND CITY PROPERTY.

C. B. FITCH,

65 CLINTON ST.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

DR. R. P. WHITE,

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

SURGEON.

OFFICE WHITE NATIONAL BANK

Rooms 3 and 4.

GLASSES ADJUSTED.

Office hours are 9 to 12-1:30 to 4. (Other
hours by appointment.) Home phone, office
574, residence 574.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. MARY WHEBY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and residence, 26 Madison St.
Specialty—Disease of Women.
Telephone 470. Office hours, 9 a.
m., to 3:30 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Tillie Roth is home from a visit
in Cincinnati.
Miss Edna Williams is spending a few
days in Indianapolis.
Mrs. Cornel Morganthal has gone to Chi-
cago to visit friends.
Miss Louise Reinking has returned from
a visit in Indianapolis.
Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Bond are spending
a few weeks in Chicago.
William L. Quaker, of Butte, Mont., was
a visitor in the city yesterday.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCulloch left today
for a few days' visit at Buffalo.
Mrs. Ben R. Barva and daughter are
home from a visit in Cincinnati.
Attorney Henry Wilson, of Cincinnati,
was a visitor in the city yesterday.
Anselm Eubler, of the State Zeilweg,
is confined to his home with illness.
Miss Frank Hamilton has returned home
to Kansas City after a visit in the city.
The Dash Packing company has bought
the meat market of E. F. & Son, for-
merly the Gottlieb Hatter shop, and Charles
H. Weller has been placed in charge.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

To Keep Their Digestion Perfect Nothing
Is so Safe and Pleasant as Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets.

Thousands of men and women have
found Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets the
safest and most reliable preparation for
any form of indigestion or stom-
ach trouble.

Thousands of people who are not
sick, but are well and wish to keep
well, take Stuart's Tablets after every
meal to insure perfect digestion and
avoid trouble.

But it is not generally known that
the Tablets are just as good and



wholesome for little folks as for their
elders.

Little children who are pale, thin
and have no appetite, or do not grow
or thrive, should use the tablets after
eating and will derive great benefit
from them.

Mrs. G. H. Crotsley, 538 Wash-
ington St., Hoboken, New Jersey,
writes: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets
just fill the bill for children as well
as for older folks. I've had the best
of luck with them. My three-year-
old girl takes them as readily as
candy. I have only to say 'tablets'
and she drops everything else and
runs for them."

A Buffalo mother, a short time ago,
who despaired of the life of her babe,
was so delighted with the results
from giving the child these tablets
that she went before the notary pub-
lic of Erie Co., N. Y., and made the
following affidavit:

Gentlemen:—Stuart's Dyspepsia
Tablets were recommended to me for
my two-month-old baby, which was
sick and puny and the doctors said
was suffering from indigestion. I
took the child to the hospital, but
there found no relief. A friend men-
tioned the Stuart Tablets and I pro-
cured a box from my druggist and
used only the large sweet lozenges
in the box and was delighted to find
they were just the thing for my baby.
I feel justified in saying that Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets saved my child's
life.

MRS. W. T. DERHLOER.
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 12th day of April, 1897.

HENRY KARIS,
Notary Public in and for Erie Co.,
N. Y.

For babies, no matter how young or
delicate, the tablets will accomplish
wonders in increasing flesh, appetite
and growth. Use only the large
sweet tablets in every box. Full
sized boxes are sold by all druggists
for 50 cents, and no parent should
neglect the use of this safe remedy
for all stomach and bowel troubles if
the child is ailing in any way regard-
ing its food or assimilation.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have
been known for years as the best
preparation for all stomach troubles
whether in adults or infants.

Red Ribbon Races tomorrow.

ROME CITY SUNDAY TRAIN.

Commencing Sunday, Sept.
22d, and until further notice, but
one train will leave for Rome City,
leaving Fort Wayne at 7:00 a. m.,
and returning leave Rome City at
6:00 p. m. 17t

\$1.50 TO GRAND

RAPIDS AND RETURN

Via G. R. & I. Ry.

Thursday Oct. 10 train

leaving Fort Wayne at

5:00 a. m. Returning

leave Grand Rapids at

7:00 p. m. or 11:00 p. m.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Will Crighton is home from a
trip to Buffalo.
Arthur Tinkley is visiting friends
in Kendallville.
Dallas F. Green is home from a trip
to New York city.
Mrs. Percy Osborne is home from a
visit in Grand Rapids.
William Martin, of Perry township,
has gone to Buffalo to spend a week.
Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Barcus, of
Bluffton, visited in the city yester-
day.
Mrs. G. B. Saviers is the guest of
her aunt, Mrs. J. N. Childs, in Ken-
dallville.
Herman Rodenbeck, of East Lewis
street, is critically ill with typhoid
pneumonia.
The Men's Missionary society of the
Third Presbyterian church will meet
this evening.
Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Heine are
home from their wedding trip, a part
of which was spent in Chicago.
J. Ross McCulloch and Peter Ben-
son returned yesterday from a visit
of two months in the British isles.
Miss Jessie Taylor entertained a
number of high school young people
at a marshmallow bake Monday
night.
The Misses Edna and Eva Bowser,
of Winter street, who had been in
Buffalo since spring, arrived home
last evening.
Walsh Plain Dealer: "James
Showalter left today for Fort Wayne
where he will enter the business col-
lege of that city."

The regular monthly meeting of the
Tippecanoe club will be held this
evening in the club rooms, corner of
Berry and Calhoun streets.

The Ladies' Aid society of the
Berry street M. E. church gave a very
successful musical last evening for
the benefit of the Visiting Nurse
league.

Rev. W. H. Daniels will preach at
Wayne street M. E. church this evening
at 7:30 o'clock and will conduct
quarterly meeting at the close of the
sermon.

Howard Pierce, of Ann Arbor, is
here to attend the wedding of his
sister, Miss Ethel Pierce, and A. S.
Reid, of Richmond, which occurs to-
morrow.

The annual meeting of the congrega-
tion of Plymouth Congregational
church will be held this evening. The
business session will be followed by
a social session.

Lieut. Fred Freeman and sister,
Miss Julia Freeman, left today for
Louisville, where Miss Freeman will
spend a few weeks. Lieutenant Free-
man leaves soon for San Francisco.

Miss Ada Ballock, thirteen years
old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wil-
liam Ballock, of 314 Buchanan street,
was badly scalded yesterday by the
explosion of a jug containing hot
water.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Blair, Attorney
and Mrs. N. D. Doughman and Mr.
and Mrs. Callahan, of Chicago, left
today in a special car for Wisconsin,
where they will spend a few days
fishing.

Miss Louise Randall will entertain
at dinner this evening for her brides-
maids at her home and Frank Sawyer,
the groom-elect, will be guest of
honor at a dinner party to be given
at the Avenue at the same hour by
Ray Randall.

The Home Mission society of St.
John's Lutheran church will meet to-
morrow afternoon at the home of Mrs.
Will Smith, 95 Swinney avenue. The
society will give a supper and con-
cert on October 17 at the school hall,
Washington boulevard and Van
Buren streets.

Out-of-town guests at the Randall-
Sawyer wedding will be: Mr. and
Mrs. G. A. Sawyer, of Boston, and
daughters Blanche and Edith Emme-
line; Miss Ashburn, of Suffolk, Va.;
Miss Mosby, of Oxford, Miss.; and
H. C. Leonard, E. F. Sawyer and Dex-
ter Larson, of New York city.

Workmen are engaged in putting
the finishing touches on the new
Third Presbyterian church and it is
expected that the structure will be
ready for occupancy by Sunday, Nov.
3. The furnaces are being put in and
the carpets and pews will be placed
in the church within two weeks.

Fort Wayne Woodmen will be well
represented at the state camp log-
rolling at Indianapolis next Tuesday.
Edward camp No. 3127 elected nine
delegates Tuesday night and Fort
Wayne camp No. 4761 elected seven
delegates Monday night. A number
of other Woodmen will attend the
meeting also.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. McKee and two
daughters and R. J. Fisher will leave
tomorrow for Buffalo to attend the
Pan-American exposition. Mrs.
Fisher, who has been visiting in Bos-
ton and other eastern cities for sev-
eral weeks, will meet her husband at
Buffalo and become a member of the
sight-seeing party.

A lad named Williams, whose par-
ents reside on Walnut street, was the
victim of a highway robbery yester-
day. With a companion he went thir-
teen miles into the country upon a
nutting expedition and had about a
bushel of hickory nuts in a sack and
a basket upon his wheel, when he
was stopped by four boys larger than
himself. They took the hickory nuts
away from Williams and then ordered
him to ride on, which he did with
anxiety.

"I know from personal experience
that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral quickly
breaks up a heavy cold on the lungs."
D. Snodcker, Pine Hill, N. Y.,
25c, 50c, \$1.00. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

NEW INSURANCE OFFICERS.

George V. Kell was elected presi-
dent of the Allen County Farmers'
Mutual Insurance company at its an-
nual meeting Tuesday afternoon,
and Capt. W. A. Kelsey was re-elected
secretary. William Kinner was
added to the board of directors.

Red Ribbon Races tomorrow.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURTS.

Mack Warfield, a colored gentle-
man, was yesterday bound over in
the sum of \$800 to answer to pa-
ternity charges made by Miss Agnes
Davis. In default of bond Mr. War-
field retired to the county institution
presided over by Sheriff Stout. The
hearing was in France's court and the
judge announces without reservation
that the baby is a very pretty one,
and he knows. Warfield offers to do
the honorable thing by marrying
Miss Davis, but that lady insists that
she "don't want to get married to
nobody." Meanwhile Mack lingers.

The sanity of Henry Baser, of
Lafayette street, is being inquired
into today by a commission of which
Justice Tancey is president. Dr. Mc-
Evoy is attending physician and Drs.
Harrod and McCaskey are the ex-
aminers. Mr. Baser's vagary seems
to turn on religious subjects and last
Sunday evening he astounded his
family and friends by solemnly pro-
claiming himself to be the Lord. When
first seen by Justice Tancey the pa-
tient reproached the justice for
keeping his hat on; "You ought to
take off your hat in the presence of
the Lord," he said.

With Justice France as president,
a commission in lunacy consisting of
Drs. McCausland, Duesmeling and Mc-
Oscar is this afternoon inquiring into
the mental condition of Mrs. Louisa
Bande, living on High street. Mrs.
Bande is violently insane, it is
thought. She has threatened to kill
all the members of the family, talks
incoherently and is apparently in
need of immediate restraint and
treatment.

Eva Maude Raudenbush has filed
an affidavit in Tancey's court charg-
ing John Lenz, a Tenth ward saloon-
keeper, with having violated the
Nicholson law in allowing others
than members of his family in his
saloon on Sunday.

DOUBTERS

Can Be Changed By Knowledge.

If there is any doubt about making
brain power by the use of certain
food, the doubter should make the
following experiment.

Helen Frances Huntington, of
Gainesville, Ga., says: "Just a word
of commendation concerning Grape-
Nuts, which I have found to be the
most wholesome, nourishing and ap-
petizing food that has ever come to
my knowledge."

"I am not a dyspeptic, but being
constantly engaged in severe brain
work, I found that I did not thrive
on ordinary diet; even a moderate
dinner dulled my brain so as to be
practically incapable of critical work.
I tried meat juice, peptonoids, the
two-meal system of light breakfast
and no supper, which brought on
nervous depletion and sleeplessness.
So I resorted to one and another of
the various health foods which all
seemed alike tasteless and valueless
as a brain food, until quite by chance
I had a dish of Grape-Nuts food
served as a dessert. I liked it so
well that I began to use it daily, for
supper four teaspoonsful in a saucer
of hot milk, eaten before it dissolves
to mushiness."

"This point should be remembered,
as, after a certain time, evaporation
seems to affect the sweet nutty flavor
of the food, as in the case of cer-
tain fine-flavored fruits."

"The result in my case was simply
astounding. I had no desire what-
ever for sweet pastries, meats, or, in
fact, anything else, and my brain
was as clear and active at night as
on awakening from a long, refresh-
ing sleep."

"The peculiar advantage about
Grape-Nuts food is that it supplies
the nutritive qualities of a varied
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eating. I cheerfully recommend it's
use to all brain workers, if not as an
exclusive diet, certainly for the last
meal of the day. I always take it
with me when traveling, which saves
a deal of annoyance and discomfort."

I Coughed

It's the experience of every
one. Sooner or later we all
take cold. Colds naturally
tend downward, that's the
trouble. Ayer's Cherry Pec-
toral stops this downward
tendency and quickly cures
these early colds. Ask your
doctor. If he says this isn't
so, don't believe us.

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FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Five-room house at 60

E. Superior St.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms

at 24 West Berry street. 8-20-1m

FOR RENT—3 unfurnished rooms;

no children; at 280 E. Washington

St. 8-4

FOR RENT—Ground floor offices in

Aracade; most convenient in the city.

Inquire of H. M. Williams. 9-1

FOR RENT—Residences and business

rooms shown on application. W.

E. Doud, over Old National bank 7-1

FOR RENT—Store room corner Berry

and Harrison, fronting on Berry

street. Inquire Old National bank.

8-13-1f

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms,

suitable for light housekeeping, on

first floor, at No. 56 E. Wayne St.

8-21

FOR RENT—A ten-room house, all

modern improvements, No. 138 W.

Main St. Inquire at No. 131 W.

Main St. 516

Special Offerings...

This Week in New
WOOL WAISTS AND
WALKING SKIRTS

Fancy Colored Wool Waists, all colors, great value\$1.25
 Persian Trimmed All-Wool Waists, lined throughout and in every way a very attractive waist...\$2.25
 Just received all colors in the Kersey Cloth Walking Skirt, nicely corded and stitched and well worth \$8.00, for\$5.95
 See those fine Imported Mercerized Satin Petticoats, in all colors, formerly sold for \$4.50; your choice now\$2.95

WELKER & NABLO,
 118 CALHOUN ST.
 Near Washington St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, 1901.

TONIGHT.

Lathers—No. 40 at Pearl and Harrison streets, second floor.
 Tipton Club—In hall third floor, over Old National bank.
 Christian Science—Services of First church in Harmony hall, West Berry street; Second church in old Jewish tabernacle, Harrison street.
 Fraternal Societies—Fort Wayne council No. 4, R. and S. M.; Fort Wayne chapter No. 19, Royal Arch Masons; Mecheanochqua tribe No. 107, I. O. R. M.; Concordia No. 228, I. O. O. F.; Wayne council No. 35, Jr. O. U. A. M.; Fort Wayne No. 19, A. O. U. W.; Liberty council No. 22, Knights and Ladies of Columbia; Old Fort council, Royal League; Allen No. 29, Degree of Honor.
 Masonic Temple—Keystone Dramatic company Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights.
 Thursday night—"The Last Appeal."
 Evangelistic—Services at Jefferson street Christian church.

The way to get interurban roads is to get them. This observation is not specially original, but it is true.

From the size of Colonel Bookwalter's majority it appears that Mayor Taggart very nicely calculated the time when he should get from under the snowslide.

We cannot yet believe a majority in the city council is really hostile to interurban enterprises and believe that a good route will yet be found for the Southwestern company to get their line down into the center of the city.

Admiral Winfield S. Schley goes upon the retired list of the navy today and he does so after a life of heroic duty and glorious service to his country. In the popular mind he is the hero of one of the greatest naval victories in our annals and nothing can rob him of the affection and esteem of millions of Americans.

The discussion of the interurban franchise in last night's session of the city council developed an unfortunate and much to be deplored spirit of hostility to the enterprise. In killing the Harrison street contract the business was not performed in any natural spirit of regret that an important project must give way to higher public interest, but rather in a spirit of willing antagonism. The majority was ready without debate or consideration to put an end to the matter. The majority was not prepared and had no purpose to consider the matter gravely and deliberately with a view to doing the best for the interurban project that their consciences could approve. They were there, as Councilman Hoesy said in his remarks, with their minds made up and their determination clearly formed and indisposed to be patient with delay of the action that was purposed. That is a bad state of mind in which to approach consideration of such vital public business.

Hon. Charles A. Bookwalter, mayor-elect of Indianapolis, will not be more warmly and sincerely congratulated by his friends anywhere than by his old-time friends in Fort Wayne. His triumph was notable, distinct and indisputable. Better than this, he goes to his high office with a clean character, splendid abilities and we believe the confidence and cordial good will of the city which has chosen him for the chief of its servants. A dozen years ago Mayor Bookwalter left this city a young man little known outside this county to accept a minor appointment under the state administration. Slowly but steadily, by the force of his own resolute efforts, he has risen to eminence in the capital city. He is one of the great leaders of his party in Indianapolis, has succeeded to an eminent degree in business and has just been elected to the highest office of the first city of the state. His achievements are notable and with his friends here and elsewhere we congratulate him. We believe he will make a good mayor and that he will not disappoint his friends in any expectation.

THE FRANCHISE KILLED.

The city council last night decreed the death of the Harrison street franchise asked for by the Southwestern interurban company. The council did more than this. In the manner of the killing the council decreed further and indefinite delay of the entrance of this line to the business district. And more even than this the council did. The members who voted for the death of the franchise ordinance did so in such an evident spirit of hostility as to greatly discourage friends of interurban enterprises.

The motives of the councilmen who opposed approval of the franchise are not to be lightly impugned. Doubtless they acted conscientiously, though mistakenly, we believe. The route proposed in the last contract made by the board of public works elicited less objection than any other that has been considered. It afforded a solution of the general problem of interurban lines to the downtown district. But the council has refused to solve the problem at this time and unless reconsideration is possible the Southwestern will probably have to accept the Fulton and Pearl street route originally granted or be subjected to a long term of delay pending the selection of some other route and the slow formality of getting it up to the council's approval.

If Fort Wayne is to get the interurban railroads to which the geographical situation of Fort Wayne entitles it and the city's importance as a trading center invites, a policy of cordial encouragement must be adopted. It is not a happy spectacle to behold the first interurban enterprise that has actually resulted in something being held up month after month waiting to get into the city. The line is built and will come into the city some way some time, doubtless; but the present attitude of the council as a majority indicated last night will not promote the building of any other such lines to this city. The council has no higher duty than solicitude for the general good and prosperity of the city, and in this it appears to be wanting.

OF INCENDIARY ORIGIN.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Believing that the fire which last night wiped out the Peabody Coal company's yards at Kinzie street and the river, and did other serious damage, was of incendiary origin, Fire Inspector Conway today began an investigation. Revised estimates of the losses make the total loss \$395,000, divided as follows: Peabody Coal company, \$345,000; the six-story building and contents, occupied by the Davidson Marble company, the Globe Heat and Light company and the Welsbach Lighting company, \$200,000; Chicago and Northwestern railway freight sheds and rolling stock, \$50,000. The various companies carried full insurance.

Mrs. Samuel Hanna is home from a visit in Montreal, Que.

TO SKEPTICAL ASTHMATICS

The truly marvelous cures of Asthma which have already been effected by Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann certainly call for notice. His preparation (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure) not only gives instant relief in the most stubborn and obstinate cases, but positively cures, in proof of which hear what the crown clerk at Cavalier, N. D., Mr. W. Serenus, says: "I was troubled with asthma for 20 years; about 8 years ago I started to use your Asthma Cure, and I have not had an attack for six years."

Schiffmann's Asthma Cure can be obtained of all druggists at 50c and \$1.00 per package, or by writing direct to Dr. Schiffmann, Box 804, St. Paul, Minn.

FRANCHISE KILLED

COUNCIL GIVES SHORTEST SHRIFF TO INTERURBAN GRANT.

VOTED IT TO THE TABLE

LIVELY SESSION MARKS THE OCCASION.

MANY PETITIONS PRESENTED

REPORT OF COMMITTEE WAS A SURPRISE.

The city council bludgeoned that Harrison street interurban franchise last night by voting 10 to 8 to lay the ordinance of approval on the table. The motion to table was made by Councilman Scheidt.

The vote was as follows: Yeas—Baude, Ehrenman, Fiegel, Glenn, Griebel, Hoesy, Lennon, O'Ryan, Scheidt, Sordoleto. Nays—Baker, Bauer, Feellinger, Hench, Kohrman, Meier, Miller, Zurbach.

It was a more or less heated session, garnished with several surprises. The greatest surprise was the report of the committee on franchises, which disappeared in toto the contract made by the board of works with the Fort Wayne and Southwestern company for the use of Chicago and Harrison streets. It was agreed at a meeting held by the committee Sunday that the Harrison street franchise should be reported favorably with some modification, most notable of which was the elimination of Chicago street.

HOW IT CAME ABOUT.

The debate had gone on after the reading of the committee's report. Councilman Hench fighting against Councilman Sordoleto's motion to concur. Brief speeches had been made, petitions had been read and finally Councilman Hench moved that the franchise and all matters pertaining to it be submitted to committee of the whole. This proposal appeared to find favor and there was a seeming prospect that the motion would carry. Just then Henry Colerick crossed the reserved area to Councilman Scheidt and whispered to him. A moment later Councilman Scheidt executed a brilliant coup by moving to lay the matter on the table. This carried by the vote detailed in the foregoing, killed the ordinance and relieved several members of a look of distress.

CHAMBER WAS CROWDED.

The council chamber was crowded when the session began. There were in the animated lobby many Harrison street property owners, there to oppose by the moral effect of their presence any approval of the franchise, and there was a much larger force of business men, workmen and citizens generally who hoped to encourage favorable action by the council. The reading of the committee's report produced surprise and consternation. It was wholly unexpected, and as Clerk Smith proceeded with the committee's unequivocal announcement that it absolutely denied any new route whatever there was a sensation.

The report read, Councilman Sordoleto moved concurrence. Mr. Hench took the floor and begged that the council give heed to some petitions favoring the ordinance before final action should be taken. Mr. Hench admonished the members that these petitions contained enough names to effect the political future of every member of the council.

MOTION CONCURRED IN.

The motion was put and the report concurred in. Thereupon was presented to the attention of the council a mass of petitions signed by practically all of the business men of Fort Wayne and hundreds of other citizens. One signed by eleven owners of the most valuable property on Harrison street was among them. Mr. Sordoleto opposed the incorporation of the petitions into the record, saying that it could not change the situation any. "Besides, any one can be hired to go around and get names to petitions," he added.

This brought Mr. Hench again to his feet and he repudiated Mr. Sordoleto's insinuation, declaring that the petitions were signed voluntarily by business men and laboring men who were interested in the welfare of the city.

The first ward member said he did not purpose to burden the records with the long petitions, but he wanted them before the council and he wanted to protest against the covert meaning of the Ninth ward member's remarks.

AN UNUSUAL PROCEEDING.

Business of the session having been directed in the regular current, Clerk Schmidt began reading a proposition made by Manager Scott to Chairman Hoesy, of the franchise committee, setting forth conditions upon which the Southwestern could use the traction company's tracks. The reading of this matter was clear-

ly out of order, for the council was then up to final passage of the approval ordinance. Mr. Hench was up with the point of order when the reading had been well along. He protested against the reading of the proposition on the ground that the proposition was not signed and was not under the rules before the council. Moreover, he maintained, the order upon which the council was then engaged precluded introduction of such a matter. Mr. Hoesy admitted that he had presented the proposition and insisted that it was proper, whereupon he signed the document. The mayor sought to escape ruling on Mr. Hench's point of order and the reading proceeded. The first ward member was not thus to be put down and stoutly maintained his point, insisting that the mayor rule on it. This the mayor did with no good grace, finally, admonishing the insistent member and others that hereafter the rules would be strictly enforced. The reading was stopped, but not until after, as Mr. Hench observed, "the end sought by its author had been attained."

Just how that proposition came to be so conveniently deposited in the clerk's heap of documents as to come immediately preceding the contract and ordinance puzzled many spectators and a few councilmen.

DEATH OF THE ORDINANCE.

The contract and ordinance were then read and put upon final passage. Thereupon Mr. Hench moved that the whole matter be referred to the committee of the whole. To this Mr. Hoesy responded that the matter was already decided and insisted that the ordinance be placed upon its passage. As an amendment to the motion of Mr. Hench he moved that the ordinance be placed upon its final passage.

Mr. Hench kept up his sturdy fight for the franchise. Among other things he said: "I had hoped that some member of the committee would give an honest explanation of this matter before turning the thing down. In the face of the almost unanimous opinion of business men and working men I think the matter ought to be given fair treatment. The interests of the business men demand that Harrison street be granted, and the committee of the whole is the proper place to decide whether we are ready to fly in the faces of the people in the manner the committee proposes."

Councilman Zurbach came to the support of the first ward member and demanded information. "I say frankly," he declared, "that I do not understand the action of the Second ward gentleman (Mr. Hoesy) and I want to know more about what this committee has done. Let us get at this thing in committee of the whole."

Councilman Bauer spoke in like strain and with a good deal of feeling. He wanted, he said, to have some light on the "mysterious document from Mr. Scott to Mr. Hoesy, which has been secretly brought into this controversy for the purpose of killing the interurban railway project."

MR. MILLER CUTS LOOSE.

Then Councilman Miller, a member of the committee on franchises, made some remarks that were listened to with unusual interest. He was amazed at the committee's report. At the meeting Sunday which he attended it was decided to report a route on Breckinridge and Ewing streets and a report was ordered drafted accordingly. When he returned yesterday from a business trip he learned with astonishment that the whole plan had been changed, that the committee had determined to report no new franchise at all, and had instructed the city attorney to draw up a report pursuant thereto. Mr. Miller thereupon had wholly refused to sign the report.

MR. MILLER'S REMARKS.

Mr. Miller then proceeded to discuss some salient points as follows: "I don't doubt the committee's sincerity, but I, as a member of the committee, refused to sign it because I didn't believe it was the proper route. I believe it ought to go to the committee of the whole. In regard to this 'mysterious document,' I will say that I received it as secretary of the committee from Mr. Hoesy and hid it aside, but Mr. Hoesy wanted it read and I read it. I didn't think it had any right before us and don't think so now. It was sent to the committee for some effect and had no business there. I am not inimical to the Fort Wayne Traction company, but I do know that nothing ever came to the council or to a committee from that company that didn't have a string to it. Why don't the Fort Wayne Traction company come out in the open and say it will do right by the people? Why don't it pave its streets? Why don't it come now and say it will take up tracks from streets where it has no rights? I think this ordinance ought to go to the committee of the whole and let each councilman know something about it. Above all, the time is ripe for us to give the business men what they want. Get the interurbans in here and increase our population, as other towns are doing."

This deliverance was received with liveliest approval by the large assembly of spectators.

MR. SCHEIDT SPEAKS.

Mr. Scheidt responded to this by

Sole Agents

The People's Store

Sole Agents

\$3

Queen Quality
 THE FAMOUS
 SHOE FOR WOMEN

\$3

Kibo Patent Kid.

An Ideal Dress Boot.

FALL and WINTER STYLES Now Ready.

Storm Boot.

Kibo Box Calf.



Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.



We Invite Your Inspection.



Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.



Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

Fifth Avenue.



Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

Sole Agents

The People's Store

Sole Agents

SPORTSMEN!

...FOR YOUR...

Leader and New Winchester Repeater Shells

Call on us. Now is the time to outfit for the fall shooting. No old shells in our stock.

C. C. Schlatter & Co.,

HARDWARE AND FINE TOOLS,

38 and 40 East Columbia Street.



A Good Real Estate Broker

is your best advisor when you wish to purchase property that will increase in value and give you the best for your money, whether it be in building lots, houses, business property or farms. I have bargains just now that cannot be duplicated. Call and investigate.

Louis F. Curdes,

PITNEY-LONG BLOCK.

We Make Frames

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WALL PAPER!

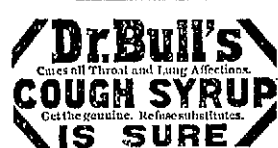
Pictures,

Picture Framing.

Largest Assortment. Lowest Prices.

Absolute Satisfaction Guaranteed.

116 Calhoun Street. HOME PHONE 708.



Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup
 IS SURE
 Cures all Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all Lung Affections.

Solution Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

Harry O., Fort Wayne's pride, in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

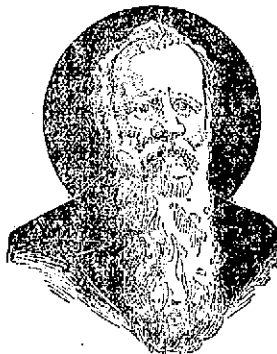
For Pale Sickly Women

Zoa Phara Gives New Strength,
Tingles the Nerves, Quickens
Blood and Brightens
the Mind.

PUTS THE BLOOM OF PERFECT
HEALTH ON THE CHEEKS
AND CURES ALL WEAK-
NESSES OF WOMEN.

Send Name and Address for Free
Trial Bottle.

To the reads of The Sentinel the
name of Rev. Richard Pengelly, M.
D., brings recollections of a Christian
life devoted unceasingly and uncom-
plainingly to good works. He was



REV. RICHARD PENGELLY, M. D.

universally loved and respected in
life and deeply and sincerely mourned
in death. To the pioneer women
of Michigan and the great western
prairies the name of Dr. Pengelly was
one revered and loved. It was the
need of a physician by the pioneers
that brought the famous pioneer
preacher to study medicine, and as
he gained in his knowledge he strove
to produce a home remedy that would
relieve the weakness, the misery
and the frightful drain of female
weakness when the physician was far
away. In doing this he brought
forth from his laboratory the now far
famed Zoa Phara—christened by the
grateful women of the early days of
western settlement "Women's Friend."
If you suffer from female weakness,
leucorrhea, suppressed or painful
menstruation, laceration, weak or
lame back, disordered liver or stom-
ach, sick kidneys, rheumatism, neu-
ralgia, nervous headache, or highly
nervous condition of the body or
mind, if your face is pale or your
skin rough, your hair falling or you
have any other of the many distress-
ing maladies produced by female
weakness, you will find Zoa Phara
the only true tonic. It revives, re-
vitalizes the nerves, tones up the
stomach, brightens the eyes and re-
stores the old buoyancy of youthful
health and happy disposition. In
change of life, preparation for moth-
erhood, or restoring to health after
childbirth Zoa Phara has no equal.
"I was troubled with nervous head-
ache for eight years," says Mrs.
Frank P. Scott, Redman, Mo. "Sev-
eral doctors had treated me, but failed
to cure. One bottle of Zoa Phara
did more for me than all the doctors."
Mrs. S. E. Crylie, of Salida, Col., says:
"I cheerfully recommend Zoa Phara
for all female weaknesses. Three
bottles completely cured me of leu-
corrhea and ulceration." Get a dol-
lar bottle at the nearest drug store
or send 10 cents to cover postage to
Zoa Phara Co., Kalamazoo, Mich., for
a free trial bottle. It never fails to
cure all diseases of women.

Rubber Goods

The hot water bottle is fast
becoming a household necessity
and is recommended by all phy-
sicians. It affords an excellent
home treatment for a great
number of ailments.

We have just received a large
stock of hot water bottles,
fountain syringes and combina-
tions and can furnish you a
good article, quality guaran-
teed, at small cost.

Ranke & Nussbaum,
Pharmacists, 88 Calhoun St.

Dr. Bulson
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 55 WEST WAYNE STREET
FORT WAYNE

PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
GLASSES ADJUSTED.

... DR. RANKE ...
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
SURGEON.

Glasses Adjusted.
Office Lau Block; Room 11 and 12.
Hours—8:30-12; 1:30-4; 7-8.

NICE PROMOTION

SPENCER WALLACE MADE RE-
PORT CLERK.

SUCCEEDED BY MR. LECHLER

IN THE CHICAGO TRANSFER
DEPARTMENT.

WABASH LINE OFFICIALS HERE

COME TO DIRECT SOME IMPROVE-
MENTS NOW MAKING.

Spencer Wallace has been promoted
from clerk of the Chicago transfer de-
partment at the Pittsburg freight
house to the office of report clerk,
succeeding Ed Lindemann, who has
gone to Philadelphia to take a posi-
tion, as stated in The Sentinel yester-
day. Frank L. Lechler, book-
keeper for Albanus Bros., has taken
the clerical position in the transfer
department. Both are worthy young
men and are destined to fill much
higher positions in the near future.
No further changes are expected to
take place in the freight offices.

PASSES WILL BE ABOLISHED.

New York, Oct. 9.—The committee
appointed by the Central Traffic asso-
ciation, the Western Passenger asso-
ciation and the Trunk Line associa-
tion one year ago has unanimously
reported that all passes should be
abolished, even the courtesy-passes
of one president of a road to another.
This action will be reported to the
associations for ratification. The
committee consists of W. N. New-
man, James McCrea, W. H. Truesdell
and S. M. Felton.

FIFTY YEARS IN THE CAB.

Over half a century in the cab of
a passenger train locomotive is the
record of John McCurdy, a Michigan
Central engineer, who has just re-
sumed his daily trips on the road.
His run is between Michigan City
and Jackson, 153 miles, the longest
division on the main line of the road,
and notwithstanding his seventy
years, Mr. McCurdy gets in and out
of the cab with the activity of a man
of thirty. He was born in New York
and went to Michigan when it was a
territory. Beginning work for the
Michigan Central April 1, 1846, he
has worked continuously for the same
company ever since. Not only does
he claim to be the oldest locomotive
engineer in the country, but he as-
serts also that, while on duty, he has
traveled more miles than any other
man that ever pulled a lever in an
engine cab. During the fifty years
Mr. McCurdy was on his present run
he made 20,000 trips over the road
and has hauled approximately 4,
000,000 people, and in all that time
he never had an accident. Mrs. Mc-
Curdy is also living and the old cou-
ple reside in Jackson alone, their
four children having died when they
were young.

ARE NOW ENGINEERS.

M. O. Grubb, C. G. Schuff, J. W.
Deltz, J. E. Miller, A. O. Street and
C. E. Grubb are now Nickel Plate en-
gineers. Last Wednesday The Sen-
tinel mentioned the fact that these
gentlemen had been notified to ap-
pear for examination and they suc-
cessfully passed both the mechanic
and book of rules tests and were at
once promoted.

LINE OFFICIALS HERE.

G. C. Kinslen, superintendent of
telegraph, and I. E. Thara, general
foreman of linemen of the Wabash,
are in the city looking after the ex-
tension of the line to Butler and the
renewal of that portion of it between
this city and New Haven. Engine
811, just out of the Richmond shops
and in the hands of Engine Tamer
Kraft, was engaged this morning in
distributing telegraph poles between
this city and New Haven for the new
lines.

HIS THUMB WAS MASHED.

In making a coupling at the east
yards Monday night Yard Brakeman
T. J. Ladig got his left thumb caught
in the rigging and it was mashed
badly up to the second joint. Ladig
will be in the hands of the company
surgeon several days and will not be
able to work for a week or two.

WABASH STOCKHOLDERS MEET.

The annual meeting of the Wabash
stockholders was held in Toledo yester-
day and the following directors were
elected: George J. Gould, Ed-
win Gould, Russell Sage, John T.
Terry, S. C. Reynolds and P. B.
Wyckoff. The following were elect-
ed to the debenture bondholders:
Ossian D. Ashley, Edgar T. Welles,
Thomas H. Hubbard, Francis Pay,

H. K. McHarg and Cyrus J. Law-
rence. These directors then selected
Joseph Ramsey, jr., as the thirteenth
member of the board, and, according
to the by-laws, the thirteenth mem-
ber of the board is the president of
the road. Today the stockholders
held a meeting in St. Louis for the
purpose of taking action upon some
important matters that have been up
for consideration for some time.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Nickel Plate Brakeman L. R. Stone
is off duty on account of sickness.

A. J. Huber, of the Pittsburg plan-
ing mills, is laying off to attend the
races.

After a week's illness Blacksmith
George Smith resumed work in the
Wabash shops.

Machinist Thomas Beals, of the
Pittsburg, was taken sick this morn-
ing and had to return to his home.

Bert Deardorf, clerk at the Pitts-
burg freight offices, is off duty on
account of the sickness of his wife.

Nickel Plate Fireman C. C. Schuff
has gone to Foresta to spend a few
days with his folks, who reside in
that city.

Brakeman J. C. Miller resumed
work on the Nickel Plate today after
a trip to Foresta, Ohio, to see his wife,
who was sick there.

In September the Indiana car serv-
ice bureau handled 31,350 cars, the
largest number of any month in the
history of the organization.

Nickel Plate Engineer James
Hughes is taking a lay off for the
purpose of attending to some private
business and attend the races.

D. F. Crawford and W. W. Todd
have returned from the east, where
business for the Pennsylvania com-
pany called them two or three days
ago.

Blacksmith Henry Eix, of the Wa-
bash shops, went to Peru this morn-
ing to enter the company's hospital
for treatment. He has been sick sev-
eral days.

A carload of machinery and sup-
plies, including an eighty-five-light
arc machine and seventy-five arc
lamps, left the electric works this
morning for Mt. Pleasant, Iowa.

Nickel Plate train No. 1 was late in
reaching the city yesterday on ac-
count of heavy travel. It had nine
cars and from Millers City was
hauled by two engines, Nos. 103 and
6.

The Order of Railway Clerks of
America, organized at Sedalia, Mo.,
a year ago, will hold its first annual
meeting at St. Louis, commencing Oc-
tober 21, and remaining in session
most of the week.

A. G. Rosenberg, C. M. Tindall and
C. F. Baum, Nickel Plate brakemen,
who had been off duty a few days,
reported for work yesterday. The
two latter were attending the Pan-
American exposition.

Walter Criss, a clerk in the Pitts-
burg freight house, was one of the
boarders at a Lewis street boarding
house who was made sick by eating
some unwholesome food. He is still
unable to be at his desk.

Conductor O. Pierce, of the Nickel
Plate, who has been assigned to ex-
tra runs out of Bellevue, has taken a
lay off in order that he might spend
the week in this city with his fam-
ily and attend the races.

On its excursion from Mackinac and
Petoskey yesterday the Grand Rapids
and Indiana road handled 998 people.
Most of the excursionists got off the
train before it reached Fort Wayne,
not over fifty stopping here.

Repairs upon the heating furnace
at the Wabash blacksmith shops
were completed last night and the
big steam hammer operated by John
Smith and his gang was placed in
operation again this morning.

Another new Richmond compound
engine, No. 813, arrived at the Wa-
bash roundhouse this morning and
was immediately taken in hand by
the machinists whose duty it is to
connect the parts and make the en-
gine ready for service.

The Order of Telegraphers will hold
its biennial convention in St. Louis
this week, commencing Thursday
morning. Delegates are already
gathering there and indications point
to a good meeting and a lively con-
test for some of the offices.

The decline of Pennsylvania stock
on 'change from 150 to 144 is be-
lieved to have been due to a certain
extent to the extension of the Wa-
bash to Pittsburg and the accom-
panying loss of business to the Pen-
sylvania such extension would bring
about.

Several passenger conductors were
dismissed on the Chicago and Eastern
Illinois road last week. No reason
was given for the dismissal and the
men say they have no idea of the
reason. Two of the number were
among the oldest conductors on the
road in time of service.

Supt. G. M. Bennett, of the Cincin-
nati and Muskingum Valley road, is
making the monthly trip over the
Fort Wayne road with the track in-
dicator car. He left Chicago at 1
o'clock this afternoon and will come
enst as far as Plymouth, where he
will remain over night, and then
continue the journey to this city.

It is announced that before the end
of the year sleeping cars will be
introduced by the Lake Shore Electric
company, operating an electric trol-
ley line running from Detroit to

Cleveland. This line is being ex-
tended with a view to ultimately
reaching Pittsburg. The first trial
of the sleeping cars will be on the line
between Detroit and Cleveland.

Herman Rodenbeck, son of Black-
smith Henry Rodenbeck, of the Bass
shops, is quite sick at the home of
the latter.

Al Hettler, of the Pittsburg car
machine shop, who was in Pennsyl-
vania a week, resumed his place in
the shops this morning.

C. Wybourn, a steamfitter, resumed
his duties in the east car shops this
morning. He was absent ten days on
account of the death of his child.

Fred Paul and W. E. Paul, father
and son, of the Pittsburg planing
mills, went to Adams county this
morning to attend the funeral of a
relative.

Dean Norris, stenographer at the
east shops, has been assigned to spe-
cial work in Master Mechanic R. Fitz-
patrick's office, which will keep him
employed three weeks.

Assistant Blacksmith Foreman J.
E. Rohling and Boilermaker J. W.
Baker, of the Pittsburg shops, went
to Lake James this morning for a
couple of days' fishing.

Machinist Charles Cook resigned
his position in the tool room at the
Pittsburg shops this morning for the
purpose, it is understood, of accept-
ing a position in another establish-
ment.

L. Schellhammer, H. C. Kammerer
and W. F. Krudop, of the Pittsburg
shops, are off duty on account of sick-
ness. Thomas Potter, F. J. Pool and
William Wartenbee are looking after
private matters.

The electric works added five or six
names to its pay rolls this morning,
but there is still a demand for skilled
workmen there. There appears to be
plenty of common laborers at pres-
ent, but mechanics are scarce.

Machinist John Casey, of the Bass
works, went to Wabash this morning
to help in the work of rebuilding a
steam plant. Robert Taylor, of the
same shop, went down there for the
same purpose several days ago.

Q. W. Lehman, whose wife died last
night, formerly worked in the
Pittsburg planing mills and was a
general favorite there. The news of
his bereavement caused general sor-
row at the shops this morning.

G. B. Crampton, editor of the Car-
roll Citizen, Delphi, Ind., called at
the Pittsburg this morning to see the
former Delphi citizens who are now
employed there. Mr. Crampton is
en route north on a fishing expedi-
tion.

Thomas Butler, of Columbus, Ohio,
this morning entered the Pennsyl-
vania shops in this city as an appren-
tice. The young man is a son of
Master Mechanic T. J. Butler, of the
Columbus shops of the Pennsylvania
company.

An overhead bridge across the Wa-
bash tracks near Peru was destroyed
by fire Monday night. The fire was
at its worst when passenger train 24
arrived at the scene and the train
could do nothing but wait until the
flames died from want of fuel, which
delayed the train over an hour. The
fire probably originated from a spark
from the engine.

Big windows are being cut into the
south wall of the boiler room at the
Pittsburg shops' power station for a
double purpose—to give light and to
facilitate the work of removing and
putting in the boiler flues whenever
necessary. There was scarcely room
sufficient for the latter purpose un-
der old conditions, but by removing
the windows in front of the boilers
there will be all the room required
hereafter.

As a means of livelihood, railroad-
ing is one of the best for ordinary
men, but few engaged in that work
obtain riches to a great extent. W.
H. H. Smith, who ran the first engine
on the New York Central road, and
who died recently, was an exception
to this rule, however. His savings
amounted to over \$100,000 and he
has willed it to twenty relatives.
After deducting a liberal cash bequest
each to the Onondago orphan asylum
and the hospital of the Good Shep-
herd.

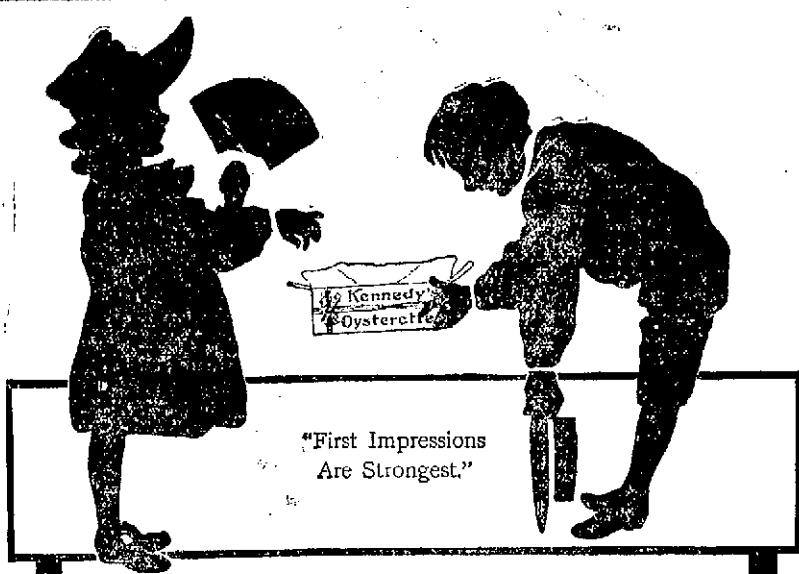
J. Murphy was the name of the
fireman who was killed by a burst-
ing water tube in a Pennsylvania lo-
comotive east of Crestline Monday,
as mentioned in The Sentinel yester-
day. Following the explosion the
cab was filled by steam and the en-
gineer could not see the fireman and
did not know he was injured for
awhile. When the steam cleared
away the engineer discovered that the
fireman was missing and stopped the
train. The man was found lying
dead by the tracks a few yards back.
The cut in the neck evidently caused
death from bleeding and the man
then fell from the cab through the
jar of the wheels. He was known to
the engineers who run into Crest-
line.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs.
Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your
children while cutting teeth. It is
the best remedy of all. May Bead & W.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

A lot on West Perry street (40x
150), near College street. Inquire
141 Griffith street. Aug 31-11

Red Ribbon Races tomorrow.



"First Impressions
Are Strongest."

Kennedy's Oysterettes

served with the Blue Points and Consommé will give
the guest a pleasant recollection of the feast.

Sold only in In-seal Patent Package. Price 5 cents.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

NEWS OF THE DIAMOND

New York participated in more tie
games than any other National league
club.

Brooklyn decided that Wee Willie
Proust wouldn't do and he has been
reserved for trial next season.

Jack Harper stands eleventh on the
National league list in pitching per-
centage. Harper pitched 31 games,
winning 19 and losing 12. Matthew-
son is fifteenth, with 20 games won
and 15 lost.

Frank Donnelly, formerly captain
of the Dayton and later with In-
dianapolis and Matthews, has decided
that he was cut out for a manager
and will have charge of the Little
Rock team of the Southern league
next season.

A. J. Watts, of Toledo, is endeavor-
ing to organize a new league, or
rather reorganize the old Inter-State,
and has called a meeting to be held
in Mansfield, Ohio, November 14th.
The towns in the proposed circuit are:
Mansfield, Sandusky, Youngstown,
Akron, Canton and Lima, Ohio, New
castle, Pa., and Marion, Ind. Fred
Brown, an old star, will head the
Lima club, while Marty Hogan will
manage the Marion team. The Watts
Bros. will have the Mansfield fran-
chise.

Manager Armour attached the gate re-
ceipts of the St. Louis-Cincinnati game
last Sunday on a claim of \$200 against
the Cardinals due, Armour claims, for the
release of pitcher Wicker. St. Louis paid
the Dayton manager \$200 on account and
Armour wants the rest of the cash right
away.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

\$1.50 TO GRAND
RAPIDS AND RETURN
Via G. R. & I. Ry.

Thursday Oct. 10" train
leaving Fort Wayne at
5:00 a. m. Returning
leave Grand Rapids at
7:00 p. m., or 11:00 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate or Personal Se-
curity. C. F. Pfeiffer, Rooms 6-7,
Bass Block.

You can buy here, and only here—
Read's Landdowns, all colors and
black, at \$1.10 yd.
Skinner's famous Satins, all colors,
(makes rich lining for garments), at
\$1.35 yard.
Genuine French Flannels in the
greatest variety, at 50c yd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

S30-and-12

Outdistanced all competitors
---the Eclipse 5c Cigar. Ask any
dealer for them. 914

FOR THE LADIES.

Just received, new styles and pat-
terns in ladies' cloths. Prices the
lowest. Fit guaranteed. G.
Schmidt, merchant tailor, 27 E. Ber-
ry street.

From the fabric
in the foundation
to the silk in the stitching

Wooltex
Fashion Fabrics

Garmets for Women
are made of the best material
that can be procured in any
part of the world.

Wooltex garments are sold in all the
latest styles at wonderfully reason-
able prices for all the leading
dealers. Ask to see them. If
your dealer can't supply you,
send in us for the "Wooltex
Fashion Book."

H. BLACK & CO.,
Cleveland, O.

JOHN RABUS,
TAILOR

Presents compliments of
the season and invites you
to call and examine

NEW
WOOLENS.

Kodak's M. JONES
125 W. WAYNE ST.

Here Are a Few of Our
Many Bargains.

4-piece Tea Set, \$5.00, worth \$10.00.
Eight-day Mantel Clocks, \$5.00, worth \$10.00.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold-filled Chains from \$1.00 up.
Solid Gold Rings from \$1.00 up.
Gents' Gold-filled Watches, with Elgin movements, \$10.
Ladies' Gold-filled Watches, with Elgin movements, \$7.50.
These goods are all warranted and made by reliable manu-
facturers. Get your prices before buying.

Entire Stock to Be Sold...
REGARDLESS OF COST
...In Order to Retire from Business.

P. Scherzinger,
Established 1865. 78 Calhoun Street.
LOOK FOR BIG SIGN IN FRONT OF STORE.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

FINE LINENS....

A wonderful array of linen goodness awaits you here. Great as has been the linen business of this store for years, our present showing beats all former records, both in quality and values. Certain it is that no such linen values have been offered before.

Fine table Damasks, in beautiful patterns, remarkably low priced—see the qualities at 75c, 85c, \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a yard.

Fine napkins to match all Damasks, priced from \$3.00 to \$6.00 a dozen. We make a specialty of fine sets. Just now our showing is superb.

Table cloths in all lengths with napkins to match, priced from \$5.00 to \$25.00 a set.

Damask doilies, tray cloths, scarfs and lunch cloths, in complete assortment, at right prices.

Women's Suits.

Style, the first consideration with dressy women, is embodied in every suit in our great stock. Then comes perfection of fit, workmanship and material. If you are looking for the best possible values, our exhibit will please you. Every day brings something new.

For \$10.00 we offer choice of forty suits in chevots, homespun, coverlets and Venetians, in ebon, tight-fitting and blouse jacket effects.

For \$15.00 your choice of fifty stylish suits, in chevots, broadcloths, Venetians and coverlets, in all the popular shades.

A special navy blue corduroy suit in shirt waist style, \$14.00 each.

Need a Blanket?

There is a chance here to buy and save. We are offering good, dependable blankets at prices that will interest you. We tell you just what our blankets are. If we say they are all wool, you can depend upon it. If they are part cotton, we tell you so. This is a safe place to buy.

More Attractive

Every day is our china and glassware department. Our showing of the newest things in dinnerware, from the best foreign and domestic makers, is most complete. The display of cut glass, bric-a-brac and art goods is exceedingly attractive.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

L. O. Hull, WALL PAPER

The Largest LINE. The Latest STYLES. The Lowest PRICES. See the GOODS. SURE to Please You.

90 Calhoun St.



LANDS FOR SALE In Allen County, Ind.

Good times have fully arrived and to continue, and I will now offer the list below, which is one-half of my lands in Allen County, Indiana, on long-time payments to suit the purchaser. Address, HENRY M. WILLIAMS, 24 East Wayne Street, opposite High School, Fort Wayne, Ind., or any real estate agent (commission 3 per cent.). Lists in other counties and states forwarded on request.

	Sec.	T.	R.	Acres.	Price.
S. W. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	27	30	15	40	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	10	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
E. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	3	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	8	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
E. 1/4 N. E. 1/4	13	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 N. E. 1/4	18	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
S. 1/4 N. W. 1/4	18	30	15	80	\$50 per acre.
N. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	18	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 N. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80	\$50 per acre.
N. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
S. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/4 N. W. 1/4	32	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
E. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	20	30	15	80	\$75 per acre.
W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	21	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
N. E. 1/4 N. E. 1/4	7	31	11	40	\$40 per acre.
N. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	4	31	11	80	\$50 per acre.
S. 1/4 S. W. 1/4	4	31	11	80	\$50 per acre.
N. W. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	9	31	11	40	\$30 per acre.

WILL GIVE A CONCERT.

The orchestra of Zion's Weather League, under the direction of Dr. A. Wermuth, will give a concert on Thanksgiving evening, and preparations for the event have already begun. The various committees selected by the league at its annual election Monday evening were:

House Committee—Ed Scheueman, Prof. William Bannhof, Prof. William Hahn.
Entertainment—Prof. E. A. Klein, A. Schrier, William Hahn, Fred Kiel, J. Malsch.
Membership—Charles Kuckuck, William Frauentender, Dr. A. Wermuth.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, 1901.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Editorial Rooms..... 650
Business Office..... 173

THE WEATHER.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Forecast for Indiana: Partly cloudy tonight; probably preceded by showers; Thursday fair and slightly cooler; southerly winds, becoming northwest.

LOCAL LINES.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Melching have gone to Buffalo.

Dr. and Mrs. N. C. Broward, of Garrett, visited in the city yesterday. Judge Waller Olds was at Huntington on professional business yesterday.

Arthur Tinkley has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Will Fisher at Kendallville.

The Typocane club will hold its regular monthly business meeting this evening.

Mrs. Carrie Schrader-Gesaman has gone to Flint, Mich., to attend a missionary convention.

Miss Fidelia Smith and Mrs. Boehringer, of Auburn, are visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Owen Hart and children are at Columbia City the guests of Capt. D. N. Hart and family.

C. B. Woodworth has gone to Terre Haute to attend the meeting of the state board of pharmacy.

Charles A. Phelps, president of the Newsboys' union, has recovered from a slight attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. M. C. Beck, of Albion, arrived in the city yesterday and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Prentiss, of Lakeside.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Brokaw, of Indianapolis, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gebhart, of Taylor street, have returned home.

Mrs. Anna Maguire has returned home after an extended visit in the east. Several weeks ago Mrs. Maguire was called to Cleveland by a telegram announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. Catherine Burck, of that city.

Friday evening Ben Hur court No. 15 will give an open meeting and entertainment at its hall in the I. O. O. F. block, at Wayne and Calhoun streets. Rev. A. S. Preston will deliver an address and Miss Page, a Columbia City reader, will be heard. Admission is by invitation.

THINK IT WAS PEACHES.

It is thought that poisoned peaches caused the illness of several boarders at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Flood, 25 West Lewis street, Sunday evening, and samples of the fruit, together with portions of other dishes eaten at the Sunday evening meal have been submitted to Dr. Macbeth for analysis. Suspicion rests on the fruit, however, as the boarders were ill in proportion to the amount of fruit they ate. Miss Bertha Medsker, a niece of Mr. Wood, was in a critical condition for a time, but is now recovering. Drs. E. J. McOscar and C. H. English yesterday decided to have analyzed the food partaken of Sunday evening, and Dr. Macbeth will probably make a report tomorrow. The gentlemen who board at the Flood residence are: Howard and John Monroe, Albert Hieck, Walter Criss, Mr. Hollinger and Mr. Holmeyer.

Races begin at 1 sharp tomorrow.

DUTTER, 18c.

EGGS, 18c DOZEN.

New Michigan Potatoes, 90c bush.
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 25c pk.
Nice Yellow Onions, 20c pk.
Small Sugar Cured Hams, 15c lb.
Small Picnic Hams, 11c lb.
Best Sugar Cured Bacon, 14c lb.
Kansas Flour, \$3.65 bbl.
Golden Wedding Flour, \$2.40 bbl.
All Best City Flour, \$3.50 bbl.
New Buckwheat Flour, 10-lb sks, 35c.
New Maple Syrup, 75c gallon.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

Edith W., the fastest mare in the world, goes in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

ATTENTION, BEN HUR.

All members of No. 15 are requested to meet at the Simpson church at 2 o'clock tomorrow to attend the funeral of Sister Castle. Street cars have been secured and will convey the members from the church to the cemetery.

ED EGGIMAN, Chief.

BARGAINS IN CHILD'S AND MISSES' SHOES.

We purchased a large lot of Child's, Children's and Misses' Shoes, Button and Lace, in Kangaroo Calif, \$1.25 shoe, our price, 80c.

WHITE FRUIT HOUSE.

1 Mile Run at the Red Ribbon Meet tomorrow.

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE

Deputies Sheriff Ryan and Daseler this morning arrested Jacob Wyle and James Gaylord on Harrison street, where they were found trying to dispose of a coop full of chickens and turkeys supposed to have been stolen in Whitley county. Yesterday morning Sheriff Gallagher, of Columbia City, telephoned Sheriff Stout that the two men named had got away with a lot of poultry and were probably headed for Fort Wayne. The men were readily spotted by the deputies and after their arrest Sheriff Gallagher was notified; he said he would be in on the first train to take the men back to Whitley county. Meantime the prisoners protest their innocence and say they can prove where they got every one of the birds they had.

David Krumlauf has commenced suit against James Krumlauf et al for partition of real estate.

Amelia Waterhouse has commenced proceedings against John Vanatta to establish a highway and also asks for an injunction.

The will of the late Lindley M. Hinde was admitted to probate this morning.

This is bill day at the commissioners' court.

E. S. Gesamin has commenced suit as administrator against David Heathman to recover personal property claimed to be at the disposal of the administrator. The case is on trial by jury in the circuit court.

William Thompson has qualified as executor of the will of the late Elizabeth Thompson.

The case of the state ex rel Celia Menowich vs. Charles Pleidner for bastardy will be tried in the circuit court before the jury tomorrow.

Sheriff Gallagher, of Columbia City, arrived in the city this afternoon to take charge of the men Wyle and Gaylord arrested this morning on a charge of chicken stealing.

THE INDIAN TROUBLES.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The annual report of Brigadier General H. H. C. Merriam, commanding the department of the Colorado, is devoted almost entirely to a recital of the small Indian troubles in that department during the past fiscal year. Only once were troops called out on that account, which was at the Utah and Ouray agencies in December, 1900, growing out of intrusions of white sheep herders upon Indian lands. On another occasion the military authorities were required to look into the complaints of the Arapahoe Indians near Fort Washackie. As a result of this last investigation, General Merriam recommended that the Indians be allowed to continue their sun dance, divested of barbarous features, and that some changes be made in the issue of rations and the supply of seed grain.

Races begin at 1 sharp tomorrow.

FREE!

Another beautiful Photo-Engraving with next Sunday's Chicago Inter-Ocean.
PHELPS & HADDON,
Special Agents,
16 Arcade.

Don't fail to pay your natural and artificial gas bills Tomorrow.

1 Mile Run at the Red Ribbon Meet tomorrow.

OUR TEAS ARE NEW AND OUR COFFEES ARE ALWAYS FRESH ROASTED.

Fresh Roasted Rio Coffee, 12c lb.
Fresh Roasted Rich Drink, 15c lb.
L. L. L. Java and Mocha Blend, 22c lb.
Holland Blend Java and Mocha, 25c lb.
Fine Flavored Young Hyson Tea, 50c lb.
New Season's Japan Tea, 50c lb.
Oolong or English Breakfast, 50c lb.
Quaker or Mother's Oats, 10c pkg.
New Pancake Flour, 10c pkg.
New Buckwheat Flour, 10c pkg.
Postum Cereal, 14c and 25c pkg.
GREATEST GROCERY CO.
Home Phones 315-366; Bell 378.

Edith W., the fastest mare in the world, goes in the free-for-all Pace tomorrow.

Judge S. A. Poers, of Angola, is in the city.

U. S. Stamps

Have placed a number of articles requiring more than one book on display in a room adjoining their show room, 140 Calhoun St. See what you can get for more books than one. Better premiums than ever for a book, half book or circular page.

Homes Furnished Complete.

Pay Weekly, Semi-Monthly or Monthly.

Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

...General House Outfitters...

31 E. Berry and 62 Clinton Streets.

Based on the principle of the "Golden Rule," "Do unto others as you would have others do unto you."

With honesty and liberality as its watchword, this People's store, the workingman's friend, has come to stay.

No goods sold here are poorly made to make an attractive price possible. Everything offered in our establishment is guaranteed. We challenge all competitors to equal quality and price for cash, and OFFER YOU ALL THE CREDIT YOU WANT without interest or extra charge.



COUCHES.



We have bought the entire sample line of a manufacturer pressed for cash, which we offer to the public for less than the cost to manufacture.

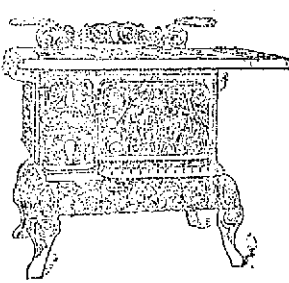
\$4.98 actual value \$10

Handsome Parlor Suits, Odd Divans, Corner Chairs and other fancy pieces at prices which defy competition AND ALL THE CREDIT YOU WANT.

We are sole agents for the renowned



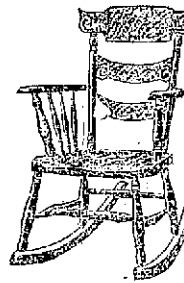
Novelty Stoves, Ranges and Heating Stoves.



Base Burners, Oaks and Oakling Hot Blasts in endless varieties. A better assortment never before shown with a guarantee for their baking and heating qualities.

An interminable variety of beautiful Rockers, Sideboards, Chiffoniers, Combination and Library Book Cases, Ladies' Writing Desks and Dressing Tables at prices within the reach of all AND ALL THE CREDIT YOU WANT.

Iron and Brass Trimmed Beds in the latest colors and designs. A large stock of Carpets always on hand at prices lower than the lowest.



Remember Your Credit is Good With Us.

Fort Wayne Outfitters Co.

31 East Berry and 62 Clinton Street.

Sweet Violets....

The first of the season.

American Beauties Roses and Carnations of all varieties.

Remember the loved ones at home with a box of Miss Fitch's choice flowers. Telephone and out-of-town orders receive prompt attention.

33 W. Berry St.

THE ALLEN COUNTY LOAN AND SAVING ASSOCIATION.

Opposite Postoffice.

PAY 1/2 Per Cent. Interest on stock.

LOANS MONEY

at Low Rates.

Is a friend to rich and poor.

Assets \$500,000

LADY MACCABEES, ATTENTION!

Members of Hive No. 6, I. O. T. M., will meet at the house, 159 East Creighton avenue, at 1 o'clock tomorrow, to attend the funeral of our deceased sister, Margaret Castle. Members of Hive No. 27 are invited to meet with us.

R. E. MELSHIMER, L. G.

Have never been beaten in the race for popularity---the Eclipse 5c Cigar. Sold everywhere. 914

LOWER RATES TO BUFFALO.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, beginning Oct. 5th, the Nickel Plate road will sell round trip tickets at one-half of the one way first-class limited fare. Return limit 5 days after day of sale. Inquire of nearest agent of the Nickel Plate road or C. A. Astorlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind. 03-th-tu-Sa

You can buy here, and only here---Read's Lamsdowns, all colors and black, at \$1.10 yd.
Sklaner's famous Satins, all colors, (makes rich lining for garments), at \$1.25 yard.
Genuine French Wannels in the greatest variety, at 50c yd.
THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
530-cod-tt

Be early at the track tomorrow.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.,

CAPITAL, \$200,000.00.

CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificates and bank deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

OFFICERS:

Henry C. Paul, President.
Samuel M. Foster, Vice President.
Andrew Hoffman, 2d Vice President.
Charles A. Wilding, Secretary.
William Paul, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel M. Foster, Andrew E. Hoffman
Charles S. Bush, John C. Peters
Gares W. Poley, William J. Vesey,
William E. Mossman, Louis Fox,
Henry C. Paul, John B. House,
Charles A. Wilding, David Stunshaker.

CITIZENS TRUST COMPANY,

Cor. Berry and Clinton Sts.

CAPITAL, \$200,000.00.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Deposits

One Dollar

AND UP.

LOANS—MADE ON farm and city property at low rates.

SAVINGS—FOR THE FUTURE.

MASONIC TEMPLE.....

One Week (Except Thursday).

COMMENCING MONDAY, OCT. 7.

The Keystone Dramatic Co.

Supporting
GERTRUDE SHIPMAN and
LAWRENCE B. MCGILL.
Famous Scenic Plays.
Prices 10c, 20c, 30c. Matinees
Wednesday and Saturday.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

The Season's Dramatic Treat.

Thursday, Oct. 10.

Leo Ditrichstein's New Modern Play

of Life and Love in Austria.

The LAST ..APPEAL

ALL STAR CAST.

Robert Drouet, Kate Hasselt,
John Glendinning, Anne Sutherland,
Frank Mordant, Eleanor Carey,
Geo. C. Boniface, Mrs. Glendinning,
Edwin Brandt, Nancy Page,
E. W. Morrison, Myrtle Vinson,
Macey Harlam, J. C. Fenton,
Robert C. Turner, Guy Wentworth,
And Others.

SUPERB SCENES!

GORGEOUS COSTUMES!

Prices \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c and 50c.

Sent sale Tuesday, October 8.

JAVAY

LOOKING INTO IT...



Always reveals some little item worn out or perhaps missing in your tool chest.

Time is money and the tools which save minutes will save you their cost in a short while. The tools we sell save you time, because they can be depended upon. They will be found everything that the most exacting workman could expect. Practical tools for doing the practical work of practical mechanics. They are made of the very best materials, in the best way, and their prices are just right, because we believe in buying and selling tools so as to keep your trade as long as we stay in business—at prices our customers think they ought to pay.

BOY PHONES JAVAY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE
149 N. 1st St. W. MAIN ST. R.

KIDNAPERS HELD

PHILADELPHIA MEN BOUND
OVER TO COURT.

ABDUCTED A DIVE-KEEPER

MRS. GOODRICH ROBBED AND
BLACKMAILED.

NEWSPAPER MEN IN THE PLOT

PENALTY FOR KIDNAPING IS
LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

Philadelphia, Oct. 7.—Charged with abducting and robbing Mabel Goodrich, the proprietress of a disreputable establishment, Howard K. Sloan, Henry E. Wallace, D. Knight Finlay and Oscar S. Dunlap were today brought before a magistrate and committed without bail for a further hearing next Monday. Sloan is an unemployed newspaper reporter, Wallace was a society reporter for the Press, Finlay was employed in the business department of the North American as a stenographer, and Dunlap is a barber. The quartet was arrested Saturday on warrants sworn out by Mrs. Goodrich. The woman was the first witness against the prisoners, and identified each of them. She then told the remarkable story of her abduction, confinement and robbery. She concluded her testimony by stating that she was robbed of her jewelry, valued at \$2,500, and cash amounting to \$70, and was forced to sign checks for \$500. After a check of \$155 had been cashed she was released, she said.

Detective Donahy related the story of the arrest of the prisoners and stated that all had confessed. Dunlap, he said, told him that his purpose was to assist Sloan in placing Mrs. Goodrich in the hands of the law and order society. He had not been told of the intention to rob the woman. Wallace was the only prisoner to testify. He said Sloan had suggested to him the plan by which Mrs. Goodrich was to be abducted in the interest of the law and order society, which organization would reward them for their services. Later Wallace and Sloan made the proposition to rob the woman. Wallace refused to become a party to the robbery, he declared, and said further that he did not see Sloan from that time until the day of his arrest.

In answer to questions Wallace said the suggestion to capture Mrs. Goodrich for the law and order society was also made by another newspaper man. The latter has not been arrested.

Counsel for Mrs. Goodrich asked that the prisoners be held on charges of conspiracy, highway robbery, assault and battery and kidnapping. This was done, excepting in the case of Wallace, who was held for conspiracy and kidnapping, the penalty for which, as counsel announced, is life imprisonment.

QUARANTINED FOR EXPOSURE.

Dr. MacBeth, city health commissioner, was Sunday notified that Mrs. Btta Lincoln, of 48 Lillie street, had been exposed to smallpox, and the house has accordingly been quarantined. The information was given to County Health Officer Proegler by Dr. H. F. Costello, secretary of the board of health of Adams county. It appears that Mrs. Lincoln has been a visitor at the home of John Helen, a farmer in St. Mary's township, Adams county, where a case of smallpox existed. When Mrs. Lincoln broke the quarantine in Adams county and returned to her home in Fort Wayne, the Allen county health officer was promptly notified and the consequence is the quarantine on the Lillie street house. No case of smallpox has been brought to this county, and if the health officers can prevent it none will be developed. The quarantine will be maintained until all danger is passed.

BOUND OVER FOR FORGERY.

Harry Gray, employed on the Wabash extension, building near Maysville, was paid off by his employer, Contractor Jackson, last Saturday. He received in pay a check on the Hamilton bank for \$15.70, which he had cashed in Maysville. He came to town and soon separated himself from his money. He was then seized with a bright idea. He immediately put it into execution and made out a check, signing Contractor Jackson's name, but unfortunately getting the initials of the clerk who was empowered to sign checks and who had signed the first one mixed. His ar-

rest followed. At police court on Monday he put up a powerful bluff and wanted to get a whole lot of people arrested who had said anything about him. Later, when Mr. Jackson appeared on the scene, he wilted and withdrew his plea of not guilty. At the preliminary before Judge Louttit, held that afternoon, he pleaded guilty and was bound over to the circuit court in the sum of \$1,000, in default of which he was remanded to jail.

ARM BLOWN OFF.

Henry Treece, residing about two miles east of the city, lost his left arm as the result of an accident while out hunting Sunday. Treece was taking his gun from the buggy, grasping it by the barrel, when the trigger caught and the entire charge entered his arm at the elbow. The man was brought to Hope hospital, where it was found that the arm was so shattered that amputation was necessary.

CONGRESSMAN ROBINSON ILL.

HE IS SUFFERING FROM TY-
PHOID FEVER.

Was Prostrated Several Days Ago,
But His Condition is Re-
garded Hopefully.

Hon. J. M. Robinson, congressman from the Twelfth district, is quite ill at his home on East Main street. Mr. Robinson is suffering from an attack of typhoid fever, by which he was prostrated several days ago. His attending physician, Dr. L. P. Drayer, stated today, however, that Congressman Robinson's illness did not yet show indications of an alarmingly severe character and he was inclined to regard the case very hopefully, though the patient will most certainly be confined to his home for several weeks.

Ever since the adjournment of congress there has been an almost continuous demand upon the time of Congressman Robinson and he has had very little rest since returning from the capital. He has traveled extensively over the district, making numerous addresses and attending picnics and other gatherings. Though not feeling at his best for several weeks, Mr. Robinson kept tirelessly at his work until prostrated by the present attack.

CAPT. CONNELL WARNED.

Manila, Oct. 7.—Major Morris C. Foote, of the Ninth United States infantry, who has returned here from the island of Samar, was in Balangiga the day before the disaster to company C. He says that Captain Connell had been fully warned and had taken what he (Major Foote) considered every necessary precaution. Information that a plot was brewing among the Filipinos came to Major Foote from a priest, who said that it was in the plans of the populace at both Balangiga and Bassy to attack the garrisons, and that the Bassy garrison was to be attacked from a cock pit in the rear of the barracks. Orders were immediately given to demolish the cock pit and extra guards were stationed.

WILL CHALLENGE AGAIN.

New York, Oct. 7.—Sir Thomas Lipton has given the first intimation that he would challenge again for the America's cup, says the Herald. "You may say for me," said he, "that if the cup is to leave this country I am determined to have it." From saying more than this Sir Thomas wished to be excused.

Mr. George L. Watson, the designer of the Shamrock II, had left the Erin only a few minutes before Sir Thomas made this announcement. If Sir Thomas does not issue a challenge for a race next year it is not unlikely that there may be a race. It is reported that the emperor of Germany is considering the matter of challenging for the America's cup. There is talk of others also issuing challenges.

INJURIES ARE FATAL.

Columbia City, Ind., Oct. 7.—Ervin Kneller, 18 years of age, while feeding a threshing machine on the farm of Jacob S. Schrader, near this city, Saturday morning, slipped and fell into the mouth of the machine. His left arm and shoulder were crushed to a pulp and physicians have no hope of his recovery.

W. A. Butler has resigned his position as traveling salesman for the Fox branch of the National Biscuit company, and will engage in business for himself at Van Wert.

BODY IN A SACK

MURDER MYSTERY COMES TO
LIGHT IN NEW YORK.

SMALL BOY IS FOUND DEAD

BODY DEPOSITED IN A SACK IN
AN AREA-WAY.

SON OF A MULATTO WOMAN

MAN NOW UNDER ARREST ON
SUSPICION.

New York, Oct. 7.—What may turn out to be a murder mystery was discovered this morning when the body of a 6-year-old boy was found in an area-way at 361 West Twenty-second street.

The body was identified by Sidney Ryan, a cook, of 300 West Twenty-first street, as that of his son Albert. Ryan said that the last time he had seen the boy alive was yesterday at 4 o'clock when he was playing on the street in front of his home. He said he knew of no reason why his son should have been killed, as the family had no enemy.

The body was clothed only in a pair of light cotton drawers, but beside the body was a number of garments, which evidently had belonged to the lad. Except for a laceration on the boy's abdomen there were no marks of violence on the body.

The clothing found in the bag with the boy consisted of a pair of blue serge knee pants, blue sailor cap with the crown projecting over the sides, a white linen waist, pair of lace shoes without heels, two pairs of black stockings and a black silk belt lined with white silk and having a metal buckle which when joined represented a pair of golf sticks.

In the front of the cap in gold lace is an emblem of a ship on either side of which are the letters "U. S." The body was in a burlap bag when it was found. The police believe the child was murdered and that the body was being carried to the river when it became too heavy and was in a number of similar cases was deposited in the most convenient place. The body was placed in the bag in an upright position. An autopsy will be performed.

It was learned by the police that the boy was the son of a mulatto woman named Robinson who lived with Ryan as his wife, but Ryan was not the father. The mother was taken to the morgue, where she identified the body and said the boy was her son, Albert Robinson. She became hysterical and said she wanted to kill herself.

Alonzo Watson, a waiter, whose mother is janitress of the tenement where Ryan lives, was arrested on suspicion that he knew something of the boy's death.

WERE SCARED AWAY.

Two burglars were frightened away before they were successful in forcing an entrance into the residence of John Carl, the cigar merchant, at 9 Chestnut street, Sunday evening. The family was absent from home, but a crowd of boys playing in the street near by saw two men upon the porch of the Carl home, attempting to pry up a window. The lads gave the alarm and almost at the same instant the electric lights were turned on at the street car barns across the street, lighting up the vicinity brilliantly. The burglars hurriedly escaped through the rear of the premises. The window shows evidence of having been tampered with.

WORK ON SOUTHWESTERN.

(Huntington Democrat.)
L. A. Shutt, the contractor, reports that the work of laying brick on the interurban car barn is completed. R. D. Shutt says that the work of grading for the right of way on the Fort Wayne and Southwestern from this city to Wabash will begin Tuesday.

DIED FROM INJURIES.

Kendallville, Ind., Oct. 7.—Robert Wibright, the rider who was thrown in a running race at the Kendallville fair Thursday evening, is dead as the result of his injuries. Wibright was twenty years of age and his remains have been shipped to New London, Ohio, for interment.

BIG YIELD OF BEETS.

The experimental crop of ten acres of sugar beets planted upon the farm

of the state institution this year is now almost ready for the harvest, and Superintendent Johnson says the yield will be very large—more than fifteen tons to the acre. Samples of the beets have been forwarded to the best sugar factory for analysis, and if the expected per cent of sugar is shown there will be no further doubt of the practicability of sugar beet raising in Allen county. About 150 acres were planted to the beets in this county this year.

FOUR DEAD; FOUR WOUNDED

A KENTUCKY RUED PRODUCES
WHOLESALE RESULTS.

Virginia Morgans and Tennessee
Chadwells Engage in a Fierce
Sunday Battle.

Middlesboro, Ky., Oct. 7.—A feudal fight, in which four were killed and four wounded, occurred yesterday at the Big Springs Union Baptist church, over the Tennessee line. The killed:

Tip Chadwell.
James Chadwell.
Rush Morgan.
Henry Morgan.
The wounded:
Henry Overstreet, mortally;
Jones, mortally; Morgan, leg broken; Joe Moberly, flesh wound.

The feud has existed between the Virginia Morgans and the Tennessee Chadwells since the civil war. Since then thirty Morgans and forty Chadwells have been killed in the numerous fights that have taken place.

DEVOTION OF THE ROSARY.

The devotion of the rosary will be observed in the Catholic church this month and some evening during the week a service will be held in each church, when the rosary and litany of the Blessed Virgin will be recited, followed by the benediction. The October devotions are as follows: From the first day of October to the second day of November following five decades of the rosary and the litany of the Blessed Virgin (adding after the litany the prayer of St. Joseph, ordered by the holy father to be recited at the October devotions) shall be recited daily in all parochial churches and in private chapels dedicated to the Mother of God and in all such churches as the ordinary may designate. If these devotions take place in the morning the prayers are to be said during the mass. The words of the decree of the S. C. R. are "Sacrum inter preces peregratur." The prayers are to be said not before or after the mass, but during the mass. If said in the afternoon or evening the blessed sacrament should be exposed and benediction given. Wherever the civil law permits it the Solemnities of the Most Holy Rosary should make the devotion with solemn procession in public. Special indulgences are attached to the devout performance of the above exercises.

THE BROOKLYN'S STEAMING.
Captain Folger was then excused and Lieutenant Dyson was called. He was questioned by Captain Lemly concerning the steaming condition of the Brooklyn the day of the naval battle.

He described the Brooklyn's equipment of engines and said that on the morning of the 3rd of July both forward engines were uncoupled and fires were banked under three of the five main boilers. It took some time to get the fires started under the "dead" boilers. The witness detailed from the log of the Brooklyn all that was done to get up steam. He said that the Oregon had got up speed equal to the Brooklyn. He called attention to the fact that the New York had made sixteen or seventeen knots speed on the day of the battle. In response to questions from Captain Parker he said that this New York had not her engines coupled on the day of the battle and that the Brooklyn had made all the speed necessary.

HODGSON EXPLAINS.

Lieutenant Dyson was excused and Lieutenant Commander Hodgson, navigating officer of the Brooklyn, was recalled to correct errors in his testimony as printed in the official record. He said he desired to alter his reply to the question yesterday as to why he had designated as a "liar and a blackguard" the editor of a newspaper which had originally printed the alleged colloquy between himself and Commodore Schley. He was sorry, he said, that he so far forgot himself as to write such an intemperate letter. He did not accuse the paper of lying for printing that statement, but because it had represented Commodore Schley as displaying trepidation and cowardice in the battle and taking the Brooklyn and running away from the fight, and because it had wished to detract from the credit of Commodore Schley for his part in that battle, and because the paper sought also to detract from the credit of all the officers of the Brooklyn who took part in the battle.

COMMANDER WAINWRIGHT.

Commander Wainwright, who commanded the converted yacht Gloucester in the battle of Santiago and who fearlessly attacked and helped to destroy the Spanish torpedo boats Pluton and Furor, was called. The witness said he had been a member and latterly senior member of the board which had officially acted in making the chart showing the positions of the American and Spanish ships at Santiago. The witness told

Mrs. Oliver W. Lehman, of Hoagland avenue, is critically ill from acute diabetes.

CHART INCORRECT

PLACES OF SHIPS IN FIGHT
WRONGLY SHOWN.

WAINWRIGHT ADMITS THAT

SAYS CHART, HOWEVER, WAS
BEST POSSIBLE.

HODGSON EXPLAINS WORDS

NEWSPAPER WAS TRADUCING
BRAVE MEN.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Commander Richard Wainwright testified before the Schley court today that the chart showing the positions of the Brooklyn and the Texas in the Santiago battle was incorrect. He said that he was never satisfied with it. It was a compromise of the opinions of the navigating officers of the vessels of the American fleet, he said.

CAPTAIN FOLGER RECALLED.

The proceedings of the day began by the recall of Capt. W. M. Folger for the purpose of correcting his testimony of yesterday. Advantage was taken of his presence to ask him further questions concerning the blockade of Santiago.

Among other questions he was asked by Captain Lemly if he had had any conversation with Commodore Schley during the blockade.

The witness said toward the evening of one of the days, the 30th, there was a prolonged and severe rain storm, so severe he feared Cervena had gotten out, as it was sufficiently to have permitted it. Next day he went aboard Admiral Schley's flagship to tell him what he had seen of the blockade kept by the Japanese at Wei-Wei. He suggested adoption of Japanese tactics of forming a circle directly in front of the harbor. The witness said he could not testify exactly as to Admiral Schley's reply, but in substance he did not agree with the necessity of it. The witness maintained his belief as to the state of the weather, notwithstanding its disagreement with the log of the New Orleans for that date.

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how conclusions were reached by that board.

Commander Wainwright admitted that the chart was incorrect, that it had been made by getting the opinion of each navigator concerning the position of his ship at different times, and that the final decision of the board was to get these opinions reconciled as near as possible. He said in response to a question by Mr. Raynor that he did not consider the places assigned to the Brooklyn and the Texas while the former was making her famous loop as correct. "For myself," he said, "I was never satisfied with the positions assigned." He said that while the board had done the best it could at the time, it had not satisfied any member, and it was all they could do to get them to sign the report. The witness said he did not see the Brooklyn and the Texas at the commencement of the battle and did not see any orders signaled by the Brooklyn during the battle, but said this did not mean that no orders were given by signal from the Brooklyn. He said he did not see any of the Spanish vessels change her course to the southward as if intending to ram the Brooklyn. Commander Wainwright was then excused and Lieut. M. L. Bristol, former watch and division officer of the Texas, was called. He had only related the arrival of the Texas at Cienfuegos and detailed conditions there when the court took a recess for luncheon.

At the afternoon session of the court Lieutenant Bristol detailed his view of many events around Santiago, especially the blockade and the reconnaissance of the Spanish land batteries, whose weakness he said had been developed. He gave a description of the battle and the chase of the Colon. He said that at the end of the chase the Brooklyn was ahead of the Oregon.

DISCUSS STATE CHARITIES

CONFERENCE AT SOUTH BEND
NEXT WEEK.

Fort Wayne People Have a Prominent
Place Upon Program of
the Meeting.

Fort Wayne people will occupy a prominent place upon the program of the state conference of charities and corrections which is to be held at South Bend October 15, 16 and 17. The attendance will be made up largely of those who are interested in all forms of public and private charities, in the care of children, aged or unfortunate persons or reforming the erring or restraining the vicious.

Hon. T. E. Ellison, who is president of the board, will deliver his annual address on Tuesday evening. E. A. K. Hackett is a member of the executive committee; Mrs. Mary R. Harper of the committee on state charities; Mrs. Helen Guild of the committee on city charities; Mrs. Ida M. Overmeyer and Rev. B. T. Borg of the committee on juvenile charities. Alexander Johnson, of the school for feeble minded, will deliver an address at the meeting.

About \$2,000,000 of taxes are spent each year in Indiana in maintaining charitable and correctional institutions and in poor relief given by township trustees. It is expected that the discussions at the coming conference will indicate how this money is spent, why it is spent, how it can be reduced in amount and how it can be expended to the best advantage.

FIRE ENGINES DELAYED.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 7.—Fire swept through half a block of frame and brick buildings in South Chicago early today, causing a loss in the neighborhood of \$50,000. The rapid spread of the flames was due largely to the delay to a number of fire engines by broken bridges over the Calumet river. Nine buildings were burned. Of these one was a three-story brick and six residences, the occupants of which were driven into the streets in night attire.

E. H. GREEN IS DYING.

Burlington, Vt., Oct. 7.—Edward H. Green, husband of Hetty Green, who is ill with a severe attack of inflammation of the kidneys at his home at Bellows Falls, cannot recover. His physicians say he may linger several days. Mrs. Green, her son and daughter have been in constant attendance.

WELL KNOWN EDITOR DEAD.

New York, Oct. 7.—William O. Eckman, a former newspaper man and magazine editor, sixty years of age, is dead, the result of apoplexy.

OF MANY MURDERS

A WOMAN IN DAYTON, OHIO, IS
ACCUSED.

WIDOW WITWER IS ARRESTED

DEATH OF FOURTEEN PERSONS
LAID AT HER DOOR.

WAS MANY TIMES MARRIED

HUSBANDS AND CHILDREN HER
VICTIMS.

Dayton, Ohio, Oct. 7.—Mrs. A. K. Witwer, a widow residing in this city, has been arrested by the police at the instigation of the coroner and is held a prisoner at the central station pending an investigation into very serious charges. Mrs. Witwer, the police say, is suspected of fourteen murders, the list including four husbands, five children, one sister and four members of different families in which she was employed as housekeeper.

The last supposed victim was her sister, Mrs. Anna Pugh, who died a week ago under mysterious circumstances.

An autopsy performed at the request of Mrs. Witwer's mother, who came here from Detroit, is said to have disclosed the presence of arsenic and copperas in the stomach.

Following closely upon the death of her first husband, Fred Schweger, came, according to the police department data, the death of two children.

The second husband died suddenly several years after the wedding and the children of this marriage died in rapid succession. Her last husband, A. K. Witwer, died last April. In each instance death was somewhat sudden and all were strangely alike.

The prisoner is forty-seven years of age and formerly lived in Middletown, this state. She has two sons in the Philippines and a sister, it is stated, in a New York asylum. No conceivable motive for the suspected crimes has been disclosed. Drugs which were found in the house occupied by Mrs. Witwer, are in possession of the police and will be examined.

The third husband of Mrs. Witwer was William Stowe, who died at Middletown with symptoms, it is stated, of arsenical poisoning. Mr. Stowe's death was investigated by the coroner but without result. Shortly after Mr. Stowe's death Mrs. Witwer came to Dayton and became housekeeper for Charles K. Keller, a widower.

Keller died suddenly and the information since gained by the coroner concerning Keller's death is that his ailment was similar to that of a person affected by poison. Mrs. Witwer next acted as housekeeper for John A. Wenz, a druggist. In July, last year, Wenz's four-year-old son suddenly died, and two months later Wenz died. The doctors attributed Wenz's death to blood poisoning, but now tell the coroner they were dissatisfied with their diagnosis at the time. Mrs. Stowe then went to live with a Mr. and Mrs. Gabler, on Best street, Riverside. These two persons died suddenly and the coroner now says their sickness was of the nature of arsenical poisoning.

WHY DR. DEDRICK RESIGNED.

New York, Oct. 7.—A Halifax special to the Journal and Advertiser gives the following story of the cause of the trouble between Robert E. Peary and Dr. Thomas S. Dedrick, as told by Capt. Jos. Blakney, of the Peary relief steamship Erik: "Dr. Dedrick wished to have command of the Windward during Mr. Peary's absence. Mr. Peary refused to grant this request and soon after the doctor tendered his resignation. The resignation was promptly accepted, and the members of the party considered this acceptance a surprise to Dr. Dedrick."

SECRETARY HAY BETTER.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The secretary of state is expected to return next week from his much interrupted vacation, greatly improved in health and ready for the winter's work. He is to receive the degree of doctor of laws at New Haven on the occasion of the Yale bi-centenary. When asked, the other day, if there was any truth in the statement attributed to Secretary Gage that Mr. Hay was soon to retire from the cabinet, he replied that he was sure Mr. Gage had said nothing of the sort.

Samuel Chaska is recovering from a severe attack of pneumonia.

WOE FOR REBELS

WAR IN SAMAR TO BE PRESSED WITH VIGOR.

PREPARATIONS GO FORWARD

PURSUIT OF THE INSURGENTS IS UNDER WAY.

A REPORT FROM CHAFFEE

NAMES OF SURVIVORS OF COMPANY C NOT LEARNED.

Washington, Oct. 5.—Last advices from the Philippines indicate the military authorities intend to take prompt and vigorous measures for the suppression of the insurrection in the Island of Samar and that attention will be directed first to the summary punishment of the treacherous natives who took part in the massacre of Company C, of the Ninth infantry, at Balangiga.

There is, therefore, every prospect that the island of Samar will be the theater of active hostilities for some time to come, as it is the purpose of General Chaffee to teach the rebellious inhabitants a lesson and force them to respect the power and sovereignty of the United States.

By direction of Adjutant General Corbin a report has been prepared at the war department briefly describing the island and its inhabitants, the military operations that already have taken place there for the pacification of the people and the establishment of good order and government.

This report is of timely interest in view of the aggressive military policy to be observed toward such of the natives as are disposed still to resist the authority of the United States.

Washington, Oct. 5.—In the last mail report of General Kobbe, department commander, he says that upon the arrival of the Eleventh infantry from the United States, two companies of the First infantry in the Island of Leyte will be moved to Samar, which island will then be occupied by the Third squadron, Ninth cavalry two squadrons of the Tenth cavalry, the entire First infantry and two battalions of the Ninth infantry. Samar has been added to the military department of the Visayas and the department commander is now there in person directing the operations against the insurgents, but no report of these recent operations has been received at the war department.

GIVE DETAILS OF SLAUGHTER.

Washington, Oct. 5.—The war department has received the following dispatch from General Chaffee, dated at Manila, giving further details of the disastrous attack on the Ninth regiment:

"Manila, Oct. 4.—Adjutant General, Washington, D. C.: Have the following messages from those who escaped at Balangiga: 'Sept. 29 while at breakfast 6:45 morning company was attacked at signal ringing convent bells by about 450 bolomen, 200 from rear quarters, 200 front simultaneously attack officers' quarters. Company completely surprised. Part attacking front gained possession arms. Fight ensued for them, in which most men met death in messroom in rear. Enemy beaten off temporarily by about twenty-five men, who gained their arms. Sergeant Preton assumed command, endeavored collect men, leave in boats, reattacked by enemy.

"Strength command, three officers, seventy-two men. Killed, three officers, forty enlisted men; missing, six; wounded, thirteen; present, thirteen. Party attacking officers in convent entered through church, large numbers led by presidente. Probably 101 rifles with company, twenty-six saved, fifteen of lost (rifles), bolts drawn, 25,000 ammunition lost. Ninety-five prisoners outside Cuartel joined in attack at signal. Boat of missing men captured. Captain Bookmiller may pick up men.

"Lieut. James P. Drouillard, 'Ninth Infantry'

"Sept. 30.—Have returned to Balangiga. Drouillard explains conditions correctly. Landed yesterday, inhabitants deserted town, firing one shot. Buried three officers, twenty-nine men, number bodies burned, quarters buildings fired as we entered. Secured or destroyed most of rations. All ordnance gone. Insurgents secured fifty-seven serviceable rifles, 28,000 cartridges, forty-eight men of company C, Ninth infantry, and one hospital corps man killed or missing, twenty-eight men accounted for, found two in boat en route here. Buried dead, burned down, returned to Basey. Captain Bookmiller, 'Ninth Infantry.'

"De Russy has sent strong company to chastise savages if found.

"Hughes."

"No other details. Names killed

to be determined by elimination of survivors as soon as possible. June muster roll probably latest evidence to be had.

De Russy is the colonel of the Eleventh regiment, stationed near the scene of the attack. The muster roll referred to already has been published.

BRITISH NEED WAR FUNDS.

London, Oct. 5.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, denies that parliament will meet this autumn to provide more money for the prosecution of the war in South Africa. Nevertheless, at the present rate of expenditure, the deficit for the fiscal year will be £69,724,000, while the sixty millions of new consols, with which it was expected to meet the deficit, realized at 94½, £56,700,000, leaving a new deficit, which must be provided for by fresh appropriations of £13,000,000. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach doubtless considers that prompt action by parliament in January will take care of the deficit. The archbishop of Yorkshire proposing a day of national humiliation because of the slow success of British arms and of penitence for national sins has been received with astonishment, especially as he openly suggests therein imitation of the Boers, who proclaimed August 9 as a day of humiliation. The archbishop quotes the Boer proclamation in full for the edification of the British clergy. "It is easy," he says, "and not uncommon to denounce these people as hypocrites and to laugh to scorn their open bibles and meetings for prayer. If, without hypocrisy, we had long ago taken a similar course, it might have fared better with us there than it has done."

WAS GUEST OF CARNEGIE.

John Ross McCulloch, who is making a tour of Scotland, writes his father relating a very pleasant experience with Andrew Carnegie, the steel king. Mr. McCulloch, who is making his tour partly a wheel, was seeking the road to Dornoch, the old home of his great-grandfather, and accidentally came upon Mr. Carnegie and Hon. Andrew D. White, former United States minister to Germany, who were upon the golf links of the former. Yielding to repeated invitations Mr. McCulloch became the guest of Mr. Carnegie at lunch at Skibo castle and was delighted with the charming personality of Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie.

HELD FOR WIFE DESERTION.

Marion, Ind., Oct. 5.—Lee M. Chainfelter, assistant quartermaster of the national military home, was arrested here yesterday and placed in jail on the charge of desertion, preferred by his second wife. Chainfelter was married in Key West, Fla., left his wife and went to South America. He then went to California and from there to Marion. He married a rich widow here. He states that he heard that his first wife was dead, but since he married the second time learned his former wife was still living.

FOUR GIRLS WON FIGHT.

Bluffton, Ind., Oct. 5.—Dry goods, clothing, boot and shoe and notion stores in Bluffton will close at 6 o'clock beginning next Monday evening. The proposition for early closing has been under way for some time, but it was unsuccessful until four young ladies—the Misses Follis, Krill, Nettie Spencer, Jessie Follis and Hattie Gutelius—made a canvass of the stores and secured the proprietors signatures to the agreement.

INCREASE IN ATTENDANCE.

The total enrollment in the public schools for September shows an increase of 322 over last year. The attendance is divided as in the appended report:

High school 353

Grammar schools 1,714

Primary schools 2,762

Kindergartens 103

Training classes 18

..... 5,040

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John M. Carl and Minnie Weil. Carl J. Harding and Carrie Metz. Jesse L. Buckman and Claudina V. Jackson.

Joseph Schaefer and Catherine Klug.

Noa Weber and Maria L. Stockman.

Loran Bickel and Lizzie Wolverton.

Ernst Linhardt and Minnie Lindenberg.

Gottlieb Heine and Etta Littleton.

Eugene R. Schnelker and Rosella M. Neuffer.

Joseph S. Courlardot and Louisa Oberly.

Joseph L. Contardot and Louisa Oberly.

Eugene R. Schnelker and Rosella M. Neuffer.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Ferguson—a son.

THANKS HIS MEN

SIR THOMAS PAYS TRIBUTE TO SHAMROCK'S CREW.

SAYS THEIR WORK WAS LOYAL

VICTORIOUS COLUMBIA TAKEN TO CITY ISLAND.

IS GIVEN A GRAND OVATION

TALK OF FURTHER RACING IS NOT CONFIRMED.

New York, Oct. 5.—Sir Thomas Lipton went on board the Shamrock today and ordering Captain Sycamore to muster the crew, he addressed them, thanking them for their loyal work throughout the races. He complimented them on their steady behavior. The mainsail was unbent and the yacht prepared for her trip to the anchorage off Thirty-fifth street, North river, this afternoon.

The Columbia was taken to City island today. Her trip up the East river was a continuous ovation from the scores of vessels from the ocean liners down to the smallest tug and the passengers on the ferry boats cheered her heartily as they went by. The demonstration was particularly marked as the Columbia passed the anchorage of the New York Yacht club at the foot of East Twenty-third street, where thirty or more vessels belonging to members of the club were moored.

At the New York Yacht club Secretary Oddie said today that all the business of the various committees had been completed and there was no necessity for them to meet again. Beyond the reception to Sir Thomas Lipton at the yacht club on Tuesday no arrangements for his entertainment had been made. Asked if there was any truth in the rumor that the boats' crews would be exchanged and a new series of races sailed under those conditions, Mr. Oddie said that he did not know of any such arrangement and did not think there was one.

LOCAL LINES.

A case of scarlet fever is reported from 39 Sherman street.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. W. La-thorp, of 64 Boone street—a daughter.

Two gray horses, evidently strays, were stabled across from the jail by the police Sunday night.

Rev. L. J. Molschman has returned from St. Joe and Spencer, where he delivered his lecture on "Boys Becoming Men."

DeForest Little, a student at the International Business college, has been appointed substitute clerk at the Bluffton postoffice.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Pennoyer, of Battle Creek, Mich.—a son. Mrs. Pennoyer was formerly Miss Agnes Ryan, of this city.

Frank A. Sawyer, who is to be united in marriage Thursday evening with Miss Louise Randall, of this city, arrived Sunday from New York.

Miss Hazel Cowdrey is attending the state W. C. T. U. convention at Kokomo. Miss Cowdrey is state secretary of the Loyal Temperance Legion.

Revs. John Bosch, Ph. Ruhl and B. Ruf are home from Milwaukee, where they attended the convention of ministers and delegates in the northwest district.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Miller, of Bloomville, Ohio, and Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Hunsicker, of Monroeville, are visiting Charles C. Meyer and family, of 186 West Washington street.

Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb H. Heina, who were united in marriage at Chicago last week, have issued cards announcing the event. They will be at home to friends after November 1 at 191 Fairfield avenue.

A meeting of St. Joseph and Washington townships plowing club will be held in school house No. 5, Washington township, on Saturday evening to make arrangements for the annual fall plowing contest.

Mrs. James Cairns was called to Springfield, Ill., Saturday evening, by a telegram announcing the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. William Young, who formerly resided in this city. Mrs. Young is suffering from pneumonia.

Miss Lizzie Wolverton and Loran Bickel were united in marriage by Rev. A. S. Preston, pastor of the Wayne street M. E. church, at his home, a few friends of the young people witnessing the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Bickel will reside on a farm west of the city.

At the Church of the Precious Blood Sunday were published the marriage bans of Miss Minnie Nagel and William Brossard, jr. The ceremony will occur late in the present month. At St. Peter's church the bans of Frank Schille and Miss Elizabeth Harnishfeger were published.

George H. Oilar, for the past six years buyer for the D. N. Foster Furniture company, has tendered his res-

ignation, to take effect this week. Mr. Oilar has accepted a more lucrative and promising position as buyer and manager with W. H. Messinger, at Indianapolis, one of the oldest and largest carpet and furniture houses in the state.

Harry Brill, formerly yardmaster of the Pittsburg at this point, will return to McAllister, I. T., this week to resume his duties as conductor on a road running in and out of that city. Mr. Brill has been visiting his family here for several days. He likes his new position first rate and says that there is quite a colony of Fort Wayne people there, all doing well. Included in the party are John Miller, late of the Grand Rapids and Indiana; George Hendricks and Holly Billings, formerly of the Pittsburg, and Gert Sweet, formerly an engineer on the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western.

LOVE'S DREAM IS O'ER.

Auburn, Ind., Oct. 7.—Yesterday a rather pretty young lady, fairly well dressed, called at the sheriff's residence and told a romantic story. She said her home is in Canada, on a farm about two miles from a small interior town named Pedron. According to her story, she had been corresponding with a man in Columbia City and had received his photo and they were to be married. So she left home and on reaching Columbia City she found her prospective husband did not tally with the picture he had sent. He lived out in the country and had no property. So she refused to marry him and now wants to go home. The authorities at Columbia City gave her a ticket to Auburn and she asked Sheriff Hathaway to give her a ticket to Detroit. He sent her to Trustee Miles Baxter, who, after hearing her story, gave her a ticket to Detroit, from which place she said she had a return ticket to Pedron. Her name, she says, is Myrtle Martel.

DEMOCRAT GETS JUDGESHIP

PRESIDENT INAUGURATES A NEW SOUTHERN POLICY.

Former Governor Jones, of Alabama, Elevated to High Place in Federal Judiciary.

Washington, Oct. 7.—President Roosevelt today appointed ex-Governor Thomas Goode Jones of Alabama, to be United States district judge of the middle and northern district of Alabama to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge John Bruce.

Ex-governor Jones always has been a democrat and was twice chief executive of his state. He was General Gordon's adjutant general during the civil war. In 1896, as a gold democrat, he supported Palmer and Buckner.

It is understood Becker T. Washington, the well known negro educator, was one of ex-Governor Jones' supporters.

SETTLEMENT DID NOT SETTLE.

Washington, Ind., Oct. 7.—Richard C. Davis, former bank cashier, was arrested at his home here today and taken to Evansville for arraignment on the charge of embezzling \$10,000. A settlement had been made with the bank and was believed to have averted any action against Davis. Evansville, Ind., Oct. 7.—Before United States Commissioner Wetman today R. C. Davis, of Washington, Ind., was held in a \$25,000 suit on the charge of having embezzled \$10,000. He was arrested on the affidavit of Bank Examiner Frazer. Davis gave bond and will return to Washington, Ind.

DIED AT ANDREWS.

Mrs. Ann M. Thompson died at her home in Andrews, Ind., Sunday evening at 8:20. Mrs. Thompson had been in poor health for several months and her death was not unexpected. Deceased is a sister of John J. Conklin, of this city, and an aunt of the Misses Stanley, of South Minor street, and Miss Josie Conklin, a teacher in the city schools. She also leaves two brothers, C. G. Conklin, of Detroit, and Sidney, of Arcola, and a sister, Mrs. M. C. Conklin, of this city. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made, but the interment will be in Lindenwood cemetery, this city.

AFGHANISTAN'S RULER DEAD.

London, Oct. 7.—A news agency publishes the following dispatch from Simla, dated this evening:

"Habibullah Khan, eldest son of the amir of Afghanistan, has reported to the British agent at Cabul that the amir died last Thursday after a brief illness."

MOVES TO ALLEN COUNTY.

Fred Schaefer, a well known Noble county farmer residing at Eggs Monday purchased of P. A. Randall an eighty-acre farm at Arcola and will become a resident of Allen county within a short time.

RECENT ARRIVALS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Salway, of Grant avenue—a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Smith, of Scott avenue—a daughter. Mr. Smith is a member of the Smith & Randall Lumber company.

LOCAL LINES.

R. Klein has returned from a business trip to Lafayette, Logansport and Peru, where he booked large orders for furniture. The aged father-in-law of Carl Bollinger, residing at 34 Smith street, fell down the cellar steps at his home Sunday and fractured three ribs, besides sustaining painful cuts and bruises.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Melching will leave this evening for a visit with relatives at Buffalo. Mr. Melching will also proceed to Buffalo to inspect a large manufactory of funeral cars in that city.

Mrs. S. D. Scott, of South Broadway, is suffering from a broken collar-bone, the result of a fall she had while in front of her home making some purchases of a vegetable huckster. Her foot slipped and she fell against the wheel of the wagon sustaining the severe injury noted.

Mrs. Philip L. Zorbaugh, of 399 Clinton street, wife of the well known insurance man, underwent a very severe surgical operation at St. Joseph hospital Monday afternoon. The operation is said to have been a complete success. The patient is under the care of Dr. Rosenthal and Dr. Galvin.

DEATH CLAIMS A VETERAN

LOGAN BUFFORD SUCCUMBS TO CONSUMPTION.

Mrs. Carrie Leopold Passes Away at Her Home in Philadelphia

—Other Deaths.

Logan Bufford died last Wednesday morning from consumption at the home of his brother-in-law, Isaac Cutshall, in Lake township, six miles from the city, on the Leesburg road. Mr. Bufford had been ill for nearly a year, and his age was fifty-three years, four months and twenty-two days. He was unmarried.

During the civil war Mr. Bufford served as a soldier in Capt. C. W. Wise's Company C, of the One-hundred-and-fifty-second Indiana volunteer infantry, and was quite well known among the ex-soldiers. The funeral services were held from the residence Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. C. E. White officiating.

SPALDING.

Willard Warren Spalding, whose home was on South Calhoun street, died Wednesday afternoon at Hope hospital, at the age of 59 years. Mr. Spalding was a retired dairyman and was widely and favorably known. He was a native of Watertown, N. Y., but came to Fort Wayne when but a young man and has made this his home continuously since that time.

There are six surviving children—Mrs. Josephine Schilling, Miss Winnie Spalding, Mrs. Clark Gifford, Miss Addie Spalding, John Spalding and W. W. Spalding, jr. Deceased also leaves a sister, Mrs. S. F. Evans, of Carthage, N. Y.

CROSS.

Neva Abigail Cross, aged 11 years and 10 months, died Wednesday afternoon at the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth.

KEYSER.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Keyser, of 64 East Pontiac street, died at 8 o'clock Thursday morning from bowel trouble, at the age of one month and twenty-four days.

KINDER.

Funeral services of Nicholas Kinder, one of the old residents of Pleasant township, were held Friday morning from the Catholic church at Sheldon, Rev. Henry Hellhake officiating.

Mr. Kinder's death occurred on Wednesday from the infirmities of age. He was born in Alsace and during his young manhood saw much service in the French army in Algiers and various French colonies. He leaves a widow, who is seventy-five years of age, and an adopted son, Louis, Joseph and August Fox, of this city, are nephews of the deceased.

ARTER.

Laura Marie Arter, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Arter, of 187 Taylor street, died Friday morning from stomach trouble, at the age of three months and fourteen days.

Funeral services were held from the residence Sunday afternoon. The interment will occur at New Haven.

DALMAN.

William Truman Dalman, six months old, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Dalman, of 68 Dawson street, died Thursday evening from stomach trouble.

Funeral services were held from the residence Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

MULLEN.

Esther, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Mullen, of 96 Madison street, died at 1 o'clock on Friday from bowel trouble, at the age of twenty-one days.

WRIGHT.

Adam S. Wright died at 11 o'clock a. m. Saturday at his home, 92 Fairfield avenue, after an extended illness from consumption. Mr. Wright was a stone mason by occupation and his age was 40 years. Surviving are the widow and five children—Ella, Joseph, Elizabeth Susan and Willie Wright.

ZOLLINGER.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Zollinger, of 136 Warsaw street, died Saturday from exhaustion at the age of one day.

BRENNER.

Miss Sophie Brenner, daughter of the late Henry Brenner, died at 7 o'clock Sunday morning at her home, one-half mile east of Woodburn, at the age of twenty-two years. The death of Miss Brenner was due to typhoid fever, and the lady is the

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Makes delicious hot biscuit, griddle cakes, rolls and muffins.

An absolutely pure, cream of tartar powder.

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fourth member of the family to succumb to that disease within a period of ten weeks.

The father died about three weeks ago; the mother has been dead but six weeks, and John Brenner, an uncle of the deceased, died ten weeks ago. All were relatives of J. G. Brudi, of the Bloomington mills in this city. Funeral services of Miss Brenner were held from the residence Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock; interment at the Lutheran cemetery at New Haven.

FLEMING.

Ralph W. Fleming, an inmate of the state institution for feeble minded, died on Saturday from epilepsy, at the age of 20 years, 5 months and 26 days.

CASTLE.

Mrs. Margaret Castle, wife of Calvin Castle, died early on Monday morning at the family residence, 159 East Creighton avenue, after a protracted illness from consumption at the age of fifty-nine years. Mrs. Castle was widely and favorably known.

The bereaved husband is a molder at the Bass foundry, and the surviving children are Nellie and Harry Castle. Mrs. Castle was a member of the M. E. church. She was a charter member of the Court of Honor and held membership in Degree of Honor No. 2, Tribe of Ben Hur No. 15, and Hiv No. 6, Ladies of the Macabees. Until the beginning of her illness a year ago she was an active member of all these organizations. Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon from the residence and later from Simpson M. E. church. The Lady Macabees will be in charge of the services at the residence and the Degree of Honor will conduct services at the cemetery.

WICHMAN.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Wichman, of 194 Wells street, died on Monday from exhaustion at the age of three days.

HITZEMAN.

Mrs. Hitzeman, widow of the late Frederick Hitzeman, died Sunday at the Richmond hospital for the insane. Mrs. Hitzeman was fifty-six years of age, and surviving are a son, Ernest Hitzeman, and two daughters.

CORBAT.

Mrs. Elizabeth Corbat, wife of Alphonse Corbat, a well known Abbot township farmer, died at St. Joseph hospital at 10 o'clock Sunday night from hemorrhage. Some days ago, while in the city shopping, Mrs. Corbat was taken suddenly ill on Calhoun street. She was removed to the hospital for treatment and was showing gratifying improvement until a change for the worse occurred on Sunday.

Mrs. Corbat was forty-four years of age. She was the daughter of Joseph Monier, was a devoted Christian woman and most highly esteemed. Surviving are the husband and nine children—Mrs. Frank Connors, and Frank, Joseph, Julian, Lawrence, Albert, James, Mary and Robert Corbat.

Funeral services will be held on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, sun time, from the family residence in Abbot township, and at 10 o'clock from the Catholic church at Arcola.

ROEPKE.

Miss Mary Roepke, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Roepke, of 64 Walton avenue, died at 6 o'clock Monday evening after a protracted illness from tuberculosis. Miss Roepke's age was 22 years, 2 months and 28 days. She had been in feeble health for more than a year. Surviving are the parents, two brothers and two sisters.

Funeral services will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence and at 2:30 from Concordia Lutheran church.

BIXLER.

Lester M. Bixler, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Bixler, of 190 Rynion avenue, died Monday evening at Jeffersonville from typhoid fever. His age was 17 years and 4 months.

FOUR KILLED IN A WRECK

TERRIFIC SMASH-UP ON THE NEW YORK CENTRAL.

Light Engine and Freight Train in Collision—Men Buried Beneath Wreckage.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 8.—One of the worst wrecks in the history of the Mohawk division of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad occurred at 1:50 o'clock this morning in the village of Criskany, seven miles west of this city. Four railroad men were killed in the wreck and one was injured.

The killed: Spencer Shannon, of Schenectady, engineer.

George Palmerton, of Rensselaer, fireman.

William Wier, of Albany, brakeman.

Argyle Smith, of Rensselaer, fireman.

The injured: James Hager, of Albany, bruised; not seriously.

An eastbound freight engine, No. 1861, collided with a light engine, No. 1569, which was crossing from track three to track four, thus causing the wreck. The crash was a terrific one and in an instant all four of the New York Central tracks were completely blocked. The bodies of Fireman Palmerton and Brakeman Wier, of the freight, were recovered in the wreck at 4 o'clock this morning. Both were badly scalded, but their bodies were not mutilated. Shannon was pinned under the boiler head of his engine and considerable excavating was necessary in order to extricate him. Argyle Smith, fireman of the light engine, was found under the boiler. The only man to escape alive was Engineer Hager, of the light engine, who was hurled through the window of the cab of his engine and across what is known as "the factory ditch."

PRAIRIE FIRE RAGED.

Monday afternoon and most

ITS FIRST BATTLE

WAS FOUGHT JUST THIRTY-NINE YEARS AGO.

FAMOUS OLD EIGHTY-EIGHTH

HOLDING REGIMENTAL REUNION IN FORT WAYNE.

MANY VETERANS ARE HERE

UNION CAMPFIRE ON PROGRAM THIS EVENING.

Thirty-nine years ago today—on October 8, 1862—in the terrific conflict at Perryville, Ky., a new regiment of untrained Hoosier volunteers but six weeks away from Camp Allen at Fort Wayne, received its first baptism of battle. That was the Eighty-eighth regiment of Indiana volunteers, and today the gallant survivors of that famous old command are holding their annual reunion in Fort Wayne.

Proudly they marched away from the confines of the camp which occupied the district west of Main street, in what is now known as Nebraska, to aid in defense of the union, and though precipitated almost at once into the heat of conflict, these volunteers left through the remaining years of the civil war a record whose luster only grows brighter as time goes by. Many of those soldiers were Allen county boys; the rest were from the counties adjoining, and Fort Wayne today extends its welcome to a regiment which it may consider its own.

ARE 498 SURVIVORS.

Of the 1,107 men who originally composed the Eighty-eighth regiment there are now a total of 498 surviving, and of these 134 have registered at the reunion headquarters today. This is by all odds the largest attendance of survivors attending a regimental reunion in this part of the state this year. Among those present today are three field and staff officers, ten members of Company A, which came from Waterloo; seven from Company B at Albion; twenty from Company C, Fort Wayne; seventeen from Company D, Allen county; thirteen from Company E, Fort Wayne; twenty-three from Company F, Fort Wayne; six from Company G, Lagrange; fourteen from Company H, DeKalb county; four from Company I, Elkhart, and seven from Company K, Columbia City. In addition to this there is a total of nearly one hundred visiting veterans of other commands in the city to participate in the reunion of the Eighty-eighth and Eleventh batteries.

OLD FLAGS THERE.

And the old flags are there—the battered banners carried by the regiment through many of its battles. These are in charge of Sergeant John Jones, of 63 West Butler street. A number of the old regimental and company musicians are also present, among them Al Ruch, of Petoskey, who was the principal musician; Frank Beidler, of Waterloo, fife, and Zachariah Miller, of Iola, Kas., also a fife. In addition to these a martial band made up by the sons of Eighty-eighth veterans, has been contributing its stirring music under the direction of Reuben Brownand, of this city.

GATHERED TO REGISTER.

During the forenoon reunion headquarters were opened in the court house assembly room and here Capt. A. H. Dougall conducted the register for both veterans of the Eighty-eighth regiment and visiting soldiers, and issued badges and tickets for dinner which was served at the Elektron building by the ladies of the W. R. C. The veterans thronged to headquarters, enjoyed a general handshake all 'round, met old comrades, told stories and renewed the comradeship of thirty-five years ago. There was much good-natured jest among the veterans at the silvering locks and time-traced faces, but there was comradeship and love of the heartiest sort, such as perhaps exists nowhere except among veteran soldiers.

AT SAENGERBUND HALL.

Saengerbund hall on West Main street, where the veterans held their meeting this afternoon, was well filled when Col. C. E. Briant mounted the rostrum shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon. Some very pretty effects in the way of decoration were shown about the hall, and in the decorations both the Eighty-eighth regiment and the Eleventh battery were recognized. The singing of the national anthem, "America," by the entire audience, opened the exercises, and Rev. T. A. Patee invoked divine blessing upon the old veterans.

THE MAYOR'S WELCOME.

In welcoming the veterans to Fort Wayne, Mayor Berghoff said: Ladies and Gentlemen: A few nights ago I had the honor to welcome to this city

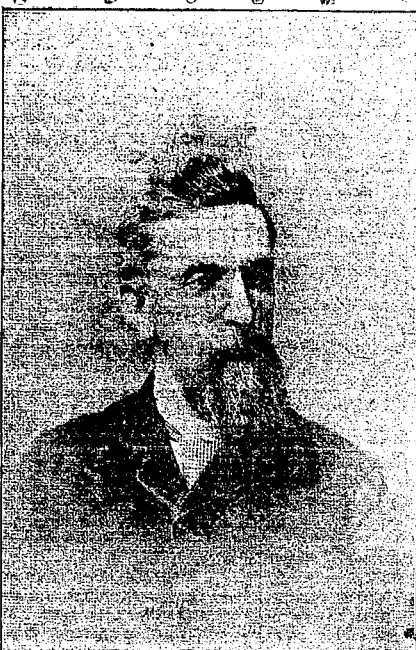
in this very same place the gallant One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Indiana at their reunion and was surprised that the tempest of time had not very much interfered with their youthful looks, but today when I gaze upon this audience the picture is a different one—every feature in front of me shows the veteran, their looks steady and clear—although the blonde and black curls of youth have changed to the honored white—yet in their hearts, the youth of patriotism remains as fresh as ever.

I am glad indeed to welcome you. To the Eighty-eighth Indiana, the veteran of Sherman, Hooker, Palmer and Thomas corps, we are indebted for many glorious deeds, while the Eighty-eighth has done more fighting than the average, your record of battles cannot be equalled. From the time you received your baptism of powder at the battle of Perryville until the final stroke at Bentonville the God of wars kept you marching and fighting.

We are glad to see here today so many familiar faces who have in time gone by fought the battles of the Union under the roar of the cannon and the crack of the musket and are today fighting similar battles in the bloodless arena of national politics—and well it is for every true patriot to do so.

We are a nation of peace—a sovereign nation cemented together by the desires of seventy-five millions of patriots whose hearts wish peace. We settle our battles at the ballot box and yet we must be prepared for war. Wherever our honor and integrity is at stake and peace cannot be held without dishonor, humiliation and oppression, the world must recognize the fact that we can fight—are ready to fight and will fight.

When our forefathers laid down their lives upon the battle-field of Bunker Hill



CAPT. ALLAN H. DOUGALL, Adjutant Eighty-Eighth Indiana Volunteers.

they intended this Union to be forever and forever it shall be. The question how it shall be preserved is plain—it can only be preserved as it was constructed and maintained.

First—By keeping alive the patriotic spirit of the heroes of Bunker Hill, Perryville, Chickamauga, Gettysburg and San Juan Hill.

Second—By the maintenance of a citizen's army, where every citizen born under the flag who has sworn allegiance to the flag becomes a soldier at the call of him whom the people have chosen as their leader.

THE CITIZEN SOLDIER.

Give us the citizen soldier—whose soul and heart is imbued with the spirit of liberty—and we can resist and defeat any army that may oppress us. It was not until the black cloud of the war of rebellion broke out that we recognized the value of a citizen soldier—army—when the country was in danger—and young and old, rich and poor, arose at the call of Lincoln and offered their service and their lives to preserve the Union; when these citizens came in columns of thousands—yes, hundreds of thousands—from the hillsides and out of the valleys—the world stood amazed. When every city and hamlet became a recruiting station of nations; when all distinction of classes disappeared and everyone stood upon the one level as a patriot—when none were for party and all for the state—it was then we could truthfully say "The spirit of Bunker Hill is still in the hearts of every American and the Union is safe."

And when the great war was over, and "Old Glory" could be seen floating once more over a great united country, the army disbanded—everyone returned to the field, the workshop or his business, the clash of swords and the beating of drums ceased; all heroes became plain citizens again. But the mission of a citizen soldier did not end then nor has it ended yet. While at peace with the outer world, yet there is an enemy within our land more dangerous than an overt foe—the spirit of anarchy.

When some few years ago William McKinley, then governor of Ohio, at the dedication of the soldiers' monument at Cayuga county said, "With patriotism in our hearts and the flag of our country in our hands, there is no danger of anarchy." Little did he think that the bullet of the assassin would some day pierce his body.

KEEP READY FOR ACTION.

Let us therefore be awake to the fact that it is necessary to keep ready for action the citizen soldier at any and all times against the enemies from within and without—ready to protect and defend the Union against all foes—ready to protect, every citizen against the enemies of all organized governments—and especially those who cannot distinguish between liberty and anarchy.

If now becomes my pleasant duty as mayor of the city of Fort Wayne, the city of old Camp Allen, to welcome all of you and I want to say that we are not only proud but feel honored to receive such a great body of patriots. I want to welcome to you the ladies that accompany you because I believe that the future of a nation not only lies in the hands of man alone, but also in the safe and tender care of women. I believe in meetings of this kind we should never forget the duty that rests upon the women, especially the mother. It is she who directs the child to the altar of duty and directs the thoughts of the innocent youth to its final destination; it is she who implants into the heart of the child the first seeds of patriotism and love of country; it is she who directs the innocent thoughts of youth to the ruler of the universe and makes it understand its duty towards his God, and whenever a man understands his duty towards his God he cannot fail to understand his duty towards his country nor the duty towards his wife and family.

I welcome all of you and I hope that this meeting will not only be a meeting of mutual exchange of greetings, but will renew in your hearts the duties you owe to your flag and your country and will leave all future generations to follow your footsteps. If this is done you can rest assured that your meeting has been a success. I want you to feel at home in our city and

when you leave it take with you a desire to return.

COL. BRIANT RESPONDS.

The venerable Col. C. E. Briant, of Huntington, whom every veteran knows and loves, responded in behalf of the soldiers, acknowledging in graceful words the welcome of the mayor and assuring the people of Fort Wayne that the pleasure of the occasion was mutual.

Miss Laura Slessman gave a recitation, "Another Year of the Eighty-eighth," which was highly enjoyed, and Capt. J. C. Kensill, one of the best known Fort Wayne veterans, contributed to the program in his inimitable manner.

HEARD REPORTS.

Col. C. B. Oakley was officer of the day and Josiah King acting quartermaster. The adjutant, Capt. A. H. Dougall, presented his reports for the year. Twenty-two veterans of the regiment have died during the past year, as follows:

Field and Staff—Quartermaster Ira Rupert.
Company A—B. F. Kennedy, Jacob Showalter.
Company B—Robert A. Hinman,

Joseph Kieckley, Hiram Ward, Noah Knepp, William Dyer, John Jones, John C. Cook, William Zegenfoss, Fort Wayne.
Joshua Sweet, Albion.
Capt. W. O. Holloper, M. E. Griswold, Auburn.
Frank Kieckley, Huntington.
John A. Weissel, Sellers' Corners.
David Simon, Laoto.
Charles R. Reed, Waterloo.
Russell A. Corp, Ashley.
George H. Butler.
Honorary—Mrs. John Bishop, Cedarville;
Mrs. P. W. Silvers, Auburn.
George W. Waite, Harlan.
Thomas Kintz, Huntington.
W. H. Schoover, Zanesville.
Capt. F. F. Boltz, Bluffton.
Isaac Miller, Amos Sine, Fort Wayne.
Samuel Miller, Oasida.
Samuel Keover, Cedarville.
James Russell, Chubbuck.
Franklin VanAnda, Altoona.
Michael Huss, Shelton.
Samuel Sturgeon, M. M. Justus, Bluffton.
—Company C—
Orris Sissen, Noah W. Bowman, Kendallville.
J. M. Schermerhorn, Brimfield.
Fernando Nichols, Warren, Ark.
Capt. John M. Preston, Lagrange.
J. H. McKibben, Lagrange.
—Company D—
G. W. Trussel, Hudson.
W. T. Watkins, Bayard, Iowa.
J. G. Hamilton, William Dean, A. G. Jones, Dan D. Diehl, D. T. McNabb, Solomon Hess, Butler.
E. J. Hubert, Newville.
William C. Gentry, Farmers' Center, Ohio.
Thomas Kris, Lieut. Joseph Kenier, Auburn.
O. H. Widney, St. Joe.
—Company E—
David Evans, Lafayette.
D. E. Long, Elkhart.
H. C. Walker, Cassopolis, Mich.
Isaac Williamson, Lagrange.
—Company F—
G. W. North, A. Y. Swigert, David Esget, Isaac Smith, Henry Souder, Daniel Pressler, Dr. W. H. Coyle, Columbia City.
W. H. Clark, G. W. Prugh, Larwill.
W. H. Peace, Morristan.
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Eli Plotcher, Warsaw.
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Adam Bowers, Monroeville.
George Brown, Harlan.
Amos Hilkey, Auburn.
Mat Oconrod, Daniel Shordan, Fort Wayne.
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Eli Plotcher, Warsaw.
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S. L. Grace, South Whitley (honorary, son of John P. Grace, killed in battle).
Alexander Elyman, Pierceton.
Robert Hantz, Coesse.
—Company D—
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Adam Bowers, Monroeville.
George Brown, Harlan.
Amos Hilkey, Auburn.
Mat Oconrod, Daniel Shordan, Fort Wayne.
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E. F. Miller, Monroeville.
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W. S. Bell, Huntington.
Zachariah Miller (fife), Iola, Kan.
Honorary—George F. Thorp (son), Harlan.
—Company E—
Col. C. B. Oakley, W. H. McClelland, Sam Karriger, Henry Bender, Philip Michael, Fort Wayne.
James McBride, Sellers' Corners.
James Hoffstanger, Hillboro, O.
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Honorary—Mrs. T. C. Neal, Albion.
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Mortimer Broughton, Kendallville.
John H. Ferguson, Echo.

—Company K—
G. W. North, A. Y. Swigert, David Esget, Isaac Smith, Henry Souder, Daniel Pressler, Dr. W. H. Coyle, Columbia City.
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W. S.

The Weekly Sentinel.

E. A. K. HACKETT, Editor and Proprietor.
 SUBSCRIPTION: In Advance, \$1.00
 At End of Year, \$1.50
 WEDNESDAY, OCT. 9, 1901.

Seth Low has been nominated by nine organizations for mayor of Greater New York. Some men could not stand it, but Mr. Low at last accounts was meeting all comers and breathing easy.

A Dubois county man is under arrest for threatening to kill an aged woman whom he describes as a witch. The fractiousness of his horse and the failure of his business he ascribes to her black art. Possibly he could find relief in a horse trade and a steady job at wages.

Admiral "Fighting Bob" Evans categorically denies that he "shot the bow off the Furor, the stern off the Pluton, put his helm to starboard and raked the Teresa and knocked out the Vizcaya." That's a good deal of fighting for "Fighting Bob" to disclaim, but he ought to know, and no one particularly questions his honesty.

Senator Beveridge has arrived from the orient and takes first occasion to denounce as silly the story that he posed with Count Tolstoi for a series of kinetoscope pictures to be used by the senator in a series of lectures. Senator Beveridge's word will be promptly taken, but he will doubtless be surprised and pained to learn how readily the story was believed.

It's no use, Sir Thomas. The only way you can win a cup series is by establishing yourself as an American citizen and building defenders instead of challengers. And, by the way, more Americans than are people in the united kingdom would be mighty glad to welcome you to citizenship in this land of the free, home of the brave and abiding place of the best boat builders that ever laid a keel.

Senator Hanna has announced magnanimously that he will give President Roosevelt his heartiest support. No one will doubt it. The "most powerful man in the republican party" would be on ordinary terms with other senators if his relations with the executive mansion were only ordinary. Senator Hanna no doubt feels sincerely kind toward the president, but that is not all there is to it.

Even those who feel no prejudice against Adjutant General Corbin (though their numbers must be few) will hope there is truth in the report that President Roosevelt intends to reduce Corbin to his proper place as chief clerk to the commander-in-chief and vest Lieutenant General Miles with the dignity and authority that belong to his rank and position. The spectacle has not been edifying to the country nor salutary for the army of a staff subordinate treating with contempt and insolence the general commanding the military branch of the country's war forces.

The rumor will not down that Secretary of State Hay is soon to retire from the cabinet. On many accounts the truth of the rumor is probable. Secretary Hay has labored hard, but his work in some respects has not been satisfactory to the country, especially the canal treaty he arranged with Lord Pauncefoot. He is no longer a young man and has recently suffered a great bereavement in the tragic death of his promising young son. Moreover, he is wealthy, fond of scholarly pursuits and considerably disposed to exclusiveness. Secretary of the Treasury Gage in a late interview expresses belief that Secretary of War Root will become premier of the Roosevelt cabinet.

Very naturally the inquiry is general as to what sort of deal has been made between Tammany and Edward M. Shepard, whom Tammany has nominated for mayor of Greater New York. Shepard as a young man was one of the most steadfast of the lieutenants of Samuel J. Tilden, who was a real reformer. Shepard's political activities have always been consistently opposed to Tammany and he has been a bitter foe of Croker and all that Croker has stood for. Now he is Tammany's candidate, which is to say, Croker's candidate. Shepard is

a good man, but he has broken into company that leaves little that is good to be said of him. Croker has seized upon Shepard as a shield and Shepard appears willing to play the part. Democrats opposed to Tammany will not be apt to swallow this fair bait. Tammany is always Tammany, no matter behind what sort of respectability it skulks.

According to the signs and the opinions of those who ought to know, the Schley court of inquiry will finish its work and render a finding before the parties interested have been gathered to their fathers—if they are not suddenly stricken, that is.

Chauncey M. Depew is now director or trustee in more corporations than any other man in this country. He is a director in seventy-six different companies, forty-nine of which are railroad companies. His is president of six companies and chairman of the board of six or seven other companies. Mr. Depew has just announced that he will soon be identified with another "close" corporation, but it is safe to say he will not be the director.

That assertion by Mr. Hanna, at the Schley court of inquiry the other day, that he has written magazine articles for naval officers whose names were attached to the articles in print, deserves a little more attention than it seems to be gaining. It does not belong to the present court of inquiry, for it is not specified in the precept, and, anyhow, there is not much probability that Hanna will assert that he has written magazine articles for Schley. But it does seem incumbent on some department of the government to call on Mr. Hanna for further information on this topic.

The accumulation of a huge surplus in the national treasury operates as an evil in two ways. First, it withdraws from the channels of trade large sums of money imperatively needed in business. This was admitted by Secretary Gage when he made the recent bond purchases. Second, it is a strong promoter of extravagant legislation, much of the money unjustly collected from the people in the form of taxes being disbursed in furtherance of schemes wholly without merit. Every consideration of sound policy requires that the receipts of the government be kept down to about the level of the legitimate expenditures.

A recent order issued by Lord Kitchener, the British commander-in-chief in South Africa, may help to explain some of the Boer successes in that section. In his order Lord Kitchener says: "The commander-in-chief in South Africa desires to impress officers in command of mobile columns that the object of such columns is mobility, and that he has learned that such forces carry with them furniture, kitchen ranges, pianos and harmoniums, which nullify that object. These articles must be handed over to the nearest stores." An army which subsists to some extent on an enemy's country may be pardoned, perhaps, when it lapses into the habit of quietly appropriating food stores and other necessities. But when it loads up with loot in the form of kitchen stoves, pianos and harmoniums, whatever may be the moral aspect of the case, it cannot be expected to make any rapid headway in chasing the foe, especially one as alert and mobile as the average Boer.

The later story of the slaughter of United States soldiers in Samar shows it to have been an affair of horrible atrocity. Many of the bodies of the slain men were burned and mutilated. That of Captain Connell, the officer in command of the Americans, was tied with ropes and burned. It is probable, therefore, that he and others were tortured before they were put to death. One account states that the natives were summoned to the attack, which had been long under consideration, by the ringing of the church bells. The natives rushed to the spot in overwhelming force, and some of the Americans were killed with their own rifles, which the assailants had seized. The whole occurrence illustrates the treachery and ferocity which the American authorities in the islands have to meet. General Chaffee, the commander in the Philippines, is a most competent and energetic officer and he may be counted on to deal with the exigency in

effective fashion and to teach the natives a lesson such as they appear to sorely need.

There is some talk that Lord Roberts may return to South Africa to finish the job he turned over to Kitchener. It probably will make little difference to the Boers.

It may be that if Cervera had come out of Santiago at some other time he would have escaped; but the fact remains that when he actually did come out he lost everything but his baibriggans.

It is the barest humanity to settle with the Macedonian brigands and secure the release of Miss Stone. It is a big price and outrageous blackmail, but the missionary's life ought not to be imperiled by refusal to pay the ransom demanded. After she is out of danger there should be the kind of settlement such a case demands. This country is a trifle too big, too dignified and too independent to stand blackmailing by every band of cut-throats that happens to seize persons entitled to the protection of our government. The amount of that ransom should be promptly exacted of the Turkish government and a good rate of interest added, along with a demand for punishment of the brigands.

The sultan of Turkey has just entered upon his sixtieth year. Abdul Hamid's head must be by far the most uneasy that wears a crown in the whole wide world. The sultan has reigned now for over twenty-six years, and though during that time his empire has been dismembered of some of its fairest regions, "the sick man of the east" is still able to defy a great power. The career of a sultan is more prolonged than the unhealthy political atmosphere of Constantinople would lead one to suppose. In the nineteenth century only seven occupied the throne, and three of these divided eight years between them, giving an average of twenty-three years for the remainder.

Marquis Ito, the greatest of Japanese statesmen, is in this country to promote an alliance of Japan, the United States and Great Britain against the pretensions of France and Russia in China. Marquis Ito will probably soon learn that this country is in need of alliance with no nation. We are mighty glad to be out of the Chinese muddle, and so long as the markets there are open to our products there will not be a great deal of worry about the aggressions of France and Russia. In an alliance of the United States, Great Britain and Japan the little sunflower empire might get lost, or squeezed or otherwise damaged. However, this nation is pleased to have so distinguished a guest as Marquis Ito, whatever his mission may be, for he has made a modern nation of his own country and gets his inspiration from America.

Some reputable and no doubt well-meaning persons have petitioned Governor Odell to commute the sentence of Czolgosz to imprisonment for life. The ground upon which the petition is based, of course, is the well-principled opposition to capital punishment. The sentiment against the legal penalty is quite strong in this country and the movement to abolish it in all the states where the death penalty is visited by law has many supporters embracing the very best elements of society. It may not be doubted that some of those persons who have signed the petition to Governor Odell are of this class. But they have made a serious mistake and committed an error that will do harm to their cause. A more unfortunate case upon which to petition for clemency could not have been found now and probably will not be found in the next score of years. Public opinion is too nearly unanimous that the murderer of the president ought to die to be swayed by a hair's breadth by any appeal to sentiment. This petition will arouse a very strong and perhaps bitter feeling against the movement to abolish the death penalty. Governor Odell fully meets public expectation in declaring he will in no wise interfere with execution of the sentence pronounced upon the assassin of President McKinley. The petitioners will do well to withdraw their prayer to the governor and await a more opportune occasion to propagate their gentle doctrine.

NEW CANAL TREATY.

Walter Wellman telegraphs the Chicago Record-Herald from Washington that the United States and Great Britain have reached a new agreement concerning the isthmian canal question and that the new treaty will be presented to the senate for ratification early in the coming session. Mr. Wellman gives the following as the substance of this new treaty:

"1. For abrogation of the old Clayton-Bulwer treaty in toto.

"2. For a neutral isthmian canal, in case one be constructed by the United States, open in time of peace to the ships of all nations upon equal terms.

"3. This neutrality is guaranteed by the United States alone, and other maritime powers are not invited to participate in such guarantee. Great Britain is inferentially one of the guarantors, because she is a party to this treaty.

"4. In case of war the United States reserves the right to take such steps for its own protection as it may deem proper."

If there is a new treaty upon such a basis, and Mr. Wellman's advance information is usually very reliable and accurate, it will put an end quickly to what has promised to be a long and serious contention. Great Britain has evidently come to the point where she can see the real trend of her interests. British statesmanship moves slowly, but in this instance there has been unusual celerity—if it is all true.

Sir Thomas Lipton doubtless appreciates all the kind things said of him, the good dinners given him, and the loving cups and such like, but what he came after he didn't get. He is likely to have that more or less in mind for some time.

The citizens of Indianapolis are voting today for city officers and a host of friends of diverse political connections here in Fort Wayne are hoping Charlie Bookwiler will pull through. There is no politics in their good wishes for the success of one of the best fellows on earth and the triumph of an able and clean man.

If Cervera had carted his fleet overland from Santiago to the north coast of Cuba Admiral Schley would have had something else to answer for. But Cervera didn't. He came out where the American fleet lay and Admiral Schley did what was expected. The expert can look back three years and contemplate many possible and awful contingencies that did not turn out.

STATE WHITE RIBBONERS.

Kokomo, Ind., Oct. 8.—At the business session of the Indiana W. C. T. U. yesterday Huntington was chosen as the place for holding the next annual convention. Officers were elected as follows: President, Eunice Wilson, Fairmount; vice president, Mary Hadley, Marion county; corresponding secretary, Mattie Brand, Wayne county; recording secretary, Mrs. Cammack Gibson, Grant county; treasurer, Mrs. Amanda Wilson, Indianapolis. The Loyal Temperance Legion officers chosen are: President, Miss Edith Hill, Kokomo; vice president, Mrs. Lee Podige, and Miss Sink, Marion; secretary, Miss Cowdry, Fort Wayne; corresponding secretary, Miss Ida Mix, Kokomo; treasurer, Felix McWhirter, Indianapolis. It was decided to reduce the salaries of state officers and extend the field mission work. The convention favored a revision of the constitution and appointed committees to act in the national gathering. In the "Y" branch annual dues were reduced from \$1 to 50 cents, that provision of the constitution being suspended. In addition to the state officers, delegates to the national convention were chosen as follows: At large—Mrs. J. H. Wood, Indianapolis; alternate, Mrs. Lou E. Ralls, Terre Haute; other delegates—Mrs. G. E. Shugart, Jonesboro; Mary E. Balch, Indianapolis; Sara Roberts, Pendleton; Mrs. M. A. Tompkins, Elkhart; Ida M. Mix, Kokomo; Ida Wise, Auburn; Carrie Jones, Terre Haute; alternate—Lena Smith, Michaels; Mary Webb, Greencastle; Laura Thompson, Greensburg; M. A. Sargler, Laporte; Emma Saylor, Frankfort; A. W. Candler, Richmond; Rose Pierce, Terre Haute.

BLAZE IN LAU BLOCK.

Shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon fire was discovered in the basement of the Lau block, beneath the tailoring establishment of H. Kruse. It was soon extinguished and the damage was not extensive. Mr. Root, a member of the Eighty-eighth regiment and residing in this city, was caught in the fireman's hose and precipitated into a subway in the sidewalk, receiving some severe bruises. He was removed in the police ambulance to Hope hospital.

ALL WHO USE ATOMIZERS in treating nasal catarrh will get the best result from Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cts. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 36 Warren St., N. Y.

New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1900. Messrs. Ely Bros.—I sold two bottles of your Liquid Cream Balm to a customer, Wm. Lamberton, 1415 Delachaise St., New Orleans; he has used the two bottles, giving him wonderful and most satisfactory results. Geo. W. McDuff, Pharmacist.

Rev. W. H. Daniel delivered a sermon at Bluffton Monday evening.

BURIED IN THE WRECKAGE

FOUR TRAINMEN MEET DEATH
 NEAR LOGANSPORT.

Rear-End Collision on the Panhandle
 Road—One Man is
 Cremated.

Logansport, Ind., Oct. 7.—Four Panhandle trainmen met an awful death near Onward, fourteen miles southeast of here, Sunday morning in a rear-end collision of freight trains, the bodies of three being taken out badly mutilated and the fourth being almost entirely consumed before the wreck crew could subdue the flames sufficiently to permit work in that portion of the debris. The dead: Elbert Greeley, conductor. Thomas H. Brosius, flagman. S. A. Galbreath, brakeman. John Hatchison, fireman. The injured: Frank Patterson, engineer. During the night Conductor Weaver in charge of the second section of train No. 79, an engine and two cabooses, left Hartford City for Logansport. In the rear caboose were Galbreath, Brosius and Greeley, who had been working on the gravel train at Hartford City, and who were en route to this city to spend Sunday with their families.

VICTIMS WERE ASLEEP. They were all asleep when the train stopped near Onward to make up steam. The flagman was sent out to watch for the third section from the east and no danger was thought of until the train loomed up too close for any to escape except Weaver, who jumped and got off uninjured.

The third section, with Engineer Frank Patterson at the throttle, had attained high speed and when it struck the rear caboose the engine reared in the air, turned clear around and came down on her side in the ditch, mashing a number of cars into kindling wood and burying in the debris the sleeping trainmen and Hutchinson, the fireman for Patterson.

The wreck was the most disastrous the Panhandle has had for years near here. Six cars were burned from the third section which, with the two cabooses and the ruined engine, make the loss quite large. Hundreds of people from this city and the country at large gathered and watched the wreck crew picking up the small parts of victims' bodies left by the flames.

MCKINLEY'S LAST WORDS.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Three thousand persons yesterday attended the memorial services in honor of the late President McKinley, conducted by the Sons and Daughters of Ohio resident in this city. The most interesting feature of the occasion was the reading of a letter from Dr. Mann, one of the president's physicians in Buffalo, to the secretary of the association, as follows: "As President McKinley was dying I stood behind a screen in his room and heard him say his last words. His wife came into the room and he said to her: 'Good-bye, all; good-bye. It's God's way. His will be done, not ours.' There was some further conversation with his wife in the way of leave-taking, but this should not be repeated. About an hour later he said to his wife: 'Nearer, my God, to Thee, e'en though it be a cross, has been my constant prayer.' He tried to say something more, but I could not catch it. I gave out at the time the first sentence as being the most appropriate to be remembered as his last words. I wrote them down at the time, so that there can be no question about it." A letter from President Roosevelt, regretting his inability to be present, was read.

DURBIN TO INVESTIGATE.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 7.—The Courier-Journal says today: Before Governor Durbin, of Indiana, decides whether to honor requisitions for W. S. Taylor and Charles Finley he will send a representative to Kentucky to investigate the Kentucky system of drawing a jury. It is said Governor Durbin has in his possession a document purporting to review the history of the juries empaneled in cases growing out of the assassination of Governor Goebel. The duty of Governor Durbin's representative will be to verify this alleged history. It is said Deputy Attorney General Merrill Moores, of Indiana, will represent the governor in this matter.

Dr. Bull's
 Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
 Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
 Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

LAKE TOWNSHIP ITEMS.

Frank Butt, of Columbus, Ohio, who has been the guest of his cousin, James Butt, has returned home. Mrs. Alphonse Corbett, who has

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

FINE LINENS....

A wonderful array of linen goodness awaits you here. Great as has been the linen business of this store for years, our present showing beats all former records, both in quality and values. Certain it is that no such linen values have been offered before.

Fine table Damasks, in beautiful patterns, remarkably low priced—see the qualities at 75c, 85c, \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a yard.

Fine napkins to match all Damasks, priced from \$2.00 to \$6.00 a dozen. We make a specialty of fine sets. Just now our showing is superb.

Table cloths in all lengths with napkins to match, priced from \$5.00 to \$25.00 a set.

Damask doilies, tray cloths, scarfs and lunch cloths, in complete assortment, at right prices.

Women's Suits.

Style, the first consideration with dressy women, is embodied in every suit in our great stock. Then comes perfection of fit, workmanship and material. If you are looking for the best possible values, our exhibit will please you. Every day brings something new.

For \$10.00 we offer choice of forty suits in chevots, homespun, covers and Venetians, in eon, tight-fitting and blouse jacket effects.

For \$15.00 your choice of fifty stylish suits, in chevots, broadcloths, Venetians and covers, in all the popular shades.

A special navy blue corduroy suit in shirt waist style, \$14.00 each.

Need a Blanket?

There is a chance here to buy and save. We are offering good, dependable blankets at prices that will interest you. We tell you just what our blankets are. If we say they are all wool, you can depend upon it. If they are part cotton, we tell you so. This is a safe place to buy.

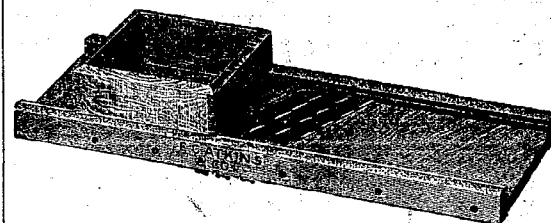
More Attractive

Every day is our china and glassware department. Our showing of the newest things in dinnerware, from the best foreign and domestic makers, is most complete. The display of cut glass, bric-a-brac and art goods is exceedingly attractive.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

If it's a good thing, SLAVY'S have it.

KRAUT KUTTERS With Adjustable Knives.



The adjustment is simple and rigid, holds knives in perfect alignment. It is not a complicated and clumsy device. The bolts are loosened, the knives set at the required angle and the bolts tightened. No other directions are required. By taking out the bolts the knives may be removed. The knives are of tool steel, finely ground and painted blue to within a half inch of the cutting edge to prevent rusting. In the construction of the larger sizes the grain of the wood is run crosswise to prevent warping.

Well made from thoroughly seasoned stock, superior to all other cutters.

We sell Slaw Cutters at 20c.

BOTH PHONES SLAVY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE
 149 AND 21 W. MAIN ST.

been so seriously ill for the past week, expired last Sunday night. Funeral services were held at St. Patrick's church of Arcola.

Oliver Bennett, of Chillicothe, Ohio, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. White, of Arcola.

The teachers of our township in joint institute with Wayne township had a very interesting and instructive institute last Saturday in Fort Wayne.

August Manier, of Cincinnati, Ohio, is at home to attend the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Alphonse Corbett.

Sylvester McMahon will have a sale at his farm next Thursday. Hay, grain, stock and farm implements will be sold. His present tenant, Mack Lee, will move on the Patton farm and Chauncey Graves will be his new tenant.

Ira Weisel found a fine gold watch on the Goshen road last Saturday.

The two-year-old child of Joseph Demoney is somewhat improved, but is yet in a serious condition.

William Rockhill will have a sale in the near future. He intends to quit farming and will make Fort Wayne his future home.

Ernest Stahl, of Huntington, Ind.,

is the guest of his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Felger.

Logan Bufford, brother of Mrs. Isaac Cutshall, died at her home on the Leesburg road last Thursday. Interment was at Lindenwood.

There will be a mass meeting at the M. E. church at Arcola October 22. E. A. K. Hackett will speak and Mr. Yarnelle will sing. All are invited to attend.

There will be a basket social at the Arcola schools next Saturday evening, the proceeds to be used for the purchase of young people's reading circle books. All are cordially invited to attend and assist in the good work.

Mrs. Maude Shambaugh, of Defiance, Ohio, is the guest of her uncle, Claude Beroet, near Lake Center.

YOUNG PHIL SHERIDAN ILL.

New York, Oct. 8.—Phil Sheridan, only son of General Phil Sheridan, is reported to be seriously ill with typhoid fever at the West Point military academy. He is in his cadetship. Young Sheridan was with the West Point battalion at Buffalo and it is thought that he contracted the disease while there.

Miss Dollie Barbour has gone to Indianapolis to visit friends.

FAVORS HARRISON STREET

AS AN ENTRANCE FOR THE INTERURBAN LINES.

Commercial Club's Special Committee
Will So Report—Talk of
Grade Crossings.

After prolonged discussion and a thorough canvass of the situation the Commercial club's special committee to consider interurban railway matters will report as its unanimous opinion that interurban railroads should be granted independent franchises into the central part of the city, and that Harrison street should be made a common route by which all lines can reach the down-town district. Ten members of the committee were present when the decision was reached Monday evening, and the vote was unanimous.

Four meetings of the committee have been held, and the committee believes it has heard evidence upon every phase of the matter. Reports from other cities were secured, the interurban people presented its arguments for separate and independent entrances, and the propositions of the Fort Wayne Traction company were also gone over thoroughly. The committee will make its report to the club Thursday evening.

In the course of the committee's discussions it developed that the members very largely favor the abolition of grade crossings on Fairfield avenue, Calhoun, Harrison and Lafayette street, either by the construction of tunnels or by the elevation of the railroad tracks. General Manager Nelson, of the Southwestern, said that his company would be glad to enter into an agreement with the Pennsylvania and Wabash companies and the city to construct a subway at the Harrison street crossing if the electric line were permitted to lay its tracks at one side of the tunnel, separated by a partition from the driveway.

CRACKER BAKERY BURNED.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Fire early today destroyed the McMahon Cracker and Biscuit company's factory at 46-50 Green street, causing a loss of \$150,000, did \$30,000 damage to Brewer & Hoffman's brewery adjoining and drove guests of several hotels into the street in their night clothes. The flames started in the bakery and within five minutes the whole structure was ablaze. The south wall of the factory toppled over, crushing the roof of a lodging house at 52-54 Green street, from which, just a few minutes before, the twenty-seven lodgers had hurried into the street. Guests of four other small hotels in the immediate vicinity were driven into the street in scant attire. The firemen soon abandoned their efforts

to extinguish the flames, fast consuming the cracker plant, and confining their endeavors to preventing the fire from spreading. In this they were successful, as the hotels and small buildings near the factory sustained only nominal damages.

HIS HEAD BLOWN OFF.

Columbia City, Ind., Oct. 8.—Salem Hinkle, fifty years of age, met instant death near Coesse Sunday morning. While handling a shotgun the piece was discharged, literally blowing about one-third of the unfortunate man's head off. The case is believed to have been accidental.

ORGANIZED AN INSTITUTE.

An institute for the training of Sabbath school teachers was organized last evening at Bethany Presbyterian church by a few earnest Sunday school workers, with a membership of twenty-five. Rev. J. C. Breckinridge is the principal and Dr. George B. Stamen is first assistant. The course of study will require two years to complete and thorough instruction in the Bible will be given. The institute will meet every Wednesday night and an invitation to attend is extended all who are interested in Sabbath school work, regardless of denomination.

MRS. YOUNG DEAD.

Mrs. William Young died at her home in Springfield, Ill., Sunday night, after a brief illness with pneumonia. The deceased was a former resident of Fort Wayne and a sister to Mrs. James Cairns, of Broadway, who went to Springfield Saturday upon receipt of news of the sickness of Mrs. Young. Mr. Young, the bereaved husband, is foreman of the blacksmith department of the Wash shops at Springfield. Before going to that city, about fifteen years ago, he was employed at the forge in the company's shops in this city. Interment will take place at Springfield.

ELECTED OFFICERS.

Zion's Walther league held its annual meeting last evening and included in the business transacted was the election of the following officers: President—A. Kramer. Vice President—Otto Bengs. Recording Secretary—Otto Scheumann. Treasurer—F. A. Klem. Librarian—H. Heikowski. Trustees—William Rahe, Anthony H. Hattendorf and Jacob Maisch.

AT J. M. MILLERS

You can find everything good in furniture. This is the old reliable store for farmers. Furniture from Miller's can be found in the best homes in the county. 9-w2t

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Trade in the wheat pit opened dull today with December a shade to 1/4¢ lower at 69 3/4¢ on relatively lower cables. Liverpool and Paris both reported an advance, but the local pit had expected much more and as a result of this and under the general bearish statistics of the past week, prices had a downward tendency. The selling was local, and the moderate outside demand failed to steady prices. December began to sag early and at the end of the first hour had touched 69 1/4¢. Local receipts were 202 cars, 2 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 439 cars, making a total for the three points of 1,641 cars, against 1,533 for last week and 996 a year ago. December corn opened quiet 1/2¢ to 1/4¢ lower at 57 1/2¢ to 58¢ on cables and sold off to 56 1/2¢. Receipts were 321 cars. Oats had a small and featureless market. December opening a shade to 1/4¢ lower at 35 1/2¢ to 35 3/4¢ in sympathy with other grains, and selling to 35 1/2¢. Receipts were 213 cars. Provisions were weak and lower on a lower hog market and on continued outside liquidation and an absence of support. January pork opened 17 1/2¢ to 27 1/2¢ lower at \$15.05 to \$15.15; January lard 7 1/2¢ down at \$2.00 and sold to \$1.97 1/2¢; and January ribs 10¢ depressed at \$7.90.

THE CLOSE.

Prices at the close were as follows: Wheat—Oct., 69 3/4¢; Dec., 70 1/4¢ to 70 3/4¢; May, 73 1/2¢ to 73 3/4¢. Corn—Oct., 55 1/2¢; Dec., 56 1/2¢; May, 58 1/2¢ to 58 3/4¢. Oats—Oct., 34 1/2¢; Dec., 35 1/2¢; May, 37 1/2¢ to 37 3/4¢. Pork—Oct., \$13.95; Jan., \$15.15; May, \$15.25. Lard—Oct., \$2.02 1/2¢; Nov., \$2.04 1/2¢; Dec., \$2.07 1/2¢; Jan., \$2.09 1/2¢. Ribs—Oct., \$8.45; Jan., \$7.92 1/2¢; May, \$8.00. Flax—Cash N. W., \$1.48; No. 1, \$1.46; Oct., \$1.40; Nov., \$1.38; Dec., \$1.33.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Butter—Market steady; creameries, 14¢ to 15¢; dairies, 13¢ to 14¢. Cheese—Market steady; twins, 5¢ to 10¢; young Americas, 10¢ to 10 1/2¢; daisies, 10¢ to 10 1/2¢. Eggs—Market steady, 17¢.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,000, including 1,025 Texans and 2,500 westerners; choice steady, others lower. Good to prime steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; poor to medium, \$2.50 to \$3.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.25 to \$2.50; cows, \$1.50 to \$2.00; heifers, \$1.75 to \$2.00; canners, \$1.25 to \$2.25; bulls, \$1.75 to \$2.65; calves, \$2.50 to \$6.25; Texas steers, \$2.90 to \$5.75; western steers, \$3.45 to \$5.20. Hogs—Receipts today, 24,000; tomorrow, 23,000; left over, 4,212. Market 10¢ to 15¢ lower. Mixers, butchers, \$6.25 to \$6.50; good to choice heavy, \$6.50 to \$6.75; rough heavy, \$5.20 to \$6.40; light, \$5.30 to \$6.50; bulk of sales, \$6.30 to \$6.50.

FORT WAYNE MARKETS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 9.—Flour—Spring wheat, \$3.75 to \$4.00; winter, per bbl., \$3.50 to \$3.75; Graham, \$1.75 per cwt.; buckwheat, \$2.60 per cwt.; corn meal, bolted, \$1.40 to \$1.50 per cwt.; corn meal, unbolted, \$1.40 per cwt.

Chop Feed—\$1.25 per cwt.

Wheat—68c.

Corn—Yellow, 52c.

Oats—34c.

Rye—New, 50c.

Rye—Old, 50c.

Timothy Seed—\$1.80 bu.

Cloverseed—\$4.25 to \$6.25.

Barley—55c.

Oil Meal—\$1.50 per cwt.

Flax Seed—\$1.25.

Hides—Green, 7 1/2¢; salted, 8 1/2¢.

Calf Hides—Green, 9c.

Calf Hides—Salted, 10 1/2¢.

Wool—Unwashed, 17c.

Wool—Washed, 25c.

Bran—Ton, \$17.00.

Shorts—Ton, \$17.00.

Middlings—Ton, \$18.00.

Pork—On foot, \$6.00 to \$6.35.

Pork—Dressed, \$8.50.

Cattle—\$4.25 to \$4.50.

Sheep—3c lb.

Lambs—3 1/2¢ lb.

CITY HAY MARKET.

Timothy—New, \$9.00 to \$11.00.

Clover—\$6.00 to \$7.00.

Mixed—\$7.00 to \$9.00.

Wheat Straw—\$4.00 to \$5.00.

Oat Straw—\$4.00 to \$5.00.

PRODUCE.

Butter—Country, 14c.

Butter—Creamery, 22c.

Eggs—15 to 16c.

Lard—8c lb.

Chickens—Old, 5 1/2¢ to 6c.

Chickens—Spring, 7 to 8c.

Chickens—Dressed, 10c.

Geese—6c lb.

Dressed Geese—8c lb.

Spring Ducks—6c lb.

Dressed Ducks, 10c lb.

Turkeys—7 to 7 1/2¢ lb.

Dressed Turkeys—9c lb.

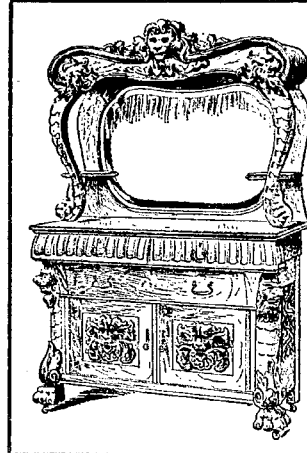
New Potatoes—75 to 80c bu.

Apples—25 to 30c bu.

Onions—55 to 60c.

Honey—14 to 18c lb.

This \$100 Sideboard for \$68.50 Net.



See it in Our Big Widow
On Court Street.

One of the Finest Sideboards
Ever Brought to Fort Wayne.

Constructed from large flake quarter-sawn white oak, finished in golden oak. The heavy, artistic hand carvings are left in a dead finish to contrast with the hand polished smooth portions of the wood, an arrangement that is very effective. The lines of the top and of the large mirror are exceedingly artistic and attractive, while the trimmings are of the richest quality. We think we have never offered so great a bargain in a high-class sideboard.

FOSTER FURNITURE & CARPET COMPANY.

GET A PATENT.

George Harrod and Hiram Norris have received notice that patents have been granted upon the nut lock described in The Sentinel four or five weeks ago and of which they are the inventors and patentees. This nut lock has been in use on the Union Belt railway in Indianapolis for two years and the management and others connected with that road declare it to be the most practicable and serviceable nut lock they ever saw and the only one to survive the severe tests to which nut locks are subjected on a railway. Mr. Harrod goes on the road in a few days to get his invention before railway men and there is every indication that he will meet with success in the sale of rights. Mr. Norris is a resident of Indianapolis.

AT PATTERSON'S

You can buy heavy fleece lined underwear, also heavy ribbed goods, at 38c a garment or 75c a suit. 25 per cent less than any other store.

Boys' and girls' heavy black hose at 10c a pair (sizes 6 to 10), others ask 25c for the same hose.

Work shirts at 38c; others get 50c for the same shirts.

Blue bib overalls with high back and set-in pockets at 50c. No better in town at 75c.

If you want the best at the least money—buy of Patterson.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

LANDS FOR SALE In Allen County, Ind.

Good times have fully arrived and to continue, and I will now offer the list below, which is one-half of my lands in Allen County, Indiana, on long-time payments to suit the purchaser. Address, HENRY M. WILLIAMS, 24 East Wayne Street, opposite High School, Fort Wayne, Ind., or any real estate agent (commission 3 per cent.). Lists in other counties and states forwarded on request.

	Sec.	T.	R.	Acres.	Price.
S. W. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	27	30	15	40	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	10	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
E. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	8	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	8	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
E. 1/2 N. E. 1/4	18	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/2 N. E. 1/4	18	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
S. 1/2 N. W. 1/4	18	30	15	80	\$50 per acre.
N. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	18	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/2 N. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80	\$50 per acre.
N. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
S. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	29	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
W. 1/2 N. W. 1/4	32	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
E. 1/2 S. E. 1/4	20	30	15	80	\$75 per acre.
W. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	21	30	15	80	\$40 per acre.
N. E. 1/4 N. E. 1/4	7	31	11	40	\$40 per acre.
N. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	4	31	11	80	\$50 per acre.
S. 1/2 S. W. 1/4	4	31	11	67	\$50 per acre.
N. W. 1/4 S. E. 1/4	9	31	11	40	\$30 per acre.

LIGHT MADE FROM SMOKE.

A Belgian engineer, Tobiansky, has invented an apparatus for producing light from smoke, says the Youth's Companion. It appears that the origin of the smoke is a matter

of indifference. It is simply forced into a receiver, where it is saturated with hydrocarbon, and can then be burned, giving a brilliant illumination.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

THE HIT OF THE SEASON.

THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

The Bell's Slaughter Sale Of Winter Suits and Overcoats.

The biggest crowd that was ever in our store was that of last Saturday. It was a big crowd; we pleased them all, and it was such a simple matter to please them, too, as the styles were right—they were up-to-date. We start off again this week with this great sale of goods purchased of Hirsh, Elson & Co., of Chicago, manufacturers of high grade Suits, Overcoats and Reefers for men, boys and children, the very cream of this season's makes, including every style, fabric, shape and color sanctioned by laws of fashion. America's foremost manufacturers of tailors' highest skill. Bear in mind that this is all new stock manufactured for this fall and winter.

Stylish Winter Clothing at Less than the Cloth Costs.

Men's \$6.00 winter suits and overcoats, manufactured to sell at \$5.00; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$3.10
Men's \$6.00 winter suits and overcoats, every style and material, elegantly trimmed, manufactured to sell at \$7.00; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$4.77
Men's \$9.00 winter suits and overcoats, as handsome an assortment as any man would want to choose from, manufactured to sell at \$7.75; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$5.98
Men's \$10.00 winter extra fine suits and overcoats. Suits in cassimeres and fancy or black Oxford, greys and fine kerseys, manufactured to sell at \$8.75; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$6.48
Men's \$12.00 and \$13.00 winter suits and overcoats. Suits in worsteds, chevrons and meltons, splendidly tailored. Overcoats, the cream of the season, manufactured to sell at \$10.00; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$8.47
Boys, \$6.00 winter suits and overcoats, sizes 14 to 20, manufactured to sell at \$5.00; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$3.48
Boys' \$7.00 winter suits and overcoats, sizes 14 to 20, manufactured to sell at \$6.00; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$3.48
Boys' \$9.00 winter suits and overcoats, manufactured to sell at \$7.75; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$4.97
Boys' \$10.00 winter suits and overcoats, manufactured to sell at \$8.75; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$5.98
500 pairs of men's winter working pants, manufactured to sell at \$1.25; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE 79c

Men's fine winter trousers, made of serviceable hair lined cassimeres, in neat, medium and dark grey striped patterns, splendidly made and of certain good wearing qualities. The kind that will not rip—will give satisfaction to the purchasers; manufactured to sell at \$2.75; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$1.95
\$3.50 boys' reefers, made of strictly all-wool frieze, in blue or Oxford and brown, with all-wool fancy plaid storm collars, all sizes, 3 to 16 years; manufactured to sell at \$2.75; OUR SLAUGHTERED PRICE \$1.95
\$1.50 boys' winter knee pants suits, boys suits, sizes 3 to 8, in vestee style, and 6

MEET IN REUNION

VETERANS OF ELEVENTH INDIANA BATTERY HERE.

TIME THINNING THE RANKS

BUT SPIRIT OF COMRADESHIP IS YET WARM.

NEXT MEETING AT HOAGLAND

OFFICERS ELECTED AT SESSIONS AT CITY HALL.

Survivors of the gallant old Eleventh Indiana battery gathered in Fort Wayne today for their eighteenth annual reunion, to meet old comrades, recall once more the experiences of war time and renew the bonds of comradeship formed during the arduous service in the civil war. The business sessions were held in the city council chamber, and the meeting was of unusual interest. The splendid record of this battery is enshrined among the brightest achievements of union soldiery.

The association was organized in this city eighteen years ago, and held its first reunion at the old fair grounds, which are now included in Swinney park, and it has held these meetings yearly since that date. For the past year the officers have been: Lieut. John Otto, president; Lieut. H. M. Williams, vice president; W. M. Glenn, secretary, and H. C. Zollinger treasurer. Lieutenant Otto presided at the meeting today, and for the coming year officers were elected as follows:

NEW OFFICERS CHOSEN.

President—Lieut. John Otto, Auburn.

Vice President—Lieut. H. M. Williams, Fort Wayne.

Secretary—William H. Glenn, Fort Wayne.

Treasurer—H. C. Zollinger, Fort Wayne.

Trustee—Samuel S. Kelker, Fort Wayne.

Executive Committee—John McIntosh, J. J. Conklin, H. C. Zollinger, S. S. Kelker, John Koons, William M. Glenn.

It was decided to hold the next annual reunion at Hoagland in September, 1902.

In calling the reunion to order this morning Lieutenant Otto expressed his gratification at again being able to look into the faces of so many old comrades. "None are closer to my heart," said he, "than my old fellow-members of the Eleventh Indiana battery. It is a glorious thing to have helped sustain the government under which we live. It should inspire us all to the highest plane of living. Time is rolling on and we must be ready for the change soon to come—for the promotion into the army of eternity, and I hope we shall all participate in that grand reunion over there." Lieutenant Otto noted with pleasure that so far as is known death had not invaded the ranks of the battery during the past year.

Back of the secretary's desk hung the old flag carried through southern battle-fields by the Eleventh battery. Shot and shell, time and tempest have reduced the stately banner to little more than tatters, and it is carefully preserved by S. S. Kelker, of this city, as the most treasured memento of the organization. The badges of the members today were tied with a small bow of black, the drapery being in honor of the late

President McKinley.

WILL PERPETUATE IT.

One of the most important matters transacted at today's session was the adoption of a new constitution which has for its purpose the perpetuation of the Eleventh battery organization. Aside from this feature the new constitution does not differ materially from the old, but it provides that hereafter the sons of the veterans may be admitted to associate membership in a class of their own, but that on the death of the father of the associate member the son becomes a regular member of the battery organization proper.

Many of the veterans today were accompanied by their wives and daughters, and it was evident they enjoyed the opportunity for hand-shaking and visitation, relating old experiences of comradeship fully as much as the more purely business portions of the reunion. The greater part of the business session was concluded by noon, when the veterans marched to the W. R. C. hall in the Elektron building and enjoyed an abundant dinner served by the ladies of the Women's Relief corps. A brief business session this afternoon closed the reunion proper, and during the afternoon the veterans have been sight-seeing, visiting and mingling together, many of them attending the session of the Eighty-eighth at Saengerbund hall. This evening both organizations will join in a monster campfire at Saengerbund hall.

THE REGISTRATION.

Members of the Eleventh Indiana battery who registered at the reunion today were as follows:

S. Daugherty, Fort Wayne; D. B. Walters, Fort Wayne; J. W. Vorlesmark, Fort Wayne; E. Ruple, Fort Wayne; J. Good, Bryan, Ohio; H. W. Caldwell, Garrett; J. L. Crowe, Fort Wayne; L. J. Riley, Fort Wayne; L. Schuler, Fort Wayne; Isaac Johnson, Arcola; John Otto, Auburn; A. J. Yeakey, Fort Wayne; W. H. Cutschak, Fort Wayne; G. Pfeiffer, Huntington; Eli Rank, Fort Wayne; Louis Voss, Fort Wayne; John McIntosh, Hoagland; A. Smead, Fort Wayne; John Corcoran, Fort Wayne; S. S. Kelker, Fort Wayne; Theodore Johnson, Fort Wayne; George Craig, Fort Wayne; Henry M. Williams, Fort Wayne; William M. Glenn, Fort Wayne; John Koons, Ossian; Jacob Belger, Arcola; John Conklin, Fort Wayne; John Schuler, Fort Wayne; John H. Jacobs, Fort Wayne; William Edmunds, Fort Wayne.

RECRUITED AT FORT WAYNE.

The Eleventh battery of light artillery, Indiana volunteers, was recruited at Fort Wayne and mustered into the service at Indianapolis December 11, 1861, with Arnold Sutermeister as captain. Soon after its organization the battery proceeded to Louisville and moved with General Buell's army to Nashville, arriving there February 26, 1862. From there the battery moved with its division to Pittsburg Landing, arriving at the close of the battle of Shiloh and participating in the siege of Corinth which followed. Upon the evacuation of Corinth the battery moved with the main army through northern Mississippi to Tusculum, Ala., and thence to Huntsville, where it went into camp in July. The rebel General Bragg having transferred a large part of his army through Alabama and Georgia, reached Chattanooga in advance of General Buell's forces, turned his valley and moving up the Sequatchie valley and crossed Tennessee and entered Kentucky.

CHASED GENERAL BRAGG.

General Buell's army fell back to Nashville and then moved in pursuit of the rebel army. The Eleventh battery moved with the main column, and after the pursuit of Bragg had ceased, returned to Nashville, and upon the reorganization of the army under General Rosecrans, was assigned to the Third division, Twenty-first army corps. After the battle of Stone

River and the occupation of Murfreesboro, the battery went into camp near that place.

June 24, 1863, the Eleventh battery moved with the main army upon the enemy's position at Tullahoma, which place was abandoned by the confederates, who fell back across the Tennessee river. The battery halted at Cowan's Station. General Sheridan's division, to which it was assigned, was engaged during the months of July and August in guarding the railroad from Decherd, Tenn., to Stevenson, Ala., and sections of the Eleventh battery were stationed at important points along the railroad.

August 10 a general forward movement was made and General Sheridan's division crossed the Tennessee river at Bridgeport upon a bridge of its own construction. Moving by way of Trenton, the division joined its corps near Winston's Gap. From thence the battery moved to Stevens Gap.

The battle of Chickamauga began September 19 and Sheridan's division moved to support the right of Crittenden's corps at Gordon's Mill. Here a terrific engagement took place, with great loss on both sides, but Sheridan's division held its position and at one time gallantly charged the enemy, recapturing a battery. The following day the fight was renewed with great fury, and the enemy having broken a portion of our line, our army retired to Rossville and then to Chattanooga.

WAS SEVERELY ENGAGED.

The Eleventh battery was severely engaged in this battle, losing heavily in killed and wounded. Arriving at Chattanooga the battery took position in the fortifications and was engaged in the siege of that place. It took part in the battle of Mission Ridge November 25 and remained in Chattanooga during the following winter.

March 5, 1864, a number of members of the battery re-enlisted as veterans at Chattanooga. In May the battery moved with General Sherman's army upon the campaign against Atlanta and took part in the principal engagements and movements that crowned that campaign with success. After the capture of Atlanta the Eleventh battery returned to Chattanooga, where it remained until on November 21, 1864, sixty-five of its members were transferred to the Eighteenth Indiana battery and consolidated with it and the Eleventh battery lost its designation, the new organization being known as the Eighteenth battery.

The consolidated battery remained at Chattanooga until orders were received to proceed to Indianapolis for muster out. June 7, 1865, the Eighteenth battery was mustered out of service at Indianapolis.

MIDDLETOWN.

Our school has been progressing finely in the past two weeks. Civil government and rhetoric have been added to the usual course. The high school numbers twenty-six, with prospects of more with Professor Sink as principle, and the primary sixteen, with Miss Nellie Ringwalt as teacher.

From our ranks since last year's school term have stepped four teachers—Louis Ruhl, at No. 9; Estelle Neireiter, at No. 10, and Etta Barkley, at No. 7, this township, and Grace Emrick, at No. 5, Madison township.

Many contemplate attending the Sunday school convention at Poe on October 20.

Mrs. Nancy Wise and Miss Nettie Stakes, of Inland, Ohio, visited Elsworth Ruhl and family last week, and are still visiting in the vicinity.

Saturday last Allen Steel, of Decatur, erected a windmill on the farm of Simon Somers. Now the Somers Bros. can say, "Let the wind do it; we'll rest."

Elsworth Ruhl presided over our

Dark Hair

Do you want it? All that dark, rich color your hair used to have? Easy enough, so long as you can buy Ayer's Hair Vigor. It always restores color to gray hair. It stops falling of the hair, too, and sometimes makes it grow very long and heavy.

"I am over 50 years old. My hair is long and heavy, and of the dark, rich color of youth, thanks to Ayer's Hair Vigor."

Mrs. R. A. Lloyd, Hampton, Va.
S. A. Lloyd, J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

annual school meeting at the school house Saturday evening. He was again elected director. Henry Mail and will furnish the wood.

Lee Hartzell has gone to Huntington to attend business college.

Merry bands of hickory nut gatherers thronged the woods Sunday last. They were from the Summit City.

The high school base ball team is again reorganized. It is expected that some fine games are to be witnessed on the school lawn.

YOUNG MEN AT THE HEAD.

The youngest college president is said to be John H. McCracken, who, at 25, presides over Westminster college, at Fulton, Mo., while his father, Henry M. McCracken, is the executive head of the New York university. Jerome Hall Raymond, president of the University of West Virginia, was elected to that office when 28 years old. President Boothe Colwell Davis, of Alfred university, New York, was elected when 32 years old. Rev. Burris A. Jenkins was two years younger when he became president of the University of Indianapolis. Dr. Daniel E. Jenkins, president of Parsons college, Iowa, was just 30 years of age when he took the place, in 1898. Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman was 38 years old when he went to preside over Cornell university.—Success.

PAID TEACHERS.

For the purpose of reaching ultimately an ideal Sunday school—one in which every officer and teacher is an expert—there has been set on foot in the Church of the Holy Communion, New York, a movement which is designed to work out this end. It is proposed to create an educational endowment fund of \$100,000, the interest of which shall be used to pay the educational experts, who shall teach the teachers, to pay the heads of departments in the school, and to compensate, so far as possible, all teachers who will accept remuneration, provided that they can demonstrate their fitness, based upon preparation conforming to established standard of requirement.—Saturday Evening Post.

HIGHEST ALTITUDES.

The reason, Signor Mosso tells us, why so few have attempted the ascent of the highest peaks on the face of the earth is the conviction that man cannot withstand the rarefied air of these altitudes. "Heroism shrinks from such prolonged sufferings as those due to lack of health." His own experiments and observations, however, give us the assurance that man will be able slowly to accustom himself to the diminished barometric pressure of the Himalayas. "If birds," he says, "fly to the height of 29,000 feet, man ought to be able to reach the same altitude at a slow rate of progress."—Pearson's Magazine.

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

NO EFFORT BEING SPARED

TO SECURE MISS STONE'S RELEASE FROM BANDITS.

Government at Washington Makes an Arrangement for Advancing the Ransom.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Not since the successful attempt to save the life of John Hays Hammond, the American engineer implicated in the Jamison raid, has the state department put forth such energetic efforts to save a human life as it is now exerting in behalf of Miss Stone, the American missionary who was captured by Bulgarian bandits. A sum of money has been forwarded by the agency of the cable to Spencer Eddy, the United States secretary of the legation at Constantinople, who has shown remarkable energy and ability in unearthing the ramifications of the plot which resulted in the kidnapping of Miss Stone.

There is little doubt that the Turkish government has done all that it could be expected to do to run down the bandits, and what is now to be done is to secure similar action on the part of the Bulgarian government and to that end influences more potent with the Slav races than those of the United States government are now at work. Should these measures fail then the ransom money must be paid, and that is why Mr. Eddy has been placed in possession of this powerful auxiliary.

ABOUT THE COURT HOUSE

Harry Gray, the young lad who forged a check on his employer on Saturday, got quick action on his money yesterday. At police court in the morning he tried to bluff everybody, at the next session of the court, held a few hours later, he confessed his guilt and was bound over to the circuit court, and at 3:30 yesterday afternoon he was taken into court, where he entered a plea of guilty and was given an indeterminate sentence of two to fourteen years, and if nothing happens, by morning he will be on his way to the state reformatory prison.

The jury in the case of the state ex rel. Mary Stewart vs. Joseph Horstman in paternity proceedings returned a sealed verdict at 10 o'clock this morning. The verdict of the jury was simply a finding of fact and declared the defendant to be the father of the relatrix's child. A motion was immediately filed asking for a new trial, and pending the arguments and ruling no sentence was pronounced.

During the summer vacation of the circuit court John W. Vordermark made application and was granted letters of administration in the estate of Henry Tilberry, dead many years. The letters were issued by the county clerk and this morning Judge O'Rourke revoked them. It was shown and the court so held, that the will under which the letters were granted, was made in 1854 and that all the beneficiaries had long since become of age; that the trouble now was simply among the heirs to right a title; that the law provided other ways of settling such matters, and that there exists no reason why letters of administration should issue at this late day.

The case of the state ex rel. Blanche Travis vs. Charles Shaffer in paternity proceedings, was dismissed in the circuit court at the relatrix's cost, the case having been compromised out of court.

In the superior court today the case of Shively vs. Bidenour was dismissed. The Bakes Supply company was given judgment against Henry Yeast et al. for \$1,113.69. Louisa

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES

Graduate Nurse, and President of Nurses' Association of Watertown, N.Y.,

Tells How Much Doctors Use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Has Yet To Hear of Its Failure To Cure.

It is not infrequent that information comes to our attention proving that the medical profession in general prescribe large quantities of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in their private practice.

It is a fact beyond dispute that nowhere is to be found a remedy so universally successful in curing female ills, and the broad-minded physician of to-day is quick to recognize his duty to his patient, and does not hesitate to prescribe the best medicine he can find,—the medicine that is surest and quickest to bring relief to his patient; for this very reason thousands of the very best physicians are prescribing in their treatment of female ills Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, while not in the original bottles perhaps, but in plain prescription bottles with their own or druggists' name.

It is our pleasure and our privilege to publish a letter from a graduate nurse whose reputation and prominence in her profession lends much weight to her opinions, and whose testimony goes to prove our statements in regard to the high esteem in which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is held by our leading physicians and trained nurses.



MISS VIRGINIA GRANES.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Twelve years continuous service at the sick beds in some of our prominent hospitals, as well as at private homes, has given me varied experiences with the diseases of women. I have nursed some most distressing cases of inflammation and ulceration of the ovaries and womb. I have known that doctors used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when everything else failed with their patients. I have advised my patients and friends to use it, and have yet to hear of its first failure to cure."

"Four years ago I had falling of the womb from straining in lifting a heavy patient, and knowing of the value of your Compound I began to use it at once, and in six weeks I was well once more, and have had no trouble since. I am most pleased to have had an opportunity to say a few words in praise of your Vegetable Compound, and shall take every occasion to recommend it."—Miss VIRGINIA GRANES, 444 So. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. [Present address.]

Be it, therefore, believed by all women who are ill that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they should take. It has stood the test of time, and it has hundreds of thousands of cures to its credit. It should, therefore, be considered unwise to experiment further.

Mrs. Pinkham, whose address is Lynn, Mass., will answer cheerfully and without cost all letters addressed to her by sick women.

\$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, \$5000, which will be paid to any person who can find the above testimonial letter to be not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Flynn was given judgment against Henry B. Monning et al. for \$119.68. The case of Ulrich Brake vs. Charles Moellering, appealed from the circuit court, was dismissed by Judge O'Rourke.

The county commissioners this morning visited Lakeside to inspect several county culverts. E. Richard Kuhne has filed his current report as guardian of William G. Franze.

Sophia Webster et al have commenced partition proceedings against George W. Highland et al.

COMMISSION OF LUNACY.

This afternoon a commission of lunacy, of which Justice France will be president and Drs. Harrod, Mac-

beth and Nieschang will be examining physicians, will examine into the case of Andrew J. Owens, of Maumee avenue.

YOU WANT A SQUARE DEAL.

You get at Miller's furniture store, Nos. 50-52 East Main street, good made furniture. The reputation of this house was made upon the basis of giving customers the worth of their money and making no misrepresentation. Go to Miller's for your furniture. 9-w2t



The Best Horse

IS the horse to place your money on—if you bet. We say, "DON'T BET." A man who bets is a gambler. Still a great many of our best people think that a man who does not bet is no better (better). When you buy a new suit of clothes, lay your money down in favor of the best suit. A "PATTERSON" suit is a "favorite" against the field in Fort Wayne. A Patterson suit was never known to be in a race for a new home where it did not win out. It has all the "ear marks" of a winner. The graceful curve in the "neck,"

the well shaped body of the coat, the "hand padding," the "hair" cloth front in the coat, the perfect shaped legs in the trouser, and the cut-out instep, making it fall over the "shoe" without a wrinkle, are things that are sure to make it win, even if the price was not so extremely low. We save you money and give you present and future protection. For present protection we say "MONEY BACK" if you are not satisfied. For future protection we say "suits kept in repair for one year." See our \$15.00 suits with hand work.

REUBEN S. PATTERSON
56 CALHOUN STREET FORT WAYNE, IND.

Red Ribbon Week

"I saw by night, and behold a man riding upon a red horse."

Perfect safety in buying a "Patterson" suit. "An horse is a vain thing for safety."

The cheapest a good article can be sold, is our highest price.

We first see how good a thing we can buy, and then how cheap we can sell it.

Nearly every day opens on some new novelty at our store for the swell dresser.

THE RACES BEGIN

IDEAL DAY INAUGURATES THE
RED RIBBON MEET.

GOOD CROWDS FOR FIRST DAY

MANY LADIES HONOR THE OC-
CASION.

FIELDS ARE WELL MATCHED

GOOD PROGRAM FOR TOMORROW
IS ASSURED.

Unless "Old Sol" proves himself to be a bad actor before sundown this will have been an ideal day for the opening of a race meeting. This morning for an hour or two it looked as though there might be trouble brewing in the clouds and Jupiter Pluvius seemed to be standing just beyond the drawgate, waiting for a sign to come on. Later in the forenoon the clouds cleared away and when the bell tapped this afternoon the weather could not have been more delightful had it been made to order.

For an opening day the crowd was a good one—better than the average, and the liberal sprinkling of bright colors in the grand stand betokened the presence of a goodly number of ladies. If it is money that makes the mare go, it is likewise a sure thing that ladies make the races go. Anything is bound to be a success that has the encouragement of the fair ones, and this the management doubtless knew and had in mind when they decided to make the opening day an invitation day for the ladies. Not only the ladies and gentlemen, but the horses, too, were at the track and it can be truthfully said that a more evenly matched field of horses has never been brought to Fort Wayne. They are well matched and are fast as well.

The opening race, the 2:35 trot, presented Queen Exum a warm favorite, but in the pool selling the field speedily backed her down and Prestoria money was in great evidence. In the 2:18 pace Red Patchen and B. R. Johnson were the favorites, as was predicted. The third race, the runners, presented an enigma. Runners are hard to guess at any time and the talent goes badly wrong as often as right when trying to frame up a satisfactory betting list. For today Betty B., Lake View Belle and Apple Jack are touted as the most likely ones and they stand as favorites in the order named. There will be about fifteen starters at least in this race. In the 2:24 trot Eunice is the best thought of on the list.

TOMORROW'S PROGRAM.
For tomorrow another splendid program is offered.

The event of the day will, of course, be the free-for-all pace, which will be a horse race from the very jump and it is said that the horse who beats Harry O. in that race will have to go faster than 2:04, which is considerably better than the track record in a race, although Robert J. some years ago stepped it off in 2:03½ against time. Edith W., the fastest mare in the world, is the one who is expected to make Harry O. go his best mile of the year. The Bishop, who made Edith W. step her best at Cincinnati last week, is the next one on the list, and between these three on the best race ever gone over Fort Wayne ground is expected to be seen tomorrow. Meantime the field must not be sneezed at and among the bunch it will require a very fastidious taste, indeed, that will not find itself satisfied.

BOOKWALTER ELECTED.

Hon. Charles A. Bookwalter, formerly of this city, was yesterday elected mayor of Indianapolis by a majority that will probably exceed 1,200. The balance of the republican ticket was elected. Mayor Bookwalter was a resident of Fort Wayne until about twelve years ago, when he went to Indianapolis, where he has succeeded notably in business and in politics. He is a brother of E. H. Bookwalter, of the Sentinel circulation department.

BISHOP BURGESS DEAD.

St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 8.—Right Rev. Alexander Burgess, D. D., LL. D., Episcopal bishop of the diocese of Quincy, Ill., died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Homer Charles Royce, in this city, at 2 o'clock this morning. Death was due to a general breaking down, the result of old age.

NEUFER-SCHNELKER.

The marriage of Miss Rose Neuffer, daughter of Leonard Neuffer, and Eugene Schnelker, of New Haven, took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock at St. Patrick's church, Rev. J. F. Delaney officiating. Miss Alice Schnelker and John Bueter assisted. At the home of the bride, after the

ceremony, Caterer Lacklin served a wedding breakfast. Mr. and Mrs. Schnelker left at noon on a wedding tour. They will be at home after November 1st at 190 West Creighton avenue.

LOCAL LINES.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Slevert returned last evening from their wedding tour.

Edward Sherbundy has returned home to Peru after a brief visit in the city.

The Eel Fishing club entertained about twenty-five guests at a fish dinner in their camp on the Nottetown farm, up the St. Joe river, on Sunday.

The Fort Wayne Congregational association will meet at Ontario, Ind., October 15 and 16, and Revs. J. W. Bailey and D. T. Williams, of this city, will be in attendance.

Curran Adams, of the Queen restaurant, has been tendered the position of guard at the insane asylum at Pueblo, Col., and expects to leave in a few days to assume his new duties.

James M. Kane returned last evening from a ten days' trip to Buffalo, Albany, New York city and Philadelphia. While east Mr. Kane made extensive purchases of goods for the winter's trade.

Huntington Democrat: "Contractor L. A. Shutt, with a force of men, went to Roanoke today to begin work on the new sub-station switch board for the Fort Wayne and Southwestern Traction company."

Henry Gulgolf, of Coesse, a patient of Dr. Geary, was operated upon for an affection of the throat at St. Joseph hospital Monday evening.

Dr. W. P. Barnett, W. F. Schrader and Geary performed the operation and it was successful.

Fierce grass fires are raging on the Godfrey prairie, west and south of the city. A mile west of the Muncie crossing and along the Wabash tracks the country for a considerable distance was traversed by the flames between 11 and 2 o'clock today.

Col. J. E. Bowen and T. Skye, of Carson City, Nev., were in the city yesterday and inspected the Kiss Metal Extracting company's new machine. The gentlemen were well satisfied with the extractor and will send one to this city for treatment.

The many friends of Samuel Chaska, the popular salesman and member of the firm of Charles Falk & Co., will be glad to learn that he is on the road to recovery. Mr. Chaska has been seriously ill with pneumonia since last Tuesday, but his condition is now much improved.

HAND BADLY BRUISED.
Orris Redding, a truckman employed in the Pittsburgh freight house, had his left hand badly injured by getting it beneath a heavy piece of freight at 8 o'clock this morning.

It is believed that none of the bones were broken, but the flesh is terribly bruised. Dr. Stemen was called to attend the unfortunate man.

APPLES AND HEALTH.

Senator Cockrell is said to make his lunch entirely on apples, and at the age of sixty-five enjoys remarkably vigorous health, which has led one of the other senators to adopt a similar diet. A writer in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat says:

"At sixty-five the Missourian displays a capacity for work which is the marvel of the senate. He is more vigorous than he was ten years ago. He attributes in no small degree his splendid health to free use of apples, and especially to his daily lunch on apples exclusively. Taking notice of the Missourian's good color, steady nerves and notable endurance, other senators are adopting the apple habit. Stillson Hutchins said the other day: 'I believe more men shorten their lives by abuse of food than of drink.' Senator Depew says that after a man reaches sixty what he eats has more to do with his longevity and capacity to work than public men generally understand."

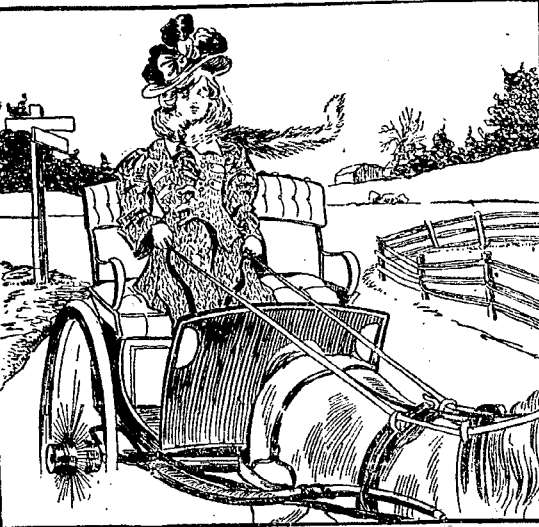
GAME WARDENS FIGHT FARMERS.

Legansport, Ind., Oct. 8.—Deputy Fish and Game Warden Wallace Smith and two men who had been sworn in to assist him were peppered with shot, and one country lad was seriously injured, Sunday night in a lively running fight between the officers of the law and a number of farmer fishermen. A crusade against violators of the law has been actively in progress since the new statute went into effect. The farmers were found in the middle of the Wabash river, where they had been commanded to come ashore by Smith put out their lights and got safely away in the darkness. Smith found several spears and some knives, which were loaded into the buggy, and a start for Legansport was made. The officers had not gone far before a shot rang out and Smith got a load of bird shot in his legs. The farmers were in ambush and began a second fire. Both horses were shot and all three deputies were painfully hurt. Smith emptied his revolver, shooting one of the farmers, who was carried away by his fellow. His identity has not yet been discovered. There is likely to be more violence, as residents of the neighborhood declare they will resist the law. Smith says the regulations will be enforced at any cost.

EDITOR KINERK A FUGITIVE.

Wabash, Ind., Oct. 8.—Benjamin Kinerk, formerly editor of the Wabash Daily and Weekly Times, decamped from this city about a month ago, and his present whereabouts is not known. It now develops that he forged the names of his relatives to notes for about \$1,000. His brother, John, paid a note of \$200 before it became known that Ben was guilty of several other forgeries. Gambling caused his crookedness.

A PUZZLE PICTURE.



DO YOU SEE THE LADY'S PET?

SENSES OF THE CHINESE

Undeveloped Faculties That
Stand in the Way of Their
Civilization.

(North China Herald.)

Chinese civilization has been affirmed and denied with equal vigor. There are those who see in the teaching of Confucius and the practice of his pupils something higher than the more spiritual doctrine of Christ is ever likely to produce; there are others who deny to China all right or title to civilization or culture. Between these two extremes truth lies.

We propose to approach the question from the physical side. Thought, imagination, mental and moral considerations of every kind are to be put aside and questions asked and answered by the body itself. What are its tastes, its likes and dislikes? How does it demean itself so far as its senses are concerned? What is its stage of development? Every individual man has gone through in his own experience the whole chapter of evolutionary history. What his delights today; he has outlived his childhood, or, better still, take note of his own little one, what do we find with regard to his sense of hearing, for example? Is not his chief characteristic a love of noise? Does he not revel in the boom of cannon, the crackle of fireworks, the clash of cymbals and the roll of drums? And have we not at every celebration of the Chinese New Year proof that the native, so far as his auditory senses are concerned, has not got beyond the stage of European childhood? Does he not shut himself up for hours at a stretch and hammer away at an orchestra composed entirely of gongs, cymbals and tom-toms? And would it not be utterly impossible for him to do anything of the kind had his evolution reached the stage of the European?

So with color. There are symptoms of a higher development of the eye than of the ear in China. Exquisite shades of silks, beautiful tints of porcelain and an unerring eye for scenery—witness the position of scenes of Buddhist temples—are proofs that the Chinese race is advancing in the aesthetic culture of the organ of sight. But having said so much we have said all. Where in China is the beauty perceivable in a European city? Where is there an attempt at street architecture? Why do so many hundreds of natives offend the eye with the inconformity of colors in their dress? Where is European cleanliness to be found in house and home? There is none. In discrimination of vision, as well as in hearing, the Chinese are behind the peoples of the west. Evil sights do not offend them.

It is hardly necessary to draw attention to their deficiency in the olfactory sensations, except where disinfectants are employed. It is a curious fact that the Chinese who will bear, apparently in happy unconsciousness, the foulest exhalations of decaying animal or vegetable matter, are sensitive to the smell of carbolic acid, which, as a rule, they cordially dislike. Most foreign residents in China find the protection of a handkerchief an absolute necessity when passing even through a village, but the native is so impervious to odors of the eastern type as to be quite ignorant that there is anything amiss. In the development of the olfactory nerves, therefore, it would seem that the native is even behind the youngest of foreign children, who at quite an early age resent anything offensive in that respect.

Closely connected with smell is taste. Here again the Chinese cannot claim any very high standard. There are some things they cook admirably and some of their flavors and sauces are of high order. But, as every householder knows, these things of higher promise have to be balanced against others, viands which at times scent the whole neighborhood. Traces of this stage remain among ourselves in the taste for "high" game, Limburger cheese and the like.

Coming lastly to the sense of feeling, we find a paradoxical state of affairs, with natives whose sense of touch is as nice as that of the most cultured European and with others who will bear the severest surgical operations without flinching. We know of an operation for the removal of a finger nail which was done without any help from anaesthetics. Our surgeons could tell endless stories of the like kind. At one time this power to bear was put down to fortitude, but the more probable explanation is a less sensitive nervous organization.

Is there anything to be learned from these considerations? Do they not explain much that has occurred within the past twelve months? Have not the Chinese been acting merely in accordance with the promptings of their nature as it is, and shall we not be making a grave error if we try to force upon them with too great suddenness a kind of civilization for which as yet they are not adapted?

RUSSIA'S VAST GRAIN AREA.
The Trans-Siberian road has been engineered so that it runs through the richest part of the territory, writes Rev. Peter MacQueen in Leslie's Weekly. The name Siberia stands for all the Asiatic dominions of Austria except Transcaucasia, Transcaspia and Turkestan. It is at present divided into the following provinces: Western Siberia, including the governments of Tobolsk and Tomsk, in the basin of the Ob river. Its area is 42,000 square geographical miles. The southern part of these regions, lying immediately east of the Urals, stretches far south toward the Khirgiz Steppe borderland and the region known as Baraba. Over an area twice as large as Japan this West Siberian plain is composed of black earth, and has scarcely a rock or stone. This black earth, or chernozem, is the real treasure of Siberia, and makes the western plain the granary of Russia. Wheat, rye, oats and barley are grown in large quantities; crops of many fold were reaped last year. The two things that militate against the crops are the late frosts and the want of snow in winter. But when I rode through the wheat fields in June the land seemed so rich and prosperous as Dakota. For hundreds of miles, even up as far north as Tobolsk, at 59 degrees, I saw nothing but grain fields growing green. Winter wheat is seldom sown, but spring wheat is sown from April 10. Frosts in the wheat area generally begin in September. The land is tilled by the fallow-land system; that is, one section is sown without fertilizing for ten years, and then allowed to lie fallow for ten years.

FIREMAN KILLED.
The first death resulting from the bursting of a water tube in the cab occurred east of Crestline, on the Fort Wayne road, yesterday. The fireman had an artery in his neck severed and bled to death before assistance could be obtained. The name of the unfortunate man could not be learned here, as he is employed on the eastern division, and a report of the accident was not made to the officials here.

WHEN YOU COME TO TOWN
Don't fail to drop in and see the splendid line of goods carried by the J. M. Miller furniture house. The goods and the prices are right.

J. M. MILLER.

9-21 50-52 East Main Street.

THE PREACHER SAYS

TALMAGE'S SERMON



(Copyright, Louis Klopsch, 1901.)

THE charm of an exalted religion is by Dr. Talmage in this discourse illustrated and commended; text, Job xxviii, 17: "The crystal cannot equal it."

Many of the precious stones of the Bible have come to prompt recognition. But for the present I take up the less valuable crystal. Job, in my text, compares saving wisdom with a specimen of topaz. An infidel chemist or mineralogist would pronounce the latter worth more than the former, but Job makes an intelligent comparison, looks at religion and then looks at the crystal and pronounces the former as of far superior value to the latter, exclaiming, in the words of my text, "The crystal cannot equal it."

Now, it is not a part of my sermon to design to depreciate the crystal, whether it be found in Cornish mine or Harz mountain or Mammoth cave or tinkling among the pendants of the chandeliers of a palace. The crystal is the star of the mountain; it is the queen of the cave; it is the eardrop of the hills; it finds its heaven in the diamond. Among all the pages of natural history there is no page more interesting to me than to show crystallography. But I want to show that Job was right when, taking religion in one hand and the crystal in the other, he declared that the former is of far more value and beauty than the latter, recommending it to all the people and to all the ages, declaring "The crystal cannot equal it."

In the first place, I remark that religion is superior to the crystal in exactness. That shapeless mass of crystal against which you accidentally dashed your foot is laid out with more exactness than any earthly city. There are six styles of crystalization and all of them divinely ordained. Every crystal has mathematical precision. God's geometry reaches through it, and it is a square, or it is a rectangle, or it is a rhomboid, or in some way it has a mathematical figure. Now, religion beats that in the simple fact that spiritual accuracy is more beautiful than material accuracy. God's attributes are exact, God's law exact, God's decrees exact, God's management of the world exact. Never counting wrong though he counts the grass blades and the stars and the sands and the cycles. His providences never dealing with us perpendicularly when those providences ought to be oblique, nor laterally when they ought to be vertical. Everything in our life arranged without any possibility of mistake. Each life a six-headed prism. Born at the right time; died at the right time. There are no "happen so's" in our theology. If I thought this was a slipshod universe, I would be in despair. God is not an anarchist. Law, order, symmetry, precision, a perfect square, a perfect rectangle, a perfect rhomboid, a perfect circle. The edge of God's robe of government never frays out. There are no loose screws in the world's machinery. It did not just happen that John Thomas, the missionary, on a heathen island, waiting for an outfit and orders for another mission, found in a box that floated ashore while the ship and the crew that carried the box were never heard of. I believe in a particular providence. I believe God's geometry may be seen in all our life more beautifully than in crystallography. Job was right. "The crystal cannot equal it."

More Transparent than Crystal.
Again I remark that religion is superior to the crystal in transparency. We know not when or by whom glass was first discovered. Bends of it have been found in the tomb of Alexander Severus. Vases of it are brought up from the ruins of Herculaneum. There were female ornaments made out of it 3,000 years ago—those adorned ones found now attached to the mummies of Egypt. A great many commentators believe that my text means glass. What would we do without the glass? The crystal in the window to keep out the storm and let in the day; the crystal over the watch, defending its delicate machinery yet allowing us to see the hour; the crystal of the telescope, by which the astronomer brings distant worlds so near he can inspect them. Oh, the triumphs of the crystals in the celebrated windows of Rome and Salisbury! But there is nothing so transparent in a crystal as in our holy religion. It is a transparent religion. You put it to your eye and you see man—his sin, his soul, his destiny. You look at God and you see something of the grandeur of his character. It is a transparent religion. Infidels tell us it is opaque. Do you know why they tell us it is opaque? It is because they are blind. "The natural man receiveth not the things of God because they are spiritually discerned." There is no trouble with the crystal. The trouble is with the eye which tries to look through it. We pray for vision. Lord, that our eyes might be opened! When the eye is cured our blindness, then we find that religion is transparent. It is a transparent Bible. All the mountains of the Bible come out—Sinai, the mountain of the law; Pisgah, the mountain of prospect; Olivet, the mountain of instruction; Calvary, the mountain of sacrifice. All the rivers of the Bible come out—Hiddekel, or the river of paradise; Jordan, or the river of holy Christ; Cherith, or the river of prophetic supply; Nile, or the river of palaces, and the pure river of life from under the throne, clear as crystal. While reading this Bible after our eyes have been touched by grace, we find it all transparent, and the earth rocks, now with crucifixion agony and now with judgment terror, and Christ appears in some of its 256 titles, as far as I can count them—the Bread, the Rock, the Captain, the Commander, the Conqueror,

the Star, and on and on beyond any capacity of mine to rehearse. Transparent religion!

The providence that seemed dark before becomes pellucid. Now you find God is not trying to put you down. Now you understand why you lost that child and why you lost your property. It was to prepare you for eternal treasures. And why sickness came, it being the precursor of immortal juvenescence. And now you understand why they lied about you and tried to drive you hither and thither. It was to put you in the glorious company of such men as Ignatius, who, when he went out to be destroyed by the lions, said, "I am the wheat, and the teeth of the wild beasts must first grind me before I can become pure bread for Jesus Christ." Or the company of such men as "that ancient Christian martyr" who, when standing in the midst of the amphitheater waiting for the lions to come out of their cave and destroy him and the people in the galleries jeering and shouting, "The lions!" replied, "Let them come on!" and then, stooping down toward the cave where the wild beasts were roaring to get out, again cried, "Let them come on!" Ah, yes, it is persecution to put you in glorious company, and while there are many things that you will have to postpone to the future world for explanation I tell you that it is the whole and the end of your religion to unravel and explain and interpret and illumine and irradiate. Job was right. It is a glorious transparency. "The crystal cannot equal it."

I remark again that religion surpasses the crystal in its beauty. The lump of crystal is put under the magnifying glass of the crystallographer and he sees in it indescribable exquisiteness—snowdrift and splinters of hoarfrost and corals and wreaths and stars and crowns and constellations of conspicuous beauty. The fact is that crystal is so beautiful that I can think of but one thing in all the universe that is as beautiful, and that is the religion of the Bible. No wonder this Bible represents that religion as the day-break, as the apple blossoms, as the glitter of a king's banquet. It is the joy of the whole earth.

People talk too much about their cross and not enough about their crowns. Do you know that the Bible mentions a cross but twenty-seven times, while it mentions a crown eighty times? Ask that old man what he thinks of religion. He has been a close observer. He has been cultivating an aesthetic taste. He has seen the smiles of half a century. He has been an early riser. He has been an admirer of canons and cathedrals and all kinds of beautiful things. Ask him what he thinks of religion, and he will tell you: "It is the most beautiful thing I ever saw. The crystal cannot equal it."

Harmony and Symmetry.
Beautiful in its symmetry. When it presents God's character, it does not present him as having love like a great protuberance on one side of his nature, but makes that love in harmony with his justice—a love that will accept all those who come to him, and a justice that will by no means clear the guilty. Beautiful religion in the hope it kindles! Beautiful religion in the fact that it proposes to garland and enshrine and empancinate an immortal spirit. Solomon says it is a crown. The Apostle Paul says it is a fountain kissed by the sun. Ezekiel says it is a foliaged cedar. Christ says it is a bridegroom come to fetch home a bride. While Job in the text takes up a whole vase of precious stones—the topaz and the sapphire and the chrysoprasus—he holds out of this beautiful vase just one crystal and holds it up until it gleams in the warm light of the eastern sky, and he exclaims, "The crystal cannot equal it."

Oh, it is not a stale religion; it is not a stupid religion; it is not a toothless hag, as some seem to have represented it; it is not a Meg Merrilies with shriveled arm come to scare the world; it is the fairest daughter of God, heiress of all his wealth; her cheek the morning sky, her voice the music of the south wind, her step the dance of the sea. Come and woo her. The Spirit and the Bride say, come, and whosoever will, let him come. Do you agree with Solomon and say it is a lily? Then pluck it and wear it over your heart. Do you agree with Paul and say it is a crown? Then let this hour be your coronation. Do you agree with the Apocalypse and say it is a foliaged cedar? Then come under its shadow. Do you believe with Christ and say it is a bridegroom come to fetch home a bride? Then strike hands with your Lord and King while I pronounce you everlastingly one. Or if you think with Job that it is a jewel, then put it on your hand like a ring, or on your neck like a bead, or on your forehead like a star, while looking into the mirror of God's word you acknowledge, "The crystal cannot equal it."

Superior to Crystal.
Again, religion is superior to the crystal in its transformations. The diamond is only a crystallization. Carbonate of lime rises till it becomes calcite or aragonite. Red oxide of copper crystallizes into cubes and octahedrons. Those crystals which adorn our persons and our homes and our museums have only been resurrected from forms that were far from inspiring. Scientists for ages have been examining these wonderful transformations. But I tell you in the gospel of the Son of God there is a more wonderful transformation. Over souls by reason of sin black as coal and hard as iron God, by his comforting grace, stoops and says, "They shall be mine in the day when I make up my jewels." "What?" say you. "Will God wear jewelry?" If he wanted it, he could make the stars of the heaven his belt and have the evening cloud for the sandals of his feet, but he does not want that adornment. He will not have that jewelry. When God wants jewelry, he comes down and digs it out of the depths and darkness of sin. These souls are all crystallizations of mercy. He puts them on, and he wears them in the presence of the whole universe. He wears them on the hand that was nailed, over the heart that was pierced, on the temple that was stunned. "They shall be mine," saith the Lord, "in the day when I make up my jewels." Wonderful transformation! Where sin abounded grace shall much

more abound. The carbon becomes the sapphire. "The crystal cannot equal it." Now, I have no liking for those people who are always enlarging in Christian meetings about their early dissipation. Do not go into the particulars, my brothers. Simply say you were sick, but make no display of your sins. The chief no display in trade of some ministers and Christian workers seems to be their early crimes and dissolutions. The number of pockets you picked and the number of chickens you stole make very poor prayer meeting rhetoric. Besides that, it discourages other Christian people who never got drunk or stole anything. But it is pleasant to know that those who were farthest down have been brought highest up. Out of infernal serfdom into eternal liberty. Out of darkness into light. From coal to the sapphire. "The crystal cannot equal it."

Power of the Gospel.

But, my friends, the chief transforming power of the gospel will not be seen in this world, and not until heaven breaks upon the soul. When that light falls upon the soul, then you will see the crystals. What a magnificent setting for these jewels of eternity! I sometimes hear people representing heaven in a way that is far from attractive to me. It seems almost a vulgar heaven as they represent it, with great blotches of color and bands of music making a deafening racket. John represents heaven as exquisitely beautiful. Three crystals! In one place he says, "Her light was like a precious stone, clear as crystal." In another place he says, "I saw a pure river from under the throne, clear as crystal." In another place he says, "Before the throne there was a sea of glass clear as crystal." Three crystals! John says crystal atmosphere. That means health. Balm of eternal June. What weather after the world's east wind! No rack of stormy clouds. One breath of that air will cure the worst tubercle. Crystal light shimmering on the topaz of the temples. Crystal light tossing in the plumes of the equestrians of heaven on white horses. But "The crystal cannot equal it." John says crystal river. That means joy. Deep and ever rolling. Not one drop of the Potomac or the Hudson or the Rhine to soil it. No one tear of human sorrow to dilute it. Crystal, the rain out of which it was made. Crystal, the bed over which it shall roll and ripple. Crystal, its infinite surface. But "The crystal cannot equal it." John says crystal sea. That means multitudinously vast. Vast in rapture. Rapture vast as the sea, deep as the sea, strong as the sea, ever changing as the sea. Billows of light. Billows of beauty, blue with skies that were never clouded and green with depths that were never fathomed. Arctics and Atlantics and Mediterraneans and the Pacific in crystalline magnificence. Three crystals! Crystal light falling on a crystal river. Crystal river rolling into a crystal sea. But "the crystal cannot equal it."

"Oh," says some one, putting his hand over his eyes, "can it be that I who have been in so much sin and trouble will ever come to those crystals?" Yes, it may be—it will be. Heaven we must have, whatever we have or have not, and we come here to get it. "How much must I pay for it?" you say. You will pay for it just as much as the coal pays to become the diamond. In other words, nothing. The same Almighty power that makes the crystal in the mountain will change your heart which is harder than stone, for the promise is, "I will take away your stony heart, and I will give you a heart of flesh."

Open the Door to Christ.
"Oh," says some one, "it is just the doctrine I want. God is to do everything, and I am to do nothing." My brother, it is not the doctrine you want. The coal makes no resistance. It hears the resurrection voice in the mountain and it comes to crystallization; but your heart resists. The trouble with you, my brother, is the coal wants to stay coal.

I do not ask you to throw open the door and let Christ in. I only ask that you stop bolting it and barring it. My friends, I will have to get rid of my sin, and you will have to get rid of your sin. You will have to do with our sins among the three crystals? The crystal atmosphere will display our pollution. The crystal river will be befouled with our touch. Transformation—take place now or no transformation—will be downward instead of upward. Instead of crystal it will be a cinder.

In the days of Carthage a Christian girl was condemned to die for her faith, and a boat was bedaubed with tar and pitch and filled with combustibles and set on fire, and the Christian girl was placed in the boat, and the wind was offshore, and the boat floated away with its precious treasure. No one can doubt that boat landed at the shore of heaven. Sin wants to put you in a fiery boat and shove you off in an opposite direction—off from peace, off from God, off from heaven, everlastingly off, and the port toward which you would sail would be a port of darkness, and the guns that would greet you would be the guns of despair, and the flags that would wave at your arrival would be the black flags of death. Oh, my brother, you must either kill sin or sin will kill you! It is no exaggeration when I say that any man or woman that wants to be saved may be saved. Tremendous choice! A thousand people are choosing this moment between salvation and destruction, between light and darkness, between charred ruin and glorious crystallization.

SERMONETTES

The Forces of the World.—The forces of the world move forward in gigantic pairs, never singly.—Rev. Dr. McAfee, Presbyterian, Chicago, Ill.

The Atonement.—The atonement is a glorious fact, but an equally sublime mystery.—Rev. W. P. Hannon, Congregationalist, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Authority of the Church.—The first authority of the church and the importance of its holding a place in our lives is found in its divine life, Christlike motives and beneficent purposes harmonizing the world with God. In its divine vitality and its beneficent purposes it is a God-ordained, a God-sent institution.—Rev. A. B. Church, Universalist, Akron, Ohio.

WITH MUCH VIGOR

EFFORTS TO RESCUE MISS STONE
WILL BE MADE.

THE PRESIDENT INTERESTED

URGES STATE DEPARTMENT TO
SPARE NO PAINS.

MISSION OFFICERS SEE HIM

MONEY FOR RANSOM FUND IS
RECEIVED IN BOSTON.

Washington, Oct. 5.—All the machinery of the department of state is now at work to save from death or prolonged captivity Miss Ellen Stone, the missionary who was kidnapped in Turkey. The president himself has become actively interested in the matter. Today Dr. Samuel H. Cappel, president of the American board of missions and Dr. Judson Smith, the foreign secretary of that board, arrived in Washington from Boston and went directly to the state department.

After an hour's conference with Acting Secretary Adee and Solicitor Penfield they were escorted to the White House.

President Roosevelt gave close attention to their statement.

Although the department of state already had taken up the matter, President Roosevelt laid fresh injunctions upon Mr. Adee to spare no effort to accomplish the purpose it had in view of releasing Miss Stone. The clerical men were highly gratified at the earnestness exhibited by the president and the state department officials and left for their home in Boston satisfied that the United States government was doing everything possible in Miss Stone's behalf.

Owing to the peculiar conditions of this case, none of the parties in today's conference was at liberty to make a statement for publication respecting the measures to be adopted. It is gathered that whatever may be done in the future in a punitive way, Miss Stone must be ransomed to begin with. Probably the ransom money must come from the mission board or from private contributions, for the state department has no funds which may be used to pay the ransom.

A NOTE OF DENIAL.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 5.—A note of denial was issued today of the statement that the kidnappers of the American missionary, Miss Helen H. Stone, and her companion, Madame Tsalika, are in Bulgaria. The note issued by the authorities declares that troops and police who have actively searched the frontier for ten days have not found any trace of the brigands, who demand that Miss Stone's ransom shall be paid in Turkey.

MONEY FOR RANSOM FUND.

Boston, Oct. 5.—The first mail today brought \$3,000 toward the rescue of Miss Stone, the missionary captured by the bandits, in response to the appeal issued by the American board yesterday.

Up to noon today the trustees of the Stone ransom fund had received \$15,555.

SAVED BY AN OFFICER.

The presence of mind and agility of Officer Robert Dickson saved F. V. Kinzie, 76 Murray street, from serious and possibly fatal injury Saturday. Kinzie was riding east on Berry street on a bicycle, and as he was crossing Calhoun street W. S. Patton, of 58 Brackenridge street, driving a horse attached to a single wagon turned off East Berry to go south on Calhoun. Patton was driving on the left side of the street and the bicyclist, not expecting the sudden turn, crashed into the horse. He fell under the animal's hoofs, and Officer Dickson, who was standing but a few feet away, quickly pulled him out before the animal's hoofs had struck him. As it was Kinzie was quite severely bruised, had a hand and leg lacerated and his clothing torn. The bicycle was badly damaged.

MISS HELEN LONG DEAD.

Hingham, Mass., Oct. 5.—Miss Helen Long, second daughter of Secretary John D. Long, died last night. The end came almost sooner than expected, although when the secretary was summoned home from Washington early in the week it was known that his daughter's condition was critical.

Miss Long died of pulmonary trouble which had its inception after close attention to the social duties during Secretary Long's first term in the cabinet. Mrs. Long's health had failed and it was necessary for

Miss Helen to take her place. The daughter's health also failed and she went to Colorado Springs in November, 1900. She was the youngest daughter by Mr. Long's first wife.

GREAT GRAIN HOUSE ASSIGNS.

Minneapolis, Oct. 5.—J. Q. Adams & Co., of this city, who have conducted one of the largest grain receiving and exporting houses in the northwest under the name of the St. Paul and Kansas City Grain Co., have made an assignment to Fred V. Vandusen and P. B. Smith. The company owns or controls seventy country elevators. The J. Q. Adams Co. proper is capitalized at \$250,000 and the St. Paul and Kansas City Grain Co. at \$150,000. The assignment is made in the name of the St. Paul and Kansas City Grain company. The assignees will continue the business. The failure is due to loss sustained last spring in the May corn corner. The assignees are not prepared to make a statement of liabilities and assets.

IN THE JUSTICES' COURTS.

Henry Schrader, a scavenger, was arrested for having in his possession fish nets, contrary to law. His trial was held in Buller's court last week and he was found guilty and fined \$25 and costs. There were mitigating circumstances which the court took into consideration and sentence was suspended.

Justice Tancey has been indisposed for several days, suffering from an attack of malarial fever. Leon Schnee, the fifteen-year-old son of Joseph Schnee, the Calhoun street saloonkeeper, was arrested on Thursday for assault and battery on a woman, which hit Mrs. Beman on the shoulder, whereat she grew very wroth. Her husband went to the senior Schnee's place of business to ask him to explain the conduct of his son, but received very little satisfaction. Failing to get an explanation, an apology or any other redress, Mrs. Beman filed the affidavit. Justice France will hear the evidence.

Justice France has returned from Indianapolis, where he was in attendance on the session of the grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias.

Dr. Herman Duemling appeared in Buller's court and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of shooting quail out of season, the affidavit having been filed by Deputy Game Warden Fleming. The doctor usually carries a gun with him for self-protection and being a very humane gentleman, when the quail flew up and made a vicious attack on his horse, he fired his gun to scare them away. It appears that two of them were hit and a couple of farmers in the neighborhood thought that he had killed the birds purposely and filed the information. The doctor could have proved that the quail commenced hostilities by trying to kill his horse, but not caring to make any fuss about the matter he pleaded guilty and quietly paid the fine of \$10 and costs.

Marshall Dupont, a young man arrested in Perry township Thursday morning on a charge of stealing property from farmers, was arraigned before Justice France Friday. Solomon Chapman, of Pleasant township, identified a gun which the prisoner had in his possession as one stolen from his place several weeks ago. With the shot gun there was taken \$18 in cash. Joseph Malley, another farmer, said the coat and vest which Dupont was wearing were stolen from him. Affidavits were filed against Dupont by both farmers and he was given a hearing on the charge of stealing the gun and money. He pleaded guilty to taking the gun, but denied the theft of the money. He was bound over to the circuit court with \$800 bond.

Arraigned in the circuit court next afternoon Dupont pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny, and was sentenced to from one to three years in the state's prison.

Romy Wagner, a lad employed by a farmer about four miles west of the city, was arraigned in Buller's court on Monday, charged with the killing of seven quail on Sunday, the said shooting being done outside of the game season. Under the law the killing of each bird is a separate offense, but it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the boy was ignorant of the provisions of the law, it was agreed that a penalty should be laid in only one case, which made the fine assessed nearly \$40. The lad is an orphan and will be obliged to serve out his fine in jail. Disinterested friends are endeavoring to secure a remission of the fine or a suspension of judgment, which, under the circumstances, would seem to be rather a humane proceeding.

BOARDERS TAKEN SICK.

Seven persons who eat at a boarding house on Lewis street are sick, several of them quite seriously, from something eaten at the table Saturday evening, it is believed. None of them are critical and what caused the illness is not yet determined. Drs. McOscar, English and G. B. Steffen have various of the patients under their care.

THE COURT NEWS.

Mrs. Sylvia A. Fulkerson Wednesday last, through her attorneys, Vesey & Heaton, commenced suit against the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad company alleging damages in the sum of \$5,000. It will be remembered that last January a vehicle in charge of and driven by Mrs. Fulkerson was struck by the Grand Rapids pay car at the Goshen road crossing and Mrs. Fulkerson was seriously injured, while her horse was killed and her buggy was wrecked. She was taken to a nearby house, where she was cared for until she was in a condition to be removed to her own home, and for a long time her physical condition was critical. The complaint alleges that on the 19th of January, 1901, she was driving in the direction of the road above named on the highway known as the Goshen road; that as she approached the crossing she looked carefully about her to see whether any train was approaching; that she could see a long distance south on the track and knew that no train was coming from that direction, but that a deep "cut" obscured the view to the north; that she drove up to the right-of-way of the railway company and again looked and listened, but could neither see nor hear an approaching train; that she then attempted to cross the railway track, and when upon it was struck by an engine drawing the pay car of the road; that the engine gave no sign of its approach, whistle, bell or otherwise, and that the said engine was running on its own time and was not a part of a regularly scheduled train; that her horse was instantly killed and her buggy wrecked, while she received serious bodily injuries; that the accident was the result of no negligence or lack of precaution on her part, but was due entirely to the negligence of the company's employees and agents; that her horse was worth \$125, her buggy \$75, that she paid for doctors, \$117, for nursing \$155, for medicine \$25, and sustained personal damages to the extent of \$4,000, wherefore she asks for judgment in the sum of \$5,000.

Blanche VanTilberg last week commenced suit against Emma Johns for slander, alleging damages in the sum of \$2,500. Both parties reside in this city and the complaint has been taken off file by the lawyers, attorneys for the plaintiff. The complaint alleges that the defendant made slanderous remarks concerning the plaintiff reflecting on her morals and on her general character.

Sheriff and Mrs. Stout were in the country attending the wedding of Frank O. Currant and Lottie M. Ely, which took place at the country home of Ed Ely, the bride's father, on the Leo road, near Robinson park.

Mary C. Smith has commenced foreclosure proceedings against William Cramp et al.

Jennie Linniger has commenced suit in foreclosure against Daniel Linniger et al.

The case of Peter Kallen vs. J. E. Fox has been appealed from Huser's court and the transcript has been filed.

Sheriff Stout is in receipt of a telegram from the sheriff at Danville, Ill., asking whether Marion Welchburg is wanted here for jail-breaking. No such person is known to the officers here.

In the case of Christian Roesner vs. Henry Core, contestants for the office of trustee of the first district of Shirley City, Judge Adair last Tuesday evening decided in favor of the defendant, who was declared duly elected and entitled to his office. The case was one of ouster and the decision is a signal victory for the Shirley Cityites.

Henry Mercer and William Ash, of Perry township, Thursday morning brought to the city Marshal Dupont, who was turned over to Sheriff Stout and is now in custody at the county jail. In some quarters it is believed that Dupont is demented, but this he himself denies. Depredations of various kinds have been reported in the township and most of them, if not all, were charged to Dupont's account. None were very serious, but all were annoying. Last Saturday he was caught in the house of Farmer Treese, near Cedarville, where he had done no further damage than turning the house "upside down" as Mr. Treese expressed it. Dupont lived in the woods, slept in barns and haystacks and foraged his meals anywhere. A shot gun was stolen from the neighborhood, but it is not known whether Dupont got it or not. He ranged the woods like a wild man and the citizens of the township thought it best to place him in confinement. What will be done in his case has not yet been decided upon.

Suit has been filed in the circuit court against Elmer Wilkinson, on the affidavit of Michael J. Brennan, on behalf of the state, charging him with collecting a claim out of the state for collection and garnishment. The case is similar to the numerous ones filed in justices' courts during the past three weeks.

A special to The Sentinel announces that the supreme court has reversed the decision of the Allen superior court in the case of Birdie M. Cordrey vs. John Henry Neff, filed in May 1898, and decided against the plaintiff by the late Judge Dawson. The case was one to set aside a conveyance and under the lower court decision the plaintiff was taxed for costs. Tanneyhill & Bixby were the original attorneys for the plaintiff, neither of whom are now in Fort Wayne.

Sarah Elizabeth Miller, of St. Joseph township, asks for a divorce from Edward Miller, who, she alleges, deserted her immediately after their marriage August 25, 1899. She also asks for the custody of their two-year-old child.

Anna Frohnapple asks for a divorce from her husband, Charles Frohnapple. The Pennsylvania company is made co-defendant on the question of alimony.

The following cases were disposed of by the superior court: Rhinehold vs. Kuntz et al. Defendant, Union Central Life Insurance company, pays into court \$732.33 tender.

Dickey vs. Hanna—Eighth, ninth and tenth paragraphs of answer filed.

Rothschild vs. Sprague—Order for examination of plaintiff October 10.

Hoffman vs. Deither—Order for examination of defendant October 10.

Ed Gilmartin vs. Anna G. Lehnke—Judgment for plaintiff, \$93.52, and foreclosure of mechanic's lien.

Perry vs. Foster and Keel—Dismissed.

The wills of Elizabeth Thompson and Michael Hillworth were probated.

Judge Adair was appointed special judge in the case of Bramstrator vs. Ellison.

John A. Bushman, John Driebelbiss and Herman Michael, commissioners in partition in the case of Miller vs. Miller et al., file report.

The case of Kappel, administratrix, vs. Kappel, was set for trial on November 18.

In the case of Rothschild vs. Sprague, a motion was filed to make answer more specific.

Grace Mason was granted a divorce from Beat Mason and her maiden name restored.

Minnie Stapleton was granted a divorce from Robert Stapleton, given the custody of their four children and \$20 a month alimony.

Margaret Claus succ. Wilhelmnia and George Beyerline on a note. Demand \$400.

Louis Brames surs George Bender on an account. Demand \$125.

Frances M. Howe vs. Edward White and John W. White; suit to quiet title.

William E. Angevine vs. Solomon Snyder; suit to recover commission. Demand \$140.

Henry H. Porter vs. John W. Moninger; work and labor done. Demand \$200; Tort, demand \$250.

John Lefever vs. John Baltes, Peter Baltes, Herman J. Aldering, bishop; suit to foreclose mechanic's lien. Demand \$50.

Bessie Levene vs. Allemania Fire Insurance company, at Pittsburg; suit to recover fire loss on policy. Demand \$250.

Sarah McTigue vs. Margaret Smith; suit to set aside deed and account. Demand \$1,000.

Susan Bau vs. John Miller, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Nicholas Christman; suit to set aside probated will.

Attorney Henry Colerick, counsel for Charles Dunn, went into the circuit court Monday morning and asked that he be allowed to see the coroner's finding in the case of Alice Cuthrell, of whose murder said Dunn is charged. He intimated that unless he was given an opportunity of examining the finding of the coroner he would feel compelled in justice to his client to commence mandamus proceedings. A consultation was speedily held and the result is that Mr. Colerick has been examining the coroner's finding. The matter was not brought to the official notice of the court and there was no order issued, neither was the mandamus proceeding filed. Except as to some details of interest to the counsel, the coroner's report presents nothing new.

A committee representing the Lawton Memorial association called upon the county commissioners and asked that a levy be made to provide for the erection of a suitable monument in Fort Wayne to the dead hero. The commissioners explained that the matter of fixing and making levies is now in the province of the county council, but that they believed a special act of the legislature would be necessary before even the council could act upon the matter.

The county commissioners Monday examined thirteen applications for liquor license. There were no recommendations.

Bessie Levens has commenced suit against the Allemania Insurance company to recover \$250 on a fire insurance policy.

Susan Bau has commenced suit against John Miller, administrator, to set aside a will.

Otto Osterhaus complains of Wm. Osterhaus for says that he owes him \$1,075 for services as a laborer from 1893 to 1900, at the average rate of \$150 a year.

The case of Maggie Crossdale vs. George W. Mills has been appealed by the defendant from Huser's court. In the lower court judgment was for the defendant in the sum of \$14 for wages.

MRS. A. S. EVANS IS NO MORE

DIED TODAY AT HER HOME IN

SAN JOSE, CAL.

Member of Prominent Early Fort

Wayne Family and Resided

Here Many Years.

Mrs. Amos S. Evans, who was for many years a resident of Fort Wayne and widely known among the older people here, died Saturday at her home in San Jose, Cal. The sad intelligence reached the city this morning in a telegram to friends, though no particulars of her illness were given. It is known that Mrs. Evans had been in feeble health for some time, though she was not thought to be dangerously ill, and it is assumed that her death must have been sudden.

Mrs. Evans was seventy-six years of age and was a member of one of the most prominent of the early Fort Wayne families. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Fairfield, was born March 21, 1825, at Kennebunkport, Maine, and came with her parents to Fort Wayne in 1835. Ten years after coming to this city she was united in marriage to Thomas Hanna, son of Judge Samuel Hanna, one of the most eminent of the early Fort Wayne pioneers. Her husband lived but about one year after the marriage.

Nine years later the widow was married to Amos S. Evans, for many years a prominent Fort Wayne business man. Upon their bridal tour they visited Europe and the Holy Land, and on their return took up their residence at Hillsboro, Ohio. In 1860 Mr. and Mrs. Evans removed to Fort Wayne and for many years resided at 126 East Main street. After Mr. Evans retired from business in this city they removed, in 1877, to San Jose, Cal., where the husband died in 1897.

The surviving children are Oliver E. Evans, John and George Evans, of this city, and Mrs. Ella Kalfus, of San Jose, with whom the mother had been living in a beautiful home there. The only other immediate relative is a sister, Mrs. Mary King Jenkins, residing at 87 West Berry street, in this city.

Mrs. Evans was a devoted Christian woman of lofty character—an active member of the First Presbyterian church and prominent in religious work both in Fort Wayne and at her California home. A large number of old friends in Fort Wayne will learn of her death with sincere sorrow.

CLAIMS FOR MILLIONS FILED.

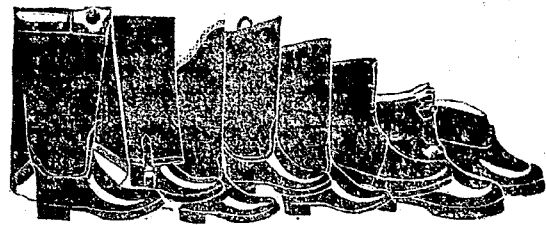
Washington, Oct. 5.—Claims aggregating \$50,000,000 will have been filed with the Spanish treaty war claims commission by next Tuesday night, when the time for filing claims without permission of congress expires. The amount now filed is nearly \$40,000,000 and the claims are coming in by the bushel every day. Before adjudication two very interesting points must be settled. Nearly every person who had a relative killed when the Maine was blown up has filed a claim for damages. It is the contention of the counsel for the commission that these claims do not properly come under the provisions of the act constituting the commission, but are purely national questions to be dealt with in the same way pensions are handled. The other point is whether claims can be filed for damages sustained in the ships. The general understanding has been that this commission was framed to adjudicate the claims of American citizens who lost property by reason of the insurrection in Cuba. One claim has been filed for damages sustained by an American citizen in the Philippine islands and this point will be argued very closely.

EPWORTH LEAGUE HOSPITAL.

South Bend, Ind., Oct. 5.—The new Epworth hospital erected in this city at a cost of about \$70,000, has just been opened. This magnificent building is the result of years of labor on the part of men and women who recognized the need of a hospital in this part of Indiana. Started in 1893 as a Deaconess home by the ladies of the First Methodist Episcopal church, under any but pleasing and bright circumstances the establishment was ultimately turned into a hospital. Frame buildings are now superseded by a three-story fire-proof structure built of red brick with stone trimmings and fitted throughout with the most modern equipment. The hospital is located near the business center, yet far enough from it to avoid the noise and inconvenience of busy streets. The hospital is in charge of Miss Margaret Brennan, and the nurses are under the supervision of Miss Clara Carr, who graduated in the hospital's first class and who has ever since been connected with the institution.

Harry Shobe, wife and son, of Wolcottville, Ind., are in the city the guests of J. E. Rear, of No. 36 Baker street.

Rubber Boots

Lowest Prices on Earth at
Thing & Co's. this Fall.

Men's pure gum Federal boots

\$1.99

Men's pure gum snag foot boots

\$2.25

Men's pure gum Hood boots,
best on earth

\$2.50

Men's snag proof \$3.50 boots,
very best ever made at

\$2.75

We want to say that these boots are all new goods and the prices on them are the most correct ever made. All other rubbers at lowest prices on earth.

S. B. Thing & Co.,

32 Calhoun St. Large Red Boot
H. B. TOBEY, Manager.

The Boston Store.

Lowest Prices
Always.

25 cts. Ladies' Fleeced Underwear, worth 35 cts.
35 cts. Ladies' Fleeced Underwear, worth 50 cts.
75 cts. Ladies' fine All-Wool Underwear, worth \$1.00.
39 cts. Men's heavy Fleeced Underwear, worth 50 cts.
50 cts. Men's fine heavy Fleeced Underwear, worth 75 cts.
75 cts. Men's All-Wool Underwear, worth \$1.00.
\$1.00 Men's fine heavy All-Wool Underwear, worth \$1.25.
All Children's Underwear at special low prices.
Men's All-Wool Socks at 19 cts, worth 25 cts.
Dark Outing Flannel for comforters at 4 cts, worth 5 cts.
Floor Oil Cloth at special low prices.

Carpets at Special Low Prices.

\$1.00 Bed Comforters, worth \$1.25.
\$1.50 Bed Comforters, worth \$2.00.
50 ct. Blankets, worth 65 cts.
59 ct. Blankets, worth 75 cts.
85 ct. Blankets, worth \$1.00.
All-Wool Blankets, extra large size, at \$2.50, worth \$3.50.
56-inch heavy Skirting at 50 cts, worth 75 cts.
A line of Ladies' Waists at 50 cts, worth 75 cts.
A line of Ladies' All-Wool Waists at \$1.00, worth \$1.25.
A line of 50 ct. Ladies' Corsets, worth 75 cts.
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ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance association was held today in the assembly room of the court house, and about fifty stockholders were in attendance at the meeting. The report of the treasurer showed a most satisfactory financial condition. During the year policies to the amount of \$491,740

have been written, a net increase of \$287,083. The total number of new policies is 289. There have been thirty-five losses, twelve from fires caused by lightning and twenty-three from other causes. The total receipts for the year were \$4,225 and the amount paid out for losses was \$4,175.66. The election of officers was held this afternoon.

RACES FOR THE AMERICA'S CUP

A CONCISE HISTORY OF ALL THE CONTESTS FOR THE NOW FAMOUS OLD YACHTING TROPHY.

In 1851 the schooner yacht America, built by George Steers, and owned by several Americans, was sent to the world's fair, in London, as an exhibit of our type of fore-and-aft vessels. Arriving in England, her owners challenged all comers, but no attention was paid to them. Challenging a second time, they were told that they might enter their yacht in a regatta to take place on August 22. They then learned for the first time that a cup had been offered for yachts of all nations. They entered their schooner, and she brought home that cup. It is still here, and it is called the America's cup. Its name is not the America cup, nor the queen's cup. It is simply the America's cup, the cup brought home by the America. Sixteen yachts started in the regatta on August 22, 1851, ranging from the forty-seven-tonner Aurora to the three-master schooner Brilliant, 392 tons. The start was from the Isle of Wight.

The fleet got away from a one-gun start at 10 a. m., with a light westerly wind. At 11:30, when the yachts had rounded No Man's Land buoy and were on the windward part of the course, the wind freshened to six knots, and America walked out two miles to windward of the rest. The wind fell light, and with a strong head tide the yachts beat up the Shanklin Chine, America still gaining. At 3 p. m. the wind freshened again. America carried away her jib boom, but nevertheless she rounded the Needles at 5:40 eight miles ahead of the second yacht, the little cruiser Aurora. Again the wind fell light and the tide was ahead. At 8:25 America anchored off Cowes. Aurora anchored twenty minutes later, having come up as the wind fell. And that is how "The America's cup" was won.

On July 8, 1857, the owners of America, J. C. Stevens, Edwin A. Stevens, Hamilton Wilkes, J. Beekman Finley and George L. Schuyler, presented the cup to the New York Yacht club to be held as a perpetual international yachting trophy. In October, 1868, James Ashbury, a member of the Royal Thames Yacht club, of London, challenged for the cup, but owing to difficulties in making terms, he did not race for it until 1870, when he came across the Atlantic in his schooner Cambria in an ocean race against James Gordon Bennett's Dauntless from Old Head of Kinsale to Sandy Hook Lightship. Cambria won by one hour and five minutes. Mr. Ashbury's race against the New York Yacht club was under the same conditions as America's against the English yachts. He had one race against the whole fleet. It took place on August 8, 1870. Those who labor under the delusion that extensive interest in the cup contest is something recent should read these words of Capt. Roland F. Coffin, who saw the race and published in 1885, a history of the cup contests up to 1881:

"Nearly every steamer in the harbor was brought into requisition for spectators, and all were crowded to their capacity. Besides these, almost everything that could float, from the large coasting schooner to the tiny skiff, was brought into use, and it seemed as if the whole population of the city was on the water. Wall and Broad streets were deserted for the day, and the courts and public offices had but few attendants."

The race was over the old New York Yacht club course from off Stapleton, S. I., to and around the Sandy Hook Lightship and return. The yachts were started from their anchors at 11:28 on the last of the ebb tide, with a good southeasterly wind. Fifteen schooners competed, and Maglo won, beating Idler, the second yacht, by 11 minutes, 8.9 seconds. Cambria finished tenth, being 39 minutes, 12.7 seconds astern of the winner. America finished fourth. In 1871 Mr. Ashbury returned with a new schooner, Livonia. This time the club selected four schooners to race against the challenger, reserving the right to name the starter on the morning of the day of each race. Columbia, Sapho, Palmer and Dauntless were the defenders. The record was as follows:

First race, October 16, 1871, club course, start from anchors, tide last of the flood, wind northwest and light. Starters, Livonia and Columbia, the latter a typical skimming dish, put in on account of the light weather. Columbia won by 25 minutes, 28 seconds, elapsed, and 27 minutes, 4 seconds, corrected time.

Second race, August 18, twenty miles to windward and return, from Sandy Hook Lightship. The course was not accurate, as the wind was west-northwest, and the course was east-northeast. A light wind in the morning caused Columbia to be chosen as the day's defender, though it breezed on before the start. Columbia won by 4 minutes 35 seconds elapsed time; corrected time about 8 minutes. Mr. Ashbury protested that Columbia had rounded

ed the outer mark the wrong way, but the protest was not allowed.

Third race, October 19, club course, wind fresh from southwest, tide beginning of the ebb, defender Columbia. At the Southwest Spit Columbia lost her flying jib stay, and on the run home, off Buoy 10, broke her steering gear. Livonia won by 15 minutes 10 seconds, being the only challenger that ever won a single race in any series.

Fourth race, October 21, twenty miles to windward and return, from Sandy Hook Lightship, wind south, course south-southwest, tide second half of the ebb, defender for the day Sapho. The wind soon after the start shifted to south-southwest, making the course dead to windward, and freshened to a good whole-sail breeze. There was a lively sea, so much so that a small boat stowed in Sapho's cockpit was carried overboard. Sapho won by 30 minutes 21 seconds.

Fifth race, October 23, club course, wind whole-sail from west, tide last of the ebb; defender Sapho. Sapho won by 25 minutes 27 seconds. Mr. Ashbury again protested against the decision in the case of the second race, but after some acrimonious correspondence the club dropped him from further consideration.

The next challenger was the schooner Countess of Dufferin of the Royal Canadian Yacht club. The record of her contests is short. One defender, the schooner Madeleine, was chosen to meet her, and the series was two out of three races.

First race, August 11, 1876, club course, wind at start south, outside south-southeast, water smooth. Madeleine won by 10 minutes 59 seconds.

Second race, August 12, twenty miles to windward, south-southeast from Buoy 5, off the point of the Hook, and return, wind light at start, afterwards freshening; to whole-sail breeze, but falling light again before the finish. Madeleine won by 27 minutes 14 seconds. America went over the course and beat the challenger 19 minutes 9 seconds.

In 1881 Canada tried it again with the 65-foot sloop Atlanta, the first of the single-stickers to challenge. Trial races were held for the first time to select a defender, and the iron sloop Mischief was chosen. The record follows:

First race, November 9, 1881, club course, wind to start west-southwest, brisk, tide last of the flood. Mischief won by 28 minutes 30 1/4 seconds after a fine run home in a growing breeze.

Second race, November 10, course sixteen miles to leeward from Buoy 5, and return, wind west by north, a fresh whole-sail breeze, tide beginning of the ebb. Mischief won by 34 minutes 16 seconds.

In 1885 the challenger was the British cutter Genesta, the first of the 90-footers to try for the cup. Two new yachts, Puritan and Priscilla, were built here as defenders. Puritan was chosen by trial races. The record of the cup contests was this:

First race, September 14, 1885, club course, wind southeast and light, tide in the last quarter of the flood. The wind was uncertain in the lower bay, but outside was brisk from the south out to the lightship and return. Puritan won by 16 minutes 47 seconds elapsed and 16 minutes 19 seconds corrected time.

Second race, September 16, twenty miles to leeward from Scotland Lightship and return, wind west-northwest, fresh, rising to a moderate gale (thirty-seven miles an hour). Genesta led to the outer mark, but was beaten on the windward leg, partly through a shift of the wind to a point northerly, which enabled Puritan, occupying the northerly berth, to ease sheets a trifle. Puritan won by 1 minute 38 seconds. There has never been a finer race in the history of the cup save the one Saturday, September 28, when Columbia beat Shamrock II. 1 minute 22 seconds.

In 1886 the challenger was the ninety-foot cutter Galatea. More new yachts were built here and the Mayflower was chosen after trials against Puritan, Priscilla and Atlantic to defend the cup.

First race, September 7, 1886, club course; wind south to southeast; light inside and fair outside; tide last half of the ebb. The yachts had the flood returning. Mayflower won by 12 minutes 2 seconds, corrected time.

Second race, September 11, twenty miles to leeward from Scotland Lightship and return; course southeast; wind light and changeable, so that the yachts at the finish had it abeam. Mayflower won by 16 minutes 3 seconds.

In 1887 the Scotch cutter Thistle was the challenger. Volunteer, a new steel sloop, was selected as defender after trials with the Mayflower.

First race, September 27, 1887; club course; wind moderate, south-east, shifting to southwest; tide at start last of the ebb. Volunteer won by 19 minutes 23 1/4 seconds, corrected time.

Second race, September 30; twenty miles to windward from Scotland Lightship and return; course east by north; wind at start brisk, falling later and then breezing on to about twenty miles an hour. Volunteer won by 11 minutes 47 1/4 seconds.

The next challenger was Lord Dunsraven's Valkyrie I., in 1893. Columbia, Filgrim, Jubilee and Vigilant were all built to compete for the honor of defending the cup. The last named was chosen. Three races out of five were now to be won.

First race, October 7, 1893; course (Continued on Page 10.)

WE MAY STARVE IN 1931

Sir William Crookes in one of his recent addresses before the British association predicted that by the year 1931 we would all starve for lack of bread.

For, if the world continues to increase at the present rate, there will then be a shortage of seventeen million bushels of wheat, unless the yield per acre is increased. Crookes says, however: "Before we are in the grip of actual death the chemist will step in and postpone the day of famine to so distant a period that we and our sons and our grandsons may legitimately live without undue solicitude for the future."

The solution of the food question lies in the artificial production of nitre, to be used as a manure, which will increase the amount of grain grown per acre. But the problem that confronts the world is the obtaining of the nitre, as the deposits are fast becoming exhausted.

Chemists have found that it is possible to burn the nitrogen and oxygen in the air to nitrate, but it has not been practicable so far, as the temperature required is very high and the product—nitric acid—would destroy most any utensil that could be employed. The great problem of apparatus in which the nitre can be manufactured is being solved by the making of vessels of vitrified silica.

But altogether the nitric acid itself is of value, its sodium and potassium salts are far more necessary to human existence. For without potassium nitrate we could have no gunpowder to fight with, and sodium nitrate or nitre is, according to Professor Crookes, the substance which is to increase the yield of wheat to such an extent that those of us who live thirty years will not have to die of starvation or go without the staff of life either.

MAN'S WILL WAS TATTOOED.

Perhaps it was not parsimony, as his relatives alleged, that led a Mexican miser who recently died to tattoo his last will and testament upon his body. They allege that the decedent, named Moreche, in order to save the cost of pen, ink and paper, imprinted his will indelibly upon his body with some red pigment. When the old miser died his heirs protested against the burial of the body and petitioned the court to have the remarkable "human document" admitted to probate. It was a knotty problem, but the court decided that a copy should have the full effect of an original will. After the copy had been made the old miser was buried by his legatees, the original will being "filed for reference," as it were.

This case is another instance of the imaginations of authors being realized in fact. In one of Rider Haggard's stories the plot hinges upon the existence of just such a tattooed will, only in the case of Rider Haggard's man the will was tattooed on his back because he was shipwrecked and there were no pens, ink or paper hands for the drawing up of the "last will and testament." In the case of the Mexican miser the tattooed will could be read easily, and the copy of it was attested by four witnesses before being admitted to probate.

GROOMING OUR ORANGES.

An orange needs a good deal of grooming before it is ready for the market. When cut fresh from the tree the oil cells are still open and active, but immediately a change sets in. The skin draws closer to the pulp and gives off a moisture that would cause sweating if the fruit were packed at once. Therefore they are given a bath.

In big baskets the oranges are dumped into a long, narrow tank of water at the end of which are large revolving brushes. Through these the fruit must pass, and it comes out bright and clean on the other side. In some of the smaller packing houses the primitive hand-washing is still in vogue. White and brown-skinned women, each with a brush and tub of water, scrub away busily at a big, never-diminishing pile of the golden globes.

Boston is fortunate in that an estate amounting to several millions of dollars is to be used within a reasonable number of years for a great hospital for incurables.

ORIGINAL AERONAUT.

The First Balloon Was Invented by Pilatre Des Rosiers in 1783.

The interest which has centered in the recent experiments in aerial navigation by M. Santos-Dumont at Paris calls attention to the peculiar circumstances that it has always been in France that the most experimenting has been done, and the greatest progress made, not only in navigation through the air, but in navigation under the water.

In the construction of submarine vessels France now occupies easily first place, while it is generally admitted that Santos-Dumont's machine, notwithstanding its recent unsuccessful trial, marks a distinct advance on all other aerial ships.

The first attempts to make ascensions by means of balloons were made in Paris in the year 1783. Pilatre des Rosiers was the first and most illustrious of the long list of aeronauts who have fallen victims to their desire to advance the art of aero-statics.

In July and August of the year 1783 balloons filled with hydrogen gas were sent up from Paris, and in September, at Versailles, the first balloon was sent up freighted with living animals.

In the same year Montgolfier constructed a balloon which he claimed would be capable of carrying passengers, his workshop being in the gardens of the Faubourg St. Antoine. The balloon was sixty feet in height and forty-eight broad. Its exterior was richly painted and embroidered, their being represented upon it the twelve signs of the zodiac, the arms of the king of France, and numberless fleur-de-lis, and lower down, amid a crowd of grotesque heads and garlands of flowers, a flock of eagles, with extended wings, that seemed to be flying and supporting the huge balloon upon their shoulders.

Below the balloon proper was constructed a circular platform of wicker-work, covered with silk, which was used as a car. This platform was very large, and was surrounded by a balustrade to prevent the aeronauts from falling out. In the center of this platform, or car, was an opening; below which was suspended by chains an iron stove, which was to be used for rarifying the air in the balloon, while in one corner was a magazine, intended for the storing up of an immense quantity of straw, which served as fuel.

Pilatre des Rosiers, generally alone, but at one time accompanied by the Marquis d'Arlandes, and on another occasion by M. Girond de Villette, had ascended in the balloon, without cutting the rope which held it captive, to a height of 1,290 feet.

Rosiers had much difficulty in obtaining permission from the king to make an ascent without being held down by the rope, but consent was at last secured, and on the 20th of November, 1783, everything was made ready. During the day the wind and rain was violent, and it was found necessary to postpone the ascent. The next day, the 21st, the weather was more favorable, and at 1:30 in the afternoon, in the presence of the Dauphin and his suite, Pilatre des Rosiers and the Marquis d'Arlandes set out together from the Jardins de la Muette upon the first aerial voyage ever attempted and performed. The wind was still very rough and the weather stormy, but, in spite of these disadvantages, the balloon rose rapidly.

Having passed over Paris, and become free from all fear of getting entangled among the buildings of the city, the aeronauts suffered themselves to descend considerably until they found themselves in a fresh current of air, which bore them in a southerly direction.

After proceeding a few miles further the fire was allowed to die out, and the balloon descended about five miles from Paris. When the aeronauts returned to the Chateau de la Muette they were greeted with the utmost enthusiasm by the assembled crowds. Benjamin Franklin was a witness of the whole spectacle, and when asked what he thought of it, he replied: "I have seen a child born which may one day be a man."

Aero statics had advanced to such a degree that on the 7th of January, 1785, Blanchard, a rival of Rosiers, crossed over the channel, from Dover to Calais.

Rosiers was spurred on by Blanchard's success, and set to work constructing a balloon which, when completed, he called an aéro-montgolfier. It consisted of an immense balloon of hydrogen gas, with a large cylinder placed under it, the use of it being to rarify the air, without losing gas.

When a favorable day had arrived Pilatre for the last time made his preparations. He was assisted by a Boulogne physician named Romain, and on June 15, 1785, they stepped into the basket, the ropes were cast off, and the balloon rose with the utmost majesty from the earth.

When it had risen about 200 feet it struck a fresh current of air, which took it directly toward the sea. It soon found another current, which rapidly carried it back again. It

possibly may have been the desire of the aeronauts to descend to find a more favorable current of air, for while opening the valve to let the cold air into the cylinder, unfortunately a huge rent was made in the balloon. The consequences were immediate and horrible. At that time the balloon was 1,700 feet above the surface of the earth. A few moments afterward the two aeronauts lay on the ground dead and horribly mutilated.

Near the spot where Pilatre des Rosiers was buried a monument was erected in 1853 to commemorate the almost miraculous crossing of the sea by Blanchard, upon the very spot of earth on which that intrepid aeronaut descended. He had become for France a hero, and numbers of inscriptions are still readable.

SCHOOL TO TEACH WIVES

A school for wives is the latest educational institution that appears in this age of the specializing of instruction. England has it, and it is the outcome of the National Training School of Cookery at London, which has enlarged its scope and changed its name.

The new institution promises to meet with greater success than the attempts which have been made in this country to compass the same ends by introducing courses in household science into college curricula. College girls are apt to object to the American plan. Those of them who are not preparing for housewifery protest against wasting their time on it. And there is a pretty general opinion among college women that household science, like law and medicine and theology, should be taught in a separate school, where those who wish to become specialists in it could find it, and where those who don't expect to practice it can let it alone.

Just that idea has been achieved in this English School for Wives. The duke of Bedford is the president of the institution, and there is a woman superintendent, Mrs. Charles Clarke. Instruction is provided by a corps of eighteen teachers. The pupils include three classes, those who want to become competent to manage their own homes, those who are preparing to become teachers, and those who are preparing to enter domestic service.

The course of instruction covers a period of thirteen weeks, with the hours of attendance from 10 to 3 o'clock every week-day, except Saturday. The tuition is ten guineas, or a little over \$50, a year. There are thirty-two lessons in cookery, thirteen in needlework, eight in house cleaning and twelve in laundry work. The keeping of household accounts, the relative values of different food stuffs, the art of buying goods, the respective duties of mistress and maid, the selection of a site for a house, sanitation, ventilation, etc., are among the subjects that receive attention.

BRITISH LOVE THE WEED.

At the beginning of the twentieth century the British people are smoking more than twice as much tobacco as 50 years ago, says a London newspaper. There has been a great addition to the population in the interval, but, in spite of this growth and the presence of thousands more of superfluous women—in a matrimonial sense—the consumption per head has practically doubled. In other words, if every woman, old and young, if every child, even infants in arms, and if every member of the Anti-Tobacco society indulged in the soothing weed calculation would show that the amount consumed per head was now two pounds and a quarter of an ounce, whereas 50 years since it worked out at only one pound and a quarter of an ounce.

PACING A NATURAL GAIT.

The pacing habit is common among animals, says a writer in Scribner's Magazine. Many animals pace—cattle, for instance; and among dogs, setters. I believe pacing to be a rather more natural gait than trotting. Trotting, as it exists in our fast horses, is scarcely a natural gait, but is rather the result of breeding and education.

WILD SOUTH AFRICA.

Vienna presented a lively attraction a week ago as a wedding party, escorted by mounted Boers, passed through the town, says a correspondent. These men, along with the bridegroom, form part of a troupe called "Wild South Africa," now performing in the Prater. The bridegroom made the acquaintance of his present wife when lying ill in the hospital with a broken collar bone. They were fortunately married in the suburbs in order to prevent any obstruction in the main streets of the city. The bridegroom, who fought at Elandslaagte and caught the young Count Zeppelin as he fell wounded from his horse, will probably remain in Austria as an under forester.

The new state hymn adopted for Rhode Island is sung to the music of the Austrian hymn.

INHERITED MUCH TROUBLE.

ROOSEVELT LIKELY TO ESCAPE THE WOES FOUND BY TYLER.

LER FILLMORE, JOHNSON AND ARTHUR.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat.)

Theodore Roosevelt is likely to escape the troubles which beset his predecessors—John Tyler, Millard Fillmore, Andrew Johnson and Chester A. Arthur—who, as vice presidents, went to the presidency on the death of the incumbent of that station. He has a better knowledge of the country's history and politics than had any of those. He knows the people of all sections of the country better than they did. His personality makes an immeasurably more powerful appeal to the imagination of the masses of his countrymen than did that of any of those. And, what is of more immediate consequence, he was in thorough harmony with the policy of his party. He also has the confidence of the leaders of his party, which controls the government in all its branches, as well as the respect and affection of a large majority of the American people.

The administrations of all the vice presidents whom death sent to the presidency were, as judged at the time, failures—Johnson's in the largest degree, Tyler's in the next largest and Fillmore's in the smallest—except Arthur's, which very agreeably surprised the people by its conservatism and sanity. Arthur, however, had the misfortune of belonging to a faction of his party which was at war with the element which controlled the executive during the incumbency of his official chief, Garfield. The death of Garfield, which promoted Arthur, gave the ascendancy to the element of the party which was beaten in the national convention which put Garfield and Arthur on the ticket. At the moment that Garfield was shot Arthur was at Albany working in the interest of the faction then in conflict with the Garfield administration. From that time onward, however, Arthur ceased to be a factionist. He withdrew from the active support of the interests of Conkling and Platt, and maintained a dignity and a reserve which did something toward disarming the distrust felt for him by the opposite element of his party, and in his three and a half years in the white house he aimed to give the country a creditable administration, and succeeded in his endeavor.

The failure of the vice presidents whom death promoted was often the result of circumstances over which they had no control than it was of any shortcoming in themselves. This was particularly true in the case of Tyler, although this is not the view which is generally taken of that president. Tyler was 51 years of age when Harrison's death in April, 1841, after Harrison had been in office only a month, sent him to the presidency. He was well educated, was graduated from William and Mary college, as many of his family were. In the same institution one of his sons, Lyon Gardner Tyler, has been president for the past dozen years. He served in the legislature of his state, Virginia; was its governor for several years, and was in both branches of congress. His entire public service before he reached the presidency covered about a quarter of a century. At the outset in his public service a democrat, he left the party during Jackson's administration, partly on account of what he considered Jackson's assault on state rights in the South Carolina nullification case, though Tyler himself was against nullification, and partly because of Jackson's attack on the United States bank in withholding the government's deposits from it and in unjustly assailing its solvency. Thousands of democrats all over the country left their party on account of their hostility to Jackson's course on many issues. These seceders were particularly strong in the south. They united with the national republicans and the anti-Masons in the coalition against Jackson which, in 1834, adopted the whig name. Tyler was in good standing in the whig party at the time of his nomination for vice president on the Harrison ticket for the campaign of 1840, but he, like the majority of the southern section of the whigs, was an ardent state sovereignty man, a fact which should be remembered in connection with the fight on the bank question.

Trouble came for Tyler and his party in the extra session of congress called by Harrison, but which met on May 31, 1841, a few weeks after Harrison died. Under the lead of Clay and the national republican ingredient of the whig party, a bill to re-establish a United States bank on something like the lines of the institution which Jackson assailed, and which died in 1838, passed both branches of congress and was vetoed by Tyler. The veto enraged Clay and his faction of the whigs, which were the dominant element among the whigs in discipline and assertiveness, though hardly so in numbers; at any rate, in the south. Clay then made war on Tyler, and at

the same time another bank bill, modified somewhat from the earlier measure, was sent to him, which he also vetoed.

The vetoes were on account of constitutional objections, Tyler holding that congress had no right to establish a bank with branches in the different states without obtaining the states' consent beforehand. Both bills—the second one, though in a smaller degree than the first—would violate this principle. Tyler was "read out of the whig party," and the split between the dominant element of the whigs in congress and the president was complete.

Tyler has been denounced as a traitor to the party which elected him, and as a large majority of the writers since the whig party's days have been in sympathy with the Clay element in the bank fight of 1841, injustice has been done to Tyler. As Clay and every other whig who knew Tyler's record in congress was aware, Tyler was committed against the principle which was at the basis of the United States bank bills. As an ardent states rights man he was bound to oppose any such legislation. Clay himself knew this. As the real leader of the whig party, Clay started out after the inauguration of Harrison with the purpose of forcing the administration to recognize his primacy in the party, and also with the purpose of compelling it to accept all measures which he proposed. He was still more autocratic when Harrison's death sent Tyler to the presidency. Tyler was condemned as a traitor to whig principles, although Tyler was on record while in congress in opposition to the nationalizing idea involved in the bank bills of 1841. Moreover, neither the bank nor any other question was formally made an issue in the campaign in which Harrison and Tyler were elected, for the whigs had no national platform in 1840, and made no authoritative deliverance of any sort as to the policy which they would pursue if they should carry the country. In justice to Tyler these facts ought to be borne in mind. Tyler occupied the democratic position on the bank question, as he had done in the earlier days, before he allied himself to the coalition which adopted the whig name, and neither the bank nor any other question was made an issue in the canvass in which he was elected.

The rupture between Tyler and the majority section of the whigs had a dramatic culmination. This was due to a plan carefully nurtured by his enemies. The veto of the second bank bill of 1841 was sent to congress on Thursday, September 9. On Saturday all the members of Tyler's cabinet—Thomas Ewing, secretary of the treasury; John Bell, secretary of war; George E. Badger, secretary of the navy; Francis Granger, postmaster general, and John J. Crittenden, attorney general—except Daniel Webster, secretary of state, resigned. The resignations were so timed that they should extend, by being handed in at carefully arranged intervals, from the middle of the day to after 5 o'clock in the afternoon, so late that Tyler could not begin making any selections of new cabinet officers on that day. The next day, Sunday, he, as an observer of the Sabbath, would not be able to do anything in that direction, and, moreover, congress was not in session. Congress had already passed a resolution bringing the extra session to an end at 2 o'clock on Monday. All these circumstances, it was believed, would force Tyler to capitulate to the Clay section, or would compel him, after congress adjourned, to resign his office. But the plot failed. Tyler selected between Saturday afternoon and Monday morning successors to all the officers who abandoned him. Webster remained in office until after a delicate negotiation with England for the settlement of the northeast boundary dispute was arranged and was ratified by the senate and by the British parliament, and then he, too, stepped down.

Tyler's death on July 9, 1850, a year and a third after he entered office, which sent Millard Fillmore, the vice president, to the higher post, altered the attitude of the administration toward the great issue of the day, the slavery question, which was brought to the front by California's appeal for admission as a free state.

This would break the balance between the slave and the free states, which the southern leaders had laboriously preserved from the beginning, and would give the free section a preponderance which would be certain to be increased at an early day by the admission of other states in the west or northwest, while there was no chance of getting any accessions from the slave section unless Texas should exercise her option of cutting up her domain into four extraneous states, which very few persons at that time believed Texas would do, and which she has never done. Tyler, a simple, direct, honest man,

who never voted before reaching the presidency, who had been a soldier all his manhood years, and who knew little about politics, early came under the influence of Seward, who had been governor of New York, and who entered the senate in 1849, at the time that Taylor became president. Seward, a leader in the young party and advanced branch of the whig party, found the old soldier, though himself a slaveholder, favorable to the idea of gradually taking the whig party over to the ground occupied by the free soilers, that of exclusion of slavery from all the territories. Taylor was against some of the provisions of Olney's proposed compromise. The south opposed the admission of California with its free state constitution, and as this brought the sections in conflict, as they had been several times before, the great pacificator came forward with another of his adjustments.

Olney proposed that California should be admitted with her free state constitution, and as compensation to the south he proposed a more drastic fugitive slave law than the act of 1793. These were two of the provisions of the scheme called the compromise of 1850. The scheme had several other features—the organization of the territories of New Mexico and Utah without any mention of the exclusion or permission of slavery; the payment of \$10,000,000 to Texas for the surrender by her of a tract of land which she claimed; the abolition of the slave trade in the District of Columbia, but slavery there to be allowed to continue undisturbed. Taylor, hostile to the devious ways of politicians, did not see why the admission of California with the sort of a constitution which its people wanted should be made contingent on the adoption of an act by which the north should be compelled to do more slave catching than it had hitherto done. He wanted to have each of this long list of questions considered on its own merits without any entangling alliance between it and any other issue. Taylor was decidedly in favor of letting California in regardless of the fate of all the rest of Clay's program. His opposition to the compromise was well known to its promoters, but just before this hostility could be made decisive he, on July 9, 1850, died, and Fillmore, who took his place, signed all the measures of the compromise as they reached him.

If Taylor had lived there would have been trouble, for, while he would have signed the California bill, he would have killed some of the other features of the Olney scheme, and this might have precipitated a conflict between the north and south. Fillmore has been condemned since then for sanctioning the compromise. This does injustice to him, however. The compromise let California in, but it enacted a slave catching law which enraged the north, and thus increased the tension between the sections which eventually brought war. The compromise, though, postponed war for ten years, and thus gave the north a chance to increase its relative lead over the south, and thus to gain the ascendancy when the conflict came. Moreover, the men who were on the ground at the time, and who naturally were better judges of the conditions than we can be at a half a century's distance from the scene, gave their sanction to the Clay and Fillmore course by a vote of 212 to 70 in the whig national convention of 1852.

In considering the fight which Johnson, after Lincoln's death sent him to the presidency, had with the republican congress, several things which are seldom considered by his critics ought to be borne in mind. Johnson was not a republican. He never, either in the campaign in which he was elected or afterward, said or intimated that he was a republican. The convention of 1864, which nominated him for vice president, never imagined that he was a republican. The convention itself was not an exclusively republican gathering, but, in the language of the call under which it assembled, it was open to all who favored the "unconditional maintenance of the union, the supremacy of the constitution and the complete suppression of the existing rebellion, with the cause thereof, by vigorous war and all apt and efficient means." This, of course, was an appeal to the war democrats as well as to the republicans. The republicans constituted an overwhelming majority among the delegates who selected the Lincoln and Johnson ticket of 1864, and they cast an overwhelming majority of the votes which elected it, but Johnson, who had been a democrat all his life, was known to everybody in the convention to be a democrat still. His nomination for vice president was a recognition of the support which the war democrats rendered to the cause of the Union in the army and in congress, and was a bid for their votes for the ticket in the election. Johnson, patriotic and public-spirited, but rash and pugnacious, was beaten on the question of reconstruction. He was beaten because he attempted to carry out Lincoln's policy (which was obnoxious to a large element of the republicans), without having any of

Lincoln's tact or any of his influence over the republican party.

On the other side of the account, in the case of the three promoted vice presidents who have been mentioned, there are several things to be placed. Tyler deserves as much credit as his secretary of state, Webster, did for the framing of the Webster-Ashburton treaty of 1842, which settled the northeastern boundary dispute with England. Tyler framed the treaty of peace and amity with China in 1844, by which the United States' trade relations with that country, now extensive, began. Tyler was the author of the Texas annexation of 1845. Fillmore's signatures to the compromise bills of 1850 averted the civil war for nearly a dozen years, to the material advantage of the north and the Union. Johnson's administration coerced Napoleon III. into evacuating Mexico, and thus led to the overthrow of the Maximilian government and the resumption of control by the Mexicans themselves. His administration annexed Alaska. It has already been shown that Arthur made a very creditable record. Regimes of which all this can be said can not justly be considered failures.

A BUTTON BLUNDER.

Our military man-milliners of Pall Mall have just made a little mistake over buttons.

Only buttons, but it might just as well have been guns.

When the king ascended the throne some one discovered that it was necessary to change the buttons of the British army.

There happened to be a little war in South Africa at the time—and there is still—but it paled at once into nothingness beside this question of buttons.

For weeks the clerks of several departments spent their spare time between lunch and 4 o'clock in feverish activity.

Notes had to be written, copied, docketed, tied up with red tape, and filed. Pourparlers were exchanged between departments.

Men who could not be stirred by mere battles found their veins tingling with excitement over buttons.

Several inventors of new and ingenious buttons calculated to strike terror into the hearts of the king's enemies were chased down Pall Mall, and other things were done to prove that the war office really had this great question in hand.

At last a truce between contending departments, each anxious to prove its efficiency and ability in this momentous matter, was arrived at. One button was chosen and sent to the king, who at once signified his approval.

Again the great machine moved. Orders were sent to manufacturers and by thousands the buttons began to return to the army clothing people at Piccadilly.

But, alas! a mistake had been made. After the button, over which strong men had fought and wept, was not sent to the makers.

By a "regrettable accident" a wrong design found its way to Sheffield and £1,000 worth were made before the mistake was discovered.

Business men might have found a use for these buttons, but Pall Mall, with its truly paternal regard for the least important details of Tommy's equipment, sent them all straight back to the melting pot.—London Express.

WAS CAUSED BY A GAS LEAK

EXPLOSION DAMAGES AN ELIZA STREET HOME.

Portion of Interior is Wrecked and Fire Ensues, Causing a Small Loss.

Leaking gas pipes in the residence at 8 Eliza street were responsible for an explosion and a small fire damage which resulted shortly before 6 o'clock Thursday evening. The residence is owned by P. E. Cox and occupied by R. Brockman.

Until recently there has been no gas service pipes on this portion of Eliza street and the connections were completed and the gas turned on Thursday.

Everything was apparently all right until some member of the family detected a roaring noise beneath the house and took a torch to search for the source of the trouble. Instantly there was an explosion, the flames rushing back over Mr. Brockman, badly singeing his hair and eyebrows. The explosion seemed to have most force in a partition wall and a large section of the lath and plastering was blown from the walls. The fire department was called and soon extinguished the blaze. The damage will not be extensive.

Carl J. Harding and Miss Carrie Merz were united in marriage last week at the residence of and by Rev. Philip Ruhl, of Salem Reformed church. Both bride and groom are well known and estimable young people, and they have many friends who will hasten to extend congratulations.

RACES FOR THE AMERICA'S CUP.

(Continued From Page Nine.)

fifteen miles to leeward, east by south, from Sandy Hook lightship and return; wind about eight knots, sea smooth. Vigilant won by 5 minutes 48 seconds, corrected time.

Second race, October 9; triangular course, ten miles to each leg; first leg dead to windward, southwest by south; wind brisk, sea smooth. Vigilant won by 10 minutes 35 seconds, corrected time.

Third race, October 13; fifteen miles to windward, east, from Sandy Hook lightship and return; wind fresh to strong, sea rough. Both yachts started with single reefed mainsails and gaff topsails set over them. Valkyrie led to the outer mark, but on the run home burst her spinnaker and was passed by Vigilant. The American yacht won the race and series by 2 minutes and 13 seconds elapsed and 40 seconds corrected time.

In 1897 Lord Dunraven came with a new Valkyrie, the third of the name, the second having been lost at sea in the Mediterranean. The new American yacht chosen to defend the cup was the Defender.

First race, September 7, 1897; fifteen miles to windward from a point off Seabright and return; course east by south; wind light, sea smooth, with a deep swell. Defender won by 8 minutes 49 seconds, corrected time.

Second race; course triangular, ten miles to a leg, first leg to windward, south; wind moderate and freshening, sea smooth. Valkyrie fouled defender at the start, carrying away the latter's starboard spreader and causing her to buckle. Valkyrie finished apparently a winner by 47 seconds, corrected time.

Third race, September 12; fifteen miles to windward and return, east by south; wind light, sea smooth. Valkyrie crossed the line and then abandoned the race, Lord Dunraven giving as a reason the refusal of the New York Yacht club to guarantee him a clear course, so that he might avoid such fouls as that of the second race. The club disqualified the Valkyrie in the second contest and thus Defender won by three straight. Lord Dunraven accused the New York Yacht club and the manager of Defender of trickery. After a formal investigation of his charges, which were not proved, he was properly expelled from the club.

In 1899 Sir Thomas Lipton came forward with Shamrock II. Columbia was chosen to meet him after many trials against Defender.

First race, October 16, 1899; fifteen miles to windward from Sandy Hook lightship and return; wind east, moderate to light; sea smooth. Columbia won by 10 minutes 8 seconds, corrected time.

Second race, October 17; triangular course of thirty miles, first leg dead to windward, east by south. The start was at 11 o'clock and 25 minutes later Shamrock's port spreader went in the "nip," and she lost her topmast. There was a long swell and this caused her to roll too much. Columbia finished alone, winning the race by a walkover.

Third race, October 19; fifteen miles to leeward and return; course south by west; wind north by east; fresh, about eighteen knots; sea choppy. Columbia won the race and the series by 6 minutes 34 seconds, corrected time. This series was made remarkable by the number of failures to get wind enough for a race. There were eight of these fizzes.

MISS MORTON WEDS COUNT.

London, Oct. 5.—The wedding of Miss Helen Morton, daughter of Levi P. Morton, former vice president of the United States, and Count Boson DePerigord, a son of the Duke of Talleyrand-Perigord, was celebrated today at St. Mary's Catholic church, Chelsea, with considerable display. The church was lavishly decorated with palms and ferns, all the pews were festooned with white chrysanthemums and red roses, and the side chapels were hung with garlands of flowers.

Joseph H. Choate, United States ambassador, and Mrs. Choate and Lord Pauncefoot, the British ambassador to the United States, and Lady Pauncefoot, were among the first guests to arrive. They were conducted to seats facing the altar. Mr. Choate immediately crossed the aisle and cordially shook hands with Lord Pauncefoot. The Duchess of Marlborough was almost the last to enter the church. She wore a blue costume trimmed with sable. The Duchess of Talleyrand-Perigord had on a magnificent mauve costume.

TRUST LEADER PUNISHED.

La Crosse, Kan., Oct. 5.—E. J. Smiley, of Topeka, secretary of the Kansas Grain Dealers' association (organ trust), was fined \$500 and sentenced to three months in jail for violating the state anti-trust law. An appeal was taken. The information, sworn to by Henry Ahrens, of Bison, the prosecuting witness, charges E. J. Smiley with entering

into an agreement, contract and combination with grain dealers in Bison, Rush county, to pool and fix prices, divide the earnings and to prevent competition among the grain buyers. It was shown that all the Bison grain buyers who went into the scheme were to get an equal division of grain purchased. If four men were buying 4,000 bushels a day, each man was to have 1,000, and if anyone bought more than his share the surplus was to go to his competitors. They were to buy on a one-cent margin, each firm putting up a forfeit to the trust to make all members safe.

A report was sent to E. J. Smiley every Saturday night of the week's business. This is the scheme under which the trust operates in every town in Kansas. The state railroad board has been after it for two years, but has not been able to break it up. The conviction of Smiley is the first successful move made against the combine.

AN ERRAND OF BUTCHERY

MADMAN SEEKS TO SLAY RELATIVES AT KOKOMO.

Escaped Prisoner Captured at Frankfort—He Fears Murder for His Life Insurance.

Kokomo, Ind., Oct. 5.—Armed to the teeth and bent on dealing death to all his relatives, who, he believes, want to make away with him, and court officials who were instrumental in declaring him insane, Claude Gallimore, a raving madman, who escaped from his quarters in the county jail, was at large on the streets of this city yesterday. Failing in his mission of slaughter, he eluded the police and escaped to Frankfort, where he was arrested late last night.

Gallimore was yesterday adjudged insane by a lunacy commission and was to have been confined in an asylum. Laboring under the conviction that his relatives were conspiring to deprive him of his freedom, Gallimore waited for an opportunity to escape from the custody of the sheriff and when his chance came he stole out of the jail.

Arming himself with a revolver and two meat knives he started on his proposed errand of butchery. He called at the office of Dr. Harrison, who testified against him, but the doctor was out, and the madman also failed to find others whom he sought. Gallimore declared before the sun went down he would slay all his relatives, who, he thinks, want to kill him for life insurance money. But when he found the police were close on his track he hurriedly left the city. It is claimed by many of Gallimore's friends that he is not insane, and that he is the victim of a conspiracy. The case will be investigated thoroughly before Gallimore is confined to an asylum. Gallimore's wife procured a divorce and he is said to have brooded over his domestic troubles. He is the son of a Kokomo merchant.

JUDGE CHAPIN INJURED.

(Kendallville Sun.) A horse belonging to Christopher Rohm, who resides on the Britton farm, southeast of Corunna, attached to a nice carriage, became frightened yesterday afternoon at a corn shredding machine on the fair grounds and broke away from the young man in charge and dashed into and became entangled in the driving belt of the machine. By-standers caught the animal, but not until the carriage was badly wrecked. Many people were in close proximity, but no one was seriously injured. Judge Chapin, of Fort Wayne, while attempting to get out of the way, fell and sustained slight injuries.

QUININE FOR COLDS.

Many people who use quinine for the cure of colds say that the effect of this drug is more disagreeable than the disease. Krause's Cold Cure is prepared in a convenient capsule form and will cure the most deeply seated cold in 24 hours without any interruption to business. They are pleasant to take and give you a clear, fresh sensation while operating. Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

FELL FROM A FENCE.

Dannie Bender, seven years of age, the son of William Bender, of Lavina street, is suffering from a fracture of the right leg as the result of a recent fall from a fence.

CHAUNCEY DEPEW TO MARRY.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Herald announces that Senator Chauncey M. Depew is to marry Miss May Palmer in the near future and quotes the senator, who is a guest of H. McK. Twombly at his home, Fordham Park, near Morristown, N. J., as follows: "It is true that I am to be married again. The lady who has honored me by agreeing to become my wife is Miss Palmer, whom I have

MATERNITY

As a rule it may be said that the higher the civilization the greater the suffering; the more refined the organism the more intense the pain. This is peculiarly true of woman considered in relation to the maternal function. With the Indian woman maternity is merely an episode. With her white sister it is an epoch. The Indian woman goes aside alone and intermits her daily labors briefly when the pangs of maternity come upon her. The white mother is often helpless many days or even weeks before the baby's coming, endures agonies for hours and sometimes days before her motherhood is accomplished, and then lies for weeks in a slow recovery, often unable to nurse the little tender infant that lies next her heart.

The civilized woman has "erred from honest Nature's rule." In her manner of living and her mode of dress she has, in successive generations, depleted her nervous force and reduced her muscular strength. If maternity is to become to her the incidental and practically painless thing which it is to the less civilized and less highly organized woman, Nature must have help. She must have help for nerves and muscles; help to bring the woman's organism up to the natural standard, so that maternity becomes a practically painless episode. That such help as this is fitly and fully furnished by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is abundantly proved by the following words from women:

"I cannot say too much for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. S. B. Rose, of Big Otter, Clay Co., W. Va. "I feel it my duty to say to all women who are suffering from female troubles that it is the best medicine on earth that they can use. I am the mother of five children, and have been as high as eight days in the doctor's hands, and never less than two days at any time until the last. Then I had used two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and was only two hours in the hands of the doctor. You have my heartfelt thanks for the good your medicine has done me."

"Having used your 'Favorite Prescription,' I thought I would let you know about it," writes Mrs. Katie Auliker, of 734 Pat Street, Alliance, Ohio. "Two years ago I used two bottles of it, and in April a nice baby was born, before the doctor came. I was not very sick. Baby is now fourteen months old and weighs thirty pounds. Several neighbors are using Dr. Pierce's medicine through my telling them about it. One lady says, 'Before commencing Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I had to vomit every day; but after I got the medicine, from the first spoonful that I took, I stopped vomiting.' It has done the same thing for me. It is a God-send for women."

"Words cannot express how grateful I am for your kind advice and your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Mrs. D. B. Barricks, of Perrows, Campbell Co., Va. "I had been in poor health for four years. Suffered greatly with my right side, also with bearing-down pains, and my nerves were in a dreadful state. After using four bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' I am now well. I am the mother of two children. With the first child I suffered twenty-eight hours, and with the second I used your medicine and was sick only three hours. I believe Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to be the best medicine in the world for suffering females."

"I have been using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and can say it is just what you advertise it to be, and can cheerfully recommend it," writes Mrs. Victor J. Hadin, of Leonardville, Riley Co., Kansas. "I began taking it just two months before I was confined and was greatly benefited by its use. The doctor who attended me said I did about as well as any one he had seen (as I was sick only about three hours), and also that your 'Favorite Prescription' was the 'one patent medicine' which he did have faith in."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a preparation specially designed for the cure of diseases peculiar to women. From the first change of life—from girlhood to womanhood—until the last change of life, it is woman's best and most reliable friend. It establishes regularity, dries offensive and weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. Used as a preparative for maternity it tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite, and induces refreshing sleep. It gives mental courage and physical strength for the ordeal of motherhood.

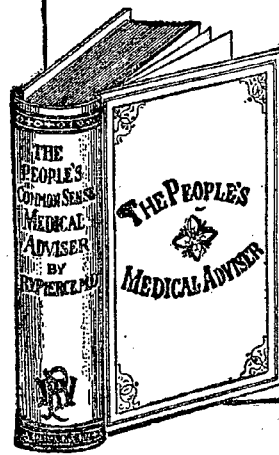
Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. All letters are sacredly secret, and the written confidences of women are guarded by the same strict professional privacy which is observed in personal consultations with women by Dr. Pierce and his staff, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

There is nothing "Just as good" for weak and sick women as "Favorite Prescription;" therefore, refuse all substitutes.

THIS BOOK IS GIVEN AWAY!

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent FREE to any address on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing ONLY. The book is full of helpful information for wives and mothers. Send 31 one-cent stamps for cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers.

Address: DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.



known for years." The lady who is to become his second wife is Miss May Palmer, of New York, who is related to some of the most prominent members of this city's high social set. Miss Palmer is well known in society circles both here and abroad and is popular and wealthy.

SUE GAMBLERS FOR LOSSES.

Washington, Ind., Oct. 5.—R. C. Davis, ex-cashier of the People's National bank, of this city, who was forced to resign recently because of a shortage in his accounts of \$71,000, has entered suit against Matthew Kelly, John Brennan, Dallas Tyler, Charles Roberts, Addie Dillard and Charles Hart, all gamblers, to recover \$8,000 alleged to have been lost at craps, roulette and twenty-one. His wife also brought proceedings against the same parties for \$30,000, which she says her husband lost in gambling. There are eight suits in all. Two three charges are: One against Addie Dillard for \$7,500 and one against Tyler and Kelly jointly for \$10,000. The filing of the suits has created a sensation, as many of the leading young men of the city and several professional men have been notified that they will have to testify as witnesses. The gamblers say they will fight the charges and threaten to go before the federal grand jury and otherwise assist in

The Stumps be Blowed...

...And Use...

AETNA DYNAMITE

TO DO IT.

A full stock of Stump Powder on hand. Also fuse and caps.

C. C. Schlatter & Co.,

Hardware, Paints and Oils,

33 & 40 E. COLUMBIA ST.

FORT WAYNE, IND.

the prosecution of Davis for mismanagement of the bank unless he withdraws the suits. Two of the strongest legal firms in Washington have been retained by Davis to prosecute the cases.

Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as long lasting by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You call it soft because it is so soft as to be easily rubbed in.

EUREKA Harness Oil

Makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, and is specially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

MONEY TO LOAN.....
—AT—
FIVE PER CENT
ON FARM PROPERTY.
C. B. FITCH,
CLINTON STREET.

CAMERA EXCHANGE

For Professional and Amateur Photographers.

Before purchasing elsewhere send for our catalogue and price list of Cameras Kodaks and Photo Supplies. We carry a full and complete stock for the Professional and Amateur. Cameras bought, sold, exchanged. A trial will convince you that we deal only in first-class goods at lowest cash prices. Our developing and finishing department conducted by experts is second to none. Mail orders promptly filled. **Graves & Co.,** 35 E. Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

DR. D. B. GARY,

Physician, and Surgeon, is located at Hometown, Allen County, Ind. The doctor has fitted up a hotel in the old Hunter homestead for the treatment of patients with any or all kinds of chronic or acute disease. Hometown is located ten miles north of the city of Fort Wayne on the G. B. & I. R. R., on a high graveling location with the best of pure water and free from all miasmatic influences.

Patients desiring to see the doctor will be met with a carriage at either one of the depots. All responsible parties can have board, nursing and treatment without money until cured. The doctor has made a real home for invalids of comfort and pleasure. No charges for examination.

Wk31-tf

Dr. Bulson

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 55 WEST WAYNE STREET

FORT WAYNE

PRACTICE LIMITED TO DISEASES OF THE

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

GLASSES ADJUSTED.

MONEY TO LOAN

10 YEARS' TIME. FARMS ONLY.

6 per cent. per annum; partial payments received any time and stop interest. NO COMMISSION.

W. A. JONES, GEN. AGT.,

Over Old National Bank

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

May Be Had By Addressing

MOSER, O'BRIAN & M'GOVERN,

Logansport, Indiana.

They have lands for sale in Daviess county and in the White river bottoms. These farms are fertile, healthy and in desirable locations, and can be bought for from \$20 to \$40 per acre on easy payments. Why not buy a farm and stop paying rent? Several from Allen county have already located in Daviess county. Correspondence is solicited.

Be Your Own Barber.

...Use the...

Gem

Safety

Razor.

...For Sale by...

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

22 CALHOUN STREET.

Both Phones.

LOCAL LINES.

G. L. Fox, of Garrett, has arrived in the city to take the management of Bash & Co.'s West Jefferson street meat market.

E. B. Ensley, of Garrett, who was operated on at St. Joseph hospital two weeks ago by Dr. C. E. Barnett, returned home Thursday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William H. Myers, of South Harrison street—a son. The happy father is bookkeeper at the Hamilton National bank.

Russell Flagle, who was seriously injured by falling from a tree last Saturday, is somewhat improved, and the doctors say he will recover.

Jacob Zuber Thursday found a pocketbook containing \$22 in money and some valuable papers. The owner need only identify his property to receive it.

Two laborers from this city, employed at the Hartford City mills, of the Wayne Paper company, fell from a scaffolding last week and were injured. The men were employed by Gerding & Auman.

Another bicycle was added to the unclaimed list at the police station Thursday night and Officer Strodel contributed an odd feature to the collection, his contribution being a ten-gallon milk can which he found on the street.

Two handsome specimens of pyrography, executed by Ronald Dawson, the well known attorney, are being shown in the window of the Eade book store on Calhoun street. One is a reproduction of a painting and the other is a bench, both beautifully decorated and finished in the most artistic manner.

Joseph Palmer, a Wells street saloonkeeper, reported that he had given a ten-dollar bill to Samuel Shaffer for get changed for him. Samuel at last accounts was still looking for the change and Mr. Palmer would like the police to look him up and assist him in finding his way back to his booze store.

Gottlieb H. Heine, book-keeper at the Meyer drug store, has been united in marriage to Miss Etta Littleton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Littleton, of this city. The ceremony was solemnized at Chicago, and after a short trip, Mr. and Mrs. Heine will be at home to their friends in a residence on Griffith street.

Henry Fisher, proprietor of the Kneipp bath house on East Berry street, has purchased the Thiene property on East Wayne street, in the rear of the Masonic Temple, and will erect a large bath house on the site. In the past three years Mr. Fisher's business has increased rapidly, and he finds the present quarters too small.

NICKEL PLATE FIREMAN HURT.

R. E. Noble, a Nickel Plate fireman, came near being crushed to death at Leipsie, Ohio, last Friday. As it is he has a couple bad cuts on his right leg, one above and one below the knee, and one of his wrists is sprained. Mr. Noble went out on the front of the engine to adjust some of the pipes while the locomotive was moving and he fell off. The pilot caught him and pushed him along several yards before the engineer could stop. He was fortunate in not being drawn beneath the wheels. Mr. Noble was brought in on a passenger train last evening and is now at St. Joseph hospital under the care of Dr. J. M. Dinnen.

FOUR KILLED IN A WRECK.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 5.—Four persons were instantly killed in a freight wreck today on the Lebanon Valley division of the Reading railroad, near Hummelstown, Pa. The killed are: Engineer Thomas T. Dolan, Fireman Wm. H. McCooms, Conductor Patrick Kane, brakeman Charles E. Mays, all of Philadelphia. The middleman, Charles Dennis and the rear brakeman, John Ryan, escaped. A derail switch was open and the train, which was running at the rate of about twenty-five miles an hour, plunged in an embankment.

REV. Z. A. HARRIS IS HONORED

IS ELECTED PRESIDENT OF MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Of Fifth District of the Church of Christ, Indiana—Will Meet in This City in April.

The annual convention of the Fifth District Indian Christian Missionary society of the Church of Christ, has been brought to a close at Decatur after the election of the following officers:

President—Rev. Z. A. Harris, Fort Wayne.

Vice President—Rev. E. L. Frazier, Marion.

Secretary and Treasurer—Rev. M. I. Rickoff, Marion.

The convention has been in session since Monday, September 30th, and the reports from the various branches showed the most substantial progress. An extensive campaign in the interest of missions was planned and will be carried on with vigor during the winter.

On invitation of Rev. Harris, it was decided to hold the semi-annual meeting in the West Creighton avenue Church of Christ, in this city, beginning April 1st. Rev. A. M. Gillespie, of Columbia City, was called to act as financial secretary and district evangelist.

WEDDING A BRILLIANT ONE

MISS ALICE CRANE BECOMES MRS. FRANK D. BOND.

Charming Ceremony is Solemnized Tuesday Evening and Delightful Reception Follows.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

It is doubtful if Fort Wayne has ever seen a more charming home wedding than that of Miss Alice Crane and Frank Darrow Bond, which was solemnized at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Crane, 305 West Jefferson street. Both bride and groom are widely known and extremely popular, and during the ceremony and the brilliant reception which followed it the beautifully appointed home was thronged with guests in handsome evening attire, who voiced the most sincere congratulations and well wishes for the young couple.

Southern smiles formed the decoration in the bay window where the bridal party stood grouped in a charming picture as the marriage service was performed by Rev. W. H. Daniel, presiding elder of the Fort Wayne district of the M. E. church, while Reineke's orchestra played softly the strains of "Hearts and Flowers."

The bridal party entered the room to the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march. At its head were Miss Louise Bond and Miss Gertrude Mayhew, bearing pink ribbons. Following was Rev. W. H. Daniel, with the groom and his best man, Charles Bond, and behind them came Miss Hattie Fowler and Miss Maud Harrison, outlining with white ribbons a pathway for the matron of honor, Mrs. Alex B. White. Next came the bride upon the arm of her father. Miss Crane appeared most charming in a very handsome liberty silk gown with a veil of tulle enveloping her. She carried a shower bouquet of maiden hair fern tied with white baby ribbon. The veil was held in position by a white pompon, and a bertha and eon effect of wide duchess lace (one of the bride's gifts) enriched the bodice of her handsome gown.

The matron of honor, Mrs. White, was attired in an elaborate gown of pink chiffon made over taffeta of the same shade, and trimmed with gold embroidered chiffon. She carried white roses. The four bridesmaids, Miss Fowle, Miss Harrison, Miss Mayhew and Miss Bond, were attired in gowns of white mousseline, with shower sashes of pink silk velvet and collars of the same shade. Both the matron and the brides were tiny flower wreaths of pink roses in their hair and carried bouquets of pink roses bordered with ferns, from which hung long ends of pink ribbons. All wore white lace mitts.

The decorations of the home were in charming taste, in coloring of pink and white throughout, with carnations as the only flowers save on the bride's table, which was trimmed with bride's roses. Southern smiles hung in festoons at various points, and was utilized also in forming portieres. Mrs. Auger was the florist. The wedding supper was served by Seidel in the adjoining home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel, and leading to this was a carpeted canopy, porches and pathway being brilliantly illuminated with incandescent lights.

A brilliant reception followed from 8:30 to 11 o'clock, and Reineke's orchestra furnished music for this function also. In the parlor receiving were Mr. and Mrs. Crane, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Bond, parents of the groom, and the newly wedded couple. In the dining room were Mrs. T. L. Sturgeon, Mrs. Charles Guild, Mrs. Mary Mayhew, Mrs. H. M. Metzger, Miss Sue Barnett and Miss Alice Coombs, who served, and assisting them were the Misses Eva and Kate Beebe, Lillian and Emma Ash, Grace Woodward and Florence Barrett. In the sitting room punch was served by Mrs. John Watt, Mrs. H. G. Keegan, Mrs. Edwin Dalman and Mrs. B. Von Swearingen, who were assisted by the Misses Sadie Sturgis, Bessie McCracken and Eva Nelson. The company was a numerous and brilliant one.

Guests from out of the city who attended the wedding were Miss Alice Coombs, of Louisville, Ky.; Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Evans, of Toledo; Miss Crane and Ralph Bond, of Chicago; Miss Spencer, of Indianapolis; Mrs. Miller, of Gloversville, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Daniel, of Decatur; Mrs. L. V. Crane, of Champaign, Ill. The bride received many very handsome and expensive gifts from friends and relatives. She gave each of her attendants a pretty souvenir gold pin with pearl setting.

Mr. and Mrs. Bond left at midnight for their future home at Tifton, Ga. The bride's traveling costume was a tailor-made suit of black crevette, with a handsome hat of grey felt trimmed in black and white.

LET CONTRACT TOMORROW.

(Hartford City News.) W. B. Cooley this morning confirmed the story that the bids for the construction of an interurban railway from Muncie to Fort Wayne would be opened at Cleveland next Friday, October 4, at a meeting of the directors of the proposed road, and that as soon as the contract is let work on the roadbed will be commenced at once. It is the present intention of the company to follow the Lake Erie and Western railroad as much as possible, although there is a probability that it may branch off here to the east and follow a circuitous route to Montpelier, with a spur running to Pennville.

HIGHWAY HOLDUP.

Hartford City, Ind., Oct. 3.—One of the boldest highway robberies committed in this country in a number of years was that of George Moyer, telegraph lineman for the Indiana Pipe Line company. Moyer was driving from Warren to Montpelier, and when near the Catholic cemetery between the two towns four men rushed from behind a hedge fence. One caught the horses and the others climbed into the rear of the wagon. All three took hold of Moyer, placing their hands over his eyes and mouth. A handkerchief was stuffed tightly into his mouth and another tied over it. He was also blindfolded and bound to the seat in the wagon by ropes he used in his work. After robbing him of \$20 they left him bound to the seat as well as gagged. His team started toward Montpelier and was not noticed until stopped in the business part of the city by a crowd of citizens. When released he told the police, but no clue was found as to the identity of the robbers. Moyer is well known throughout the Indiana field.

DECIDES AGAINST AUDITOR.

Bluffton, Ind., Oct. 3.—In the writ of mandate of the city of Bluffton against Auditor Marsh to compel him to place the city taxes on the duplicate, Judge Vaughan held that under the law of 1885 he must perform that duty and that section 3,160, Horner's statutes, was not repealed by the law enacted in 1891. Auditor Marsh refused to place the city taxes on the duplicate without compensation and the city brought the above action.

A BURGLAR IS SENTENCED

ZALKASKI WILL SERVE TIME AT JEFFERSONVILLE.

Was Found Guilty of Attempting to Burglarize the Boyd Snyder Saloon.

In the circuit court today Victor J. Zalkaski was given an indeterminate sentence of from two to fourteen years in the Jeffersonville reformatory on a charge of attempted larceny. Zalkaski is a Poleander, twenty-four years old. At an early hour last Tuesday morning he entered the Boyd Snyder saloon, on Lafayette street, between Lewis and Montgomery. He was discovered and captured by Mr. Snyder just as he entered a window and before anything of value could be taken and turned over to officer Heller. The culprit's family lives in Pennsylvania and is presumably ignorant of his offense or sentence.

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Saloon.

VERY FIERCE ENGAGEMENT

HEAVY LOSSES IN BOER ATTACK ON FORT ITALIA.

Large Casualties on Both Sides, the Burghers Having 400—Planned Invasion of Natal.

London, Oct. 4.—A dispatch from Dundee, Natal, to the Times says the Boer attack on Fort Italia proves to have been a far bigger engagement than could be gathered from the first reports. The casualties on both sides indicate the fierceness of the struggle. The Boer casualties are now estimated at over 400. The burghers lost more men than in any previous action this year. There seems to be no doubt, says the Times' correspondent, that the Boers intended a combined invasion of Natal east and west. It is stated that General DeWet ordered the burghers in the northwestern part of Orange River Colony to concentrate at Talekop, but up to now the only result of the movement has been the isolated invasion of Natal by a small commando, which can easily be driven back.

The main body of the Boers is still near the Zululand frontier.

MANY ARE SEDITIONOUS.

London, Oct. 4.—The correspondent of the Times at Pretoria says the treason trial have revealed the presence of large numbers of sedition-makers who have not only taken the oath of allegiance to the British crown, but who, in many cases, have been receiving relief from the British authorities. In spite of this they communicated freely with their friends in the commandos in the field, feeling confident that they would be treated leniently if caught. There is doubt, according to the correspondent, that ten of the men tried will be proved guilty.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

(Compiled by John C. Heller, abstractor, 32 East Berry street.)

Rudolph A. Fry to Chas. E. and Della V. Fry, and 1/2 sw 1/4 ne 1/4 sec 17, Springfield tp, for \$400.

Jno. Screen to Jos. L. Tancey, lots 20 and 21, blk 26, Rockhill Heirs' add, for \$200.

Jos. L. Tancey to Jno. and Eliza Screen, lots 20 and 21, blk 26, Rockhill Heirs' add, for \$200.

F. J. Belot, clerk, to Mary Biblet, lot 30, Cuba, Springfield township; Adam L. and Lillie S. Bidenour to Frederick Alfield, e 1/2 s w 1/4 sec 22, Madison township, for \$3,500; John Schneider to Theodore P. and Cath. C. Behrman, w 1/2 s w 1/4 n 1/4 ex 1/2 a, and w 1/2 s w 1/2 n 1/4 s w 1/4, sec 36, Adams township, for \$3,200; Frederick W. Smithley to Wm. P. Smithley, and 1/2 of 20 s, off north end n 1/2 s w 1/4 sec 21, Springfield township, for \$525; Jas. Cameron to Isaac V. and Edith A. Miller, w 1/2 of e 8 chs. 37 lks. of n 8 chs. 37 lks e 1/2 s e 1/4, sec 11, Adams township, cont. 3 1/2 a, for \$1,100.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS

and diseases arising from an impure state of the blood Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound is an invaluable specific. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Eugene C. Shell and Adam C. Buettel, under the style name of the Pape Furniture company, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Adam C. Buettel retiring. All claims and demands owing by said company and all claims due and owing said company will be paid and collected by Eugene C. Shell.

EUGENE C. SHELL, ADAM C. BEUTTEL.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Sept. 3, 1901.

wk4-6t

MONEY TO LOAN

On farms at 6 per cent. interest; no commission. At Heller's Abstract Office, 32 East Berry Street. 4-17-tf

Graves & Co., dealers in photograph supplies, No. 35 Randolph street, Chicago, are prepared to offer liberal discounts on all high grade cameras for the holiday trade. Send for special price list. See advertisement in this paper. 14-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE OR PERSONAL SECURITY. C. F. PFEIFFER, ROOMS 6-7, BASS BLOCK. 17-tf

FOR SALE—Or exchange—Four 40-acre tracts; 25 acres, 7 miles from city; 10 acres, 3 miles from city; 10 acres, 7 miles out; 18 acres, 8 miles out; 10 acres, 6 miles out; 7 acres, 2 miles out; one 6-room house, No. 7 Summit St., \$1,250. Inquire of R. C. Niswonger & Co. 18 Harrison St. 4m28d&wtf

The marriage of Miss Ethel Pierce, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Pierce, of this city, and Alexander S. Reid, auditor of Wayne county, will take place October 10th.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a

A MOB'S JUSTICE

TWO COLORED BOYS LYNCHED
IN KENTUCKY.

WERE GUILTY OF MURDER

STONED A PRINTER TO DEATH
AT SHELBYVILLE.

MOB BATTERED JAIL DOORS

HELENA (MONT.) MOB HANGS A
RAPIST.

Shelbyville, Ky., Oct. 2.—Jimbo Fields, aged 16, and Clarence Garrett, aged 18, both colored, were lynched here early this morning for the alleged murder of Will C. Hart, a printer, who was stoned to death on Saturday night, Sept. 21. The boys were taken from the jail and swung from the Chesapeake and Ohio trestle, within 500 yards of the jail. The mob went to the jail and demanded the keys from the jailor, but he refused to surrender them. The doors of the jail were then battered down. The prisoners were removed almost before they had time to realize what was happening. The work was done quietly and the mob dispersed without its members' identity becoming known.

Hart came to Shelbyville from Lebanon, Ohio, and at the time of his death was employed as a printer on the Shelby Sentinel. The details of his death are not accurately known, but the evidence was conclusive that Fields and Garrett were his murderers. Hart's body was found in a path leading from the house of the mother of Jimbo Fields.

A RAPIST LYNCHED.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 2.—James Edward Brady, who assaulted five-year-old Ida Pugsley, in Helena, yesterday, was taken from the jail early today by a mob and hanged to a telegraph pole in the Haymarket square about three blocks from the jail. The crowd was orderly and after the man had been hanged it quickly dispersed. There were about 200 men engaged in the affair and they were all masked. They attacked the jail door with a battering ram and it soon yielded. On gaining admittance they demanded, at the point of a gun, the keys of the jail and threatened, if he did not yield the man up, they would kill him.

The jailor then got the man out of his cell and he was given to the mob. The march to the hanging place was quiet. Brady was given a chance to say a word. He declared that they had the wrong man, although he had been positively identified by his victim and a score of other people. Later Sheriff McConnell cut the body down and placed it in a coffin. There will be an investigation today.

ENDEAVORS TO KILL WITCH.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 2.—Yesterday Frank Gelding, of Ferdinand, Dubois county, was arrested on a peace warrant sworn out by Mrs. Catherine Meyers, aged seventy-one, whom Gelding believes to be a witch. Gelding, it is said, has slept in Mrs. Meyers' yard for several nights of late, heavily armed, for the purpose of killing her. Several months ago he gave her a horsewhipping and was then arrested. Gelding says the woman has bewitched his horse and prevents his having success in business. He is twenty-eight years old and has considerable property. The arrest of Gelding has caused considerable excitement in Dubois county.

CARL WEIL.

[From Wednesday's Daily.]
The marriage of Miss Minnie Weil and John M. Carl will take place this evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Weil, of 314 Broadway. The officiating clergyman will be Rev. H. P. Danneker, pastor of St. John's Lutheran church, and there will be no attendants. The guests will be the immediate relatives of the young people. Miss Weil is a most charming young lady and most highly esteemed among a large circle of friends. Mr. Carl is connected with The Sentinel as collector and is one of Fort Wayne's best known and most popular young men.

NEW BANK AT WABASH.

Wabash, Ind., Oct. 2.—The Farmers' and Merchants' bank with a paid-in capital of \$60,000, opened for business here yesterday in its new rooms on Wabash street. The bank is launched by Howard M. Atkinson, of the Atkinson loan agency; Frank Morse, ex-cashier of the First Na-

tional bank, and John Bireley, late cashier of the Citizens' bank. Mr. Atkinson is president; Mr. Morse, vice president, and Mr. Bireley, cashier. The first day's business was very satisfactory. This makes four banks for Wabash.

MARRIED AT ST. PETER'S.

Tuesday morning St. Peter's Catholic church was the scene of a pretty wedding, when Miss Lulu Bickel and Charles W. Friedman were united in marriage. The attendants of the bride were the Misses Clara Bickel and Margaret Klueber, while Joseph and Frank Friedman attended the groom. The bride was charmingly attired in a gown of white tulle, trimmed in real lace and narrow satin ribbon. She wore a silk veil with aigrettes and plumes, and carried a white prayer book. The out-of-town guests present were Miss Margaret Klueber, of Aurora, and Mrs. Martin Drath, of Chicago, who was formerly Miss Florence Offenloch, of this city.

A LABOR WAR IN KENTUCKY

HOMES OF NON-UNION MINERS
ARE ATTACKED.

Many Shots Exchanged at Empire
Mines and One Man Will Die—
Shots Fired at Workmen.

Hopkinsville, Ky., Oct. 2.—A serious clash occurred during the night between non-union employees and supposed striking miners. Cottages of employees at the Empire mines in North Christian were attacked by about twenty-five men, supposed to be Union men from Hopkins county. Over a hundred shots were exchanged. Albert Burton, an Empire employee, was shot through the eye and may die. Guards arrived and the attacking party fled. Monday night non-union men returning from work were fired upon from ambush. Tom Bell was shot through the leg and several had narrow escapes, bullets passing through their clothing.

NEW PRISON WARDEN.

Indianapolis, Oct. 2.—Deputy Auditor of State Frank Martin was elected warden of the northern prison yesterday afternoon to succeed George Shideley by the board of control, which met at Michigan City. A telegram was at once sent to this city informing Mr. Martin of his election. It was not a surprise to him, as members of the board had broached the matter to him last week. The board will probably receive an answer from him tomorrow as to whether he will accept the election or not. Frank Martin formerly lived at Lebanon, and is thirty-one years old. He has been employed in the office of the auditor of state since 1896, first as settlement clerk under Auditor Daily, and since the election of Captain Hunt as deputy auditor.

Mr. Martin entered Franklin college in 1891, graduating there four years later with the degree of Ph.B. While in college he was a prominent member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity. Mr. Martin is ex-state commander of the Indiana Sons of Veterans. His name has been prominently mentioned in connection with the nomination for auditor next year.

MONTHLY HEALTH REPORT.

City Health Commissioner Macbeth has compiled the following report of the births and deaths in this city during the month of September. There are probably a few reports not yet in, but the returns are practically complete.

Deaths from all causes in the city	47
Males	20
Females	27
Total burial permits issued	60
Scarlet fever, number of cases	24
Deaths	0
Diphtheria, number of cases	3
Deaths	1
Total deaths from contagious diseases	27
The commissioner's report includes other statistics, as follows:	
Milk examined from individuals	18
Milk examined from dairies	241
Prosecutions for using preservatives	8
Examinations of sputum (spit)	61
Tubercle bacilli found in	32
Negative results	29
Water examinations, private wells	4
Wells condemned	3

GIRL BADLY HURT.

Hartford City, Oct. 2.—A natural gas explosion at the home of Price Jennings, on West Franklin street, yesterday afternoon, partly destroyed the structure and severely burned Bertha Ruble, a domestic. Gas had leaked in the stove and when a lighted match was applied by Miss Ruble an explosion followed and flames caught her hair. She ran screaming out of the house. Mrs. Jennings, who was confined to the house with malarial fever, had a narrow escape. The building caught fire and was almost destroyed.

IN FIERCE FIGHT

BOERS MAKE A DETERMINED
ATTACK ON BRITISH.

BOTH SIDES LOSE HEAVILY

BRITISH HAVE TWO OFFICERS
AND THIRTY MEN KILLED.

BOERS FINALLY REPULSED

ENGLISH LIBERALS BEGIN AN
ANTI-WAR CAMPAIGN.

London, Oct. 2.—Lord Kitchener today reports that two officers and thirty-one men have been killed in an attack made on Colonel Kekewich's camp at Moedwill. The Boers, who were under Commandants De La Rey and Kemp, had fourteen officers and 114 men wounded, after two hours' night fighting, when the Boers were driven off. Colonel Kekewich was among the wounded.

LIBERALS DEMAND PEACE.

London, Oct. 2.—Five hundred public meetings arranged by the extreme wing of the opposition to protest against the government's South African policy, will take place throughout Great Britain during the months of October and November.

Among the speakers engaged to preach the doctrine of conciliation are Sir Wilfrid Lawson, Dr. E. Spence Watson, Harold Spencer, Randolph C. Lehman, Dr. John Clifford and the following members of parliament: Sir John Brunner, David Lloyd, John Burns, J. Bryn Roberts and Herbert Gladstone.

The specific purpose of the movement is to fight against the government's proposition to subject the Transvaal and Orange River colonies to the crown colony system.

MUST CHANGE ITS POLICY.

The promoters of the agitation say that as long as Downing street insists on this part of its program the Boers will remain in the field and the taxpayers of Great Britain will be compelled to bear an ever-increasing burden of taxation. Today there has been sent forth a bugle blast to all the constituencies of the kingdom, of which the following is an extract: "All over the country one imperative demand is becoming articulate—that this long drawn-out agony be ended. An honorable peace is the supreme necessity of the moment to shatter South Africa, to the overburdened population at home and to everyone throughout the empire who values its honor and prosperity. The whole situation must be reconsidered, for the liberals cannot afford to stand impassive while the very foundation on which our colonial empire rests is undermined.

FAILS TO LEARN LESSON.

"The government has lapsed back a century and picked up the broken thread of tory policy which was lost in 1775 when the United States was gazed into rebellion. It is impossible that any solution should be satisfactory that attempts to place the heel of one race on the neck of another.

"Only a broad policy that recognizes the magnitude of the issues at stake, places the races on a footing of real equality and insists that representative government of the freest kind be put within reach of all parts of South Africa can hope to succeed.

"Therefore let the liberals of the country, mindful of the glorious traditions of the party, rally as one against the impotence and folly of Downing street and save South Africa to the empire."

HORSETHIEF DETECTIVES.

Lafayette, Ind., Oct. 2.—The National Horsethief Detective association met yesterday and elected the following officers: Organizer, S. D. Anglin, Warsaw; president, I. E. Switzer, Ottoburn, Ind.; vice president, C. B. White, Woodington, O.; secretary, J. L. Crouse, Alexander, Ind.; treasurer, William Colbert, Attica, Ind.

President Switzer is one of the farmers that ran Marvin Kuhns down near Green Hill, this county.

HE GOES TO CUBA.

Lieut. Frank E. Davis, of the Eighth cavalry, who has been stationed at Fort Sheridan, Ill., went east Tuesday evening over the Lake Shore railroad, en route to Santiago, Cuba, where eight companies of his regiment are stationed. Lieutenant Davis had been previously ordered to Fort Reno, but at the last moment he was sent southward.

PHILIP G. GILLET DEAD.

Jacksonville, Ill., Oct. 2.—Philip G. Gillett, for nearly forty years superintendent of the Illinois institution for deaf mutes, died here today.

He was at one time president of the National Sabbath School association and a member of the international lesson committee.

DAVIS' SHORTAGE COVERED.

Washington, Ind., Oct. 2.—The People's National bank directors yesterday issued a statement that the shortage of R. G. Davis, ex-cashier, which was \$71,946.22, has been made up. Davis' bondsmen, who were the officials of the bank at Owen, Ky., paid the bank here \$12,414.95, and Davis' family transferred property. The bank had anticipated a run when the news of Davis' shortage came out, but the business men were not alarmed and only a few small depositors called for their money. The bank is solid now.

TO MEET HERE NEXT SPRING

MEETING OF PRESBYTERY IN
FORT WAYNE IN APRIL.

Rev. J. T. Pearce is Elected Moderator to Succeed Rev. H. C. Duckett—The Proceedings.

Bluffton, Ind., Oct. 2.—At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Fort Wayne Presbytery it was decided to hold the spring presbytery meeting in the new Third Presbyterian church in Fort Wayne in April.

Rev. J. T. Pearce, of Ligonier, was elected moderator to succeed Rev. H. C. Duckett, who has been called to Schuyler, Ill. Rev. J. A. P. McGaw, of Fort Wayne, was elected stated clerk to succeed Rev. G. A. McIntosh, of Kendallville, who was called to Cleveland.

Dr. J. L. Leeper, formerly of Westminster church, Fort Wayne, but who lately returned from an European tour, is now en route among the Presbyteries laying before them a plan recently adopted by the Indiana synod, and which he presents in Ohio next week. It obviates the trouble of ministers hunting places and prevents congregations being without pastors.

The idea is to appoint a man, whose duties are somewhat similar to that of a presiding elder, who shall serve on a salary and shall have supervision over a state. All churches without pastors will keep him informed as to vacancies, while ministers not employed will also write to him. By keeping in touch with charges and pastors, both by correspondence and personal visits, all vacant churches can be supplied with a minister without delay.

The following were elected delegates to the annual Presbytery meeting at Madison, October 14:

Rev. C. G. Miller, Bluffton; Rev. J. L. Leeper, Fort Wayne; Rev. Frazier, Elkhart; Rev. J. C. Breckinridge, Fort Wayne; Rev. A. P. McGaw, Fort Wayne; Rev. J. B. Fleming, Fort Wayne. The lay delegates are J. D. Chambers, G. E. Gardner, S. W. Chipman, George B. Stemen, John Mitchell, Alex. Baxter and E. A. K. Hackett.

The afternoon session was largely devoted to a discussion of missions, and the reports were most flattering, especially from Huntington and this city. Elder John Mitchell, of Kendallville, reported that Rev. A. C. Orman, of Chariton, Iowa, was called to the Kendallville charge to succeed Rev. McIntosh.

The following committees were appointed: Bills and overtures—Rev. H. B. Townsend, Rev. E. E. Gilchrist and Elder John Mitchell.

Finance—Rev. Thomas E. Burroughs and Elder James Crosbit.

Leave of Absence—Rev. C. G. Miller.

Narrative—Rev. J. C. Breckinridge.

WIN AT SPRINGFIELD.

The Brookside herd of prize Gallopaway cattle, the property of John Bass, has been awarded nearly every prize at the state fair in Springfield, Ill.

Mr. Bass received the following telegram from his manager yesterday: "Did very well here. Took four firsts, five seconds, four thirds and two junior champion Scottish standard colors. Got everything."

"J. Dickson."

The cattle have been exhibited at a number of fairs in Indiana, Ohio and Illinois, and the record is the best ever made by a Brookside herd.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

FRANK J. CHERNEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHERNEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.

Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHERNEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best

Isaac Weil, of Weil Bros. & Co., is seriously ill at St. Joseph hospital.

HOLD ANNUAL MEETING HERE

MISSION WORKERS WILL MEET
IN THIS CITY.

Sessions of W. F. M. S. of Fort Wayne
District to be Held in Berry
Street M. E. Church.

The twenty-fourth annual convention of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the Fort Wayne district of the Methodist Episcopal church will be held in the Berry street church, October 15 and 16. There are altogether thirty-two appointments in the district and it is expected that at least sixty delegates will be in attendance.

One of the speakers during the convention will be Mrs. H. S. Alling, of Tokio, Japan, and there will be a number of addresses on missionary subjects by prominent district workers. The program of the convention is as follows:

—Tuesday Afternoon—
2:00—Praise service.
2:15—Love feast.

.....Mrs. W. H. Daniels
2:30—Introduction of delegates.
Solo.....Mrs. J. K. Ross

2:45—Greeting from the Fort Wayne
Missionary union.
Appointment of committees.
Hymn.

3:18—Round table
Conducted by Mrs. Leasure

1—If I give two cents a
week why attend auxiliary meetings?

2—The importance of con-
tingent funds.

3—Why should we make
quarterly reports?

4—How can we best push
the district work?

5—Ten cents a month plan,
or how best to meet our
dues.

6—Does special work in-
crease the interest?

7—How can we stimulate in
the hearts of women the
need of children's organ-
ization?

8—How may we hope to in-
terest our indifferent
members?

9—What is the central
thought of all our work?

10—The why's of missions:
Why pray? Why give?
Why send? Why go?

11—Why should woman work
for missions?

12—Does an itinerary pay?

13—Is the social element an
important factor in the
uplifting of an auxil-
iary?

14—Can woman have the
spirit of Christ and not
the spirit of missions?

15—The need of enlisting our
young women.

16—The necessity for train-
ing children.

3:45—Why Medical Missions?...
.....Mrs. C. G. Hudson

3:55—Why and How Ought We to
Give?.....Mrs. L. R. Hartman

4:05—Music.
Miscellaneous business.

"New Testament Studies in
Missions." Mrs. G. S. Miller

.....Mrs. G. S. Miller
I—Parallels between Jesus' life and work and those of the modern mission-
ary.

II—Gospel teachings con-
cerning the Gentile na-
tion.

7:30—Praise service
.....Rev. J. H. Patterson
Music.....Orchestra

Solo.....Miss A. Lillian Schrader
Address.....Mrs. H. S. Alling, Tokio,
Japan.

Music.....Ladies' quartet
—Wednesday Morning—

9:00—Praise service.
Minutes.

9:15—Reports from auxiliaries.
Music.

9:30—Report from district organ-
izer, Mrs. Sadie Cobb.
Report from superintendent
children's work, Mrs. Min-
nie Robinson.

Report from superintendent
young woman's work, Mrs.
Julia Hodge.

Music.
10:00—The Peddler's Pack.....
.....Mrs. Ada C. Jones

10:10—Election of officers.
Miscellaneous business.

Bible study—
III—Messengers to the world.
IV—Missionary fruitfulness.

Noontide prayer for temper-
ance.....Mrs. Ridenour

11:45—Adjourn.
—Wednesday Afternoon—

2:00—Devotions.
2:15—Minutes.

Reports from president, cor-
responding secretary and
treasurer of the Fort Wayne
district.

Music.
2:30—Our conference missionaries

.....Conference secretary

2:50—Possibilities of the Work in
Our District.....

.....Rev. W. H. Daniels
Music.

3:00—Work in Our New Posses-
sions.....Mrs. Jerome Brown

3:10—Our Special Work.....
.....Conference secretary
Discussion.

Music.
3:30—Branch report.....
.....District president

Music.
Miscellaneous business.

4:20—Bible study—
V—Hardness and opposition
in missionary service.

VI—Personal call to mission-
ary work.

Music.
4:30—Adjourn.

7:30—Praise service
.....Rev. Asher S. Preston

7:45—Reports of committees.
Music.....Ladies' quartet

8:00—Address.....
Miss Harriet S. Alling a re-
turned missionary.

Music.
Adjourn.

A list of district officers follows:
President—Mrs. Carrie Gesaman,
Fort Wayne.

Vice President—Mrs. H. J. Neal,
Angola.

Second Vice President—Mrs. Beeks,
Bluffton.

Third Vice President—Mrs. L. L.
Cocking, New Haven.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. Eva
Knisley.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Ada
C. Jones, Auburn.

Treasurer—Mrs. T. R. Spaulding,
Fort Wayne.

District Organizer—Mrs. Sadie
Cobb, Auburn.

Superintendent Young Woman's
Work—Mrs. Julia Hodge, Auburn.

Superintendent Children's Work—
Mrs. Minnie Robinson, Fort Wayne.

GROWTH IN POSTAL RECEIPTS

FORT WAYNE OFFICE IS SECOND
IN INDIANA.

Revenues for Past Year More Than
\$110,000—Highest in the His-
tory of the City.

The figures of the postal depart-
ment for the fiscal year ending June
30 last, which have just been com-
pleted, show that for the year the Fort
Wayne postoffice received a total of
more than \$110,000 for the sale of
stamps, stamped paper and box
rents. The figures for Indiana cities
where receipts were over \$40,000 are
given below for the purpose of com-
parison, and to this is added the per
cent. of expenses to receipts.

Per cent. of
Expense to
Receipts

Cities	Receipts	Per cent.
Indianapolis	\$509,590	41
Fort Wayne	110,052	34
Evansville	90,152	50
Terre Haute	80,259	43
South Bend	77,829	40
Elkhart	69,790	20
Lafayette	50,020	50
Muncie	46,800	54
Richmond	45,970	52

It will be noted that Fort Wayne
is safely maintaining its position as
the second city in the state in point
of postal receipts, and also that with
the single exception of Elkhart its
per cent. of expenses to receipts is
lowest. This item reaches its
highest point at Muncie, where a
sum equal to 54 per cent. of the total
receipts is needed to defray the
expenses of the office.

PRESBYTERIANS AT MADISON.

Madison, Ind., Oct. 3.—The synod
of Indiana of the Presbyterian church
will meet in Madison beginning Octo-
ber 14 and continuing through Octo-
ber 16. This synod is composed of
150 delegates appointed by the pres-
byteries of the state. These dele-
gates are equally divided between
ministers and elders. The prominent
speakers will be Robert E. Speer,
New York; Howard Agnew Johnson,
D. D., New York; Rev. B. L. Agnew,
D. D., Philadelphia; Rev. George B.
Stewart, D. D., Auburn, N. Y.; Rev.
John Pearson, D. D., Cincinnati; Rev.
Newton Olmstead, Utah. All the ses-
sions will be held at the First Pres-
byterian church, with the exception
of Tuesday afternoon, when it will be
at Hanover, and Wednesday evening,
when it will be at the Second Pres-
byterian church. The sessions will
be open and a cordial invitation is
extended to the Christian people of
the city.

LOWER RATES TO BUFFALO.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,
beginning Oct. 5th, the Nickel Plate
road will sell round trip tickets at
one-half of the one way first-class
limited fare. Return limit 5 days
after day of sale. Inquire of nearest
agent of the Nickel Plate road or C.
A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne,
Ind., or R. J. Hamilton, Agent, Fort
Wayne, Ind.

OS-th-tu-8t

Subscribe for The Sentinel.

C. A. BOOKWALTER IS CHOSEN

NOW GRAND CHANCELLOR OF
INDIANA K. OF P.

Grand Lodge State Will Try to Make
Indianapolis Headquarters of
Endowment Rank.

Indianapolis, Oct. 2.—All the ener-
gies of the grand lodge of the
Knights of Pythias of Indiana are
to be assembled toward securing the
transfer of the national headquarters
of the endowment rank of the order
from Chicago to Indianapolis.

This was decided yesterday, when
Grand Chancellor Storms, of the su-
preme Pythian body of the state, was
authorized to appoint a committee of
five to confer with the supreme of-
ficers of the sovereign lodge, con-
trolling the national affairs of the or-
ganization.

OFFICERS ARE ELECTED.

The election of officers for the en-
suing year was also held yesterday
and resulted as follows:

Grand Chancellor—Charles A. Book-
walter, city.

CUP STAYS HERE

COLUMBIA TAKES THE THIRD RACE FROM SHAMROCK.

A HEARTBREAKING FINISH

BOATS DRIFT TOGETHER OVER THE LINE.

DIFFERENCE FEW SECONDS

THE CHALLENGER STARTED LIKE A WINNER.

New York, Oct. 4.—The America's cup will remain in the United States. The gallant Columbia today won the unequalled distinction of having twice been successful defender of the famous trophy by defeating Shamrock II. in one of the most remarkable races that has ever taken place for the cup.

After a race to windward in a spanking breeze, the wind subsided and it was a slow boat to the home stakeboat, with the challenger leading most of the way, but not enough to overcome the time allowance to the good of the defender. The last mile it was a tense and exciting time, with the boats near together. They went over almost abreast, Shamrock leading a trifle, but Columbia well within her time allowance, and the cup was saved to America.

Shamrock apparently crossed line at 3:35:35; Columbia at 3:35:38.

The Columbia crossed the line exactly fifteen seconds ahead, but the official starting time, the handicap gun having been fired, was 11:02 for both boats.

After they had crossed the line the British boat seemed to cut the Columbia's wind to some extent and there ensued a little luffing match, Captain Barr trying to get his wind clear. The yachts were sailing very rapidly, their huge spinnakers billowing out in the fresh breeze and their mastsails drawing beautifully. The foreigner began to catch up on the Columbia and after a few minutes of sailing she had piled up considerable. At this point the Columbia seemed to catch her wind and maintained, if she did not increase, her lead for the next two minutes.

SHAMROCK PULLS AHEAD.

Then again the Shamrock, her greater sail area beginning to tell, drew up and it was a magnificent neck and neck race until at 11:17 the bronze boat drew ahead and in a few moments she had placed a good stretch of water behind her flying stern and the Columbia's nose. In ten minutes more, fairly skimming over the white-crested waves, she had reeled off a good ten lengths of lead and at that time seemed to be able to hold it. After thirty-five minutes of sailing, both going at a terrific pace, the yachts had sailed about a half of the first leg, and try as the American skipper would, he did not seem to be able to lessen his flying rival's good lead.

SHAMROCK TURNS FIRST.

At 12:45, with the outer mark almost upon her, the Shamrock's white coated sails swarmed forward nimbly and in came the great spinnaker preparatory for the turn. An instant later the Columbia's men had also gotten in her great sail, and before it had been hauled to the deck the Shamrock was luffing around the stake boat. Right in her wake came the American and right behind her she turned. Unofficial timing put the Shamrock around the mark forty-eight seconds ahead. After rounding the Shamrock held off toward the Jersey shore on the starboard tack, while the Columbia went off shore on the port tack. But Barr only held this for an instant before he swung the Columbia around on the starboard tack, and the racers began the third to windward which was to decide the contest.

The foreigner had evidently made up her time allowance on the run before the wind and it remained to be seen if she could hold it in the beat home. At 1:05 Sycamore put the Shamrock on port tack and crossed the Columbia's bow. She held this tack for about two minutes, then again swung about on the starboard tack, and both boats were headed dead in shore towards Long Branch. For five minutes they had it nip and tuck and then Sycamore again laid the Shamrock on the port tack, followed closely by his rival.

PATRIOTS TAKE NEW HOPE. It was then that the patriots took new hope, for the white flyer seemed to be pointing higher and footing faster than her opponent. When they had been on the port tack long enough to draw comparison it was evident that this was a fact and the American boat slowly forging to the front.

By this time the official turning times had been worked out and posted, showing that at the turning the foreign boat was forty-nine seconds ahead, which left the Columbia only six seconds to make up to get within the time she was allowed. If she could do it, and it looked then as if she could, the race was hers.

As they held along the port tack both yachts reeled beautifully to the breeze, which, though somewhat lighter, still held plenty of strength to send them home within the time limit. It was just 1:12 o'clock when beyond question of doubt it was seen that the American had turned her old trick in windward work and was ahead.

Both yachts held the long port tack for almost an hour, and the race at this time was slow when compared to the speed of the first leg. The wind had fallen considerably. The sky became overcast with light, fleecy clouds, which sent patches of shadows sweeping across the water. Now and then the yachts would fall into the path of a shadow and show dull and gray. Then, caught again by a gleam of sunshine, their sails stood out glistening white. The excursion fleet kept well astern and the sea was very smooth. It was just 2:03 when Captain Barr put the Columbia on the starboard tack and headed in toward the Jersey shore. A minute later Captain Sycamore put the Shamrock around on the same tack, and as she sped ahead it was seen Columbia was still ahead and well to windward.

It was getting to be the closest kind of a race. At 2:15 it was evident that the Ulster yacht had secured a slight lead. For the next fifteen minutes the yachts continually split tacks.

After a short while spent at this game both yachts at 2:30 went about and stood on the starboard tack for the Jersey shore.

SHAMROCK CRAWLS UP.

In this game of tacking the Shamrock had crawled up to windward and was ahead by a narrow margin.

The race had reached a point where the slightest favorable puff of wind meant much and where seamanship of the finest kind was required. At 3:05 the yachts were still holding the long port tack and the finish mark was not more than three miles away. A large part of the excursion fleet had scurried ahead and taken up positions around the finish line.

At 3:17 the Shamrock went on the starboard tack, being then about a mile and a half from the lightship. She held this tack toward the Jersey shore until she met the Columbia, then being to the weather of the latter the Shamrock forced her about and swinging around on the port tack headed for the line. The Columbia followed her immediately. The masts were now headed straight for the finish, the Shamrock having the weather and what looked like a safe lead. It was then merely a question of whether or not the American boat could get to the coveted finish line, not ahead, but within her 43 seconds of allowance from the other boat. Both racers seemed to know that the goal was near at hand and they slipped through the water faster than it seemed possible for the light breeze.

IT WAS HEARTBREAKING.

At that time the Columbia was just underneath the Shamrock's lee bow. It was heartbreaking; the seconds dragged like minutes. As they drew near the line it was seen that what had seemed to be a safe lead for the Shamrock had become a doubtful proposition.

A second later and it developed almost to a certainty even the Shamrock, as she crossed the line first, the Columbia was within her time allowance and had won the race. Almost as one beat they went across the line, the Shamrock first, but the Columbia so few seconds behind her that it made no difference. Thus the Columbia won in three straight races.

She was the victor of 1901.

WON THE SECOND RACE.

New York, Oct. 3.—In a cracking breeze and under conditions that

STEADY--STRENGTH--SLEEP.

These Are Three Words to Conjure

With—They Are Closely Connected

With Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve

Pills, so Says a Fort Wayne Citizen.

Steady nerves—refreshing sleep—renewed strength—these are a trio that practically control the enjoyment of life—they are the keystone of the arch perfecting manhood and womanhood to the fullness of life.

Mrs. S. Henline, of No. 283 Webster street, Fort Wayne, Ind., says: "As a nerve tonic Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills I got at Meyer Bros. & Co.'s drug store, No. 14 Calhoun St., are fine. I was nervous, sleepless and weak. The medicine cured this, giving strength, energy, good peaceful sleep and strong steady nerves. I am glad to recommend it."

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 40 cents a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

A new case of scarlet fever is reported at 38 Shawnee avenue.

from start to finish were perfect for racing, Columbia today defeated Shamrock II. in the second of the series for the America's cup.

It was an ideal day for such a contest and the wind blew strong, steady and true every minute of the race. It was just such a wind and altogether the conditions that the skipper of both big sloops have all along wished for.

Shamrock got much the best of the start and led her swift rival around the first two marks of the triangular course. Then, in the beat homeward, Columbia picked up her green rival and came pounding over the finish with time to spare.

The official time of the finish was: Columbia, 2:15:05. Shamrock, 2:16:23. The official elapsed time was: Shamrock, 3:16:10. Columbia, 3:13:18. The official corrected time was: Shamrock, 3:16:10. Columbia, 3:12:35. The official time of the turning of the first mark was: Shamrock—11:51:07. Columbia—11:52:17.

COLUMBIA GAINED.

This showed that the Columbia's gain was twenty-three seconds in the ten miles of close reaching of the first leg.

FIND GAS AT KENDALLVILLE

STRIKE MADE BY WELL DRILLERS ON THURSDAY.

Strong Flow Discovered at 600 Feet and Speculators Already There.

[Special to The Sentinel.]

Kendallville, Ind., Oct. 4.—This city is just now experiencing the exhilarating thrills of a natural gas excitement, for well drillers at work upon the farm of John Carpenter, just north of the city, struck a strong flow of natural gas.

The drillers were down about 600 feet, working in rock, when a rumbling noise was heard, and the next instant a portion of the machinery was blown from the ground. When ignited the flames of the gas leaped fifty feet in the air. News of the find spread quickly and today speculators are on the ground trying to make leases for land. Geologists are at work upon surveys, and say the indications are bright for the opening of a new gas belt similar to the well known Indiana field sixty miles south of this section.

Some years ago several thousand dollars were expended in experimental drilling for gas upon the southern edge of the city, but the find was not strong enough to warrant further explorations.

PETITION FOR CLEMENCY.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 4.—Although Governor Odell, of New York, has said emphatically that he will not consider any petition for a commutation of O'Connell's death sentence to life imprisonment, the Social Alliance, of this city, is circulating a petition of this nature for signatures in Boston. Its secretary is Theodore W. Curtis. The petition is a long one and includes this sentence: "The motive of the petition is not sentimental sympathy with a condemned man, much less the upholding of any form of anarchy of which he is said to have been a disciple; but the belief that the ends of justice, the vindication of the law and the higher interests of civilization will be better served by this change in the form of penalty."

DIED AT SAME HOUR.

Elwood, Ind., Oct. 4.—A strange coincidence in connection with the death of William Ginn, at his home in this city, has come to light in a letter received by Dr. J. F. Ginn, from relatives in Canada. Edward, the brother of William, lived at Cadmus, Ontario, and during the illness of the former a letter was received saying that the latter was also sick. The two old men died within a few hours of each other and were buried on the same day at about the same time. William Ginn, of this city, was eighty-four years old.

MANY STAMPS ARE USED.

Perhaps few people outside the postoffice building have any idea of the quantity of postage stamps used in Fort Wayne. This morning the postoffice received the regular quarterly supply of the various denominations and the shipment represented a total of more than \$33,000. There were 1,250,000 stamps of the two-cent denomination in the shipment, which is about the average required by the Fort Wayne office every three months.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. may be used & w

MEYER STEPS OUT

COUNTY AUDITOR TENDERS RESIGNATION.

GEORGE ORTLIEB APPOINTED

CAPABLE YOUNG DEPUTY IS TO BE AT THE HEAD.

MEYER'S BONDSMEN SETTLE

END OF A DISTRESSING AND UNHAPPY AFFAIR.

William Meyer, jr., Friday handed in his resignation as auditor of Allen county and George Ortleib, deputy auditor since Mr. Meyer's insubordination of the office, was appointed by the county commissioners to fill out the unexpired term. He assumed the office immediately upon his appointment and filed a surety bond.

Mr. Meyer's bondsmen appeared before the commissioners that morning and laid the resignation before them. At the same time they settled the shortage in the ex-auditor's accounts and were dismissed. It became known last Thursday that the bondsmen would take this action and the news caused no little commotion in and about the court house. It is understood that widespread dissatisfaction with the arrangement whereby Mr. Meyer was to be retained in office at a salary of \$75 a month while George Ortleib was to be auditor de facto at a salary of \$125 a month, the remainder of the salary of the auditor going to the bondsmen to reimburse them for the payment of the shortage in the accounts of the office, and the fear that the office might be vacated prompted the bondsmen to ask Mr. Meyer for his resignation, so that their skirts would be cleared of the whole matter.

As it is now, the office is in new hands entirely. Mr. Ortleib announces that he will retain the present office force and make no new appointments. There remains a little over a year of the unexpired term to fill.

LETTER OF RESIGNATION.

Following is the text of Mr. Meyer's letter of resignation:

"Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 4, 1901.—To the Board of Commissioners of Allen County, Ind.: Gentlemen.—Inasmuch as I desire to engage in another business I have today transmitted to the governor of the state my resignation as auditor of Allen county and I hereby notify you of that fact and request that you act upon the matter at once and make another appointment.

"Very respectfully,

"William Meyer, Jr."

ORTLIEB APPOINTED.

Further record of the matter is as follows:

"Commissioners' Minutes.—An Order.—William Meyer, jr., auditor of Allen county, having resigned his said office and the same having been duly notified to this board, it is therefore hereby declared and adjudged that a vacancy now exists in the office of auditor of Allen county.

"And the board now appoints George C. A. Ortleib as auditor of Allen county to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of said Meyer and to fill his unexpired term, and the said Ortleib is required to file his bond in the sum of \$10,000, with surety to be approved by this board.

"And it now appearing to the said board that the said Meyer has failed and refused to file his quarterly report for the quarter ending September 30, 1901, and to pay over the fees collected by him as such auditor, and it further appearing that said Meyer as such auditor has collected \$2,459.46 of fees, of which he has failed and refused to report and pay over to said county as required by law, it is therefore hereby decided not to allow the said Meyer his quarterly salary of \$1,625 as auditor, \$150 as clerk of the county council, and \$60 as member of the board of review, but the same shall be held by said county and applied to that extent upon said fees so withheld by the said Meyer.

"And now comes John F. W. Meyer, Christian Baade and the heirs of C. Frederick Meyers, sureties on the bond of said William Meyer, jr., and now pay to the county the sum of \$4,985.04 in payment of the balance of monies belonging to said county collected by the said William Meyer, jr., and not paid over to said county as shown on the report of George D. Crane, now on file in the auditor's office."

FIND RARE MAPS OF AMERICA.

Berlin, Oct. 4.—Musty with the cobwebs of 400 years, abandoned long ago and lost, there have just been found in the castle of Wolfegg, Wurttemberg, the first maps that ever contained the name and geographic outlines of America. The maps were discovered by Rev. Joseph Fischer, a priest, who is professor of geography

in Feldkirch, the capital of the Austrian province of Vorarlberg. The maps bear respectively the dates of 1507 and 1516. They are in a state of remarkable preservation. The earliest map is believed to have been drawn under the personal supervision of Columbus. German geographers consider this find the most important of modern scientific times. For years the maps were regarded as hopelessly lost. Nordenskiöld, in his last work, referred to their existence as a legend.

FARMERS' EXCURSION.

The annual excursion of the farmers along the line of the Vandalia to points in Ohio occurred Thursday and the party passed through this city on No. 8, over the Pittsburg, Thursday evening. The party was somewhat smaller than former excursions of this character, there being only 219 people in it. The Buffalo rates and the heavy travel on that account are responsible for the little travel on this occasion.

HON. E. G. MELENDY IMPROVED

LEFT THIS MORNING FOR HIS HOME AT FREMONT.

Sustained a Stroke of Paralysis While Addressing His Comrades—The Campfire.

Hon. Emory G. Melendy, of Fremont, who was stricken by paralysis while addressing his old army comrades of the One Hundred and Twenty-ninth regiment at the campfire in Saengerbund hall Thursday evening, was considerably improved this morning, and left on an early train for his home at Fremont, Steuben county. He was very weak and still suffered somewhat from the effects of his illness, but was cheerful and hopeful.

Adjutant Melendy's sudden illness brought an air of sadness into the exercises which were closing a day of pleasurable reunion of old army comrades. A large audience had gathered at Saengerbund hall to participate in the exercises of the campfire, and Mr. Melendy, who is a universal favorite among the old soldiers, was upon the stage in the midst of a pleasant reminiscence, when he suddenly reeled, his voice died away to a whisper and he sank into a chair helpless and almost unconscious. He had sustained a stroke of paralysis. Comrades rushed to his aid and Dr. W. W. Barnett was quickly summoned. The police ambulance conveyed the patient to the New Aveline hotel, where the physician continued his efforts, and within a few hours there was a decided improvement in his condition.

Adjutant Melendy is widely known and is highly esteemed. He is a prominent citizen of Steuben county and has been a member of the legislature. He was elected secretary and treasurer of the One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Regiment association for life.

CLOSING EXERCISES.

But for the almost tragic illness of Mr. Melendy, the campfire of the veterans of the One Hundred and Twenty-ninth would have been among the most enjoyable ever held by the veterans. The Apollo quartet, dividing its time between the campfire and Masonic Temple, was heard in a lively program that was highly enjoyed and vociferously cheered by the old soldiers. Mayor H. C. Berghoff welcomed the visitors in a graceful speech that abounded in the loftiest tribute to their patriotic service, and Adjutant Melendy spoke on behalf of his comrades in response. Capt. J. C. Kensill and numerous other well known veterans contributed to the symposium of song and story.

The new officers of the One Hundred and Twenty-ninth association elected yesterday are:

President—Peter Hess, Columbia City.

Vice President—Isaac Claxton, Chubbuck.

BANKRUPTCY BUSINESS.

October 30 has been fixed as the date of the final hearing in the bankruptcy petitions of John C. Figel and Hubert Berghoff, of this city, and William N. Jones, of DeKalb county. Deputy Clerk Logan this morning received discharges in the cases of John J. Martin, of Albion; Hiram F. Perrin, of Lagrange county, and Salem Bashara, of this city. The petition of Elias Lathrop, where there was objection to discharge, has been referred to Referee Chapin to take testimony.

HELLER'S TESTIMONY.

Albert Heller, living at 1114 Farmham St., Omaha, says: "I have tried most everything that is used as a preventive or cure for headache, but nothing did me so much good as Krause's Headache Capsules. Others who have used them say the same thing." Price 25c. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

PHILIPPINE TRADE.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The following extract from the monthly bulletin of the commerce of the Philippine Islands, covering the period of nine months ended March 31st, 1901 and 1900, has been prepared in the division of insular affairs of the war department. The statement indicates the growing trade of the islands. The total value of merchandise imported during the nine months ended March 31st, 1901, was \$22,969,008, as against \$15,107,143 for the same period of 1900; and the total

value of merchandise exported during the nine months ended March 31st, 1901, was \$17,363,188, as against \$12,928,464 for the same period of 1900, an increase of 33 per cent. in the value of imports and 94 per cent. in the value of exports. The value of imports of merchandise from the United States was \$2,007,007, an increase of 86 per cent. over the previous year and from European countries \$1,475,871, an increase of 81 per cent. The value of exports of merchandise to the United States was \$2,042,069, a decrease of 15 per cent. and to European countries \$10,768,225, an increase of 73 per cent.

SURVEYORS AT WABASH.

(Wabash Plain Dealer.)

L. P. Hinton, foreman of the surveying gang of the Fort Wayne & Southwestern Traction company, with his men, completed their general survey to this city this morning early.

Between this city and Huntington they were denied the right to cross but three farms, right-of-way having been secured across the others. Coll Dillon Wednesday ordered the surveyors off his farm as no right had been given them and they did not wish to have his farm crossed by the road. The men reached Lago Tuesday and have made rapid progress towards this city. Stakes will be set up later for the more careful survey. Work has already begun at the Huntington end of the line.

GET MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS

ELEVEN NURSES GRADUATE FROM TRAINING SCHOOL.

Pretty Commencement Exercises at Masonic Temple Followed by a Reception.

Eleven young ladies who have completed the course of the Hope hospital training school for nurses received their diplomas and medals Thursday evening, and upon them were conferred the badges and diplomas which attest their thorough equipment as trained nurses. The class was composed of the Misses Ella Amelia Foster, Doris May Weaver, Clara Elizabeth Collins, Rose Lulu Barnard, Bessie Irwin Parker, Alice May McNelly, Dora Shoemaker, Elizabeth Doretha Rehner, Adelle Gertrude Duestman, Agnes Maud Jones and Jesse Cameron. The commencement exercises were held at Masonic Temple theatre, which was filled with enthusiastic friends of the school and the graduates. Seats upon the stage, which was prettily decorated with palms and ferns displayed against a background of the class colors, blue and white, artistically draped, were the graduates, the junior class, Mrs. E. G. Fournier, principal of the training school, President of the Temple for the hospital and members of the faculty, board of trustees and members of the ladies' committee.

Reineke's orchestra, the Haydn, Linden and Apollo quartets, Mrs. S. C. Moffat, Miss Hester and Mrs. A. M. Foster, contributed to a very excellent musical program, and all were enthusiastically enjoyed. Chas. H. Worden delivered the address of the evening in which he traced the training of the nurses, paid a tribute to the nobility of their calling and of the supreme importance of their life's work.

The obligation was administered by Dr. W. O. Gross, who then presented the gold bases and diplomas. At this juncture Mr. Foster stated that he must permit an interpolation in the regular program. Loads of flowers had been arriving at the stage door of the Temple for the graduates, and they were conferred upon the young ladies. The floral offerings were unusually rich and in great profusion, and as armload after armload were brought up on the stage the audience cheered enthusiastically. Many of the offerings came from those who have been patients at Hope hospital under the care of the young ladies who graduated last evening, and a prettier or more elaborate floral display has seldom been seen than that received by the nurses.

Dr. K. K. Wheelock delivered the valedictory address, in the course of which he called attention to the excellent work of Hope hospital and its growth and development, and cited also the names of many of the graduates and more aid from the people, in order that this institution may be enlarged and perfected to more thoroughly meet the needs of the city. Dr. Wheelock paid a high compliment to the graduates, and earnestly urged the nurses who were graduating, and cordially commended them as thoroughly equipped for their noble mission. Both invocation and benediction were delivered by Rev. A. S. Preston, of Wayne street M. E. church.

Following the exercises a charming reception was tendered the nurses at the residence of President S. M. Foster, at West Wayne and Webster streets.

HEADED FOR FORT WAYNE.

(Bluffton Banner.)

Thieves made a wholesale raid on the flock of poultry belonging to Albert Sowards, who lives northeast of the city near Purguey, last night. They drove to the farm in a wagon and plucked every chicken they could find roosting in the yard and then took nearly all that were in the house. This morning when the family got up there was scarcely enough poultry left on the farm to make a mess, the thieves having carried off 60 or 70 chickens. Clint Sowards trailed the wagon a mile north from the scene of the robbery and it is supposed that the poultry was taken to Fort Wayne for sale.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwall, Conn.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itching of the skin in any part of the body. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

A boon to travelers. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Acts promptly.

REPUBLIC IS SAFE

ANARCHY IS IMPOTENT TO DESTROY IT.

MUST FIRST SLAY PEOPLE

A REMARKABLE SPEECH BY SENATOR HOAR TO REPUBLICANS OF BAY STATE

FREE SPEECH AND FREE PRESS MUST BE PRESERVED.

Boston, Oct. 4.—The Massachusetts republican state convention, held here today, nominated a full state ticket and adopted a platform of principles. Samuel J. Elder, of Boston, was made permanent chairman of the convention, and on assuming the gavel addressed the delegates in a speech of considerable length.

In this address, as in one delivered later by Senator George F. Hoar, there was reference to the assassination of President McKinley and to legislation that has been suggested in view of that tragedy. Concluding this division of his speech, Mr. Elder said:

"One thing more, the right of free speech must not be denied; full and fair discussion of public men and political issues are a part of our heritage. But caricature, denunciation, foul abuse and contemptuous ridicule of the president from whatever source they come, must cease."

SENATOR HOAR'S SPEECH.

In speaking feelingly of the assassination of President McKinley, Senator Hoar said:

"We can undoubtedly provide some additional legal safeguards against the recurrence of this terrible crime, but we cannot give up free speech or constitutional liberty because of the danger of a recurrence of such crimes. The restraining of free speech and of free press, disagreeable as are their excesses, must come in the main from the individual's sense of duty and not by law.

"You and I," said Senator Hoar, "are republicans. You and I are men of the north. Most of us are Protestants in religion. We are men of native birth. Yet, if every republican were today to fall in his place, as William McKinley has fallen, I believe our countrymen of other party, in spite of what we deem their errors, would take the republic and bear on the flag to liberty and glory. I believe if every Protestant were to be stricken down by a lightning stroke, that our brethren of the Catholic faith would still carry on the republic in the spirit of a true and liberal freedom.

"I believe if every man of native birth within our borders were to die this day the men of foreign birth who have come here to seek homes and liberty under the shadow of the republic would carry on the republic in God's appointed way. I believe if every man of the north were to die, the new and chastened south, with the virtues it has cherished from the beginning of love of home and love of state and love of freedom, with its courage and its constancy, would take the country and bear it on to the achievement of its lofty destiny.

"The anarchist must slay 75,000,000 Americans before he can slay the republic."

CRANE RENOMINATED.

The platform was reported by Congressman Lovering and unanimously adopted.

W. Murray Crane was renominated by a rising vote. The governor addressed the convention briefly. John L. Bates was unanimously renominated for lieutenant governor, and similarly renominations were voted William H. Olin for secretary of state, Edward S. Bradford for treasurer and receiver general and Henry Turner for auditor. There was a contest for the nomination for attorney general between O. Hardis, of East Bridgewater, and H. L. Parker, of Lancaster. Parker secured the nomination on the first ballot which stood: Parker 935; Hardis 775.

SECTION MAN KILLED.

James Matarlo, a section man employed by the Wabash, was killed at Peru last week. He was dismissed at the noon hour and climbed upon a car in a freight train to ride to his boarding house, and in passing a switchstand he was struck by it and his skull crushed. Matarlo was an Italian and has a wife and some children in Italy.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

JOSEPH SOLD INTO EGYPT BY HIS ENVIOUS BRETHREN—
BIBLICAL EXAMPLE HAS MODERN INSTANCES.

(John Lindsay Withrow, D. D., Park Street Church, Boston, in Chicago Record-Herald.)
Lesson for Sunday, Oct. 13, 1901.
Topic—"Joseph in Prison."
Text—Genesis xxxix., 20-23; xl., 1-15.

Joseph was a favorite son of his father Isaac (37:3) for the natural reason that he "was the son of his old age." Great hearts—and Jacob was one of them—grow in the grace of love for little children as age increases. Hence grandparents are proverbially more affectionate, considerate and charitable toward their children's children than they were to their own. As this is a universal disposition in the best people, there must be a common cause to account for it. May that cause be this, that with advancing years the retrospect reveals so many shortcomings or worse things in their own lives that they are inclined to overlook the foibles, follies and falls in the young lives around them.

The hero of our lesson and of the first five lessons in this quarter of our studies—that is, Joseph—was probably such a pot of his parents, Jacob and Rachel, that his step-brothers, born of Bilhah and Zilpah, were provoked to passionate jealousy by the preferences Israel showed to Joseph. Consequently (37:4) "they hated him," and their hate was heated by each additional evidence of Joseph's honor, until the thought of murdering him was discussed among them. Had Joseph been of a diplomatic turn, he, seeing the temper of the brethren rising, might have withheld (Gen. 37:5) the story of his dream. That would have been the wiser way for him, and in any like circumstances the wiser way for us. That is, prudence and piety, too, should prompt us not to arouse animosity and ill nature in others by unnecessary provocation. Rather write it as one of the main motives of life: "Blessed are the peace-makers, for they shall be called the sons of God," and having this beautiful of Jesus, the Prince of Peace, before us, let us hide instead of hoist a red rag in any instance when either animal or man is liable to be infuriated by the flaunting of it.

DANGER AVERTED BY REUBEN.
Joseph failing thus to do, we have in chapter 37 the murderous plot which came perilously near making all of Jacob's other sons not only cowardly conspirators, but cold-blooded murderers. But for Reuben, Jacob's first born, who was better-minded than the rest, the race of Abraham must have borne thereafter and ever the stigma of the sons of murderers. What they did was of only murderous design, but in the providence of God it did not eventuate as they desired. They degraded him as much as they could by stripping (37:23) him of the garment of honor, "coat of many colors," and pitching him into a pit. Then they "sat down to eat bread"—making a sort of festival out of their riddance of Joseph. But conscience, the troublesome tenant of the breast of bad men, began to stir and sting the sinners, and they adopted the suggestion of Judah—next best brother to Reuben—and sold Joseph for a slave.

At this point of the Old Testament we come upon one of the accounts that higher critics pounce upon as indicative of a hodge-podge composition of the Bible. They note that in Genesis xxxvii., verses 25 and 27, it is the Ishmaelites that are seen passing, and who purchase the pit-imprisoned lad. But in verses 28 and 36 it is the Midianites, merchants, who lift Joseph out of the pit and sell him to Potiphar. There, say the critics, you see a fragment from one traditional source, and again a different fragment from another, put together by some unknown editor. Reading the higher critics keeps one reminded of the old Latin proverb of the mountain being in travail and a mouse coming forth as offspring. So it is in the present instance. For instead of conjuring up a phantom of mixed authorship the plain teacher of Scriptures will tell the scholar that the caravan which was composed mostly of Midianites was probably, as to its properties, owned by the Ishmaelites. And so the sacred penman of this story, knowing much more about it than our moderns, with true historic accuracy, gave both the heads and the hind legs place upon his page.

JOSEPH IN SLAVERY.

And now we have Joseph a slave in the house of Potiphar, who was a courtier, the chamberlain, a very trusted officer under the king of Egypt. He is a young slave. He is friendly, with neither kith nor kin in all the kingdom of Pharaoh. He knew not a word of the language. Never was a youth more destitute. Not only did he not own the clothes on his back, he did not own the back that bore his clothes.

A destitute youth is, still, more likely to become a successful man than is the pampered son of opulent parents. About the heaviest handicap any young man starts under in the race of life is an inheritance of heaping fortune.

Look over the much mentioned families among us, whose names are synonymous with millions, and the percentage of their children who become well behaved adults is about as small as the percentage of pearls to pebbles in the sea. On the other hand, of those who lead the life of lines of learned, money-making and influential men, a large proportion have been and are those who, in their youth, ate "the bread of adversity."

In the case of Joseph the brand of bondage did not make the man a slave, however. It marked him as such. He soon showed to his master, Potiphar (Genesis xxxix., 1-3), the fortune that came to him of heaven's favor and made him "a prosperous man" in any station. So Joseph found grace in his sight," and Potiphar made the young Hebrew slave "overseer over his house," and all that he had he put into Joseph's hand. So exalted was Joseph (xxxix., 6) that Potiphar knew nothing about his own affairs "save the bread which he did eat."

BECOMES FIRST OFFICER.

Few men in similar circumstances would have preserved the self-poise and upright course which Joseph did. Judging by Joseph not much can be boasted of the superiority of our twentieth century product of men over those of 6,000 years ago. For not only was his promotion rapid from the pit and a slave's portion up to first officer in a courtier's palace, because of the merits he had, but on that exalted station he was assailed by a temptress whose wiles and wild desire to involve Joseph in evil intercourse could not have been resisted by any one of character less sound to the core than was that of our hero. But Joseph never so much as parleyed with her passionate proposals, and he defended himself (Gen. xxxix., 8-9) upon the high ground that it would be treasonable to his master, Potiphar, as it would be "great wickedness and sin against God."

At first the temptress (xxxix., 10) tried perseverance and "spoke to Joseph day by day," but all in vain. Then she vented her rage at his refusal by entrapping him and proclaiming a lie against him. By that lie, as related in the words told by Jack Falstaff, Potiphar's wife, succeeded in punishing him for not obeying her blushing behests to do wrong. For she aroused the wrath of her husband by her lies, and the young man was hurled from his pinnacle of prominence into prison.

EFFECTS OF IMPRISONMENT.

Of all odors none equal the prison odor on the clothes of—of wrongdoers! They "smell to heaven." But there have been many inmates of prisons whose garments were as free from offensive odor at their outgoing as if their cells had been rooms in a king's palace. Jeremiah was a prisoner in a most loathsome kind of place, but it did not impart a stench to his character. John the Baptist was not besmirched by his confinement in Herod's prison. Paul and Silas came out from the dungeon of the Philippian jail stronger, purer and sweeter than when they went into it.

John Bunyan spent sixteen years in prison. But every page and paragraph of his "Pilgrim's Progress" is as sweet-smelling as the rose of Sharon. It all depends upon who the prisoner is. Looking upon this prisoner we note that he was consigned (lesson verse 20) to "a place where the king's prisoners were bound." There, rather than where the rabble were confined. He dropped far beneath the place to which his merits had lifted him, but he took no hurt by the fall.

The reader of these lines will hardly ever be bound in a material prison, and therefore can have but a superficial interest in the story of Joseph, unless for a prison of walls and pavements and cells and convicts we substitute a prison of every sort of hardship.

HIS EXAMPLE PROFITABLE.

And then if we are minded to carry ourselves as Joseph carried himself in Pharaoh's prison, the points of his experience may serve us as a profitable lesson help. And first of all we should observe that Joseph believed (xxxix., 2) the Lord, who was with him in prosperity, was as certainly with him (lesson verse 21) in adversity. Two apt are many, if not most, to recognize the presence of Providence when the sunlight of success cheers their way onward, but lose faith in the fairness of the heavenly Father if without fault of their own they fall into trouble. They have either no knowledge or no use for that oracle of inspiration: "Whom the Lord loveth He chasteneth." Joseph sets a higher example of stand-

fast faith alike under clear skies and clouds.

Notice also the admirable manliness in this young man. Degraded from a courtier's confidence and palace to a penal stronghold and liable to what doom he did not know, he held his tongue, instead of telling on the temptress. By the whim of the monarch his head might be ordered off at any hour, but not a syllable in self-defense do we hear from his lips.

Wardens of prisons have told us that not one in a hundred convicts bear quietly their sentence. They bitterly blame their bad fate on somebody else. This disposition is inherited from Adam. But as it was nothing to Adam's credit, it has never been a praise to others. The innocent can well afford to wait, although for awhile they suffer unjustly. There is in God's economy a retributive element which overtakes the wrongdoer all the sooner if (I. Peter, iv., 10) his victim suffers as a Christian. Or if the wrongdoer is not overtaken the wronged one is so relieved as to show that the Lord was with him.

REWARD FOR THE VICTIM.

Thus it fell out to Joseph. We do not know whether or when justice was meted out to that wicked woman. But we do see how the Lord rewarded her victim by giving Joseph (lesson verses 21-23) marvelous favor with the prison officials. In a not inconspicuous public career which has afforded me large opportunity for studying human life, more than one or a few cases have come under my notice which illustrates this very thing—that if one is absolutely right in his intention and purposes, although circumstances may go against him for the time, his rectitude will be rewarded by a just and holy Providence in one way or another. Therefore "let patience have her perfect work."

Observe again (lesson xl., 1-15) that Joseph proved his soundness of character by as great usefulness and fidelity in the degraded situation as he had in the courtier's palace. Fidelity is a sure passport to place and preference. It is because so many young men cannot be trusted in whatever place they are put that so many young, and older men, too, are not put into better places. Employers of labor always have vacancies awaiting applicants who have character and capacity equal to the demands of the opening.

FIRM IN HIS FIRST FAITH.

Once more notice that Joseph was firm in his first faith, that the Lord who appeared to him in a dream and promised him supremacy over all his brethren was worthy of unchanging confidence. And so it was not his way, as it has been with too many in the time of trial, to cast off faith in God, saying all those notions I once had were mere dreams.

Joseph was sure that the God of the dream would be the God of his brighter coming days. And when the two culprits from Pharaoh's palace became prisoners (lesson xl., 1-3) with him and had troubling dreams, Joseph promptly undertook to interpret them. And as he was no necromancer, but believed in the Lord as the revealer of secrets, he went to God with the dreams of the butcher and baker and brought back an explanation which time proved to be true.

Faith in God is counted foolishness by some, but those who have trusted most implicitly and persistently have been they whose testimony is that it is not a vain thing to do.

George W. Wehrmeister, of this city, has enlisted in the regular army. He is assigned to the coast artillery and has left to join his battery.

As a Food For the Skin.

To Make It Smooth, Healthy and Beautiful, Dr. Chase's Ointment is Hailed by Thousands of Fair Women.

Every woman, no matter how beautiful her skin, finds need at times of some preparation to overcome the redness and roughness, and to cure the pimples, blackheads and skin irritations.

Powders may cover up the disfiguring eruptions, but can never cure them, and are positively injurious because they clog up the pores of the skin. Dr. Chase's Ointment is a food for the skin. It is readily absorbed, and thoroughly cures each and every skin disease, making the skin smooth, soft and clear.

No woman's toilet is complete without Dr. Chase's Ointment, for besides being the most perfect skin beautifier obtainable it can be used in a score of different ways. It absolutely cures eczema, salt rheum and the itching to which women are especially subject. The ointment does not cause pain when applied, but soothes the sore or inflamed surface. It immediately stops itching of the skin when applied.

When the feet are sore and chafed with walking an application of Dr. Chase's Ointment takes out the smarting and allays the inflammation in a surprisingly short time. Then for burns, scalds and every sort of chafing, irritation or eruption of the skin Dr. Chase's Ointment affords a safe and certain cure. It has come to be indispensable in scores of thousands of homes in the United States. It does not cause pain when applied; so cents a box, at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

EXPLANATION BY MRS. EDDY

TELLS WHY PRAYER FOR THE PRESIDENT FAILED.

She Says There Was a Lack of Faith—Christian Scientists are Not Dismayed.

The opinion of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the head of the Christian Science denomination, on the death of President McKinley has been obtained through an answer to the question: "Why did Christians of every sect in the United States fail in their prayers to save the life of our late lamented president?"

Mrs. Eddy says: "My answer to this inquiry is briefly this: Insufficient faith or spiritual understanding and a compound of prayers wherein one earnest, tender desire works unconsciously against the modus operandi of another, would prevent the result desired. In the June message to my church in Boston, this year, I refer to the effect of one human desire or belief, equally sincere, unwittingly neutralizing another."

"In the practice of materia medica croton oil is not mixed with morphine to remedy dysentery, for those drugs are supposed to possess opposite qualities and so to produce opposite effects. The spirit of the prayer of the righteous heals the sick, but this spirit is of God, and the divine mind is the same yesterday, today and forever, whereas the human mind is a compound of faith and doubt, of fear and hope, of faith in truth and faith in error. The knowledge that all things are possible to God excludes doubt, but differing human concepts as to the divine power and purpose of the infinite mind, and the so-called power of matter, act as the different properties of drugs are supposed to act—one against the other—and this compound neutralizes itself."

WHY PRAYER FAILED.
"Our lamented president, in his loving acquiescence, believed that his martyrdom was God's way. Hundreds, thousands of others believe the same, and hundreds of thousands who prayed for him feared that the bullet would prove fatal. Even the physicians may have feared thus."

"These conflicting states of the human mind, of trembling faith, hope and fear, evinced a lack of the absolute understanding of God's omnipotence, and thus they prevented the power of absolute truth from reassuring the mind, and through it resuscitating the body of the patient."

"The divine power and poor human sense, yea, the spirit and the flesh, struggled, and to moral sense the latter prevailed." Had prayer so fervently offered possessed no opposing element, and his recovery been regarded wholly contingent on the power of God, the power of divine love to overrule the purposes of hate, and the law of spirit to control matter, the result would have been scientific and the patient would have recovered."

"St. Paul writes: 'For the low of the spirit of life in Christ Jesus hath made me free from the law of sin and death.' And the Saviour of man saith: 'What things soever you desire when you pray, believe that you receive them and ye shall have them.' Human governments maintain the right of the majority to rule. Christian Scientists are yet in a large minority on the subject of divine metaphysics, but they improve the morals and the lives of men; and they heal the sick on the basis that God has all power, is omnipotent, omniscient, omnipresent, supreme over all."

"In a certain city the Master 'did not mighty works because of their unbelief,' because of the mental contracting elements, the startled or unrighteous, contradicting minds of mortals. And if He were personally with us today, He would rebuke whatever accords not with a full faith and spiritual knowledge of God—He would mightily rebuke a single doubt of the ever-present power of divine spirit to control all conditions of man and the universe."

"If the skillful surgeon or the faithful M. D. is not dismayed by a fruitless use of the knife, or the drug, has not the Christian Scientist with his conscious understanding of omnipotent power, reason for his faith shown by God's works, even under constant stress of the hindrances aforesaid?"

MONEY MADE IN GARBAGE.

A problem that has engaged the attention of the legislative bodies of most American cities is what to do with the garbage—how to get rid of it at the least expense to the public, says a Washington correspondent. The city of Washington so disposes of its garbage that a profit is got out of it, while most other American cities—being less carefully governed—have to pay largely for its removal. There is a contract with a company which collects the garbage and disposes of it. The garbage is kept

separate from ashes and other refuse. In iron tanks it is taken by rail thirty miles down the Potomac to the reduction works. Here it is sorted. Tin cans, bottles, etc., are removed. The rest is placed in a close iron vessel and subjected to steam pressure, after which it is pumped into tanks and allowed to settle. Oils and fats rise to the surface and, being skimmed off, are sold to soapmakers. Under pressure more oil is obtained, to go the same way. The caked garbage, after pressure, is pulverized and sold for fertilizer. Incidental profits arise from the sale of the hides of horses and other animals and the manipulation of their carcasses along with the garbage. The horse hides make good russet leather. A good monthly profit is said to be realized.

WINTER SERVICE TO PARK

CARS WILL RUN DURING THE COLD MONTHS.

Beginning November 1st Two Cars Will Make Trip Daily—Extra Service Saturdays.

The Fort Wayne Traction company will maintain an interurban service this winter for the benefit of the farmers north of the city and cars will be run to and from the park daily, beginning Friday, Nov. 1st, on the following schedule:

Leave transfer corner at 8 a. m. and 4 p. m., and returning, leave Robison park at 8:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m., and on Saturdays an extra car will leave the transfer corner at 10 p. m., returning, leave the park at 10:30 p. m. During the rest of October cars will be run to the park hourly from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., the last car returning, leaving the park at 6:30 p. m.

The portion of Allen county through which the line passes is thickly settled and there are several villages at no great distance from the park terminal, whose residents would be greatly benefited by better communication with this city.

Manager Scott believes that the service will be a success and he stated today that additional cars would be put in service if the patronage warranted it. The service will be especially beneficial to farmers when the roads are in poor condition and will give them ample time to do their trading here.

There is a possibility that an ice skating rink may be established on the river at the park and should the weather prove favorable to such a project this may be done. The traction company maintains a force of men at the park in the winter to cut ice for use in the summer time and these men would be employed to keep the rink in condition.

STATEHOOD CONVENTION.

Phoenix, Ari., Oct. 5.—Governor Murphy has issued a semi-official proclamation calling a statehood convention to convene in Phoenix on October 26. The Phoenix board of trade will appropriate funds to cover all the expenses of delegates to the conference. Governor Murphy has accepted an invitation from Governor Otero, of New Mexico, to address a statehood convention at Albuquerque on October 14. It is understood here that the two territories will co-operate in an effort to secure admission.

ELECTRIC CARS COLLIDE.

Huntington, W. Va., Oct. 5.—Two electric cars on the Camden Interstate railway collided this morning, head-on, in a heavy fog. Nine persons were injured, two probably fatally. The probably fatally injured are: Leander Gilkerson, motorman, Huntington; Charles Wade, motorman, Guyanadotte.

M. N. Plumadore's MUSIC STUDIO.

Violin and Piano our specialty. Orchestra furnished for all occasions.

26 EAST WASHINGTON STREET.

Fort Wayne Trust Co.,

CAPITAL, \$200,000.00.
CORNER COURT AND MAIN STS.

Pays 3 per cent. interest on certificate and book deposits of \$1.00 and upwards.

Loans made on farm and city real estate at a low rate of interest, and on easy payments.

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For the Children.

GOIN' BERRYIN' AIN'T SO BAD

By Frank Farrington—Picture by R. F. Outcalt.



Goin' berryin' ain't so bad
If it keeps you out of school,
I rather tramp the berry patch
Than study double rule.
Of three or some such foolish thing.
But, my, it makes me mad
When right in vacation time
Ma sings out or dad:
'Johnny, berries gettin' ripe.
Just take a pail 'n' chase
Yourself up 'cross the pasture lot
To that old 'foller' place

'N' pick enough to make some pies.'
Why don't they send me out
Along the meadow brook to catch
A nice big mess of trout?
The ain't no sport in gettin' scratched
All up with berry briars.
Why don't a feller's pa 'n' ma
Know better what he d'ires?
Fish is just as good to eat
As any berry pie.
'I go berryin' any more why
'N' vacation, I'll know why.

DRUMMER BOY OF SHILOH.

How a Brave Lad Won This Title During the War of Rebellion.

Recently at Marion, Ind., W. H. Merchoon celebrated his fifty-ninth birthday anniversary, but if he lives as long as Methuselah he will still be the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," the brave boy who led the attack at that battle, saved his captain's life and captured a Confederate colonel. It all happened in about sixty seconds on the famous field of Shiloh, a fierce charge of the Thirtieth Indiana volunteer skirmishers on the flank of a rebel battery. Will Merchoon was the trumpeter, detailed from the drum corps, and, rushing through a dense underbrush, came out a few feet ahead of his company. The boyish heart stood still as he found himself in the presence of a rebel colonel, who was on horseback reconnoitering the field. He instantly covered the boy with his revolver and commanded him to surrender. Merchoon threw up his hands, showing he was unarmed.

At this instant Merchoon's captain sprang from the thicket, and the Confederate, thinking the boy was weaponless, immediately covered the Federal officer, but as he made the movement Merchoon drew a revolver from his hip pocket and got the drop on the colonel.

It was a dramatic tableau, and the boys in blue, who at that moment swung into line, rolled on the ground and kicked up their heels in an ecstasy of delight as the youthful trumpeter ordered the gray headed officer to surrender. The crestfallen southerner obeyed, and the captain ordered him taken to the rear. The charge was continued and the battery captured, a lieutenant colonel, a major and the colonel being taken prisoners.

But Merchoon received injuries that eventually put him on the veteran reserve corps, as, about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, a shell exploded on the ground on his right. He threw himself on his face and escaped being torn to pieces, though he was seriously injured on hip and spine.

The Difference.

That night as the soldiers gathered around the campfire the story was told of the plucky little bugler being a prisoner for half a minute and then saving his captain's life by capturing his captor. In honor of his extraordinary exploits he was nicknamed the "Drummer Boy of Shiloh," and when he won the reputation of being the finest drummer in Uncle Sam's service he bore no other name in the army of the Cumberland and the army of the Tennessee.

A Wild Steer.

While an ocean steamer was loading at Montreal with cattle among other cargo, a big steer fell overboard, and for an hour the fierce animal swam around in the dock. To the delight of the spectators and the despair of the steamship hands. Finally a cattleman landed a rope around its neck, and a tug took it in tow to the vessel, where the beast was hauled on deck in a half strangled condition, but none the worse for its experience, and in two minutes it offered to fight everybody on board—Golden Days.

The Mum Family.
There is a funny family,
Of which I often hear,
Of which the difference in size
To me seems very queer.

The father, I judge, is small—
Two seem to be the sum—
And Mamma Mum the one is called,
The other, Max I. Mum.

Now, Mamma Mum is always shown
To be exceeding small,
While Max I. Mum a giant is,
So very large and tall.

But hand in hand they march about
As fond as fond can be,
And proud they are to let the world
Their striking contrast see.

This thought I might have given you
In one short rhyming verse,
And that would be the minimum,
Or, what would be much worse,

Through stanzas something like a score
My muse I might let turn
To tell the same, and that, you see,
Would be the maximum.



SQUAN CREEK FOLKS

Jep Jones Tells of a Plot to Ruin the Town.

Copyright, 1901. By M. QUAD.

One day ten years ago, when Squan Creek was hampin' right along towards prosperity and we had three pair o' twins born within a week, a stranger arrived in town and inquired for Joshua Flanders. Josh had invented a new fish-hook, and the papers had printed a hull column about him. As soon as he got in off the bay, he went to the hotel, and the stranger looked him over and said:

"That fish-hook o' yours is a big thing, but I've got one a heap better. I've bin workin' fur yars on a discovery, and hev jest got it down fine. I ain't no hog and the man as helps me out in this thing is goin' to roll in wealth."

Josh was right on hand to find all about it, and after swearin' him to eternal secrecy the stranger went on:

"As nigh as I kin judge that's about a thousand acres of marsh land around this town and it seems to me it's a powerful good place fur 'skeeters."

"Oh, Lord, but you ought to be here some summer evenin' when that's a land breeze!" groaned Josh as he began to "legle about."

"Do you get a few?"

"We get 'em by the billion! We get 'em 'till every man, woman and child has to be armed with axes and crow-

don't you give it away. We want all them 'skeeters and frogs for ourselves. All we've got to do is get the 'skeeters to settle down on our marsh and feel to home."

"But how'll we do it?"

"Easy as fallin' over a fence. They've got to be attracted. You've got a cow and a horse and a dog. You've got a wife and three children, and that's yourself. All of you jest go out on the land fur a night or two. As fast as the 'skeeters cum along brush 'em off into the 'ater."

Josh Flanders could tell a whale from a halibut and not half try, but the swallered this discovery without a wink. He was pledged to secrecy over and over again, but he couldn't keep the good news to himself for an hour, and the stranger knewed he couldn't. Within half a day the 'skeeter-frog discovery was known to every inhabitant of Squan Creek. Most of 'em laughed at first, but purty soon that was a rush to buy marsh land. Them as couldn't buy took possession anyhow, and it was a day of great excitement. When Jeremiah Saunders took a squint at the weather at noon and predicted a land breeze with the goin' down of the sun, everybody got ready. Durin' the afternoon hosses, cows, hogs and dogs was driven onto the marsh and tied up to stakes, and when the sun went down mighty nigh a thousand people followed 'em out. The stranger seen that his great discovery was given away, but he wasn't mad. He went about smilin' and rubbin' his hands and sayin':

"It's all right—all right. The more folks the more 'skeeters, and the more 'skeeters the more frogs. We'll grow

From the jaws of death. The reward the man who had his life insured gave his no-bio rescuer.

Copyright, 1901. By M. Quad.

He was a well-dressed, prosperous looking man and in leaving the street car at the depot he caught his foot and fell forward and was pitching headlong when grasped by a bystander and stood on his feet.

"Sir," he said as he extended his hand, "you probably saved my life. Had I fallen I should no doubt have received mortal injury."

"Yes, you might have been hurt," replied the other.

"I should have been mortally injured, sir—mortally injured. You are not only a brave man to rush forward the way you did, but I cannot speak too highly of your presence of mind. Now comes the question of a reward."

"I want nothing, sir," protested the rescuer as he started off.

"Here—here—come back! I would be an ungrateful, unthankful man to let you go in that way. But for you I might have been lying dead. I am fairly well off, but I cannot pay you the price I set on my life. Here, sir, is a dollar."

"But I don't want your money."

"I know you don't, but I shall force you to take it. I would I could make it a hundred thousand, but I cannot. However, you take this dollar and I will write you a note to my wife. Your name, please?"

"John Green, sir."

"Very well. This is a noble name, borne by a noble man. I'll write a note to my wife, briefly saying that but for your prompt and heroic efforts she would now be a widow. Take whatever sum she hands you."

"But, sir, you exaggerate my services."

"Not at all, sir—not at all. On the contrary, I have not praised you enough. There is the note. My life is insured for \$200,000. Had I been killed my wife would have got every dollar of it."

"Then, sir—then, she—she—" stammered the man as he looked all around.

"Ah! I perceive. You may think she will argue that she has kept a husband and lost a fortune, and she won't feel like throwing any money. Very true, sir, very true, on second thought you'd better tear the note up. I gave you a dollar. Here is a half to go with it. That isn't the price of my life, but it is all I can afford to give just now. Yes, tear the note up."

A SUCCESSFUL FAMILY.

One Man Who Did Not Complain of Poor Crops and Hard Times—Has the Ground Floor.

Copyright, 1901. By M. Quad.

Every farmer I had met during my ride of a hundred miles had talked of poor crops and hard times, and was glum in demeanor, and it was therefore with no little surprise that I came upon a pioneer fiddling and singing on a bench at his door.

"How did your crops turn out last year?" I asked as he saluted me.

"Didn't have any to turn out," he replied. "I'm not doing anything in the crop line."

"Land under mortgage, I suppose?"

"Not for a cent, sir."

"Isn't the family down with the fever and ague?"

"Not much. Old woman and children are kickin' high and eatin' three square meals a day."

"Well, you're the luckiest man I've seen in a week," I said. "You must have pursued a different policy from the rest of the people out here."

"That's what I did, sir," he replied with a wink. "There are three brothers of us here. We didn't come out to grub a-d starve, but to make money. My brother John lives in the next house. The first thing he did was to steal a whole county of land and sell her off in lots to suit. He's \$10,000 ahead of this glorious old town, John is, and still gainin' on it."

"Your brother John is evidently a rasher?"

"Det your life he is! Next house to him lives my brother Bill. Bill has took up ten homesteads and sold 'em all out, platted a city and sold off every other lot, and he's now stealin' \$5,000 which the state voted for a bridge over the river down there. He's havin' some little trouble to copper the money, but he'll git every dollar of it as sure's shootin' He's slow, but he allas gets there after awhile."

"And you have your schemes, I suppose?" I queried.

"Don't make any mistake on me!" he grinned as he lifted the fiddle and saved away at a jig-step. "The first thing I did was to git elected county treasurer, and gobble every last cent in the box, and if things go right durin' the next two weeks I'll steal 12 miles of that river and sell it for a thousand dollars a mile. Take me and John and Bill as pioneer pilgrims and we've nuthin' in pertickler to complain of."

"But they must have laws out here?" I protested.

"For sure," he laughed, "and that's where we come in again. John is a judge, Bill the county sheriff, and I'm the prosecutin' attorney and several other folks. Mebbe we hain't got a combinasun to beat all out doors, but it's worked as slick as grease up to date and we ain't lettin' no outsiders in on the ground floor!"

And as I rode away he sat down on the bench and struck up "Yankee Doodle" with voice and bow and continued to be happy.

FROM THE JAWS OF DEATH.

The reward the man who had his life insured gave his no-bio rescuer.

Copyright, 1901. By M. Quad.

He was a well-dressed, prosperous looking man and in leaving the street car at the depot he caught his foot and fell forward and was pitching headlong when grasped by a bystander and stood on his feet.

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UNCLE REUBEN'S CIDER CURE.

How His Little Nephew Championed the Temperance Cause to a Successful Issue.

Tracy had come to his uncle's home to spend his long spring vacation in helping gather and boil the sap from his large sugar bush.

He knew his work was needed and would be well paid, and also that the money would be a very great help in his own home; but he did plan that first homesick night in his bare cell chamber to take the first stage for home in the morning.

"Mamma wouldn't want me to stay here and learn to like cider. Uncle Reuben keeps a pitcher of it on the fire shelf all the time, and Aunt Eunice puts it in lots of her pies and puddings and sauces. I shall break my pledge if I stay here, and I am going back home to-morrow," was Tracy's last thought as he dropped asleep.

But the crisp March air of the next morning gave him fresh courage.

"I'll try it one week anyway, and I'll not hide my badge inside my jacket where I wished it was yesterday when Uncle Reuben and his hired men were quizzing me," was his brave thought.

"But I'll keep it pinned in plain sight." And the knot of white ribbon was keeping its old place on the trim blue lapel when Tracy joined the group at the breakfast table.

"That boy of Judith's has more grit than I thought," Uncle Reuben remarked, when Tracy and the men had left for the sap camp. "After the swoop we made yesterday on his temperance notions I didn't expect to see that white ribbon hoisted to-day."

"Sister Judith's nature, line on line," was Aunt Eunice's answer. "If she once decided a thing was right nothing could move her. But I do hate to see a little boy like Tracy set himself against his elders, as though there could be harm in our good, sweet cider and in my pies and sauce."

"Now if it was unboiled milk!"—Uncle Reuben was quick to see a chance to broach his favorite subject—"there would be danger." And he poured into his steaming coffee cup a generous help of creamy milk. "I learned folks nowadays know that milk is full of live critters—microbes, deadly as rattlesnake p'sion some of 'em, but cider, pure apple juice, just as harmless as honey or sap molasses, it does rile me, Eunice, when these temperance folks cry it murder, lump it in with rum and whiskey."

Tracy soon learned that his uncle's favorite topic and highest rode hobby was "microbes," and that he had set himself to hunt them down, at least in his own household.

All milk used in the family was first well sterilized with boiling; the drinking water was thoroughly filtered, whether from spring or well; no one ventured to taste the maple's sweet sap until sharply scalded, for fear it contained those mysterious, terrible germs; the children wore camphor fags over their chests with the belief it protected them from swarming bacteria in the schoolroom, and when allowed to visit the village shops, their rosy faces were screened with veils that the gauzy meshes might snare and hold any sly floating microbe on its way to throat or lung; but that anything vile or dangerous could develop in apple juice Uncle Reuben would not believe.

The windfalls and culls of the orchards in late fall had been stored in barrels in the corn barn for lack of cellar room.

Solid and hard as bullets with frost they remained through the frozen winter, but April's thawing days found the barrels' contents a dark, slushy mass, spongy and pungent as rotten yeast, and oozing in thick drippings from every crack and nail hole.

"Just right for pressing!" was Uncle Reuben's verdict one morning, picking his way among the dark pools that stained the corn barn floor.

"The apples are ripe to press without grinding, which saves a heap of work."

Tracy looked with wondering disgust at the fermenting, decaying mess in the barrels.

"You don't mean, uncle, to press these dreadful apples for cider?" he questioned, with nausea in his face and voice at the thought.

"Yes. Why not?" was his uncle's sharp retort. "The apples were sound when stored here last fall and freezing only makes them hold more juice and easier to press."

"Sound!" Tracy gasped, holding his breath as he passed a tier of barrels, "with a big family of worms in about every apple!"

"That will be prime in a few days," one of the men exclaimed, smacking his lips over a long drink from the dark liquid that had gushed from the huge apple cheese in press.

"I just wish that uncle could see that stuff through Prof. Alden's wonderful microscope," Tracy thought, watching the rotting juice as, in a thick stream, it gizzled from beneath the

heavy iron screw of the machine. "I do believe he would see microbes and bacteria in it that would scare him."

The wish so clung in his mind that a few days later Prof. Alden received a modest but urgent request from Tracy for a brief loan of his powerful microscope.

"Uncle, if you think this cider is without germs, purer than water, just look here," Tracy said that evening, pouring into a plate a few spoonfuls of the "new cider" that filled the fire shelf pitcher.

Uncle Reuben put on his glasses, positive that the lens of any microscope could not reveal a microbe in "just pure apple juice," but a look of fear and horror settled on his face as he carefully studied in a strong light what was revealed in the plate.

Goggle-eyed dragon beetles; hairy, pot-bellied reptiles; loathsome, writhing worms and sealy snakes, and horrible lizard-shaped creatures with snapping jaws and horned heads leered up at him as they moved through the cider.

Uncle Reuben drew a long breath as he pushed away the plate. "If all those wriggling, hairy, sealy, horned beasts really live in cider, I'm done with it!" and Uncle Reuben kept his word—Clarissa Potter, in Sunday School Advocate.

DANGERS OF ALCOHOLISM.

Real Cause for Alarm Lies in the Hereditary Taint Left by the Drinker.

It is needless to enter into details as to the consequences entailed by overindulgence in the use of alcohol. Most of us are familiar with cases of ruined lives and wretched homes as the result of the fatal habit, and in these days of high-pressure living it is becoming more and more common.

Mental worry, overwork, ill-health, want of sufficient nourishment and clothing tend to swell the number of chronic alcoholists, and the habit so easily acquired is extremely difficult to relinquish.

The real danger to the race, however, lies in the fact that the great majority of inebriates need no incentive to acquire the habit; they are born with the tendency, and it is to this cause chiefly that we must ascribe the increase in the number of deaths from chronic alcoholism during the last 23 years. A reference to the table of statistics shows that in 1875 27 persons in 1,000,000 died as the result of chronic alcoholism; in 1898 these figures had more than doubled themselves, the number then being returned as 65 per 1,000,000 of population.

The following quotations point to the conclusion arrived at by some of the most eminent men of the day:

"Hereditary as a causation is estimated to be present in nearly 60 per cent. of all cases of chronic alcoholism."

"Sur 97 enfauts nes de parents al-

coliques 14 seulement etaient sains."

"There are not a few human beings so saturated with the taint of alcoholic heredity that they could as soon turn back a flowing river from the sea as arrest the march of an attack of alcoholism."

Much that has been said respecting insanity applies equally to inebriety. Both belong to the group of diseases of the nervous system, showing a marked tendency to degeneration, and both are liable to be transmitted hereditarily.—Westminster Review.

ITEMS.

A large lumber company has located at Layton, Cal., on the stipulation that no liquor shall be sold within six miles of the town.

John Cahill, of Evanston, Ill., has been fined \$300 for keeping a "blind pig." The fine is the heaviest ever imposed for a like offense in Evanston, and it is expected to have a salutary effect upon others who are disposed to engage in the illegal sale of liquor.

Dispatches from Iceland say that the cigarette mania among boys has become most virulent. The authorities, in order to combat the evil, propose to empower any adult to chastise juvenile offenders and to seize all cigarettes that may be found on their persons.

A movement is said to be on foot among the Tennessee republicans to incorporate a prohibition plank in their platform for the next campaign. Seventy of the 96 counties of the state are now dry, and it is claimed that a plank of the nature mentioned will gain the party thousands of votes.—Washington Sentinel.

Gov. Durbin of Indiana has announced that he will impeach sheriffs who permit prize fights within their jurisdiction. The governor proposes to exercise his executive power through the sheriffs, instead of the state militia, and in case of willful neglect of duty will instruct the attorney general to bring impeachment proceedings for removing the offenders from office.

LICHTY'S CELERY NERVE COMPOUND.

for all nervous diseases, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous debility, paralysis, biliousness, dyspepsia, costiveness, piles, liver complaint, kidney troubles and female complaints. It goes to the seat of the disease and cures thoroughly and speedily. Sold by Dreier & Bro., corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Gipsies in England, it is stated, desirous of special representation at the coronation. They claim that the modern vandweller, by good behavior and honesty, has lived down the evil reputation of former days.

White FruitHouse

PRICES FOR 1901.

Teas, Coffees, Sugar, Syrup, Spices, Tobacco, Fresh Fruits, California Dried Fruits, Nuts, Candies, Canned Fish and Salt Fish, Wool Carpets, Rag Carpets, Floor Oil, Mats, Linoleum, Tapestries, Moquettes and Axminster Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Chinese Matting and Window Shades.

SUGARS, ALL GRADES, REDUCED 5¢ POUND.

Standard Granulated Sugar, 5½¢ lb. Coffee A Sugar, 5¢ lb. Powdered Sugar, 6¢ lb. Yellow Extra C Sugar, 4½¢ lb. Cut Leaf Sugar, 6¢ lb. New Orleans Sugar, 4¢ lb.

TEAS—GREEN, OOLONG AND JAPAN.

Fine grade of Teas command full price; besides the war in China and a heavy duty has put the price of teas up. But buying in large quantities and direct from the importer, thereby saving you a profit of 10¢ to 20¢ pound.

Extra Good Young Hyson, 35¢ lb. Very Best Young Hyson, 50¢ lb. Gunpowder, Good, 40¢ lb. Best 60¢ lb. Best Ceylon Tea, 60¢ lb.

COFFEES. REDUCED 2 CENTS A POUND.

We make a specialty of roasting our best Rio Coffee here at home, and in this way our customers get a much fresher roast than in packages, besides you can see what you are buying, as it is loose and not in packages. It is quite a saving to our customers and a much better article.

Very Best Green Rio, 10¢ lb. Old Government Java, Green, 25¢ lb. Rich Mocha, Green, 25¢ lb.

LAKE FISH AND BOSTON FISH.

Family White Fish, 4½¢ lb. Family White Fish, 6¢ lb. No. 1 White Fish, 6¢ lb. Mackerel, 6¢ lb. Labrador Herring, 3¢ each.

RED CROSS PILLS

ARE SURE TO CURE ANY CASE OF CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, PILES, HEMORRHOIDS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND BLADDER. THEY ARE THE ONLY PILLS THAT CAN BE TAKEN WITHOUT HARM TO THE STOMACH OR LIVER. THEY ARE THE ONLY PILLS THAT CAN BE TAKEN WITHOUT HARM TO THE STOMACH OR LIVER. THEY ARE THE ONLY PILLS THAT CAN BE TAKEN WITHOUT HARM TO THE STOMACH OR LIVER.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS PILLS. THEY ARE THE ONLY PILLS THAT CAN BE TAKEN WITHOUT HARM TO THE STOMACH OR LIVER. THEY ARE THE ONLY PILLS THAT CAN BE TAKEN WITHOUT HARM TO THE STOMACH OR LIVER. THEY ARE THE ONLY PILLS THAT CAN BE TAKEN WITHOUT HARM TO THE STOMACH OR LIVER.

FOR SALE BY DREIER & BRO., COR. CALHOUN AND COLUMBIA STREETS.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness. Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Drug-gists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

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Klaehn & Melching, Undertakers and Embalmers,

No. 39 West Main Street. Both Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.

The Pennsylvania Station.

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RALLY ONCE MORE

VETERANS OF THE 129TH INDIANA VOLUNTEERS.

MEET IN FORT WAYNE TODAY

IT IS COL. C. A. ZOLLINGER'S FAMOUS OLD COMMAND.

REUNION LARGELY ATTENDED

EXERCISES CLOSE WITH CAMPFIRE TONIGHT.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Veterans of the One-hundred-and-twenty-ninth Indiana volunteers, the gallant old regiment which was commanded by the late Col. C. A. Zollinger, of Fort Wayne, are holding their thirty-third annual reunion in Fort Wayne today. The attendance is considerably above the average, and there is much interest in the annual gathering. From widely sep-



LATE HON. C. A. ZOLLINGER, Colonel One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Regiment, Indiana Volunteers.

arated points of residence the old veterans came today to meet with comrades once more, to live again in memory the days of war time and to renew the friendship formed in toil-some march and on southern battlefields. Many of the veterans are accompanied by their wives and daughters, and Fort Wayne comrades and their wives are united in making their stay pleasant.

The business session of the reunion opened at Saengerbund hall this afternoon, with President Dennis Monahan in the chair. The reports of the secretary and treasurer were received, and from the report of the former it appears that twelve members of the regiment have passed from earth during the past year. These are Capt. John Q. Washburn, Amos Reade, Abram Groves, James Roberts, George Titus, E. S. Myers, Wilson Bushworth, David Bushworth, Alonzo Pierman, Calvin Taylor, John Nelson and John Gibbons.

Columbia City was selected as the place for holding the next annual reunion, and the annual election of officers closed the business of the afternoon. The veterans devoted the remainder of the day to visitation and sight seeing.

CAMPFIRE TONIGHT.

This evening the veterans will unite in a campfire at Saengerbund hall. Dennis Monahan, the retiring president, will be the presiding officer. The Apollo quartet will render a selection, and after prayer by the chaplain, Mayor Berghoff will deliver the address of welcome. The response will be made by Hon. Emory G. Melendy, of Fremont, who is secretary and treasurer of the regimental association. Another selection by the quartet will follow, and next is a program of short addresses, reminiscences, etc., in the course of which every member of the regiment, as well as other veterans, will be expected to contribute. The campfire promises to be very enjoyable.

VETERANS CAME EARLY.

The advance guard of the veterans were on hand early this morning. A number of the out-of-town members of the regiment reached the city Wednesday evening, and Adjutant Melendy, who is secretary and treasurer of the regimental association, opened offices in the assembly room of the court house at 9 o'clock. Local members of the regiment were on hand promptly to assist in welcoming and caring for their visiting comrades, and the pretty badges, bearing a medallion portrait of the late Col. C. A. Zollinger, of this city, who was in command of the regiment during the entire service in the field, were soon visible on every hand. Veterans of other regiments, attracted by the spirit of warm comradeship dropped around also to grasp hands and talk over the times of long ago. There can be no deeper cordiality than that with which these old veterans greet each other in the annual reunion occasions, and it was shown today on every hand.

HEARD THE OLD BAND.

No feature of the day was more thoroughly enjoyed than the appearance of members of the old regimental band, and their stirring martial music brought many visitors to the

vicinity of the court house. The members of the band present today were W. S. Smith, of Iarwill; B. F. Bates, of South Whitley; A. P. Bass, of Winona Lake, and B. F. Seymour, of South Whitley.

Time has silvered the locks and traced the features of these musicians somewhat since the days when their stirring music cheered and gave new heart to their comrades, but their ardor is just as genuine as in the stirring days of war time. This morning they played the martial music upon the east front of the court house and in the big lower corridor of the building, and later marched to the Lake Shore depot to meet a delegation of comrades who arrived from the north shortly before noon. They were also heard at the afternoon meeting, and it is clear they have not forgotten the old musical cunning gained while serving Uncle Sam.

Mr. Bass was brevet drum major of the 151st regiment after his service in the 129th, and the snare drum he beat today has an interesting history. It was manufactured in England in 1848, brought over in the rebel warship Alabama, and was captured from the confederates at Resaca. It was presented to Mr. Bass by his regiment, and he prizes it most highly. The life played by Mr. Seymour, and the drumsticks used by Mr. Smith today were those used during the war, and they brought out the old tunes with as much vigor and earnestness as ever.

W. R. C. SERVED DINNER. The morning hours up to 12:30 were devoted to registration of the veterans, distributing badges and chats of the old days. At the noon hour an elaborate dinner was served by the ladies of the Women's Relief corps, at their hall in the Elektron building, and the veterans did full justice to the spread.

This afternoon the business session was taken up at Saengerbund hall. The 129th regiment has never missed holding a reunion since the organization of the association thirty-three years ago. Dennis Monahan, of this city, is president; Newton M. Adams, of Findlay, Ohio, vice president, and Adjutant E. G. Melendy, of Fremont, secretary and treasurer. Last year the reunion was held at Churubusco.

THOSE WHO REGISTERED.

The register of the secretary shows the following members of the 129th regiment present today:

Adjutant E. G. Melendy, Fremont; Company A.—W. L. Stewart, Warsaw; Capt. John Cole, Angola; John Renner, Pleasant Lake; Leander Grane, Hamilton; A. H. Richey, Hamilton; Alonzo Lower, Waterloo; J. V. Shaw, Alvarado.

Company B.—Lieut. Nathan Tilbury, Lieut. Cyrus Fike, Dennis Monahan, Louis Schlaudroff, W. B. McMaken and Jasper Tilbury, Fort Wayne; John E. Tison, Decatur; Jasper Conrad and Joshua Hartzell, New Haven; J. W. Dietrick, Waterloo; D. F. Dietrick, Peru; Elias Hartzell, Hoagland.

Company C.—Charles Collins, Kendallville; J. E. Jarrett, Fort Wayne; B. F. Bethel, Brimfield; Philip Plank, Wallen; Plympton Hogland, Langrange.

Company D.—Peter Hess, Columbia City; Albert Bell, Hecla; Geo. Hazen, Churubusco; Richard Kams, Leominster; W. S. Smith, Larwill; George Gump, Churubusco; B. F. Bates, South Whitley; William Finney, Fort Wayne; G. W. Krider, Churubusco; Isaac Claxton, Churubusco; Enos Stanley, South Whitley; T. A. Clark, Garrett; Benona Mosher, Columbia City; Sylvester Parrott, Auburn; Gideon Gibbs, Rome City.

Company E.—J. W. Kronk, Goshen. Company F.—P. A. Joray, Ligonier; Jacob Revort, Cecil, Ohio; J. W. Squires, Auburn; Sam Williams, Auburn; A. H. Wierley, Elkhart; Ed. Matthews, Colton, O.; W. M. Abel, St. Joe; Sam Depow, Auburn; C. W. Griffith, Corunna; Gustin Flint, Angola; Horace Shoemaker, Auburn.

Company G.—W. H. Fouke, Bourbon; A. P. Bass, Warsaw; E. F. Eschbach, Warsaw; I. Eschbach, Huntington; James Buntain, Larwill.

Company H.—J. P. Fruch, Warsaw; I. N. Keller, Columbia City; Anderson Jones, Warsaw; B. F. Osborn, Warsaw; W. H. Brubacker, Churubusco; John Bedlien and Andrew Hart, Angola.

Company I.—Lieut. William Fenton, Ligonier; J. K. Drain, Ligonier; John Stambaugh, Kimmell; Charles Wells, Aboit; James Humphreys, Fort Wayne; Joseph Hosack, Elkhart.

Company K.—C. B. Deardorff, Bourbon; S. C. Funk, Warsaw; William Eddy, Pierceton. Honorary Members—B. F. Seymour, South Whitley; J. W. Vandermark and J. E. Graham, Fort Wayne.

REGIMENTAL HISTORY.

The 129th Indiana regiment was recruited from the Tenth congressional district during the winter of 1863 and 1864, rendezvoused at Michigan City and was mustered into service March 1, 1864, with Charles Case as colonel and Charles A. Zollinger as lieutenant colonel. Colonel Case resigned June 1, 1864, and Lieutenant Colonel Zollinger was pro-

moted to the colonelcy, serving until mustered out with the regiment.

March 30, 1864, the regiment left its camp at Michigan City and was conveyed by rail via Louisville to Nashville, Tenn., arriving April 7, with Lieutenant Colonel Zollinger in command. The regiment was assigned to the Second brigade, First division, Twenty-third army corps.

Early in April the regiment took up its line of march for east Tennessee, arriving there April 24, a march of 200 miles by a regiment fresh from the hamlets and towns of Indiana. May 3 the regiment moved southward, arriving at Dalton in time to participate in the demonstration that opened the campaign against Atlanta. Following the battle at Resaca the 129th joined in pursuit of the fleeing confederates and for several weeks was almost constantly engaged in skirmishing with the enemy, pushing its way meanwhile through deep defiles and heavy underbrush beneath a continuous rain that made roads almost impassable.

A SEVERE FIGHT.

July 19 the regiment was engaged in a severe fight near Decatur, Ga., losing heavily in killed and wounded. August 6 occurred another engagement at Strawberry Run, in which the regiment lost twenty-five in killed and wounded. After the enemy had abandoned Atlanta the regiment went into camp at Decatur.

October 4 the regiment joined in the pursuit of General Hood, moving by the way of Marietta, Alatoona, Cassville, Kingston, Rome, Resaca and Snake Creek Gap to Gaylesville, Ala., where the pursuit ended.

The regiment then marched to Chattanooga; then was transferred by rail to Jacksonville, remaining until November 20, when it moves to Columbia, occupying the crossings of Dock river. After three days' heavy skirmishing the regiment was ordered to fall back across the river, burning the railroad bridge in its rear. At Franklin the enemy made several fierce assaults, but were decisively repulsed. The regiment lost heavily. Our army then fell back to Nashville and the 129th took up its position in the suburbs of the city.

In December the regiment participated in the two days' battle which routed General Hood's forces. Early in January, 1865, the regiment was moved to Cincinnati and then to Washington. It was then transported by steamer southward, reached Newburn and marched toward Kingston. In the battle which followed at Wise's Forks the regiment lost heavily. It then pushed southward to Goldsboro, then to Raleigh and later to Charlotte. Here the regiment was engaged in provost duty during the summer of 1865. On the 29th of August, 1865, the regiment was mustered out of the service at Charlotte, N. C., and started for home. It reached Indianapolis early in September with 503 officers and men, and was present at a reception to returned soldiers given at the state house grove, welcomed by addresses by General Mansfield and others.

FORT WAYNE GETS NEXT ONE

DISTRICT CONVENTION OF WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS.

Mrs. Lucinda Kintz, of Fort Wayne, is Elected President at Elkhart.

The next annual convention of the Women's Relief Corps of the Twelfth district will be held next year in Fort Wayne. This was determined at the meeting held in Elkhart Wednesday afternoon, and Mrs. Lucinda Kintz, of Fort Wayne, was elected district president. The vice president is Mrs. Mary Uline, of Nap-

About forty delegates representing twenty-three corps in the counties of Elkhart, Stuben, Lagrange, Noble, DeKalb, Whitley and Allen, were in attendance. Business sessions occupied the forenoon and afternoon, and in the evening there was a public meeting, addressed by Past Department Commander J. S. Dodge and Past Department Chaplain R. J. Parrett.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

HUNTERS' RATES

To designated points in Wisconsin, Michigan and the Southwest reached via the Nickel Plate road and its connections. Low rate hunters' tickets are on sale until Nov. 15th. Inquire of nearest ticket agent of the Nickel Plate road or C. A. Asterlin, T. P. A., Fort Wayne, Ind. Sept. 24-th-u-w-Hill Nov. 15

Justice Bullerman last week united in marriage Miss Cora Snyder and David N. Marquardt, of Monroeville.

THE GREAT ORIENT

MUST BE THE MARKET FOR THE AMERICAN SURPLUS.

SAYS SENATOR BEVERIDGE

THE EASTERN DOOR MUST BE KEPT OPEN.

ISHTMIAN CANAL WILL HELP

INDIANA SENATOR RETURNS FROM LONG JOURNEY.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 3.—A special to the News from Seattle, Wash., says:

Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, who arrived last morning from a six months' trip, nearly all of which was devoted to Manchuria, China and the Philippines, said:

"American commerce with the orient must in time take the first



ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE.

place, because we are nearer the orient than any other nation."

Concerning Marquis Ito, who accompanied him, the senator said: "Marquis Ito is the first man of the orient. He is the founder of constitutional government in Japan."

Regarding the eastern question in general Senator Beveridge said: "It is a question of paramount importance to us, because our markets are involved."

"It is the orient which must relieve the country of the whole of its surplus. I do not presume to doubt that the isthmian canal will be built. This will make American trade with the entire orient in course of time the largest of any nation."

"All this is based on the assumption that the ports of the orient will be kept open to American goods. To keep them open and to increase the markets which these ports supply is the problem in the great and vexed and complicated eastern question. They will not remain open of their own accord."

DENIES A STORY.

He denied stories to the effect that he had a kinetoscope artist make views of himself and Tolstoi, and that he would use the views in a lecture tour through the United States. "That silly story," he said, "ought to be its own answer. I spent a very pleasant half-day with Count Tolstoi, listening to his conversation, but of course I presented no subjects in conversation with him. I am not going to deliver any lectures on him or on any other subject. While I was with Count Tolstoi, Burton Holmes, the American lecturer, who was then getting kinetoscope pictures of Count Tolstoi and his grandchildren, but of course I am not in the views. Russian papers got Mr. Holmes' name mixed up with mine, and that is probably how the story originated."

MOSQUITOES SAVE A LIFE.

Port Jervis, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Abe Morehouse was bitten in the leg by a rattlesnake. A Susquehanna doctor was at once sent for and the leg was bandaged tightly above the wound. It was expected that Mr. Morehouse would die before the doctor came. Just as soon as the leg was bared to put on the bandage it was attacked by a swarm of mosquitoes, and when the doctor arrived he found the man as lively as a cricket and in no need of a doctor, but the ground was covered with dead and dying mosquitoes. They had sucked the poison of the wound and saved Morehouse's life.

GREAT SALT TRUST FORMED.

New York, Oct. 3.—In explanation of the new salt combination just formed under the laws of the state of New Jersey the World says: The International Salt company, which expects to obtain control of the salt mines of the entire world, has been incorporated in New Jersey with a capital of \$30,000,000, and will issue bonds to the amount of \$12,000,000. The new international salt trust is the outgrowth of the National Salt

company, which is interested in the salt producing plants in the United States. The new company will acquire the National Salt company, the Retsof Mining company, the English Salt company and all the principal salt producing properties in Canada and Great Britain. Of the \$12,000,000 bonds only \$7,500,000 will be used for the purpose of exchange and the balance of \$4,500,000 will remain in the treasury, together with the unissued stock. Such bonds shall be known as the first and consolidated mortgage collateral security, fifty-year 5 per cent. gold bonds.

PRETTY COUNTRY WEDDING.

A pretty country wedding was solemnized last Wednesday by Rev. McCarthy, of Leo, when he united in marriage Miss Lottie Ely and Frank O. Current. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ely, and the wedding took place at the family home, which was tastefully decorated with palms, ferns and fall blossoms. The attendants were Miss Una Hunter and George Swain. A sumptuous wedding repast followed the ceremony, and later Mr. and Mrs. Current left on a bridal tour. They will be at home on their return on Rivermet avenue, Lakeside.

WANT AUDITOR TO RESIGN

BONDSMEN ANXIOUS THAT HE SHOULD DO SO.

Mr. Meyer Has Refused and the Law is the Only Recourse—Auditor Cannot Be Found.

The county commissioners took a recess last Thursday without making a settlement with the bondsmen of Auditor William Meyer. The bondsmen appeared before the commissioners that afternoon in person and by attorney, and renewed their statement that they are ready to make settlement, but explained that in view of more recent development they desired the resignation of the auditor to be placed in the hands of the commissioners before they paid over the amount of the defalcation. In conversation with Commissioner Schmitzer Auditor Meyer said that he would not resign, and this statement has left the bondsmen in a quandary. To force his resignation will involve legal proceedings, and this the bondsmen are anxious to avoid. Meantime Mr. Meyer can not be found at his usual abiding places. By mutual consent the settlement was postponed.

THE CONGRESSIONAL FIGHT.

William H. Blodgett, field correspondent of the Indianapolis News, has thus estimated the democratic congressional situation in the Twelfth district:

"The republicans are not the only ones who have trouble, for the democrats have a little grief also. The Fort Wayne democrats grind their teeth and say that Congressman Robinson will be renominated and, of course, re-elected. The democrats here do not want Robinson, nor do they want Judge Hensch, but of the two they would select Hensch. The latter will get the Allen county delegation, though there may be some break in the convention for Robinson. But Allen county is not the whole district, and Mr. Robinson, light-weight that he is, has a wonderful hold on the district at large. Some of the democrats here say, with a few cuss words thrown in, that it would not be surprising if Mr. Robinson got the nomination by acclamation when it is found that Hensch will have but little or no support outside his own county."

"No republican has announced himself for the nomination for congress in this district, because there is not much chance for one to be elected, 'Bob' Hanna, who is probably as popular with the masses as any young republican in the district, has had enough. He made one race and made a good showing, but he realizes that if he wants to be elected he will have to deport a few fool friends to—well, South Africa would be near enough. But the understanding is that Dr. McGoggan, of the internal revenue service, has signified a willingness to make the race against Mr. Robinson and will likely be nominated without opposition. Dr. McGoggan has had considerable experience in politics, both local and district, and his friends think he will poll a good vote even if he is not elected. The matter has been discussed, and the fact that he is a revenue collector gives him an opportunity to get over the district in a business way and still have time to do a little politics on the side."

WILL MEET IN FORT WAYNE.

President William H. Bagwalt and Secretary Levi Craig have issued a call for the fifteenth annual reunion of the old Twenty-third Indiana battery, which will be held at the court house assembly room on Thursday of this week, Oct. 10. The reunion will begin at 10 a. m. and

the time until dinner will be occupied in registration and social chats. During the afternoon there will be a program of addresses and a campfire will be held in the evening.

PIONEER PASTOR DEAD.

Rev. Philip Wambsganss, sr., for many years a well known German Lutheran minister through this section of Indiana, died Tuesday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Rev. Schmidt, six miles east of Decatur. Deceased was the father of Rev. Philip Wambsganss, jr., pastor of Emmaus Lutheran church in this city, and was 78 years of age. Death was due to the infirmities of age. During the years of his active ministry he was in charge of congregations in DeKalb and Adams county and after his retirement he made his home with his children—a portion of the time being spent in Fort Wayne. Rev. Wambsganss was widely known and universally esteemed, and his life in the ministry was a long and able one. The surviving children are Rev. Philip Wambsganss, of this city; Rev. Frederick Wambsganss, of Indianapolis, and Mrs. Schmidt, of Adams county. The funeral services will be held Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Lutheran church in Union township, Adams county, and the interment will occur in the cemetery at that place.

ASK FOR BIDS OCTOBER 31.

The board of school trustees will receive bids for the construction of the new public library building on Thursday evening, Oct. 31, and there is likely to be some very active bidding for the contract. The school board met Wednesday evening and formally approved and accepted the plans and specifications by Architect Grindle, which have just been completed. There are more than three hundred blue prints in the sets of plans prepared.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Miss Tracy Ehrlinger, a domestic in the employ of Reiser McClure, 336 Washington boulevard, was struck by a Nickel Plate train at the St. Mary's avenue crossing last week and hurled a distance of about fifteen feet. Fortunately she escaped with nothing more serious than a severe shaking up and was soon able to be taken to her home on Hendricks street in a carriage. Dr. W. D. Calvin attended her.

HUNTED IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

S. F. Bowser and C. A. Dunkleberg have returned from Newfoundland, where they spent three weeks on a hunting expedition. The gentlemen went far into the interior with a guide and were very successful in their quest for caribou. Mr. Bowser shot a buck and two does and Mr. Dunkleberg bagged two does and a calf buck.

LAMAR-AUGER.

Miss Hattie Lamar and Louis B. Auger were united in marriage at 5 o'clock last Thursday at the Berry Street M. E. parsonage, Rev. H. J. Norris officiating. Miss Emily Williams and W. A. Brown were the attendants. Mr. and Mrs. Auger left last evening for Buffalo and on their return will be at home at 16 East Washington street.

The marriage of Miss Martha Christina Bunde and August C. Horstmeier will take place at Emanuel Lutheran church October 16 at 4 o'clock. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Christian Bunde.

Well Preserved

Women often astonish new acquaintances, who are introduced to a large family of strong boys and healthy girls, who call this young looking woman mother. It is popularly supposed that maternity is the foe of beauty, and the worn and faded face of many a mother seems to warrant the belief. But it is hard to believe that nature should compel a woman to sacrifice the rightful dower of her beauty in order to carry out a natural function of her being. And nature does not. The pains and sufferings incident to motherhood are, to a large extent, unnatural.

This is proved by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which prevents and cures nausea, tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite, induces refreshing sleep, and makes the baby's advent practically painless.

Mrs. Orrin Stiles, of Downing, Dann Co., Wis., writes: "I have been intending to write to you ever since my baby was born in regard to what you 'Favorite Prescription' has done for me. I cannot praise it enough, for I have not been as well for five years as I am now. In July last I had a baby boy, weight 11 lbs., and I was only sick a short time, and since I got up have not had one sick day. I have not had any uterine trouble since I got up. I was not only surprised myself but all my friends here are surprised to see me so well."

"Favorite Prescription" has the testimony of thousands of women to its complete cure of womanly diseases. Do not accept an unknown and unproved substitute in its place.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion and sweeten the breath,

Invaluable to the Farmer and Stock Raiser.

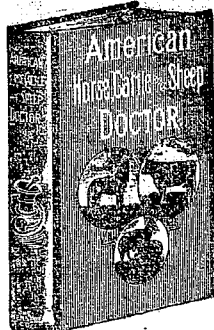
McClure's American Horse, Cattle and Sheep Doctor.

By Robert McClure, M. D., V. S.

Professor in the Veterinary College of Philadelphia.

Nearly One Hundred Illustrations

This great work contains a full description of all diseases common to these animals, together with a complete list and method of administering the medicines required in their treatment. The reader will find the book throughout to be truthful, concise and clear—free from any literary nicety or labored efforts. It is on the whole one of the most careful and painstaking veterinary publications ever written. The author frowns upon the destructive and injurious system of bleeding, blistering, physicking and firing—opposed to the low feeding or starving of animals suffering from disease or accident. The diseases and treatment of each animal are considered under their simplest and best known names, and in alphabetical order, thereby affording to everyone a work of practical usefulness and convenience for reference.



The articles on the "Railroad Disease of Cattle," the "Cause and Prevention of the Texas Fever Among Market Cattle," "Useful Hints on Feeding and the Humane Management of Horses," "Sunstroke," "Frostbites," and "Typhus," among many other equally as important items of concern will be found of especial interest and decided value to the amateur, farmer and stock breeder in various parts of this great country, with its various climates and diversified soils and provender. This method of treatment attained in this great book is the best yet discovered, being the outgrowth of many years' laborious efforts, not only on the part of the author, but of hundreds of veterinarians and professors in many colleges, universities and in every state and territory of the union.

It gives hundreds of valuable treatments on all the diseases of Animals.

This book is the standard

It is elegantly bound in durable cloth, with elegant back and side designs stamped in inks, red and green, with handsome title design embossed in silver. It is profusely illustrated throughout with cuts of a useful character and printed on a fine quality of book paper, size 6x8 1/4 inches, nearly 500 pages. Price, \$1.50.

By special arrangements a limited number of this valuable book can be had at THE SENTINEL office for \$1.00.